



F150A FL150A

SERVICE MANUAL

290503

NOTICE

This manual has been prepared by Yamaha primarily for use by Yamaha dealers and their trained mechanics when performing maintenance procedures and repairs to Yamaha equipment. It has been written to suit the needs of persons who have a basic understanding of the mechanical and electrical concepts and procedures inherent in the work, for without such knowledge attempted repairs or service to the equipment could render it unsafe or unfit for use.

Because Yamaha has a policy of continuously improving its products, models may differ in detail from the descriptions and illustrations given in this publication. Use only the latest edition of this manual. Authorized Yamaha dealers are notified periodically of modifications and significant changes in specifications and procedures, and these are incorporated in successive editions of this manual.

Important information

Particularly important information is distinguished in this manual by the following notations:

The Safety Alert Symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS **INVOLVED!**

▲ WARNING

Failure to follow WARNING instructions could result in severe injury or death to the machine operator, a bystander, or a person inspecting or repairing the outboard motor

operator, a by	stander, or a percent inspecting or repairing the catabana motor.
CAUTION:	
A CAUTION in board motor.	dicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the out-
NOTE:	
	es key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

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How to use this manual

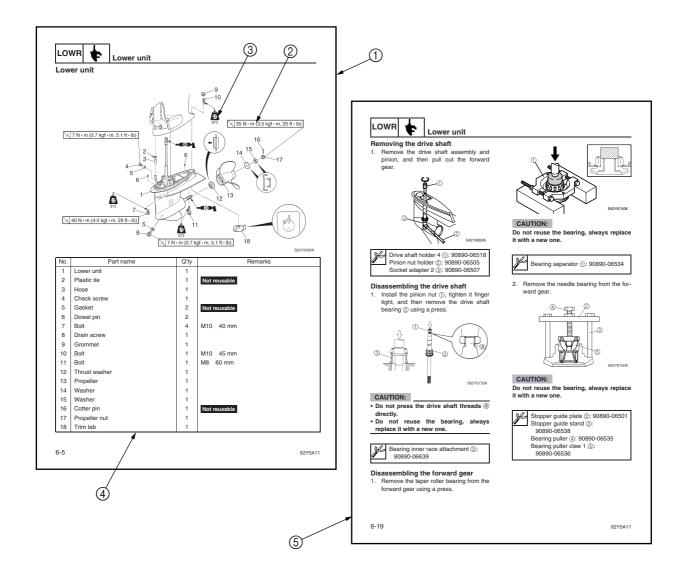
Manual format

The format of this manual has been designed to make service procedures clear and easy to understand. Use the information below as a guide for effective and quality service.

- (1) Parts are shown and detailed in an exploded diagram and are listed in the components list.
- ② Tightening torque specifications are provided in the exploded diagrams and after a numbered step with tightening instructions.
- ③ Symbols are used to indicate important aspects of a procedure, such as the grade of lubricant and lubrication point.
- 4 The components list consists of part names and part quantities, as well as bolt and screw dimensions.
- ⑤ Service points regarding removal, checking, and installation are shown in individual illustrations to explain the relevant procedure.

NOTE:

For troubleshooting procedures, see Chapter 9, "Troubleshooting."



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Symbols

The symbols below are designed to indicate the content of a chapter.

General information





Fuel system



Bracket unit





Specifications





Power unit



Electrical systems





Periodic checks and adjustments Lower unit







Troubleshooting





Symbols (1) to (6) indicate specific data.



















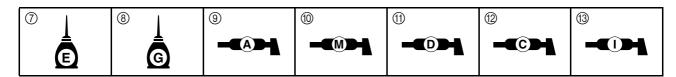




- (1) Special tool
- ② Specified oil or fluid
- ③ Specified engine speed
- ④ Specified tightening torque

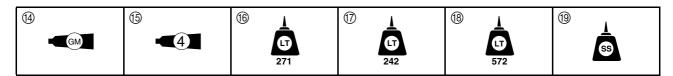
- ⑤ Specified measurement
- ⑤ Specified electrical value (resistance, voltage, electric current)

Symbols 7 to 13 in an exploded diagram indicate the grade of lubricant and the lubrication point.



- 7) Apply Yamaha 4-stroke motor oil
- Apply gear oil
- (9) Apply water resistant grease (Yamaha grease A)
- Apply molybdenum disulfide grease
- (1) Apply corrosion resistant grease (Yamaha grease D)
- Apply low temperature resistant grease (Yamaha grease C)
- Apply injector grease

Symbols (4) to (9) in an exploded diagram indicate the type of sealant or locking agent and the application point.



- Apply Gasket Maker
- (5) Apply Yamabond No. 4
- (6) Apply LOCTITE 271 (red)

- Apply LOCTITE 242 (blue)
- (B) Apply LOCTITE 572
- (9) Apply silicon sealant

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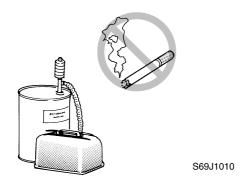
Safety while working

To prevent an accident or injury and to ensure quality service, follow the safety procedures provided below.

Fire prevention

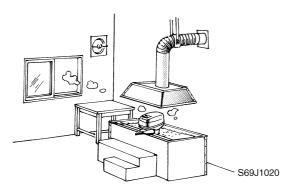
Gasoline is highly flammable.

Keep gasoline and all flammable products away from heat, sparks, and open flames.



Ventilation

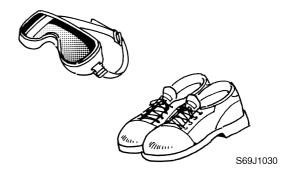
Gasoline vapor and exhaust gas are heavier than air and extremely poisonous. If inhaled in large quantities they may cause loss of consciousness and death within a short time. When test running an engine indoors (e.g., in a water tank) be sure to do so where adequate ventilation can be maintained.



Self-protection

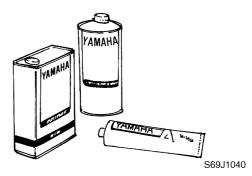
Protect your eyes by wearing safety glasses or safety goggles during all operations involving drilling and grinding, or when using an air compressor.

Protect your hands and feet by wearing protective gloves and safety shoes when necessary.



Parts, lubricants, and sealants

Use only genuine Yamaha parts, lubricants, and sealants or those recommended by Yamaha, when servicing or repairing the outboard motor.



Under normal conditions, the lubricants mentioned in this manual should not harm or be hazardous to your skin. However, you should follow these precautions to minimize any risk when working with lubricants.

- 1. Maintain good standards of personal and industrial hygiene.
- 2. Change and wash clothing as soon as possible if soiled with lubricants.
- Avoid contact with skin. Do not, for example, place a soiled rag in your pocket.
- 4. Wash hands and any other part of the body thoroughly with soap and hot water after contact with a lubricant or lubricant soiled clothing has been made.
- 5. To protect your skin, apply a protective cream to your hands before working on the outboard motor.

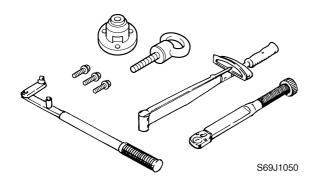
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6. Keep a supply of clean, lint-free cloths for wiping up spills, etc.

Good working practices

Special service tools

Use the recommended special service tools to protect parts from damage. Use the right tool in the right manner—do not improvise.



Tightening torques

Follow the tightening torque specifications provided throughout the manual. When tightening nuts, bolts, and screws, tighten the large sizes first, and tighten fasteners starting in the center and moving outward.

Non-reusable parts

Always use new gaskets, seals, O-rings, cotter pins, circlips, etc., when installing or assembling parts.



S69J1060

Disassembly and assembly

- 1. Use compressed air to remove dust and dirt during disassembly.
- 2. Apply engine oil to the contact surfaces of moving parts before assembly.



S69J1070

- Install bearings with the manufacture identification mark in the direction indicated in the installation procedure. In addition, be sure to lubricate the bearings liberally.
- 4. Apply a thin coat of water-resistant grease to the lip and periphery of an oil seal before installation.
- 5. Check that moving parts operate normally after assembly.

Identification

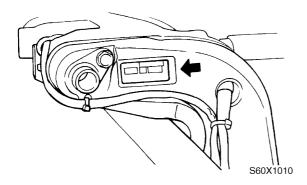
Applicable models

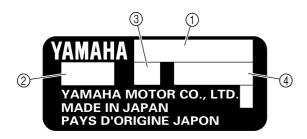
This manual covers the following models.

Applicable models
F150AET, FL150AET

Serial number

The outboard motor serial number is stamped on a label attached to the port clamp bracket.





S69J1090N

- ① Model name
- ② Approved model code
- ③ Transom height
- 4 Serial number

Model name	Approved model code	Starting serial No.	
F150AET	63P	L: 1000017-	
I ISOALI	031	X: 1000044-	
FL150AET	64P	L: 1000013-	
ILISUALI	046	X: 1000009-	

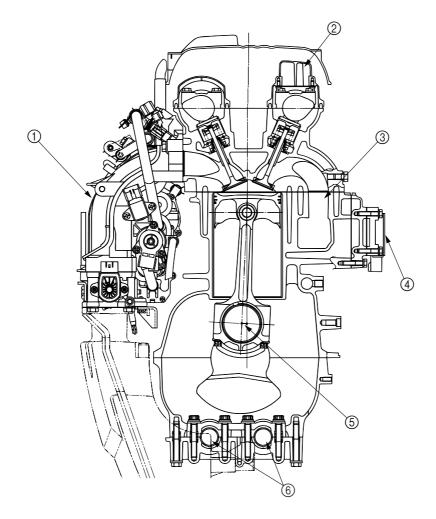
1-5 63P3F11

Features and benefits Crankshaft and cylinder

The center of the crankshaft is offset 10 mm (0.39 in) from the center of the cylinder to make more space to incorporate the throttle body assembly.

This design produces good engine balance and allows a compact design.

Exhaust gas from each cylinder flows directly into the exhaust manifold to obtain a compact design for the exhaust system.



S63P1070

- 1 Throttle body assembly
- ② Oil/gas separator
- ③ Direct exhaust system
- 4 Rectifier Regulator
- ⑤ Offset 10 mm (0.39 in)
- 6 Balancer shafts



Balancer

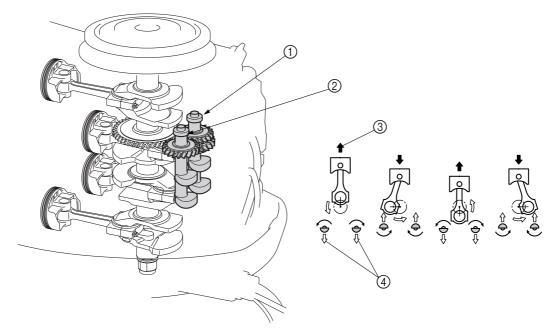
A two-piece balancer is used in the crankcase to reduce the secondary forces of inertia produced by reciprocating pistons.

The balancer shaft 1 is driven by the gear on the crankshaft.

The balancer shaft 2 is driven by the gear on the balancer shaft 1.

The two counterrotating balancer shafts rotate at twice the speed of the crankshaft and reduce the forces of inertia of the connecting rods and each balancer shaft.

Therefore, engine vibration is reduced.



S63P1080

- 1 Balancer shaft 1
- ② Balancer shaft 2

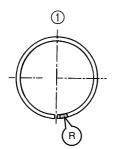
- 3 Piston secondary force of inertia
- (4) Balancer force of inertia

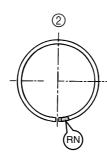
Piston and piston ring

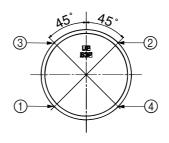
A forged piston has been adopted for durability.

Hard chromium plating is applied to the piston rings.

The top and 2nd piston rings differ and are identified by a mark on each ring. Install the piston rings on the piston with the identification marks facing up.







S63P1090

- 1) Top ring
- 2 2nd ring
- ③ Upper oil ring rail
- 4 Lower oil ring rail

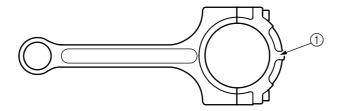
1-7 63P3F11

Connecting rod

A direction mark for installing the connecting rod to the crankshaft in the proper direction is on the connecting rod cap.

The direction mark should face the flywheel.

The connecting rod and connecting rod cap are manufactured as a single piece. Then, they are split using impact force. Only use the connecting rods and connecting rod caps in their original combinations, do not interchange them.



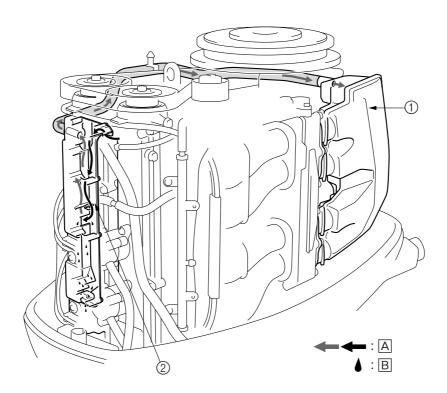
S63P1100

① Direction mark

Cylinder head cover

The oil/gas separator is used to obtain low emissions and is built into the cylinder head cover to obtain a compact design.

The gas and oil flow is shown below.



S63P1110

- 1 Intake silencer
- ② Cylinder head cover (with gas/oil separator)
- A Blowby gas
- **B** Oil

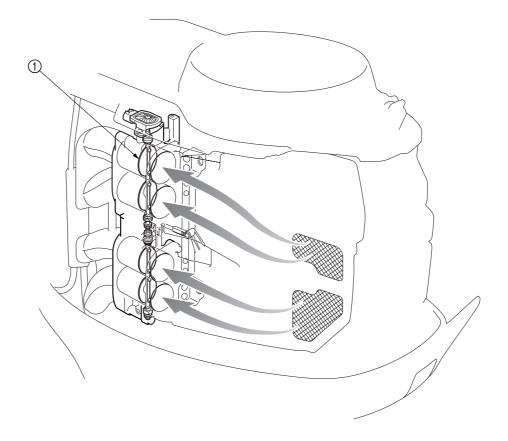


Intake system

Multi-point, group fuel injection with four separate throttle valves is adopted for the intake system. Intake air volume is calculated according to engine speed, Intake air pressure, and throttle position, and then the fuel injection volume is determined by the intake air volume to obtain a precise air and fuel ratio under all operating conditions.

The cylinders are grouped, #1/#4 and #2/#3. Fuel is injected twice during each full cycle of each cylinder, once during the exhaust stroke and once during the compression stroke. Fuel is injected during the compression stroke of the #1 cylinder and the exhaust stroke of the #4 cylinder and during the exhaust stroke of the #1 cylinder and the compression stroke of the #4 cylinder. The same occurs during the compression and exhaust strokes of the #2 and #3 cylinders.

This allows a simpler fuel injection control system.



			Initial	inje	ction tim	ing		
	BTDC		10					
		\blacksquare		\blacksquare		•		\blacksquare
#1 cylinder	Compression	XX	Combustion		Exhaust	E	Intake	
#3 cylinder	Intake		Compression	***	Combustion		Exhaust	M
#4 cylinder	Exhaust	XXX	Intake		Compression	ZWZ	Combustion	
#2 cylinder	Combustion		Exhaust	XXX	Intake		Compression	W. 2007

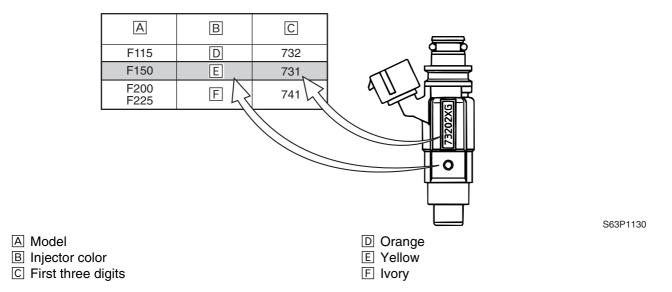
S63P1120

1) Four separate throttle valve

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The shape of the fuel injectors is the same for the F115, F150, F200 and F225.

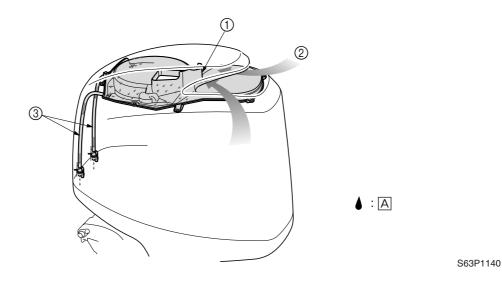
Therefore, each fuel injector is identified by color because the specifications of each fuel injector are different.



Top cowling

Water is separated from the intake air and flows down through the drain hoses before draining out through the bottom cowling.

The structure of the top cowling helps to prevent water from accumulating in the top cowling and entering the power unit.



- ① Water separator
- ② Air (including water)
- ③ Drain hoses
- A Water

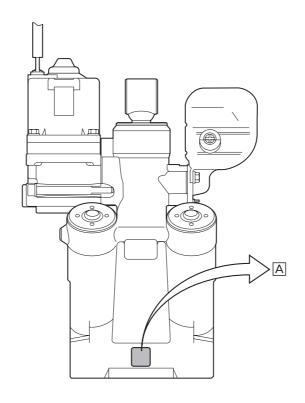


64E type power trim and tilt unit

The 64E type clamp bracket and power trim and tilt unit used for current V4 and V6 outboard motors have been adopted.

This allows easier interchanging of Yamaha outboards with the same classification because the mounting dimensions are the same.

For the power trim and tilt unit, only the impact absorber valve opening pressure of the tilt piston fluid circuit has been changed. The pressure is distinguished from those of other models by an identification mark stamped on the power trim and tilt unit.



S63P1150

	Α	
1	•	

Identification mark	Applicable models
YA	Carbureted V4 and V6 (2.6)
YB	N/A
YC	Electronic fuel injected V6 (2.6), HPDI (2.6), VX200 (200H), VX225 (225G), and VX250 (250C)
YD	F115 (F115A), LF115 (FL115A), and (F100B)
YE	VZ225 (Z225H) and VZ250 (Z250F)
YF	F150 (F150A) and LF150 (FL150A)

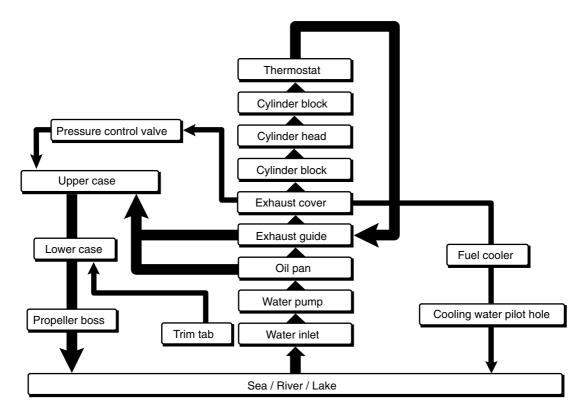
1-11 63P3F11

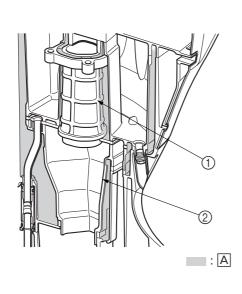
Cooling system

The cooling water flow diagram is as follows.

To cool the propeller damper, the cooling system is designed so that fresh cooling water is taken in from the front of the trim tab and supplied to the exhaust passage of the lower case to cool the exhaust gas.

Cooling water also accumulates around the exhaust muffler to cool the upper case and reduce exhaust noise.





S63P1170

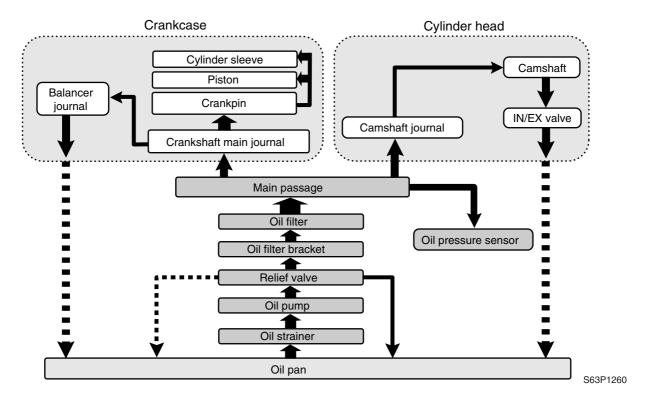
- 1) Exhaust manifold
- ② Muffler
- ③ Exhaust gas

- 4 Water
- A Water

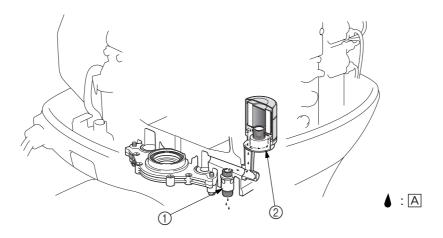


Lubrication system

The lubrication oil flow diagram is as follows.



There is a small hole in the relief valve to allow oil to drain from the oil filter bracket so that it does not remain in the oil filter. This prevents oil from spilling out when replacing the oil filter.



S63P1180

- 1) Relief valve
- ② Oil filter bracket

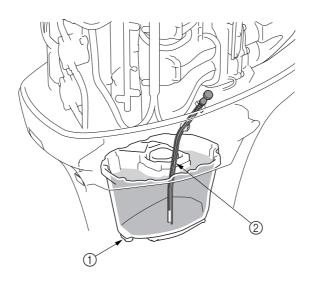
A Oil

1-13 63P3F11

A dual oil drain system is adopted.

An oil drain bolt is located on the bottom of the oil pan.

A long dipstick guide, which reaches the bottom of the oil pan, can also be used to pump out the oil completely with an oil-extracting tool.



S63P1190

- ① Drain bolt
- ② Dipstick guide

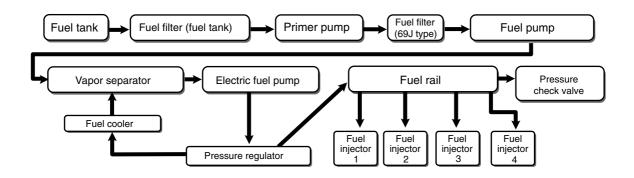


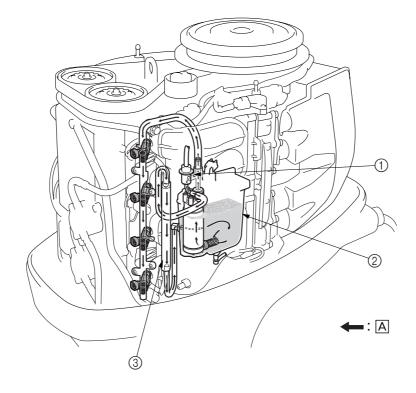
Fuel system

A fuel pressure regulator is incorporated onto the outlet of the electric fuel pump to obtain a compact design and simple fuel delivery.

Fuel discharged from the pressure regulator returns to the vapor separator after being cooled in the fuel cooler.

The pressure check valve is incorporated onto the fuel rail for easier servicing of the fuel system.





S63P1200

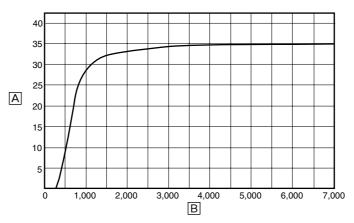
- ① Pressure regulator
- ② Vapor separator
- 3 Fuel cooler
- A Fuel flow

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Rectifier Regulator

A water-cooled Rectifier Regulator is incorporated onto the exhaust outer cover.

This allows for a compact engine design and produces a large electric current output for charging the battery under low engine speed.



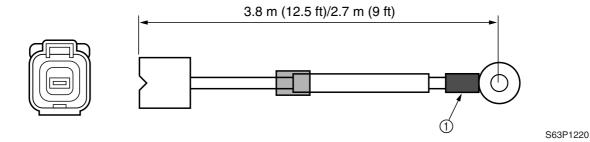
S63P1210

- A Charging current (A)
- B Engine speed (r/min)

Isolator

An isolator is incorporated into the Rectifier Regulator. If a second battery is used, connect an optional isolator lead.

Isolator lead P/N: 69J-81949-00 (3.8 m/12.5 ft) 68F-81949-00 (2.7 m/9 ft)

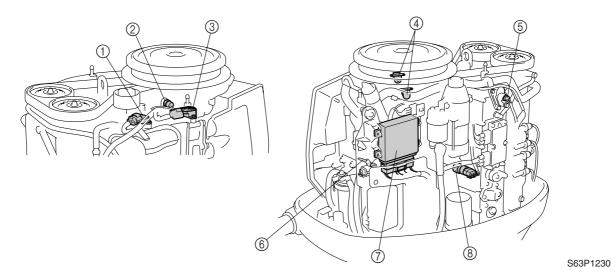


① Red tube

Technical tips

Electronic control system

The electronic control system consists of the sensors and the ECM (electronic control module). Under various conditions, the ECM provides the best suitable engine operation.



- (1) Intake air pressure sensor
- ② Engine temperature sensor
- ③ Throttle position sensor
- (4) Pulser coil

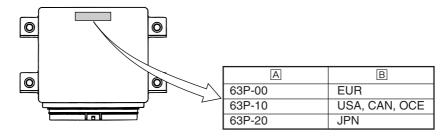
- (5) Thermoswitch
- ⑤ Intake air temperature sensor
- 7 ECM
- ® Oil pressure sensor

ECM

This engine is controlled by the ECM to obtain precise combustion under various operating conditions for high power output, low fuel consumption, and low emissions.

The ECM controls the ignition timing, the fuel injection timing, and the fuel injection volume and ensures that optimum ignition timing and an optimum air and fuel ratio can be achieved under all operating conditions such as starting the engine, normal operation, and quick acceleration.

The self-diagnostic function is incorporated into the ECM, and can quickly detect a malfunction when a personal computer is used with the optional software installed. (Refer to the "Yamaha Diagnostic System Instruction Manual".)



S63P1240

- A ECM identification
- **B** Destination

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Fail-safe control

If the electrical components malfunction, the ECM controls the ignition and fuel injection as shown in the table.

Malfunctioning item	Details	Ignition control	Fuel control
Pulser coil	No signal received during four consecutive crankshaft rotations		Fixed to BTDC 10°
Throttle position sensor			Controlled by Intake air pressure and engine speed
Intake air pressure Sensor Output voltage is 0.2 V or lower or 4.5 V or higher		Normal control	Fuel injection vol- ume is controlled by the throttle position sensor
Engine temperature sensor	Output voltage is 0.18 V or lower or 4.93 V or higher	Normal control	Normal control
Intake air tempera- ture sensor	Output voltage is 0.10 V or lower or 4.61 V or higher	Normal control	Normal control
Neutral switch	Switch is off when starting the outboard motor	Normal control	Normal control
Thermoswitch	The switch is on when the engine temperature is 40 °C (104 °F) or lower or the switch is off when the engine temperature is 130 °C (266 °F) or higher.	Normal control	Normal control
Shift cut switch Output voltage is 4.50 V or higher, the switch is on when the outboard motor is started, or both the shift cut switch and neutral switch are on for 5 seconds		Normal control	Normal control
Oil pressure sensor	Output voltage is 0.3 V or lower or 4.8 V or higher	Normal control	Normal control

During fail-safe control, the engine idle speed increases to 900 r/min except if the neutral switch is off when the outboard motor is started.



Warning control

This outboard motor is equipped with warning control functions to avoid serious engine damage. The engine speed is limited to approximately 2,000 r/min if the engine overheats, if the oil pressure is low, or if a dual engine system (DES) is operated.

When a switch turns on, the engine speed is controlled as shown in the table.

Thermo-	Engine	Oil pressure DES		Engine speed	
switch	temperature sensor	sensor	signal	Less than 2,000 r/min	2,000 r/min or more
On	130 °C (266 °F) or higher (0.63 V or lower)	Below specified oil pressure due to engine speed	On	Fuel injection begins again in the cylinder order #3, #4, and #1	Fuel injection is shut off in the cylinder order #1, #4, and #3.
Overheat warning indicator lights and buzzer sounds		Oil pressure warning indicator lights and buzzer sounds	Buzzer sounds	onds after the enturned on. The buzzer sound removed from the	ators light for 3 sec- igine start switch is ds if the lanyard is engine stop lanyard rting the outboard

Fuel injection is shut off in the cylinder order #1, #4, and #3 at 2.5-second intervals when the engine is running at 2,000 r/min or more.

Fuel injection to the #2 cylinder is not shut off.

When the throttle-opening angle is 30 degrees or less, fuel injection to the #3 cylinder will begin again.

When the engine speed decreases to less than 2,000 r/min, fuel injection will begin again in the cylinder order #3, #4, and #1 at 0.2-second intervals.

The warning control mode deactivates when the engine speed is less than 1,600 r/min or the throt-tle-opening angle is less than 7 degrees.

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Shift cut control

This outboard motor is equipped with a shift cut control system for easier shifting.

This device misfires and retards the ignition of some cylinders to fluctuate the engine speed instantly when the engine is running from 400 to 2,000 r/min. This allows smooth engagement and/or disengagement of the dog clutch.

When shifting, the ignition is shut off as shown in the table.

Engine speed (r/min) Shift cut switch	less than 400	400 to 729	730 to 2,000	2,001 or more
Off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
On	N/A	Retards ignition timing	Misfires the #1 and #4 cylinders, and then retards ignition timing	N/A

N/A: No misfire control

Over-revolution control

This outboard motor is equipped with an over-revolution control system to protect the engine. If the engine speed exceeds 6,200 r/min, the fuel injection is shut off as shown in the table below.

Engine speed (r.	/min) Injected	l cylinder Note
6,199 or less	s #1, #2, #3, and	#4 Normal operation
6,200 to 6,30	00 #2 and #3	
6,301 to 6,55	50 #2	Over-revolution control mode
6,551 or mor	e None	

Fuel pump control

The electric fuel pump operates for 3 seconds after the engine start switch is turned on and continues to operate while the engine is running.

The electric fuel pump stops 1 second after the engine is stopped.

NOTE: _

After the engine start switch is turned on, all of the fuel injectors are driven to prevent them from sticking before the electric fuel pump is driven.

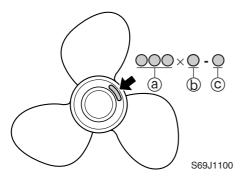
Propeller selection

The performance of a boat and outboard motor will be critically affected by the size and type of propeller you choose. Propellers greatly affect boat speed, acceleration, engine life, fuel economy, and even boating and steering capabilities. An incorrect choice could adversely affect performance and could also seriously damage the engine.

Use the following information as a guide for selecting a propeller that meets the operating conditions of the boat and the outboard motor.

Propeller size

The size of the propeller is indicated on the propeller boss end.



- a Propeller diameter (in inches)
- (b) Propeller pitch (in inches)
- © Propeller type (propeller mark)

Selection

When the engine speed is at the full throttle operating range (5,000–6,000 r/min), the ideal propeller for the boat is one that provides maximum performance in relation to boat speed and fuel consumption.

Regular rotation model

Propeller size (in)	Material
13 1/2 × 23 - M	
13 3/4 × 21 - M	
14 × 19 - M	Aluminum
14 1/2 × 17 - M	
15 1/4 × 15 - M	
13 3/8 × 23 - M	
13 3/8 × 25 - M	
13 3/4 × 17 - M2	
13 3/4 × 19 - M2	
13 3/4 × 21 - M	
14 1/2 × 15 - M	
14 1/2 × 21 - M	
14 1/2 × 23 - M	Stainless
14 1/2 × 25 - M	
14 1/2 × 27 - M	
14 7/8 × 21 - M	
15 × 19 - M	
15 1/4 × 15 - M	
15 1/4 × 17 - M	
15 3/4 × 13 - M	

Counter rotation model

Propeller size (in)	Material	
14 × 19 - ML	Aluminum	
14 1/2 × 17 - ML	Aluminum	
13 3/8 × 23 - ML		
13 3/4 × 17 - ML1		
13 3/4 × 19 - ML1		
13 3/4 × 21 - ML		
14 1/2 × 23 - ML	Stainless	
14 7/8 × 21 - ML		
15 1/4 × 15 - ML]	
15 1/4 × 17 - ML		
15 1/4 × 19 - ML		

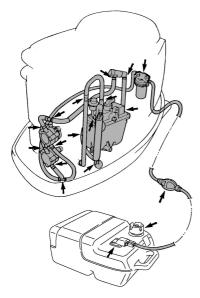
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Predelivery checks

To make the delivery process smooth and efficient, the predelivery checks should be completed as explained below.

Checking the fuel system

 Check that the fuel hoses are securely connected and that the fuel tank is full with fuel.



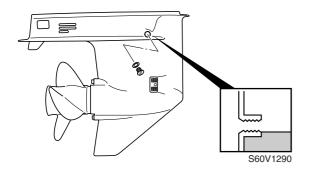
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CAUTION:

This is a 4-stroke engine. Never use premixed fuel.

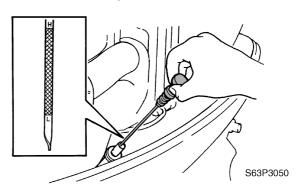
Checking the gear oil level

1. Check the gear oil level.



Checking the engine oil level

1. Check the engine oil level.



NOTE:

- If the engine oil is above the maximum level mark (H), extract sufficient oil with an oil changer or drain it until the level is between (H) and (L).
- If the engine oil is below the minimum level mark (L), add sufficient oil until the level is between (H) and (L).



Recommended engine oil:

4-stroke motor oil

API: SE, SF, SG, SH, or SJ

SAE: 10W-30 or 10W-40

Oil capacity:

Without oil filter replacement:

5.2 L (5.5 US qt, 4.6 Imp qt)

Checking the battery

1. Check the capacity, electrolyte level, and specified gravity of the battery.



Recommended battery capacity:

CCA/EN: 711 A 20HR/IEC: 100 Ah

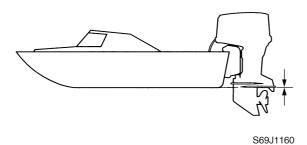
Electrolyte specified gravity:

1.280 at 20 °C (68 °F)

2. Check that the positive and negative battery leads are securely connected.

Checking the outboard motor mounting height

 Check that the anti-cavitation plate is aligned with the bottom of the boat. If the mounting height is too high, cavitation will occur and propulsion will be reduced. Also, the engine speed will increase abnormally and cause the engine to overheat. If the mounting height is too low, water resistance will increase and reduce engine efficiency.



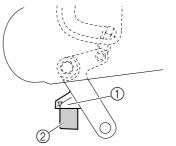
NOTE:

The optimum mounting height is affected by the combination of the boat and the outboard motor. To determine the optimum mounting height, test run the outboard motor at different heights.

2. Check that the clamp brackets are secured with the clamp bolts.

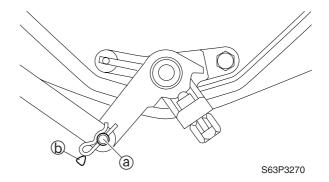
Checking the remote control cables

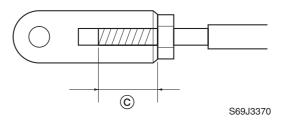
- Set the remote control lever to the neutral position and fully close the throttle lever.
- 2. Check that the stopper ① on the throttle lever 2 contacts the fully closed stopper ② on the cylinder block.



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3. Check that the center of the set pin (a) is aligned with the alignment mark (b) on the bottom cowling.





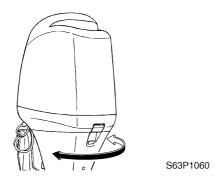
CAUTION:

The shift/throttle cable joint must be screwed in a minimum of 8.0 mm (0.31 in) ©.

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Checking the steering system

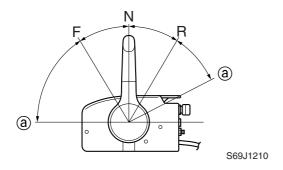
- 1. Check the steering friction for proper adjustment.
- 2. Check that the steering operates smoothly.



3. Check that there is no interference with wires or hoses when the outboard motor is steered.

Checking the gear shift and throttle operation

- Check that the gear shift operates smoothly when the remote control lever is shifted from neutral to forward or reverse.
- 2. Check that the throttle operates smoothly when the remote control lever is shifted from forward or reverse to the fully open position ⓐ.

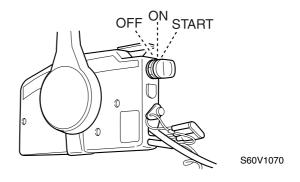


Checking the power trim and tilt system

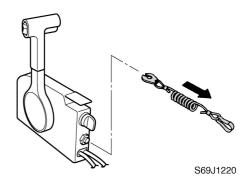
- 1. Check that the outboard motor tilts up and down smoothly when operating the power trim and tilt unit.
- 2. Check that there is no abnormal noise produced when the outboard motor is tilted up or down.
- Check that there is no interference with wires or hoses when the tilted-up outboard motor is steered.
- 4. Check that the trim meter points down when the outboard motor is tilted all the way down.

Checking the engine start switch and engine stop lanyard switch

- 1. Check that the engine starts when the engine start switch is turned to START.
- 2. Check that the engine turns off when the engine start switch is turned to OFF.



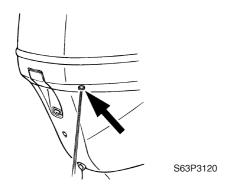
3. Check that the engine turns off when the engine stop lanyard is pulled from the engine stop lanyard switch.





Checking the cooling water pilot hole

1. Check that cooling water is discharged from the cooling water pilot hole.



Test run

- 1. Start the engine, and then check that the gear shift operates smoothly.
- 2. Check the engine idle speed after the engine has been warmed up.
- 3. Operate at trolling speed.
- 4. Run the outboard motor for 1 hour at 2,000 r/min or at half throttle, then for another hour at 3,000 r/min or at 3/4 throttle.
- Check that the outboard motor does not tilt up when shifting into reverse and that water does not flow in over the transom.

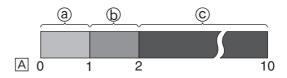
NOTE:

The test run is part of the break-in operation.

Break-in

During the test run, perform the break-in operation in the following three stages.

- 1. One hour ⓐ at 2,000 r/min or at approximately half throttle
- 2. One hour (a) at 3,000 r/min or 3/4 throttle and 1 minute out of every 10 at full throttle
- 3. Eight hours © at any speed, however, avoid running at full speed for more than 5 minutes



S69J1240

A Hour

After test run

- 1. Check for water in the gear oil.
- 2. Check for fuel leakage in the cowling.
- 3. Flush the cooling water passage with fresh water using the flushing kit and with the engine running at idle.

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Specifications

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General torques	2-13



Specifications

General specifications

Itom	Llait	Model		
Item	Unit	F150AET	FL150AET	
Dimension		,		
Overall length	mm (in)	822 ((32.4)	
Overall width	mm (in)	511 ((20.1)	
Overall height				
(L)	mm (in)	1,714	(67.5)	
(X)	mm (in)	1,842	(72.5)	
Boat transom height				
(L)	mm (in)	508 ((20.0)	
(X)	mm (in)	635 ((25.0)	
Weight				
(with aluminium propeller)				
(L)	kg (lb)	214.0	(472)	
(X)	kg (lb)	218.0	(481)	
(with stainless propeller)				
(L)	kg (lb)	216.0	(476)	
(X)	kg (lb)	220.0 (485)		
Performance				
Maximum output	kW (hp)	110.3 (150) a	at 5,500 r/min	
Full throttle operating range	r/min	5,000-	-6,000	
Maximum fuel consumption	L (US gal,	55.8 (14.7, 12.3) at 6,000 r/min		
	lmp gal)/hr			
Engine idle speed	r/min	700 ± 50		
Power unit				
Туре			oke L	
Cylinder quantity	_		4	
Total displacement	cm ³ (cu. in)	2,670 (162.9)		
Bore × stroke	mm (in)	$94.0 \times 96.2 \ (3.70 \times 3.79)$		
Compression ratio		9.0		
Control system			control	
Starting system			ctric	
Fuel system			njection	
Ignition system		TCI		
Maximum generator output	V, A	12, 35		
Spark plug		LFR5A-11 (NGK) Water		
Cooling system				
Exhaust system		Propell	er boss	
Lubrication system		Wet sump		

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lla	Unit	Model	
Item		F150AET	FL150AET
Fuel and oil			
Fuel type		Regular unleaded gasoline	
Fuel minimum rating	RON ^(*1)	91	
	PON	86	
Engine oil		4-stroke motor oil	
Engine oil grade	API	SE, SF, SG, SH, or SJ	
	SAE	10W-30 or 10W-40	
Engine oil quantity			
(without oil filter replacement)	L (US qt,	5.2 (5.	5, 4.6)
	Imp qt)		
(with oil filter replacement)	L (US qt,	5.4 (5.	7, 4.8)
	Imp qt)		
Gear oil type		Hypoid gear oil	
Gear oil grade	SAE	9	0
Gear oil quantity	cm³ (US oz,	980 (33.1, 34.6)	870 (29.4, 30.7)
	Imp oz)		
Bracket unit			
Trim angle	Degree	-4.0 to 16.0	
(at 12° boat transom)			
Tilt-up angle	Degree	70.0	
Steering angle	Degree	35.0 + 35.0	
Drive unit			
Gear shift positions		F-N-R	
Gear ratio		2.00 (28/14)	
Reduction gear type		Spiral bevel gear	
Clutch type		Dog clutch	
Propeller shaft type		Spline	
Propeller direction (rear view)		Clockwise	Counterclockwise
Propeller mark		M	ML
Electrical			
Battery minimum capacity ^(*2)			
CCA/EN	Α	711	
20HR/IEC	Ah	100	

^(*1) RON: Research Octane Number PON: Pump Octane Number =

(RON + Motor Octane Number)/2

EN: European Norm (European standard)
IEC: International Electrotechnical Commission

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^(*2) CCA: Cold Cranking Ampere

Specifications

Maintenance specification Power unit

	Unit	Model		
Item		F150AET	FL150AET	
Power unit				
Minimum compression	kPa	880 (8.8, 128)		
pressure ^(*1)	(kgf/cm ² , psi)			
Lubrication oil pressure(*2)	kPa	450 (4.5, 65.3) at engine idle speed		
	(kgf/cm ² , psi)			
Cylinder head				
Warpage limit	mm (in)	0.10 (0.0039)		
(lines indicate straightedge				
position)				
Camshaft cap inside diameter	mm (in)	25.000–25.021	1 (0.9843–0.9851)	
Cylinders				
Bore size	mm (in)		(3.7008–3.7014)	
Taper limit	mm (in)	•	0.0032)	
Out-of-round limit Pistons	mm (in)	0.05 (0	0.0020)	
Pistons Piston diameter (D)	mm (in)	02 020 02 024	(2.6070, 2.6092)	
Measuring point (H)	mm (in) mm (in)		(3.6979–3.6982)	
Piston-to-cylinder clearance	mm (in)	5.0 (0.20) 0.075–0.080 (0.0030–0.0031)		
Piston pin boss bore	mm (in)	21.004–21.015 (0.8269–0.8274)		
Piston rings	111111 (111)	21.004 21.013	(0.0203 0.0214)	
Top ring				
Dimension B	mm (in)	1.17–1.19 (0.	0461-0.0469)	
Dimension T	mm (in)	•	.1102–0.1181)	
End gap	mm (in)	•	.0059–0.0118)	
Side clearance	mm (in)	•	.0016–0.0031)	
2nd piston ring		(-	,	
Dimension B	mm (in)	1.17–1.19 (0.	0461-0.0469)	
Dimension T	mm (in)	•	.1457–0.1535)	
End gap	mm (in)	•	.0118–0.0177)	
Side clearance	mm (in)	0.03-0.07 (0.	0012-0.0028)	

^(*1) Measure conditions:

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Ambient temperature 20 °C (68 °F), wide open throttle, with spark plugs removed from all cylinders. The figures are for reference only.

(*2) The figures are for reference only.

		Model		
Item	Unit	F150AET	FL150AET	
Oil ring		1 100/121	12100/121	
Dimension B	mm (in)	2.40-2.47 (0.0945-0.0972)		
Dimension T	mm (in)	2.30–2.70 (0.0906–0.1063)		
End gap	mm (in)	0.15–0.60 (0.0059–0.0236)		
Side clearance	mm (in)	·	0016–0.0051)	
Camshafts	. ,	,	,	
Intake (A)	mm (in)	45.300-45.400 (1.7835-1.7874)		
Exhaust (A)	mm (in)	44.350–44.450	(1.7461–1.7500)	
Intake and	mm (in)	35.950–36.050	(1.4154–1.4193)	
exhaust (B)			,	
Camshaft journal diameter	mm (in)	24.960–24.980	(0.9827–0.9835)	
Camshaft journal oil clearance	mm (in)	0.020-0.060 (0	0.0008-0.0024)	
Camshaft runout limit	mm (in)	0.03 (0).0012)	
Valves				
Valve clearance (cold)				
Intake	mm (in)	0.20 ± 0.03 (0	0.008 ± 0.001)	
Exhaust	mm (in)	0.34 ± 0.03 (0	0.013 ± 0.001)	
Head diameter (A)				
Intake	mm (in)	34.85–35.15	5 (1.37–1.38)	
Exhaust	mm (in)	29.85–30.15 (1.18–1.19)		
Face width (B)				
Intake B	mm (in)	2.11 (0).0831)	
Exhaust	mm (in)	2.43 (0).0957)	
Seat contact width (C)				
Intake	mm (in)	1.10–1.40 (0.0433–0.0551)		
Exhaust	mm (in)	1.40-1.70 (0.0551-0.0669)		
Margin thickness (D)				
Intake	mm (in)	0.70 (0).0276)	
Exhaust Exhaust	mm (in)	1.00 (0.0394)		
Stem diameter				
Intake	mm (in)	,).2156–0.2162)	
Exhaust	mm (in)	5.464-5.479 (0.2151-0.2157)		
Guide inside diameter	Guide inside diameter			
Intake and exhaust	mm (in)	5.504-5.522 (0).2167–0.2174)	
Stem-to-guide clearance				
Intake and exhaust	mm (in)	0.025-0.058 (0.0010-0.0023)		
Stem runout limit	mm (in)	0.01 (0	0.0004)	
Valve springs	Valve springs			
Free length	mm (in)	,	1.7402)	
Minimum free length	mm (in)	42.60 (1.6771)		
Tilt limit	mm (in)	1.5 (0.06)	

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SPEC U



Specifications

ltam	Lloit	Model	
Item	Unit	F150AET	FL150AET
Valve lifters			
Valve lifter outside diameter	mm (in)	32.982–32.997 (1.2985–1.2990)	
Valve lifter-to-cylinder head	mm (in)	0.020-0.055 (0.0008-0.0022)	
clearance			
Valve shims			
Valve shim thickness	mm (in)	2.3–2.9 ((0.09–0.12)
(in 0.020 mm increments)			
Connecting rods			
Big-end inside diameter	mm (in)	53.025–53.045	5 (2.0876–2.0884)
Crankpin oil clearance	mm (in)	0.027–0.052 ((0.0011–0.0020)
Big-end bearing thickness			
Green	mm (in)	1.496–1.502 ((0.0589–0.0591)
Blue	mm (in)	1.505–1.511 ((0.0593–0.0595)
Red	mm (in)	1.514–1.520 ((0.0596–0.0598)
Crankshaft			
Crankshaft journal diameter	mm (in)	51.980–52.000	(2.0465–2.0472)
Crankpin diameter	mm (in)	49.980–50.000 (1.9677–1.9685)	
Crankpin width	mm (in)	22.00-22.10 (0.8661-0.8701)	
Runout limit	mm (in)	0.03 (0.0012)	
Crankcase			
Crankshaft main journal oil	mm (in)	0.021-0.050 ((0.0008–0.0020)
clearance			
Upper crankcase main journal bearing thickness			
Green	mm (in)	2.506–2.509 (0.0987–0.0988)	
Red	mm (in)	2.512–2.515 (0.0989–0.0990)	
Yellow	mm (in)	2.518–2.521 (0.0991–0.0993)	
Lower crankcase main journal	. ,		,
bearing thickness			
Green	mm (in)	2.506–2.509 (0.0987–0.0988)	
Red	mm (in)	2.512–2.515 (0.0989–0.0990)	
Yellow	mm (in)	2.518–2.521 (0.0991–0.0993)	
Blue + green	mm (in)	2.524–2.527 (0.0994–0.0995)	
Main journal bearing #3			·
thickness (lower)			
Green	mm (in)	2.504-2.509 ((0.0986–0.0988)
Red	mm (in)	2.510–2.515 (0.0988–0.0990)	
Yellow	mm (in)	2.516–2.521 (0.0991–0.0993)	

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Item	Unit	Model		
item	Offic	F150AET	FL150AET	
Oil pump				
Discharge	L (US gal,	8.0 (2.113, 1.76	60) at 700 r/min	
at 97-103 °C (207-217 °F)	lmp gal)/min			
with 10W-30 engine oil				
Pressure	kPa	132.0–162.0 (1.32–1.62, 19.1–23.5)		
	(kgf/cm ² , psi)			
Relief valve opening pressure	kPa	392–490 (3.92–4	.90, 56.84–71.05)	
	(kgf/cm ² , psi))		
Thermostats				
Opening temperature	°C (°F)	58–62 (136–144)		
Fully open temperature	°C (°F)	70 (158)		
Valve open lower limit	mm (in)	4.3 (0.17)	

Lower unit

Item	Unit	Model			
llem	Offic	F150AET	FL150AET		
Gear backlash					
Pinion-to-forward gear	mm (in)	0.14-0.46	0.14-0.42		
		(0.0055-0.0181)	(0.0055–0.0165)		
Pinion-to-reverse gear	mm (in)	0.32-0.67	0.23-0.58		
		(0.0126-0.0264)	(0.0090-0.0228)		
Pinion shims	mm	0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, 0.50			
Forward gear shims	mm	0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.	18, 0.30, 0.40, 0.50		
Reverse gear shims	mm	0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.	18, 0.30, 0.40, 0.50		
Propeller shaft shims	mm	_	0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18,		
			0.30, 0.40, 0.50		
Propeller shaft					
End play	mm (in)	— 0.25 – 0.35			
			(0.0098–0.0138)		

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Specifications

Electrical

Щ	11-2	Мо	del	
Item	Unit	F150AET	FL150AET	
Ignition and ignition control				
system				
Ignition timing (cylinder #1)	Degree	TDC at engine idle speed		
Spark plug gap	mm (in)	1.0–1.1 (0.039–0.043)		
Ignition coil resistance				
Primary coil (R – B/W)				
at 20 °C (68 °F)	Ω	1.53-	-2.07	
Secondary coil				
at 20 °C (68 °F)	kΩ	12.50-	-16.91	
ECM output peak voltage				
(B/O, B/W – B)				
at cranking (loaded)	V	26	60	
at 1,500 r/min (loaded)	V	26	60	
at 3,500 r/min (loaded)	V	270		
Pulser coil output peak voltage				
(W/R, W/B – B)				
at cranking (unloaded)	V	3.		
at cranking (loaded)	V	3.		
at 1,500 r/min (loaded)	V	23		
at 3,500 r/min (loaded)	V).7	
Pulser coil resistance(*1)	Ω	459-	-561	
(W/R, W/B – B)				
Pulser coil air gap	mm (in)	0.3–0.7 (0.0	118–0.0276)	
Throttle position sensor				
Input voltage (O – B)	V	Ę		
Output voltage (P – B)	V	0.70 ± 0.02 at ea	ngine idle speed	
Intake air temperature sensor				
resistance		2.22	0.70	
at 20 °C (68 °F)	kΩ	2.20-	-2.70	
Engine temperature sensor				
resistance (B/Y – B/Y)	1.0	F4.0	CO O	
at 20 °C (68 °F)	kΩ	54.2–69.0 3.12–3.48		
at 100 °C (212 °F)	kΩ	3.12-	-3.48	
Fuel control system				
Fuel injector resistance(*1)		440	15.0	
at 20 °C (68 °F)	Ω	14.0–15.0		

^(*1) The figures are for reference only.

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		Model				
Item	Unit	F150AET	FL150AET			
Starter motor						
Туре		Slidin	g gear			
Output	kW	1.	40			
Cranking time limit	Second	3	30			
Brushes						
Standard length	mm (in)	15.5	(0.61)			
Wear limit	mm (in)	9.5 (0.37)			
Commutator						
Standard diameter	mm (in)	29.0	(1.14)			
Wear limit	mm (in)	28.0	(1.10)			
Mica						
Standard undercut	mm (in)	0.5–0.8 (0	0.02-0.03)			
Wear limit	mm (in)	0.2 (0.01)			
Charging system						
Fuse	Α	20, 3	30, 50			
Stator coil output peak voltage						
(G – G)						
at cranking (unloaded)	V	1	2			
at 1,500 r/min (unloaded)	V	5	50			
at 3,500 r/min (unloaded)	V	1	10			
Stator coil resistance(*1)						
at 20 °C (68 °F) (G – G)	Ω	0.20-	-0.30			
Rectifier Regulator output						
peak voltage (R – B)						
at 1,500 r/min (unloaded)	V	13	3.0			
at 3,500 r/min (unloaded)	V	13	3.0			
Power trim and tilt system						
Trim sensor						
Setting resistance (P – B)	Ω	9–	-11			
Resistance (P – B)	Ω	9–3	78.8			
Fluid type		ATF D	exron II			
Brushes						
Standard length	mm (in)	9.8 (0.39)			
Wear limit	mm (in)	4.8 (0.19)			
Commutator						
Standard limit	mm (in)	22.0 (0.87)				
Wear limit	mm (in)	21.0 (0.83)				
Mica						
Standard undercut	mm (in)	1.3 (0.05)			
Wear limit	mm (in)	0.8 (0.03)			

^(*1) The figures are for reference only.

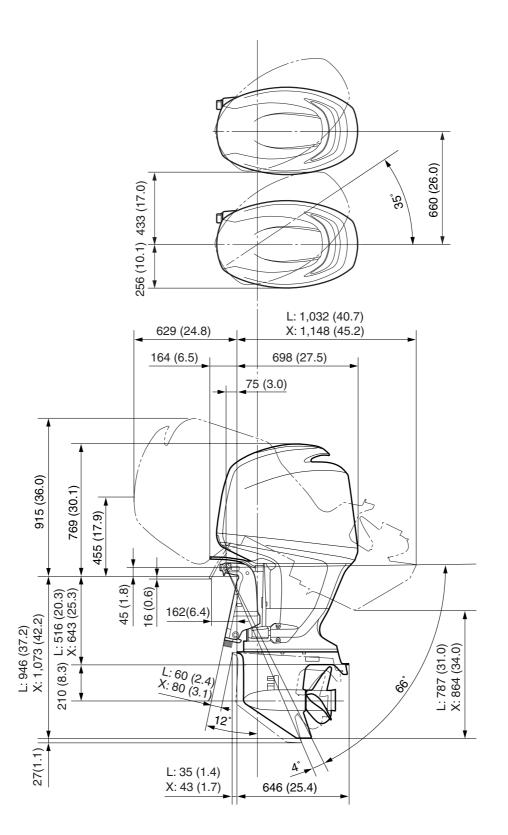
63P3F11 2-8



Specifications

Dimensions Exterior

mm (in)

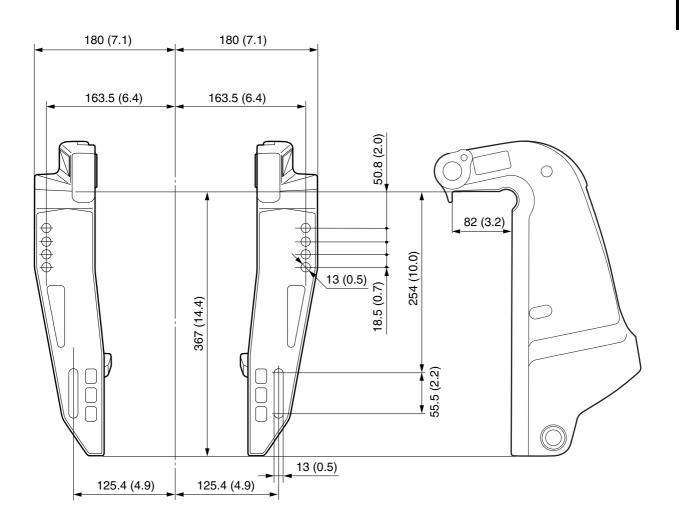


S63P2010

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Clamp bracket

mm (in)



S63P2020

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Specifications

Tightening torques Specified torques

5		T T	Tightening torques		
Part to be tightened		Thread size	N⋅m	kgf⋅m	ft⋅lb
Fuel system		_ll			
Fuel filter holder bolt		M6	8	0.8	5.9
Fuel filter bracket bolt		M6	8	0.8	5.9
Fuel pump mounting bolt		M6	10	1.0	7.4
Fuel pump screw		ø6	4	0.4	3.0
Fuel cooler bolt		M6	5	0.5	3.7
Vapor separator mounting bolt		M6	5	0.5	3.7
Fuel rail mounting bolt		M8	13	1.3	9.6
Throttle body mounting bolt		M8	13	1.3	9.6
Power unit					
David and the second in the second		M8	20	2.0	14.8
Power unit mounting bolt		M10	42	4.2	31.0
Apron bolt		M6	8	0.8	5.9
Apron screw		ø6	4	0.4	3.0
Flywheel magnet nut		(M24)	270	27.0	199.1
Starter motor bolt		M8	29	2.9	21.4
Starter motor terminal nut		(M8)	9	0.9	6.6
Starter relay lead bolt		M6	4	0.4	3.0
Ignition coil bolt		M6	7	0.7	5.2
Oil filter		1 – 1	18	1.8	13.3
PTT relay nut		(M6)	4	0.4	3.0
PTT motor lead bolt		M6	4	0.4	3.0
Positive battery cable nut		(M8)	9	0.9	6.6
Timing belt tensioner bolt			39	3.9	28.8
Drive sprocket bolt		M5	7	0.7	5.2
Driven sprocket bolt		M10	60	6.0	44.3
Completely controlly	1st	147	8	0.8	5.9
Camshaft cap bolt	2nd	- M7	17	1.7	12.5
Cylinder head cover plate screw		ø4	2	0.2	1.5
Culinday bood covey bolt	1st	MC	8	0.8	5.9
Cylinder head cover bolt	2nd	− M6	8	0.8	5.9
	1st	MO	14	1.4	10.3
	2nd	- M8	28	2.8	20.7
Cylinder head bolt	1st		19	1.9	14.0
	2nd	M10	37	3.7	27.3
3rd		7		90°	•
Spark plug		_	25	2.5	18.4
Engine temperature sensor		_	15	1.5	11.1
Cylinder block plug		M14	23	2.3	17.0
Engine hanger bolt		M6	12	1.2	8.9
Oil pressure sensor		_	18	1.8	13.3

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		1 1	T: a.l		
Part to be tightened		Thread size	Tightening torques		
	4 - 4		N⋅m	kgf⋅m	ft⋅lb 4.4
Exhaust cover bolt	1st 2nd	M6	6 12	0.6 1.2	8.9
	1st		6	0.6	4.4
Thermostat cover bolt	2nd	- M6	12	1.2	8.9
	ZIIU	M14	23	2.3	17.0
Exhaust cover plug		M18	 55	5.5	40.6
Oil filter union bolt		IVITO	34	3.4	25.1
Oil litter union boit	1st	_	7	0.7	5.2
	2nd	M6	13	1.3	9.6
Balancer bolt				1.8	
	1st	M8	18		13.3
Oil numn corou	2nd		31 4	3.1 0.4	22.9 3.0
Oil pump screw	1st	_	4 14	1.4	10.3
Crankcase bolt		- M8			
	2nd		26	2.6	19.2
	1st	M10	30	3.0	22.1
	2nd		20	90°	00.1
Main bearing cap bolt	1st	M10	30	3.0	22.1
- '	2nd		00	90°	47.0
Connecting rod cap	1st	_	23	2.3	17.0
	2nd		43	4.3	31.7
Lower unit (regular rotation model	3rd			90°	
Gear oil drain screw	')		9	0.9	6.6
Gear oil check screw			9	0.9	6.6
Lower case mounting bolt		M10	47	4.7	34.7
Trim tab bolt		M10	42	4.2	31.0
Propeller nut		(M18)	52	5.2	38.4
Ring nut		(W10) —	142	14.2	104.7
Cooling water inlet cover screw			4	0.4	3.0
Pinion nut		(M16)	93	9.3	68.6
Lower unit (counter rotation mode	<u>-1)</u>	(10110)	30	0.0	00.0
Gear oil drain screw	'' <i>'</i>		9	0.9	6.6
Gear oil check screw			9	0.9	6.6
Lower case mounting bolt		M10	47	4.7	34.7
Trim tab bolt		M10	42	4.7	31.0
Propeller nut		(M18)	52	5.2	38.4
Ring nut			142	14.2	104.7
Cooling water inlet cover screw		 _ 	4	0.4	3.0
Pinion nut		(M16)	93	9.3	68.6
Bracket unit		()		0.0	
Shift rod detent bolt			18	1.8	13.3
Flushing hose adapter screw		ø6	3	0.3	2.2
Upper mount bracket bolt		M10	54	5.4	39.8
Oppor mount bracket bolt		14110		U	00.0

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SPEC



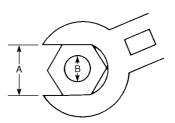
Specifications

Part to be tightened	Thread size	Tigl	Tightening torques			
Part to be tightened	Tilleau Size	N⋅m	kgf⋅m	ft⋅lb		
Muffler accembly halt	M8	20	2.0	14.8		
Muffler assembly bolt	M10	42	4.2	31.0		
Engine oil drain bolt	M14	27	2.7	20.0		
Baffle plate screw	ø5	4	0.4	3.0		
Muffler bolt	M8	20	2.0	14.8		
Exhaust manifold bolt	M8	20	2.0	14.8		
Oil pan bolt	M8	20	2.0	14.8		
Oil strainer bolt	M6	10	1.0	7.4		
Upper mounting nut	(M14)	74	7.4	54.6		
Lower mounting nut	(M14)	74	7.4	54.6		
Trim stopper nut	(M10)	48	4.8	35.4		
Self-locking nut	_	15	1.5	11.1		
Trim sensor cam screw	ø6	2	0.2	1.5		
Grease nipple	_	3	0.3	2.2		
Power trim and tilt unit						
Reservoir cap	_	0.7	0.07	0.5		
Reservoir mounting bolt	M6	5	0.5	3.7		
PTT motor mounting bolt	M6	5	0.5	3.7		
Gear pump cover bolt	_	6	0.6	4.4		
Gear pump housing mounting bolt	_	8	0.8	5.9		
Manual valve	_	3	0.3	2.2		
Trim cylinder end screw	_	78	7.8	57.5		
Tilt cylinder end screw		130	13.0	96.0		
Tilt piston nut	_	96	9.6	70.8		

General torques

This chart specifies tightening torques for standard fasteners with a standard ISO thread pitch. Tightening torque specifications for special components or assemblies are provided in applicable sections of this manual. To avoid warpage, tighten multi-fastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion and progressive stages until the specified torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications require clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.

Nut (A)	Bolt (B)	General torque specifications		
		N⋅m	ft⋅lb	
8 mm	M5	5	0.5	3.6
10 mm	M6	8	0.8	5.8
12 mm	M8	18	1.8	13
14 mm	M10	36	3.6	25
17 mm	M12	43	4.3	31



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Periodic checks and adjustments

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Checking the battery	
Lubricating the outboard motor	





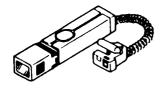
Special service tools



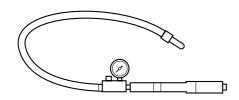
Oil filter wrench 90890-06830



Digital tachometer 90890-06760



Timing light 90890-03141



Leakage tester 90890-06840

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Maintenance interval chart

Use the following chart as a guideline for general maintenance.

Adjust the maintenance intervals according to the operating conditions of the outboard motor.

		lni	tial	Every		Refer to
Item	Remarks	10 hours (1 month)	50 hours (3 months)	100 hours (6 months)		page
Anodes (external)	Check/replace		0	0		3-15
Battery	Check/charge	0				3-16
Cooling water passages	Clean		0	0		3-8
Top cowling	Check				0	3-3
Fuel filter	Check/replace	0	0	0		3-3
(can be disassembled)						
Fuel system	Check	0	0	0		3-3
Gear oil	Change	0		0		3-14
Lubrication points	Lubricate			0		3-16
Engine idle speed	Check/adjust				0	3-8
(EFI models)						
PCV (Pressure Control Valve)	Check				0	5-37
Power trim and tilt unit	Check				0	3-13
Propeller and cotter pin	Check/replace		0	0		3-15
Shift link/shift cable	Check/adjust				0	3-11
Thermostat	Check				0	3-7
Throttle link/throttle cable/	Check/adjust				0	3-8, 3-10
throttle pick-up timing						
Water pump	Check				0	6-9, 6-37
Engine oil	Check/change	0		0		3-4
Oil filter	Change				0	3-5
Spark plugs	Clean/adjust/ replace	0			0	3-6
Timing belt	Check/replace			0	0	3-6, 5-16

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When operating in salt water, turbid or muddy water, the engine should be flushed with clean water after each use.

			Refer to		
Item	Remarks	500 hours (2.5 years)	1,000 hours (5 years)	2,000 hours (10 years)	page
Timing belt	Replace		0		5-16
Valve clearance (DOHC)	Check/adjust	0			5-12
Anodes (internal)	Check/replace		0		_
Balancer	Replace			0	_

	_		
NI	\cap	ГБ	•
ıv	$\mathbf{\mathcal{L}}$		-

When using lead or high-sulfur gasoline, checking valve clearance may be required more frequently than every 500 hours.



Periodic checks and adjustments

Top cowling

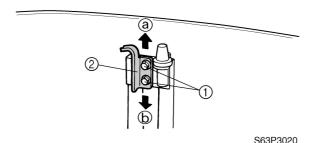
Checking the top cowling

1. Check the fitting by pushing the cowling with both hands. Adjust if necessary.



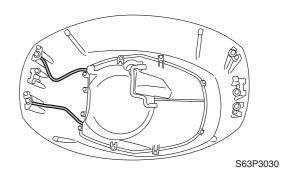
S63P3010

- 2. Loosen the bolts ①.
- 3. Move the hook ② up or down slightly to adjust its position.



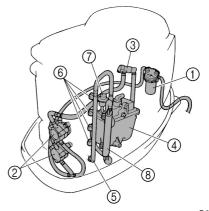
NOTE:_

- To loosen the fitting, move the hook in direction (a).
- To tighten the fitting, move the hook in direction **(b)**.
- 4. Tighten the bolts.
- 5. Check the fitting again and, if necessary, repeat steps 2–4.
- 6. Check the top cowling hose for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.



Fuel system Checking the fuel joint and fuel hoses (fuel joint-to-fuel injector)

- 1. Remove the spark plug wire cover.
- Check the low-pressure fuel hose connections and fuel joints for leaks.
 Replace if necessary. Also, check the fuel filter ①, fuel pumps ②, and fuel filter ③ for leaks or deterioration. Replace if necessary.
- Check the high-pressure fuel hose connections for leaks. Replace if necessary.
 Also, check the vapor separator 4, fuel rail 5, fuel injectors 6, pressure regulator 7, and fuel cooler 8 for leaks or deterioration. Replace if necessary.

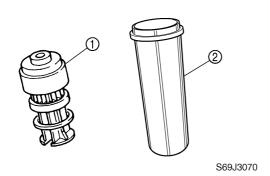


S63P3360

Checking the fuel filter

 Check the fuel filter element ① for dirt and residue and check the fuel filter cup ② for foreign substances and cracks. Clean the cup with straight gasoline and replace the element if necessary.

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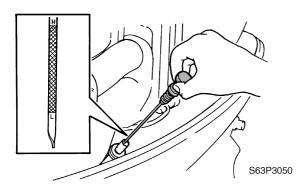


NOTE: _

Be sure not to spill any fuel when removing the fuel filter cup.

Power unit Checking the engine oil

- 1. Place the outboard motor in an upright position.
- 2. Remove the engine oil dipstick, wipe it clean, and then insert it back into the oil filler hole.
- Remove the dipstick again to check the oil level and to check the oil for discoloration and its viscosity.

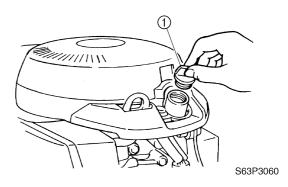


NOTE:

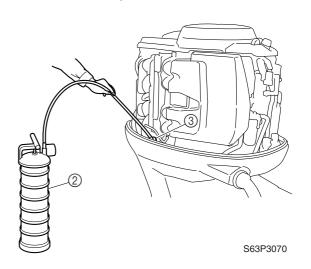
- Change the oil if it appears milky or dirty.
- If the engine oil is above the maximum level mark (H), extract sufficient oil using an oil changer or drain it until the level is between (H) and (L).
- If the engine oil is below the minimum level mark (L), add sufficient oil until the level is between (H) and (L).

Changing the engine oil using an oil changer

- 1. Start the engine, warm it up, and then turn it off.
- 2. Remove the engine oil dipstick and oil filler cap ①.



3. Insert the tube of the oil changer ② into the dipstick quide ③.



Operate the oil changer to extract the oil.

NOTE: _

Be sure to clean up any oil spills.

5. Pour the specified amount of the recommended engine oil into the oil filler hole.



Recommended engine oil:

4-stroke motor oil

API: SE, SF, SG, SH, or SJ

SAE: 10W-30 or 10W-40

Oil quantity:

Without oil filter replacement: 5.2 L (5.5 US qt, 4.6 Imp qt)

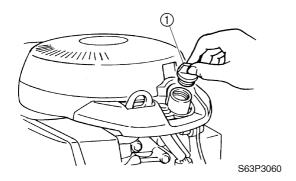
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Periodic checks and adjustments

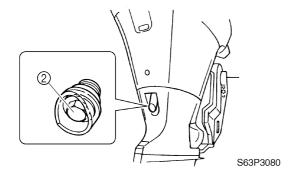
- 6. Install the oil filler cap and dipstick, and then start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.
- 7. Turn the engine off, and then check the oil level and correct it if necessary.

Changing the engine oil by draining it

- 1. Start the engine, warm it up, and then turn it off.
- 2. Remove the engine oil dipstick and oil filler cap ①.



3. Place a drain pan under the drain hole, and then remove the drain bolt ② and let the oil drain completely.



NOTE:_

Be sure to clean up any oil spills.

4. Install the drain bolt, and then tighten it to the specified torque.



Drain bolt:

27 N·m (2.7 kgf·m, 20.0 ft·lb)

5. Pour the specified amount of the recommended engine oil into the oil filler hole.



Recommended engine oil:

4-stroke motor oil

API: SE, SF, SG, SH, or SJ SAE: 10W-30 or 10W-40

Oil quantity:

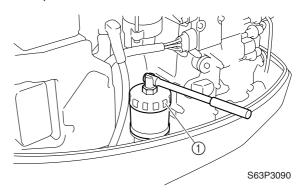
Without oil filter replacement:

5.2 L (5.5 US qt, 4.6 Imp qt)

- 6. Install the oil filler cap and dipstick, and then start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.
- 7. Turn the engine off, and then check the oil level and correct it if necessary.

Replacing the oil filter

- 1. Extract the engine oil with an oil changer or drain it.
- 2. Place a rag under the oil filter, and then remove the oil filter using a 72.5 mm (2.9 in) oil filter wrench.



NOTE: _

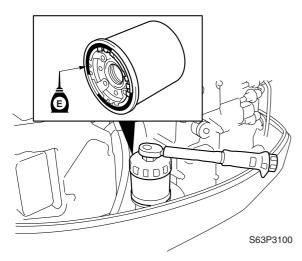
- Wait more than 5 minutes after turning the engine off to replace the oil filter.
- Be sure to clean up any oil spills.



Oil filter wrench (1): 90890-06830

- 3. Apply a thin coat of engine oil to the Oring of the new oil filter.
- 4. Install the oil filter, and then tighten it to the specified torque using a 72.5 mm (2.9 in) oil filter wrench.

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Oil filter:

18 N·m (1.8 kgf·m, 13.3 ft·lb)

5. Pour the specified amount of the recommended engine oil into the oil filler hole.



Recommended engine oil:

4-stroke motor oil

API: SE, SF, SG, SH, or SJ SAE: 10W-30 or 10W-40

Oil quantity:

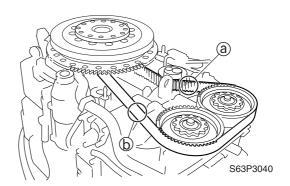
With oil filter replacement:

5.4 L (5.7 US qt, 4.8 Imp qt)

- Install the oil filler cap and dipstick, and then start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.
- 7. Turn the engine off, and then check the oil level and correct it if necessary.

Checking the timing belt

- 1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover.
- 2. While turning the flywheel magnet clockwise, check the interior (a) and the exterior (b) of the timing belt for cracks, damage, or wear. Replace if necessary.
- 3. Turn the crankshaft clockwise two turns to take up slack in the timing belt.



Replacing the timing belt

NOTE:

For replacement procedures, see Chapter 5, "Replacing the timing belt."

Checking the valve clearance

NOTE:

For checking procedures, see Chapter 5, "Checking the valve clearance."

Checking the spark plugs

- 1. Disconnect the spark plug wires, and then remove the spark plugs.
- 2. Clean the electrodes ① with a spark plug cleaner or wire brush. Replace the spark plug if necessary.



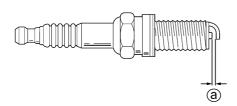
S69J3190

 Check the electrodes for erosion and excessive carbon or other deposits, and the gasket for damage. Replace the spark plug if necessary.



Periodic checks and adjustments

4. Check the spark plug gap ⓐ. Adjust if out of specification.



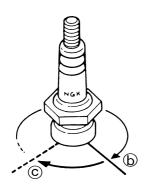
S69J3200



Specified spark plug: LFR5A-11 (NGK) Spark plug gap ⓐ:

1.0-1.1 mm (0.039-0.043 in)

5. Install the spark plugs, tighten them finger tight (a), then to the specified torque using a spark plug wrench (c).



S69J3210

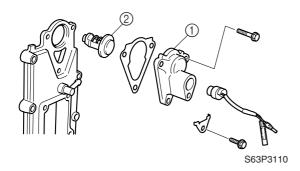


Spark plug:

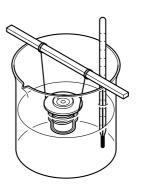
25 N·m (2.5 kgf·m, 18.4 ft·lb)

Checking the thermostat

- 1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover.
- 2. Remove the cover ① and thermostat ②.

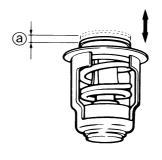


- 3. Suspend the thermostat in a container of water.
- 4. Place a thermometer in the water and slowly heat the water.



S69J5E40

5. Check the thermostat valve opening at the specified water temperatures. Replace if out of specification.



S69J5E50

Water temperature	Valve lift ⓐ
58–62 °C (136–144 °F)	0.05 mm (0.0020 in) (valve begins to lift)
above 70 °C (158 °F)	more than 4.3 mm (0.17 in)

6. Install the thermostat and cover, and then tighten the cover bolts to the specified torques in two stages.



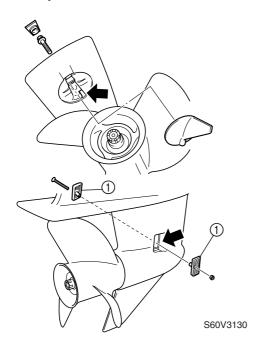
Thermostat cover bolt:

1st: 6 N·m (0.6 kgf·m, 4.4 ft·lb) 2nd: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m, 8.9 ft·lb)

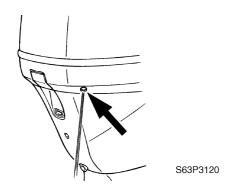
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Checking the cooling water passage

1. Check the cooling water inlet cover ① and cooling water inlet for clogs. Clean if necessary.



- 2. Place the lower unit in water, and then start the engine.
- Check for water flow at the cooling water pilot hole. If there is no water flow, check the cooling water passage inside the outboard motor.



Control system

Checking the engine idle speed

- 1. Start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.
- 2. Attach the special service tool to spark plug wire #1 ①, and then check the engine idle speed.





Digital tachometer: 90890-06760

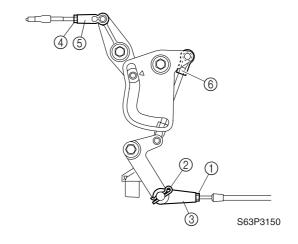


Engine idle speed: $700 \pm 50 \text{ r/min}$

Adjusting the throttle link and throttle cable

NOTE:

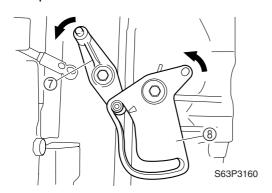
- Be sure to synchronize the throttle valves before adjusting the throttle cable.
- For synchronizing procedures, see Chapter 4, "Synchronizing the throttle valves."
- 1. Remove the intake silencer.
- Loosen the locknut ①, remove the clip ②, and then disconnect the throttle cable joint ③.
- 3. Loosen the locknut ④, and then disconnect the throttle link rod joint ⑤ and the link rod joint ⑥.



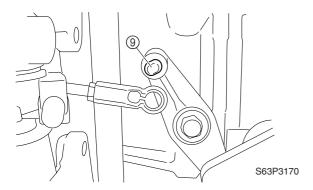


Periodic checks and adjustments

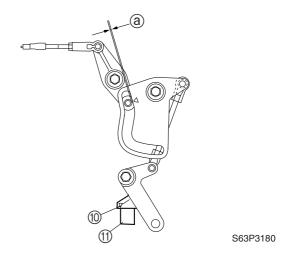
4. Turn throttle lever 1 ⑦ and the throttle cam ® counterclockwise so that they are in the positions shown in the illustration.



5. Check that the throttle valves are fully closed, and then adjust the throttle link rod joint to align its hole with the ball joint (9) on throttle lever 1.



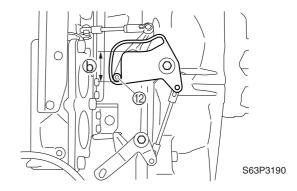
- 6. Connect the throttle link rod joint ⑤, and then tighten the locknut ④.
- 7. Connect the link rod joint 6.
- 8. Contact the stopper ① on the throttle lever 2 to the fully closed stopper ① on the cylinder block and check for clearance ② between the throttle cam roller and the throttle cam.



NOTE: _

If there is no clearance, loosen the locknut 4 and the throttle link rod joint one turn, and then repeat steps 6 and 8.

9. Operate throttle lever 2 to check that the throttle valves fully close and fully open.

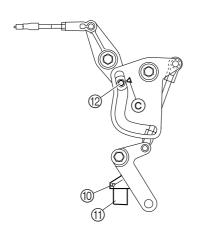


NOTE:

The throttle valves are fully open when the throttle cam roller 2 is within the range b shown in the illustration.

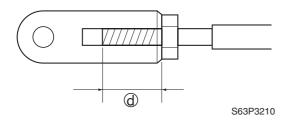
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10. Contact the stopper ⁽¹⁾ on the throttle lever 2 to the fully closed stopper ⁽¹⁾ on the cylinder block and check that throttle cam roller ⁽²⁾ is aligned with the alignment mark ⁽²⁾.



S63P3200

11. Adjust the position of the throttle cable joint until its hole is aligned with the set pin on throttle lever 2.



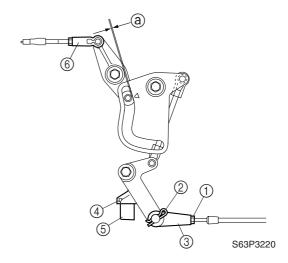
CAUTION:

The throttle cable joint must be screwed in a minimum of 8.0 mm (0.31 in) ③.

- 12. Connect the cable joint, install the clip, and then tighten the locknut.
- 13. Check the throttle cable for smooth operation and, if necessary, repeat steps 1–12.

Adjusting the throttle link and throttle cable operation (using a thickness gauge)

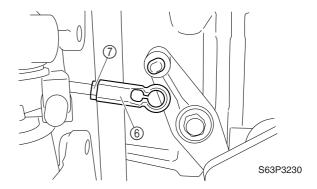
- 1. Remove the intake silencer.
- Loosen the locknut ①, remove the clip
 and then disconnect the throttle cable joint ③.
- 3. Contact the stopper ④ on the throttle lever 2 to the fully closed stopper ⑤ on the cylinder block and adjust the throttle link rod joint ⑥ so that the specified clearance ⑥ between the throttle cam roller and the throttle cam is obtained.





Clearance @: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

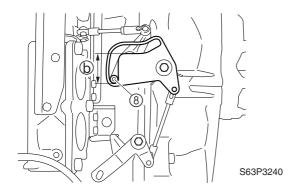
4. Connect the throttle link rod joint ⑥, and then tighten the locknut ⑦.





Periodic checks and adjustments

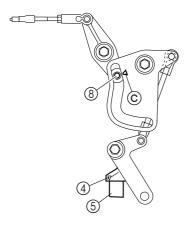
5. Operate throttle lever 2 to check that the throttle valves fully close and fully open.



NOTE:

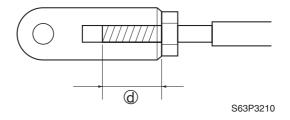
The throttle valves are fully open when the throttle cam roller (8) is within the range (b) shown in the illustration.

6. Contact the stopper ④ on the throttle lever 2 to the fully closed stopper ⑤ on the cylinder block and check that throttle cam roller ⑧ is aligned with the alignment mark ⑥.



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7. Adjust the position of the throttle cable joint until its hole is aligned with the set pin on throttle lever 2.



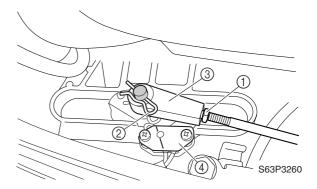
CAUTION:

The throttle cable joint must be screwed in a minimum of 8.0 mm (0.31 in) @.

- 8. Connect the cable joint, install the clip, and then tighten the locknut.
- 9. Check the throttle cable for smooth operation and, if necessary, repeat steps 1–8.

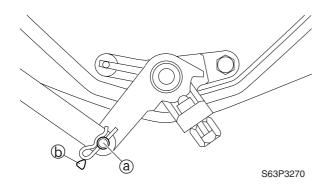
Checking the gear shift operation

- 1. Check that the gear shift operates smoothly when shifting it from neutral to forward or reverse. Adjust the shift cable length if necessary.
- 2. Set the gear shift to the neutral position.
- Loosen the locknut ①, remove the clip
 ②, and then disconnect the shift cable joint ③.

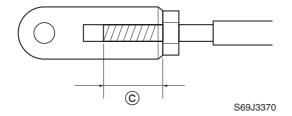


- 4. Adjust the position of the shift lever until the pin on the lever is aligned with the line on the shift position switch plate ④.
- 5. Align the center of the set pin ⓐ with the alignment mark ⓑ on the bottom cowling.

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6. Adjust the position of the shift cable joint until its hole is aligned with the set pin.



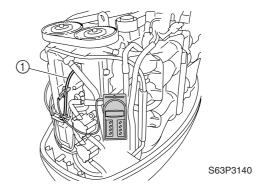
CAUTION:

The shift cable joint must be screwed in a minimum of 8.0 mm (0.31 in) ©.

- 7. Connect the cable joint, install the clip, and then tighten the locknut.
- 8. Check the gear shift for smooth operation and, if necessary, repeat steps 3–7.

Checking the ignition timing

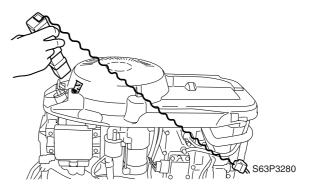
- 1. Start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.
- 2. Attach the special service tool to spark plug wire #1 ①, and then check the engine idle speed.





Digital tachometer: 90890-06760

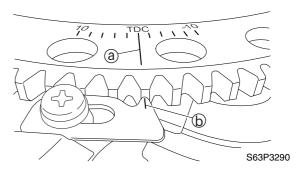
3. Attach the special service tool to spark plug wire #1.





Timing light: 90890-03141

4. Check that the "TDC" mark (a) on the flywheel magnet is aligned with the mark (b) on the pointer.





Ignition timing at engine idle speed: TDC

CHK ADJ

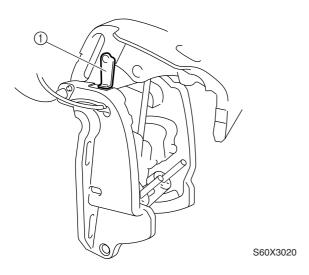
Power trim and tilt unit Checking the power trim and tilt operation

 Fully tilt the outboard motor up and down a few times and check the entire trim and tilt range for smooth operation. Check the power trim and tilt fluid level if necessary.

NOTE:

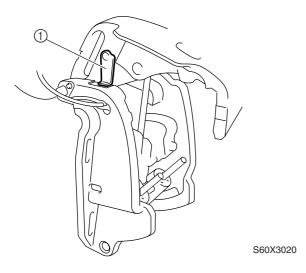
Be sure to listen to the winding sound of the power trim and tilt motor for smooth operation.

2. Fully tilt the outboard motor up, and then support it with the tilt stop lever ① to check the lock mechanism of the lever.



Checking the power trim and tilt fluid level

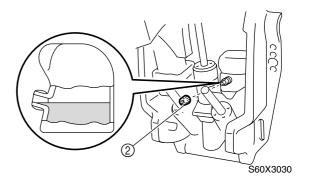
1. Fully tilt the outboard motor up, and then support it with the tilt stop lever ①.



▲ WARNING

After tilting up the outboard motor, be sure to support it with the tilt stop lever. Otherwise, the outboard motor could suddenly lower if the power trim and tilt unit should lose fluid pressure.

2. Remove the reservoir cap ②, and then check the fluid level in the reservoir.



NOTE:

If the fluid is at the correct level, the fluid should overflow out of the filler hole when the reservoir cap is removed.

If necessary, add sufficient fluid of the recommended type until it overflows out of the filler hole.



Recommended power trim and tilt fluid:

ATF Dexron II

4. Install the reservoir cap, and then tighten it to the specified torque.



Reservoir cap:

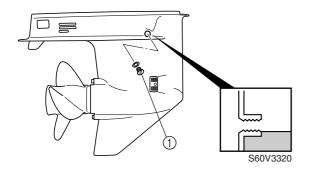
0.7 N·m (0.07 kgf·m, 0.5 ft·lb)

Lower unit

Checking the gear oil level

- 1. Fully tilt the outboard motor down.
- 2. Remove the check screw ①, and then check the gear oil level in the lower case.

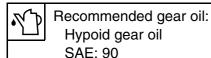
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NOTE:

If the oil is at the correct level, the oil should overflow out of the check hole when the check screw is removed.

3. If necessary, add sufficient gear oil of the recommended type until it overflows out of the check hole.

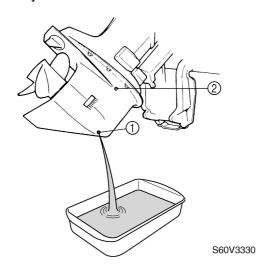


4. Install the check screw.

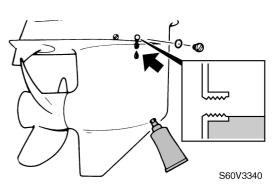
Changing the gear oil

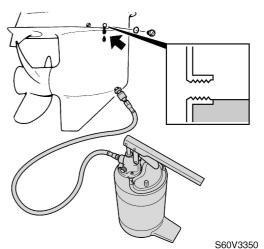
- 1. Tilt the outboard motor up slightly.
- Place a drain pan under the drain screw

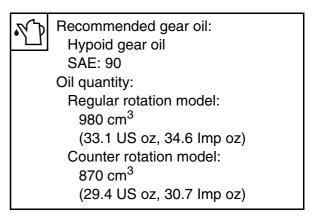
 remove the drain screw, then the check screw ② and let the oil drain completely.



- 3. Check the oil for metal and discoloration, and its viscosity. Check the internal parts of the lower case if necessary.
- Insert a gear oil tube or gear oil pump into the drain hole and slowly fill the gear oil until oil flows out of the check hole and no air bubbles are visible.







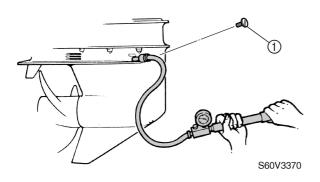
5. Install the check screw and quickly install the drain screw.



Periodic checks and adjustments

Checking the lower unit for air leakage

1. Remove the check screw ①, and then install the special service tool.





Leakage tester: 90890-06840

2. Apply the specified pressure to check that the pressure is maintained in the lower unit for at least 10 seconds.

CAUTION:

Do not over pressurize the lower unit, otherwise the oil seals can be damaged.

NOTE: _

Cover the check hole with a rag when removing the tester from the lower unit.

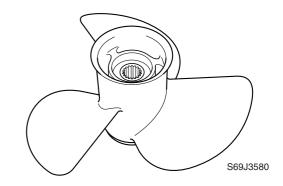


Lower unit holding pressure: 70 kPa (0.7 kgf/cm², 10 psi)

3. If pressure drops below specification, check the drive shaft and propeller shaft oil seals for damage.

Checking the propeller

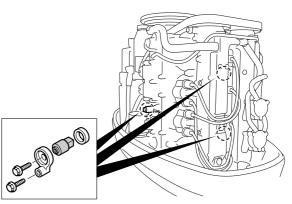
 Check the propeller blades and splines for cracks, damage, or wear. Replace if necessary.



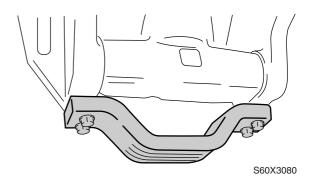
General

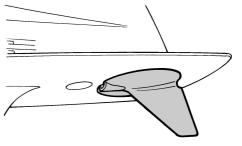
Checking the anodes

1. Check the anodes and trim tab for scales, grease, or oil. Clean if necessary.



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S69J3610

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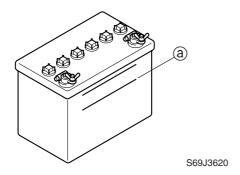
CAUTION:

Do not oil, grease, or paint the anodes or the trim tab, otherwise they will be ineffective.

2. Replace the anodes or trim tab if excessively eroded.

Checking the battery

1. Check the battery electrolyte level. If the level is at or below the minimum level mark ⓐ, add distilled water until the level is between the maximum and minimum level marks.



2. Check the specific gravity of the electrolyte. Fully charge the battery if out of specification.

▲ WARNING

Battery electrolyte is dangerous; it contains sulfuric acid which is poisonous and highly caustic.

Always follow these preventive measures:

- Avoid bodily contact with electrolyte as it can cause severe burns or permanent eye injury.
- Wear protective eye gear when handling or working near batteries.

Antidote (EXTERNAL):

- SKIN Wash with water.
- EYES Flush with water for 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

Antidote (INTERNAL):

 Drink large quantities of water or milk followed with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Get immediate medical attention. Batteries generate explosive, hydrogen gas. Always follow these preventive measures:

- Charge batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- Keep batteries away from fire, sparks or open flames (e.g., welding equipment, lighted cigarettes).
- DO NOT SMOKE when charging or handling batteries.

KEEP BATTERIES AND ELECTROLYTE OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

NOTE: _

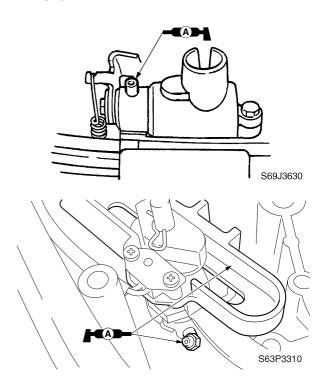
- Batteries vary per manufacturer. The procedures mentioned in this manual may not always apply, therefore, consult the instruction manual of the battery.
- Disconnect the negative battery lead first, then the positive battery lead.



Electrolyte specific gravity: 1.280 at 20 °C (68 °F)

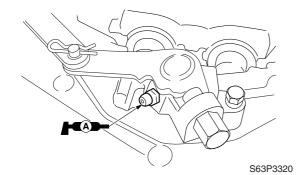
Lubricating the outboard motor

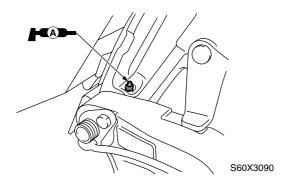
1. Apply water resistant grease to the areas shown.

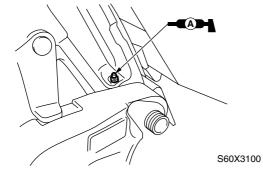


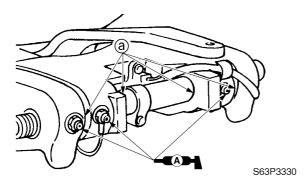


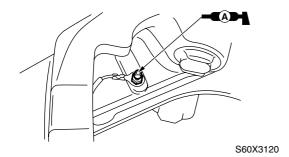
Periodic checks and adjustments







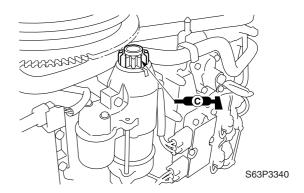




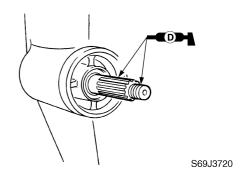
NOTE: _

Apply grease to the grease nipple until it flows from the bushings ⓐ.

2. Apply low temperature resistant grease to the areas shown.



3. Apply corrosion resistant grease to the areas shown.



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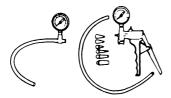
Fuel system

Special service tools	4-1
Hose routing	4-2
Fuel and blowby hoses	
Fuel filter, fuel pump, and intake silencer	4-3
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Disassembling a fuel pump	
Checking the diaphragm and valves	
Assembling a fuel pump	
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Checking the pressure regulator	4-13
Checking the check valve	
Reducing the fuel pressure	
Checking the vapor separator	
Synchronizing the throttle valves	
Adjusting the throttle position sensor	
Adjusting the throttle position sensor	
(when disassembling or replacing the throttle body)	4-18

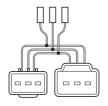


Fuel system

Special service tools



Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set 90890-06756



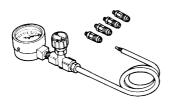
Test harness (3 pins) 90890-06793



Fuel pressure gauge 90890-06786



Digital circuit tester 90890-03174



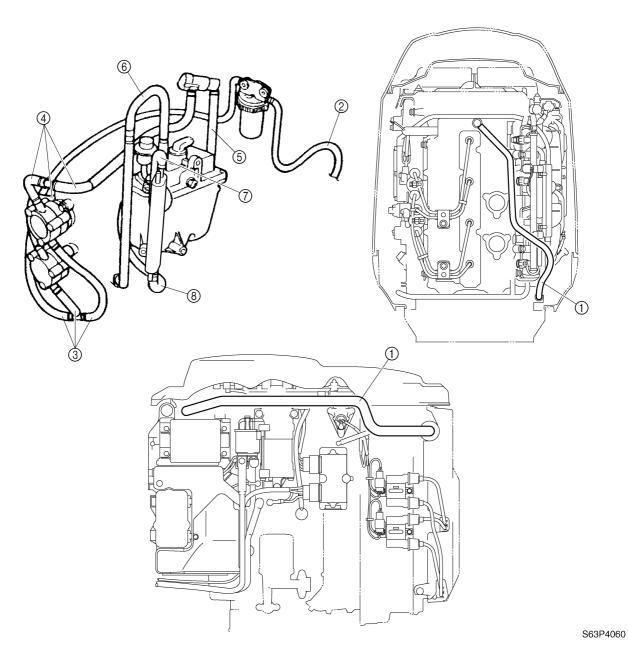
Vacuum gauge 90890-03159



Digital tachometer 90890-06760

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Hose routing Fuel and blowby hoses

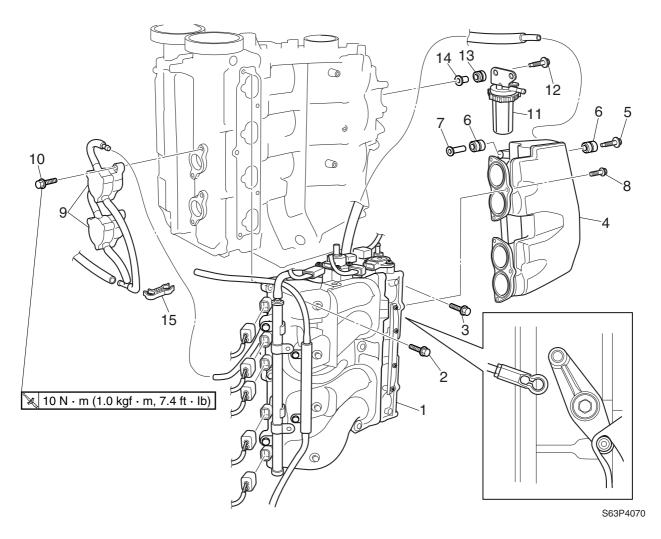


- ① Blowby hoses
- ② Fuel hose (fuel tank-to-fuel filter)
- ③ Fuel hoses (fuel filter-to-fuel pumps)
- ④ Fuel hoses (fuel pumps-to-fuel filter)
- ⑤ Fuel hose (fuel filter-to-vapor separator)
- ⑥ High-pressure fuel hose (vapor separator-to-fuel rail)
- Tuel hose (pressure regulator-to-fuel cooler)

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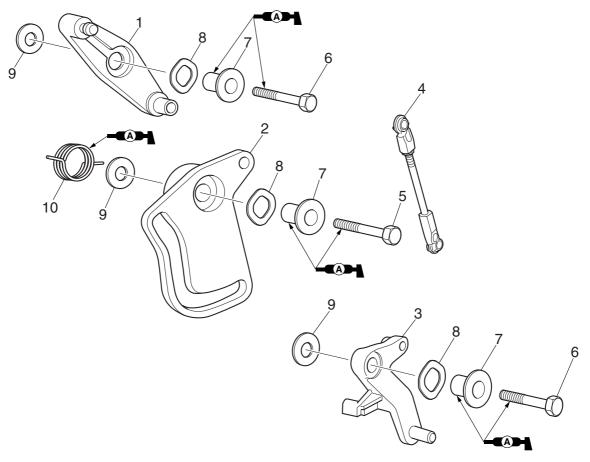


Fuel filter, fuel pump, and intake silencer



No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Intake assembly	1	
2	Bolt	5	M8 × 40 mm
3	Bolt	2	M8 × 20 mm
4	Intake silencer	1	
5	Bolt	2	M6 × 45 mm
6	Grommet	4	
7	Collar	2	
8	Bolt	6	M6 × 20 mm
9	Fuel pump	2	
10	Bolt	4	M6 × 30 mm
11	Fuel filter	1	
12	Bolt	2	M6 × 30 mm
13	Grommet	2	
14	Collar	2	
15	Holder	1	

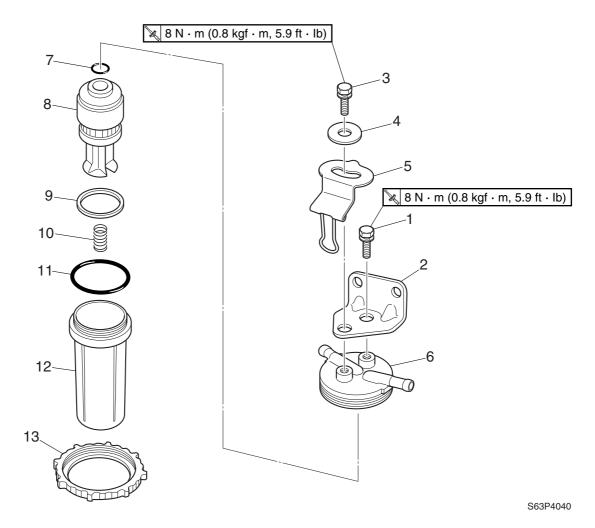
4-3 63P3F11



S63P4080

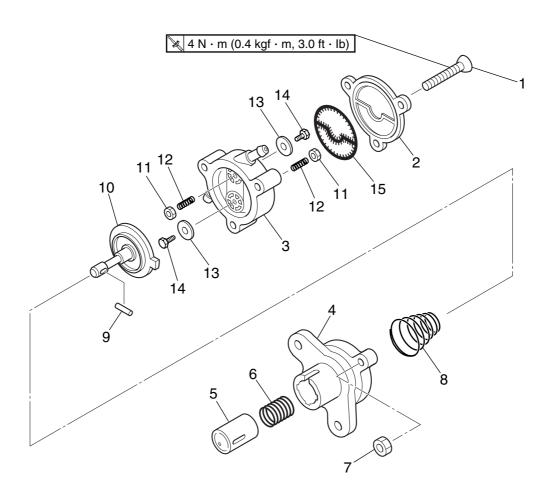
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Throttle lever 1	1	
2	Throttle cam	1	
3	Throttle lever 2	1	
4	Throttle link rod	1	
5	Bolt	1	M6 × 35 mm
6	Bolt	2	M6 × 25 mm
7	Collar	3	
8	Wave washer	3	
9	Washer	3	
10	Spring	1	

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No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bolt	1	M6 × 14 mm
2	Bracket	1	
3	Bolt	1	M6 × 16 mm
4	Washer	1	
5	Holder	1	
6	Сар	1	
7	O-ring	1	Not reusable
8	Fuel filter element	1	
9	Float	1	
10	Spring	1	
11	O-ring	1	Not reusable
12	Cup	1	
13	Nut	1	

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S63P4050

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Screw	3	ø6 × 35 mm
2	Cover	1	
3	Fuel pump body 2	1	
4	Fuel pump body 1	1	
5	Plunger	1	
6	Spring	1	
7	Nut	3	
8	Spring	1	
9	Pin	1	
10	Diaphragm	1	
11	Nut	2	
12	Spring	2	
13	Valve	2	
14	Screw	2	
15	Gasket	1	Not reusable

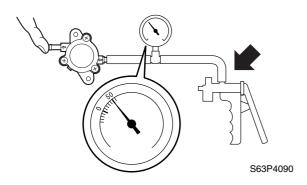
63P3F11 4-6



Fuel system

Checking the fuel pumps

- Place a drain pan under the fuel hose connections, and then disconnect the fuel hoses from the fuel pumps.
- 2. Connect the special service tool to the fuel pump inlet.
- Cover the fuel pump outlet with a finger, and then apply the specified positive pressure. Check that there is no air leakage.



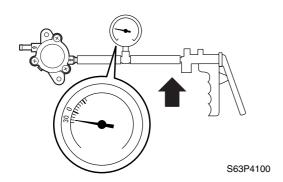


Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set: 90890-06756



Specified pressure: 50 kPa (0.5 kgf/cm², 7.3 psi)

4. Apply the specified negative pressure and check that there is no air leakage.

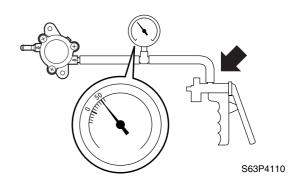




Specified pressure: 30 kPa (0.3 kgf/cm², 4.4 psi)

5. Connect the special service tool to the fuel pump outlet.

Apply the specified positive pressure and check that there is no air leakage. Disassemble the fuel pump if necessary.





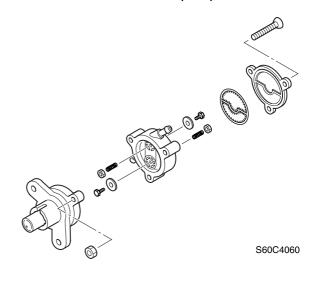
Specified pressure: 50 kPa (0.5 kgf/cm², 7.3 psi)

NOTE:

Assemble the fuel pump valve to the fuel pump body, and moisten the inside of the fuel pump with gasoline to ensure a good seal.

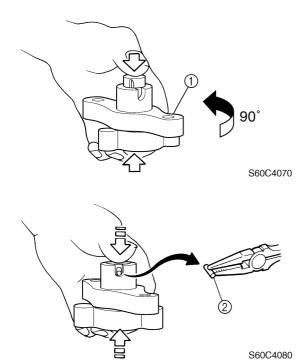
Disassembling a fuel pump

1. Disassemble the fuel pump as shown.



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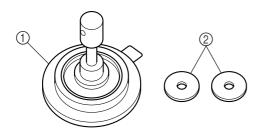
2. Push down on the plunger and the diaphragm, turn fuel pump body 1 ① approximately 90° to a position where the pin ② can be removed easily, and then remove the pin.



3. Slowly let up on the plunger and diaphragm, and then remove them.

Checking the diaphragm and valves

 Check the diaphragm ① for tears and the valves ② for cracks. Replace if necessary.



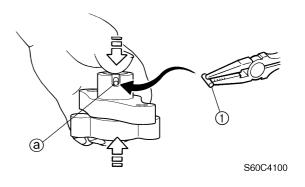
S60C4090

Assembling a fuel pump

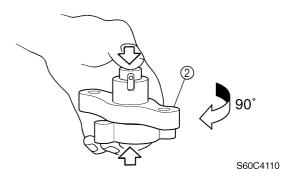
NOTE: _

Clean the parts and soak the valves and the diaphragm in gasoline before assembly to obtain prompt operation of the fuel pumps when starting the engine.

- 1. Align the plunger and diaphragm installation holes ⓐ, and then install the plunger into the diaphragm.
- 2. Push down on the plunger and the diaphragm, and then install the pin ①.



 Turn fuel pump body 1 ② approximately 90°, and then push down on the plunger several times to make sure that the pin does not come out.



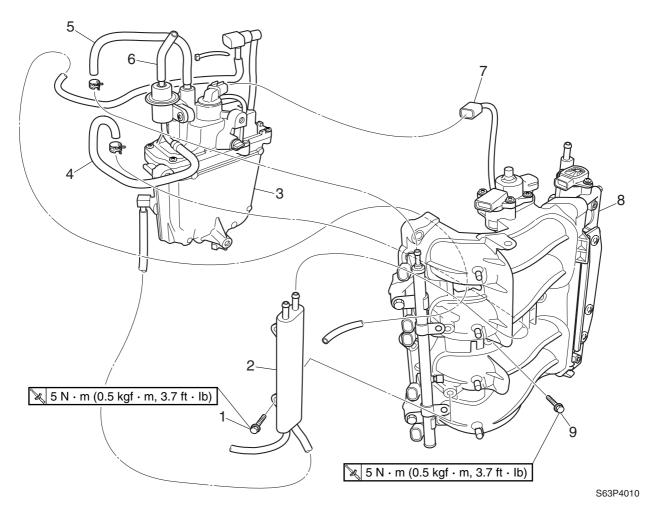
NOTE

Make sure that the gasket and diaphragm are kept in place through the assembly process.

63P3F11 4-8

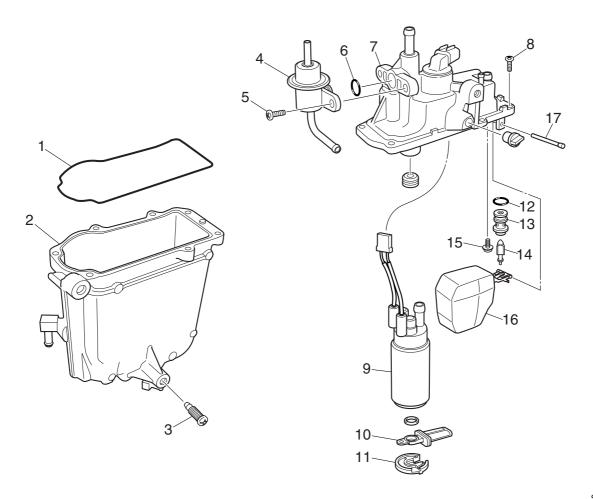


Intake assembly and vapor separator



No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bolt	2	M6 × 25 mm
2	Fuel cooler	1	
3	Vapor separator	1	
4	Fuel hose	1	
5	Fuel hose	1	
6	Hose	1	
7	Electric fuel pump coupler	1	
8	Intake assembly	1	
9	Bolt	3	M6 × 35 mm

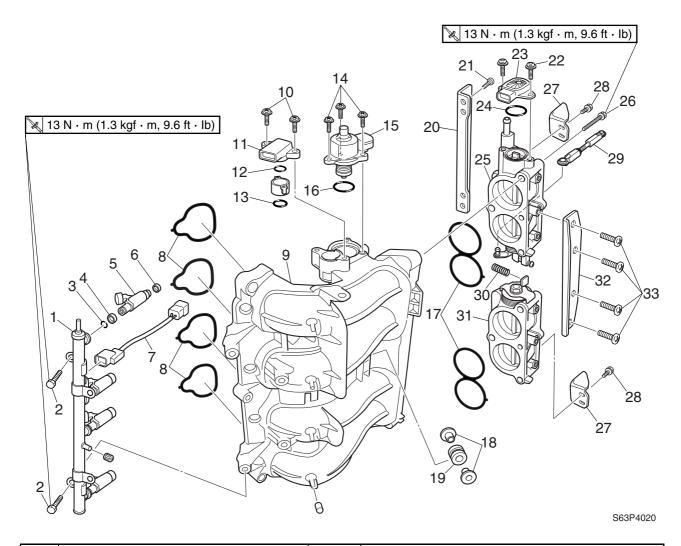
4-9 63P3F11



S63P4030

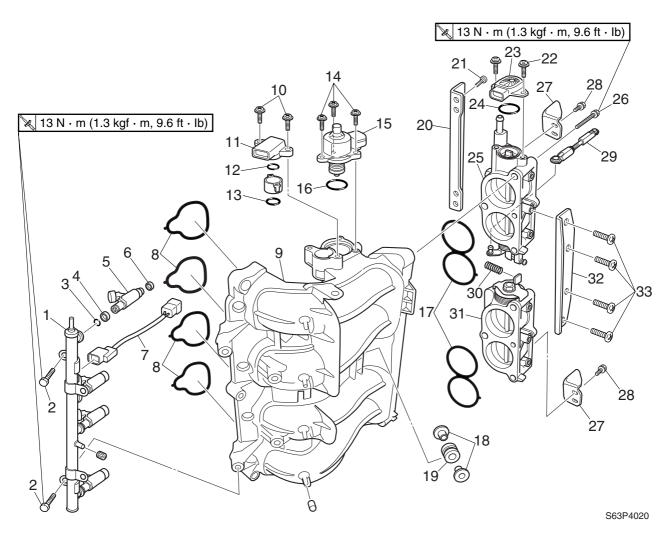
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	O-ring	1	Not reusable
2	Float chamber	1	
3	Drain screw	1	
4	Pressure regulator	1	
5	Screw	2	M6 × 12 mm
6	O-ring	1	Not reusable
7	Cover	1	
8	Screw	7	ø4 × 16 mm
9	Electric fuel pump	1	
10	Filter	1	
11	Filter holder	1	
12	O-ring	1	Not reusable
13	Collar	1	
14	Needle valve	1	
15	Screw	1	ø4 × 8 mm
16	Float	1	
17	Pin	1	

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No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Fuel rail	1	
2	Bolt	2	M8 × 25 mm
3	O-ring	4	Not reusable
4	Rubber damper	4	Not reusable
5	Fuel injector	4	
6	Rubber seal	4	Not reusable
7	Electric fuel pump lead	1	
8	Gasket	4	Not reusable
9	Intake manifold	1	
10	Screw	2	ø5 × 15 mm
11	Intake air pressure sensor	1	
12	O-ring	1	Not reusable
13	O-ring	1	Not reusable
14	Screw	3	ø4 × 15 mm
15	Idle speed control	1	
16	O-ring	1	Not reusable
17	Gasket	2	Not reusable

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No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Collar	6	
19	Grommet	3	
20	Bracket	1	
21	Screw	4	ø6 × 16 mm
22	Screw	2	ø4 × 12 mm
23	Throttle position sensor	1	
24	O-ring	1	Not reusable
25	Throttle body #1	1	
26	Bolt	6	M8 × 70 mm
27	Bracket	2	
28	Screw	4	ø6 × 16 mm
29	Throttle joint link rod	1	
30	Spring	1	
31	Throttle body #2	1	
32	Bracket	1	
33	Screw	4	ø6 × 16 mm

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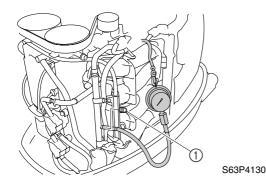




Fuel system

Measuring the fuel pressure

- 1. Remove the cap (1).
- 2. Connect the fuel pressure gauge to the pressure check valve.





Fuel pressure gauge: 90890-06786

WARNING

- When connecting the fuel pressure gauge, first cover the connection between the gauge and the pressure check valve with a clean, dry rag to prevent fuel from leaking out.
- Gently screw in the gauge until it is firmly connected.
- 3. Turn the engine start switch to ON, and then measure the fuel pressure within 3 seconds.

NOTE:

The fuel pressure decreases 3 seconds after the engine start switch is turned to ON.



Fuel pressure (reference data): 310 kPa (3.1 kgf/cm², 45.0 psi)

 Start the engine, warm it up for 5 minutes, and then measure the fuel pressure. If below specification, check the high-pressure fuel line and the vapor separator.



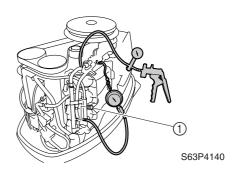
Fuel pressure (reference data): 260 kPa (2.6 kgf/cm², 37.7 psi)

WARNING

- Before measuring the fuel pressure, make sure that the drain screw is tightened securely.
- Do not loosen the drain screw while measuring the fuel pressure. Loosening the drain screw can cause fuel to spray out creating a fire hazard.
- After measuring the fuel pressure, cover the end of the hose with a clean, dry rag, point the hose downward, and then loosen the drain screw to drain the remaining fuel from the hose and gauge.
- When storing the fuel pressure gauge, make sure that the drain screw is tightened securely.

Checking the pressure regulator

- 1. Remove the cap ①.
- 2. Connect the fuel pressure gauge to the pressure check valve.
- 3. Disconnect the pressure regulator hose, and then connect the special service tools to the pressure regulator.





Fuel pressure gauge: 90890-06786 Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set: 90890-06756

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▲ WARNING

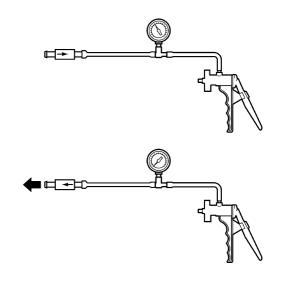
- When connecting the fuel pressure gauge, first cover the connection between the gauge and the pressure check valve with a clean, dry rag to prevent fuel from leaking out.
- Gently screw in the gauge until it is firmly connected.
- 4. Start the engine and let it idle.
- Check that the fuel pressure reduces when vacuum pressure is applied to the pressure regulator. If the fuel pressure does not reduce, replace the pressure regulator.

▲ WARNING

- Before measuring the fuel pressure, make sure that the drain screw is tightened securely.
- Do not loosen the drain screw while measuring the fuel pressure. Loosening the drain screw can cause fuel to spray out creating a fire hazard.
- After measuring the fuel pressure, cover the end of the hose with a clean, dry rag, point the hose downward, and then loosen the drain screw to drain the remaining fuel from the hose and gauge.
- When storing the fuel pressure gauge, make sure that the drain screw is tightened securely.

Checking the check valve

- 1. Connect the special service tool to the check valve.
- 2. Apply pressure to each check valve port. Replace if necessary.



S60V4200



Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set: 90890-06756

NOTE:

Check that no air comes out of the opposite end of the check valve.

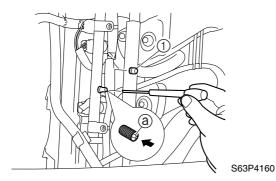
63P3F11 4-14



Fuel system

Reducing the fuel pressure

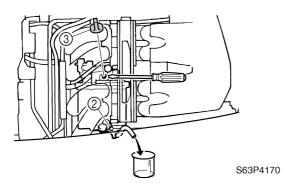
- 1. Remove the cap (1).
- 2. Cover the pressure check valve ⓐ of the fuel rail with a rag, and then press in the pressure check valve ⓐ using a thin screwdriver to release the fuel pressure.



▲ WARNING

Always reduce the fuel pressure in the high-pressure fuel line before servicing the line or the vapor separator. If the fuel pressure is not released, pressurized fuel may spray out.

- 3. Place a container under the vapor separator drain hose, and then loosen the drain screw ②.
- 4. Remove the cap ③.
- 5. Drain the fuel from the vapor separator drain hose by pressing the valve using a thin screwdriver.



Checking the vapor separator

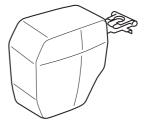
 Check the needle valve for bends or wear. Replace if necessary.





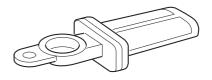
S69J4080

2. Check the float for deterioration. Replace if necessary.



S63P4180

3. Check the filter for dirt or residue. Clean if necessary.



S63P4190

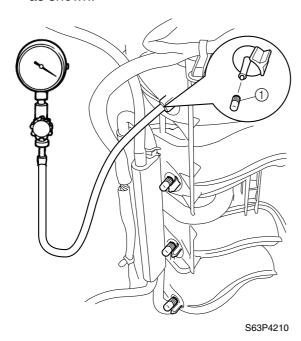
4-15 63P3F11

Synchronizing the throttle valves

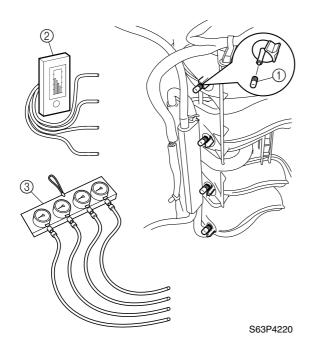
CAUTION:

Do not adjust the throttle valve when it is operating properly. Excess adjustment may cause poor engine performance.

1. Remove the caps ①, and then attach the special service tool to the intake manifold as shown.



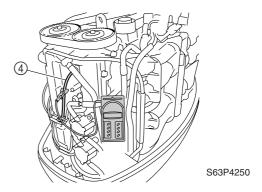
Vacuum gauge: 90890-03159



NOTE: _

For best results, use a vacuum gauge (commercially available), like ② or ③ shown in the illustration, that has four adapters.

- Start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.
- 3. Attach the special service tool to spark plug wire #1 ④, and then check the engine idle speed.



Digital tachometer: 90890-06760

Engine idle speed: $700 \pm 50 \text{ r/min}$

Check the vacuum pressure of all cylinders.

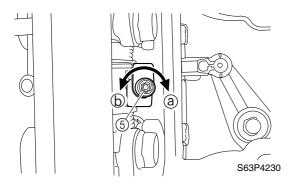
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FUEL



Fuel system

5. Turn the synchronizing screw ⑤ so that the vacuum pressure of cylinder #3 or #4 is within 4 kPa (30 mmHg) based on the vacuum pressure of cylinder #1 or #2.



Direction (a)	Vacuum pressure is increase.				
Direction (b)	Vacuum pressure is decrease.				

Example

Check results:

Cylinder	#1	#2	#3	#4
kPa	49	48	45	44
(mmHg)	(370)	(360)	(340)	(330)

Adjust the difference of the vacuum pressure between cylinders #1 and #4 within 4 kPa (30 mmHg).

Check results:

Cylinder	#1	#2	#3	#4
kPa	49	48	52	53
(mmHg)	(370)	(360)	(390)	(400)

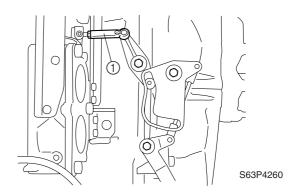
Adjust the difference of the vacuum pressure between cylinders #2 and #4 within 4 kPa (30 mmHg).

Adjusting the throttle position sensor

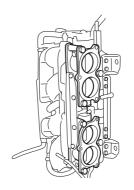
NOTE: _

- Be sure to adjust the throttle valve's opening before measuring the throttle position sensor output voltage.
- When measuring the throttle position sensor output voltage, set the digital tester to the manual range.

- 1. Remove the intake silencer.
- 2. Disconnect the throttle joint link rod ① from the throttle lever 1.

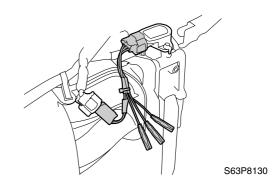


3. Check that the throttle valves are in the fully closed position.



S63P4270

4. Connect the test harness (3 pins) to the throttle position sensor.





Test harness (3 pins): 90890-06793

- 5. Turn the engine start switch to ON.
- Measure the throttle position sensor output voltage with the throttle valves fully closed. If the output voltage is out of specification, adjust the throttle position sensor.

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4

NOTE:

To measure the output voltage, connect the positive tester probe to the pink wire of the test harness and the negative tester probe to the orange wire of the test harness.



Digital circuit tester: 90890-03174



Throttle position sensor output voltage:

Pink (P) – Black (B) $0.70 \pm 0.02 \text{ V}$

- 7. Install the intake silencer.
- Start the engine and measure the throttle position sensor output voltage again.
 Adjust the throttle position sensor if out of specification.

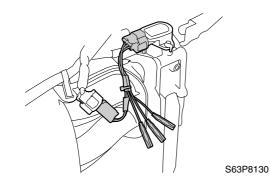


Throttle position sensor output voltage at engine idle speed:

Pink (P) – Black (B) $0.70 \pm 0.02 \text{ V}$

Adjusting the throttle position sensor (when disassembling or replacing the throttle body)

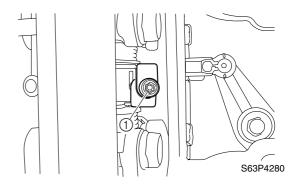
- 1. Install the intake assembly.
- 2. Connect the test harness (3 pins) to the throttle position sensor.



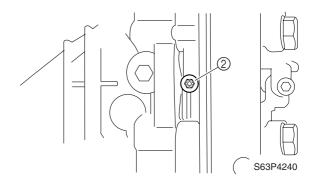


Test harness (3 pins): 90890-06793

3. Loosen the synchronizing screw (1).



4. Loosen the throttle stop screw ② and fully close the throttle valves #1 and #2.



- 5. Turn the engine start switch to ON.
- 6. Loosen the throttle position sensor screw and adjust the throttle position sensor output voltage to specification.



Throttle position sensor output voltage:

Pink (P) – Black (B) $0.70 \pm 0.02 \text{ V}$

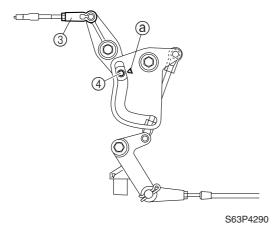
- 7. Operate the throttle valves several times.
- 8. Slowly tighten the synchronizing screw and stop when the throttle position sensor output voltage begins to change.
- 9. Tighten the throttle stop screw until it lightly contacts the throttle body lever.
- 10. Operate the throttle valves several times and make sure that the throttle position sensor output voltage does not change.
- 11. Tighten the throttle position sensor screw.

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Fuel system

12. Install the throttle joint link rod ③ so the throttle cam roller ④ is aligned with the alignment mark ⓐ as shown.



NOTE: _

Make sure that the throttle position sensor output voltage does not change when installing the throttle joint link rod.

- 13. Install the intake silencer.
- 14. Start the engine and measure the throttle position sensor output voltage. Adjust the throttle position sensor again if out of specification.



Throttle position sensor output voltage at engine idle speed:

Pink (P) – Black (B)

 $0.70 \pm 0.02 \ V$

15. Check the throttle valve is synchronized.

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- MEMO -

63P3F11 4-20

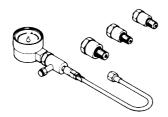


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Checking the oil pressure	
Checking the oil pressure sensor	
Checking the valve clearance	
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Removing the power unit	
Removing the oil filter	
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Checking the valves	5-29
Checking the valve guides	5-29
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Checking the cylinder head	
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Removing the exhaust cover	
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Installing the pressure control valve	

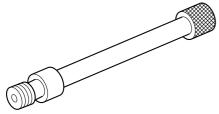
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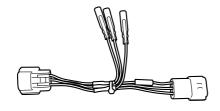
Special service tools



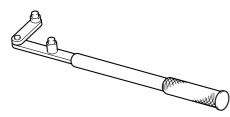
Compression gauge 90890-03160



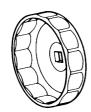
Compression gauge extension 90890-06563



Test harness (3 pins) New: 90890-06869 Current: 90890-06769



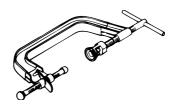
Flywheel holder 90890-06522



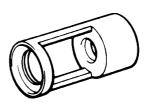
Oil filter wrench 90890-06830



Flywheel puller 90890-06521



Valve spring compressor 90890-04019



Valve spring compressor attachment 90890-06320



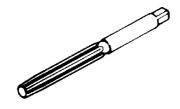
Valve guide remover/installer 90890-06801



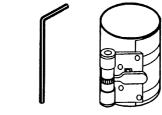
Valve guide installer 90890-06810

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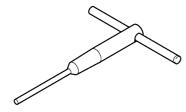




Valve guide reamer 90890-06804



Piston ring compressor 90890-05158



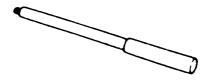
Valve seat cutter holder 90890-06316



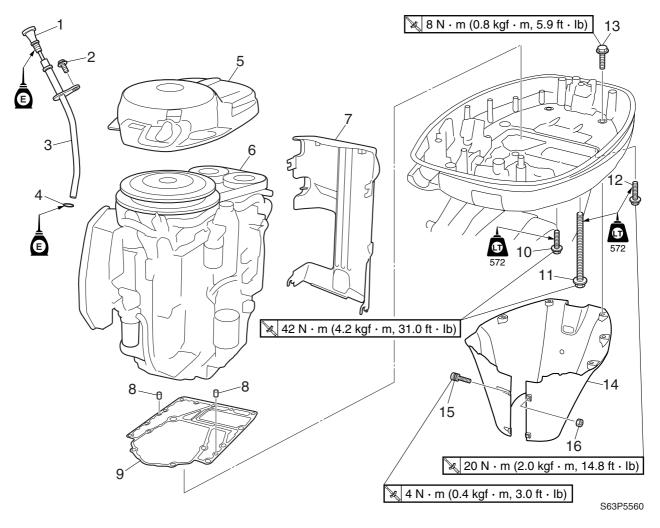
Valve seat cutter 90890-06324, 90890-06325, 90890-06326, 90890-06327



Needle bearing attachment 90890-06611, 90890-06654

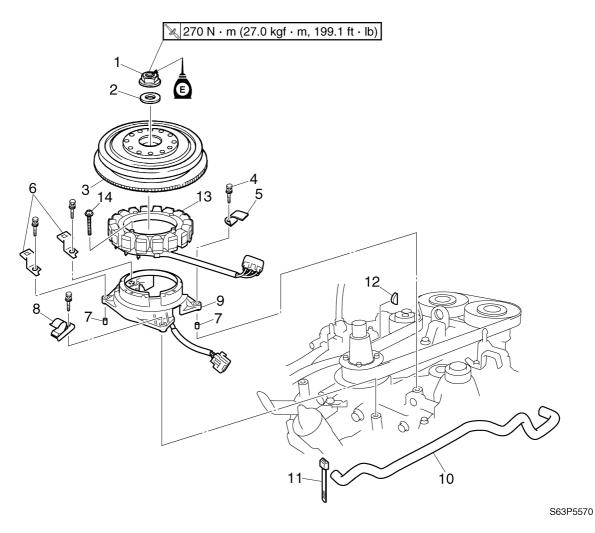


Driver rod L3 90890-06652

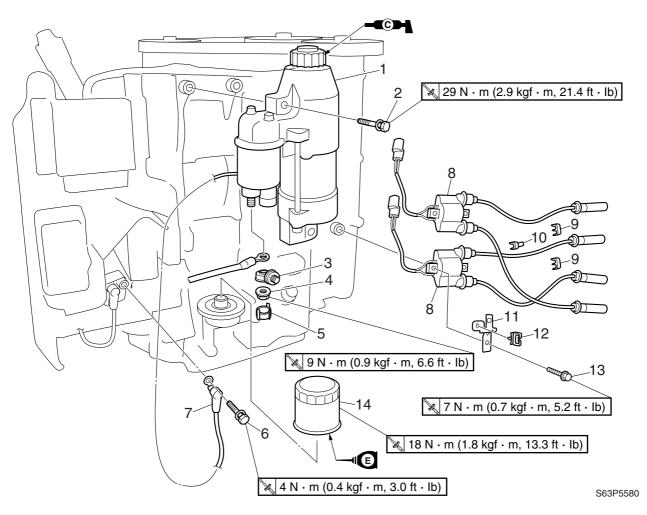


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Dipstick	1	
2	Bolt	1	M6 × 20 mm
3	Dipstick guide	1	
4	O-ring	1	Not reusable
5	Flywheel magnet cover	1	
6	Power unit	1	
7	Spark plug wire cover	1	
8	Dowel	2	
9	Gasket	1	Not reusable
10	Bolt	4	M10 × 35 mm
11	Bolt	8	M10 × 140 mm
12	Bolt	3	M8 × 35 mm
13	Bolt	4	M6 × 16 mm
14	Apron	1	
15	Screw	2	ø6 × 40 mm
16	Nut	2	

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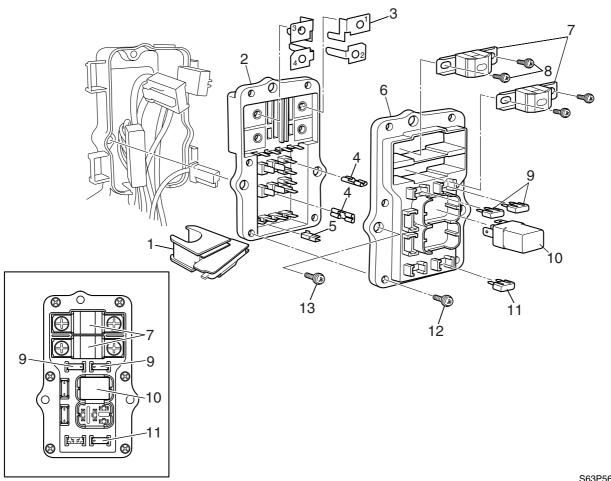


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Nut	1	
2	Washer	1	
3	Flywheel magnet	1	
4	Bolt	4	M6 × 35 mm
5	Holder	1	
6	Bracket	2	
7	Collar	2	
8	Holder	1	
9	Stator coil bracket	1	
10	Hose	1	
11	Plastic tie	1	Not reusable
12	Woodruff key	1	
13	Stator coil	1	
14	Screw	4	ø6 × 30 mm



No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Starter motor	1	
2	Bolt	3	M8 × 45 mm
3	Terminal	1	
4	Nut	1	
5	Сар	1	
6	Bolt	1	M6 × 10 mm
7	Starter motor lead	1	
8	Ignition coil	2	
9	Holder	2	
10	Holder	1	
11	Bracket	2	
12	Holder	2	
13	Bolt	4	M6 × 25 mm
14	Oil filter	1	

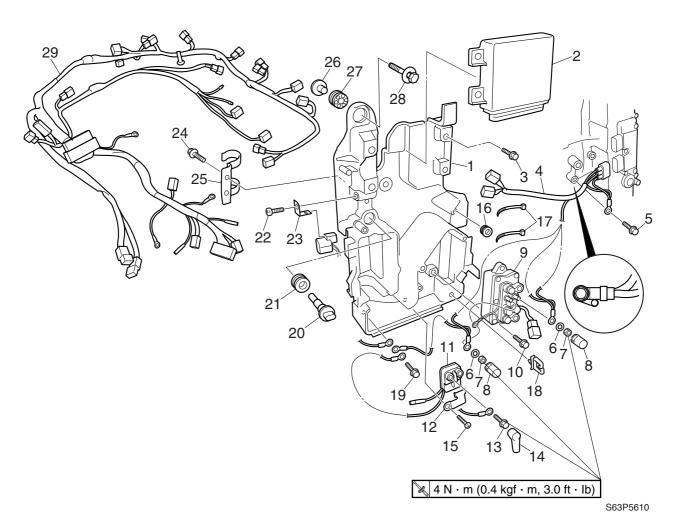
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S63P5600

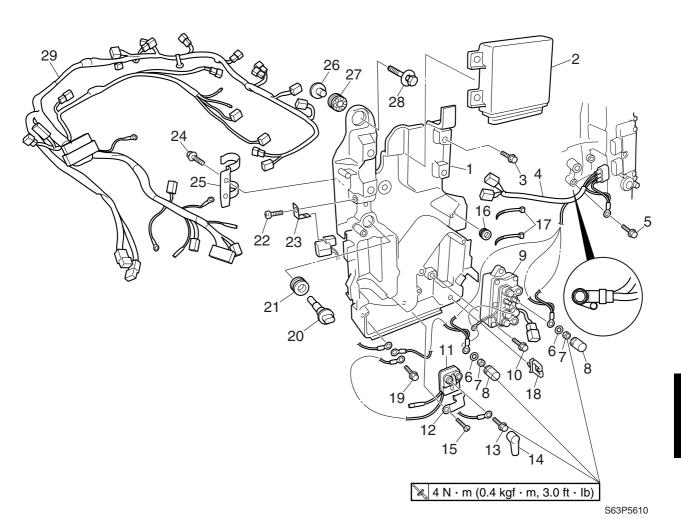
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Grommet	1	
2	Fuse holder	1	
3	Terminal plate	4	
4	Terminal	8	
5	Terminal	8	
6	Fuse holder	1	
7	Fuse	2	50 A
8	Screw	4	ø5 × 10 mm
9	Fuse	2	20 A
10	Relay	1	
11	Fuse	1	30 A
12	Screw	6	ø3 × 10 mm
13	Screw	3	ø5 × 20 mm

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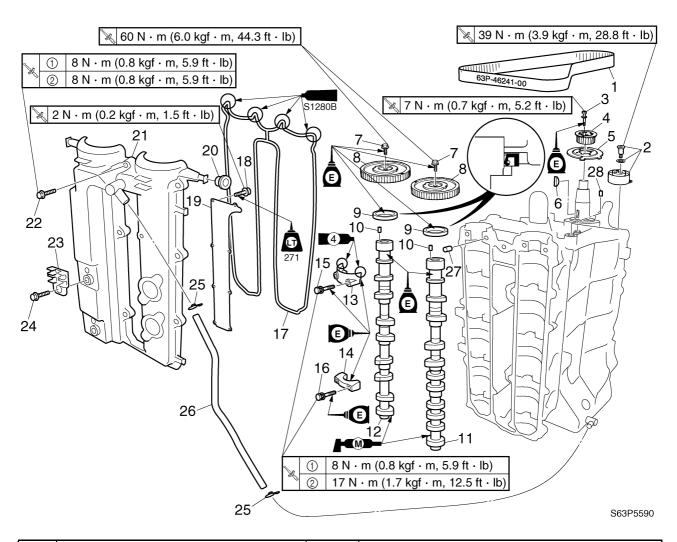


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Junction box	1	
2	ECM	1	
3	Bolt	4	M6 × 16 mm
4	Wiring harness	1	
5	Bolt	1	M6 × 20 mm
6	Washer	2	
7	Nut	2	
8	Cap	2	
9	Power trim and tilt relay	1	
10	Bolt	2	M6 × 20 mm
11	Starter relay	1	
12	Holder	1	
13	Bolt	1	M6 × 10 mm
14	Сар	1	
15	Screw	1	ø6 × 19 mm
16	Grommet	1	
17	Plastic tie	2	Not reusable

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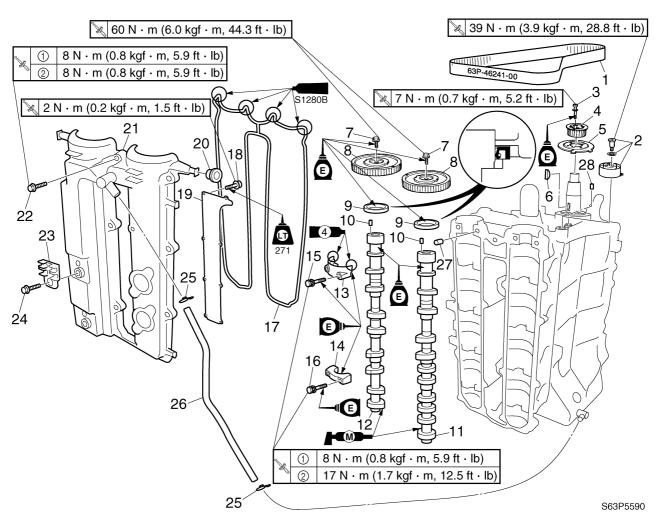


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Holder	1	
19	Bolt	1	M6 × 12 mm
20	Intake air temperature sensor	1	
21	Grommet	1	
22	Screw	1	ø6 × 19 mm
23	Bracket	1	
24	Screw	1	ø6 × 19 mm
25	Holder	1	
26	Collar	3	
27	Grommet	3	
28	Bolt	3	M6 × 35 mm
29	Wiring harness	1	



No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Timing belt	1	
2	Timing belt tensioner	1	
3	Bolt	4	M5 × 40 mm
4	Drive sprocket	1	
5	Plate	1	
6	Woodruff key	1	
7	Bolt	2	M10 × 35 mm
8	Driven sprocket	2	
9	Oil seal	2	
10	Dowel	2	
11	Camshaft	1	
12	Camshaft	1	
13	Camshaft cap	2	
14	Camshaft cap	8	
15	Bolt	4	M7 × 48 mm
16	Bolt	16	M7 × 37 mm
17	Gasket	1	Not reusable

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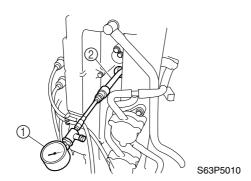


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Screw	8	ø4 × 8 mm
19	Plate	1	
20	Grommet	6	
21	Cylinder head cover	1	
22	Bolt	15	M6 × 30 mm
23	Holder	2	
24	Bolt	2	M6 × 10 mm
25	Clamp	2	
26	Hose	1	
27	Dowel	4	
28	Dowel	1	



Checking the compression pressure

- Start the engine, warm it up for 5 minutes, and then turn it off.
- 2. Remove the engine stop lanyard from the engine stop lanyard switch on the remote control box.
- 3. Remove the spark plug wire cover and all spark plugs, and then install the special service tools into a spark plug hole.



CAUTION:

Before removing the spark plugs, blow compressed air in the spark plug well to clear out any dirt or dust that may fall into the cylinder.



Compression gauge ①: 90890-03160

Compression gauge extension ②: 90890-06563

4. Fully open the throttle, crank the engine until the reading on the compression gauge stabilizes, and then check the compression pressure.



Minimum compression pressure (reference data):

880 kPa (8.8 kgf/cm², 128 psi)

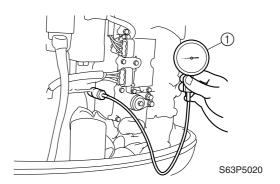
 If the compression pressure is below specification and the compression pressure for each cylinder is unbalanced, add a small amount of engine oil to the cylinder, and then check the pressure again.

NOTE:

- If the compression pressure increases, check the pistons and piston rings for wear.
 Replace if necessary.
- If the compression pressure does not increase, check the valve clearance, valve, valve seat, cylinder sleeve, cylinder head gasket, and cylinder head. Adjust or replace if necessary.

Checking the oil pressure

- Place a rag under the oil pressure sensor.
- 2. Remove the oil pressure sensor, and then install an oil pressure gauge ① to the oil pressure sensor installation hole.



NOTE: _______Use a general pressure gauge.

- 3. Start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.
- 4. Check the oil pressure. Check the oil pump, oil leakage, and oil strainer if out of specification.

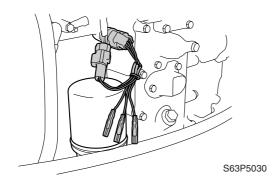


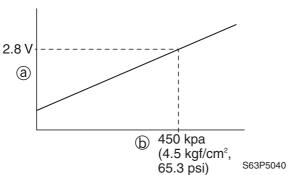
Oil pressure (reference data): 450 kPa (4.5 kgf/cm², 65.3 psi) at engine idle speed

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Checking the oil pressure sensor

- 1. Connect the test harness (3 pins) to the oil pressure sensor.
- 2. Start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.
- Measure the oil pressure sensor input voltage. Check the wiring harness connection or replace the ECM if out of specification.
- 4. Measure the oil pressure sensor output voltage. Replace if out of specification.





a: Output voltageb: Oil pressure



Test harness (3 pins): New: 90890-06869

Current: 90890-06769



Oil pressure sensor input voltage:

Orange (O) – Black (B)

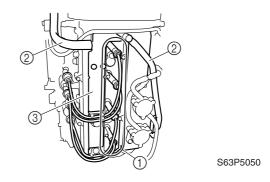
5 V

Oil pressure sensor output voltage (reference data):

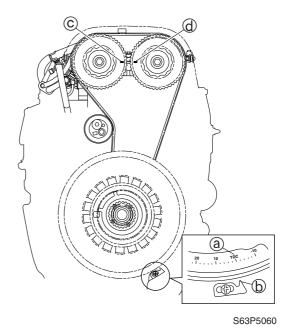
Pink/white (P/W) – Black (B) 2.8 V at engine idle speed

Checking the valve clearance

- 1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover and spark plug wire cover.
- 2. Disconnect the fuel hoses from the fuel pumps.
- 3. Disconnect the spark plug wires ①, and remove the blowby hoses ②, spark plugs, and cylinder head cover ③.



4. Turn the flywheel magnet clockwise and align the "TDC" mark (a) on the flywheel magnet with the pointer (b), and check that "I" marks (c) and (d) on the driven sprockets are aligned.

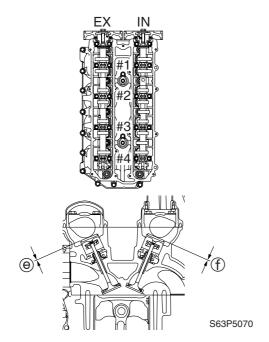


NOTE:

Do not turn the flywheel magnet counterclockwise.



- 5. Check the intake valve clearance for cylinders #1 and #2, and exhaust valve clearance for cylinders #1 and #3. Adjust if out of specification.
- 6. Turn the flywheel magnet 360° clockwise.
- 7. Check the intake valve clearance for cylinders #3 and #4, and exhaust valve clearance for cylinders #2 and #4. Adjust if out of specification.



NOTE:

- Check the valve clearance when the engine is cold.
- · Note the measurement.



Valve clearance:

Intake :

 0.20 ± 0.03 mm $(0.008 \pm 0.001$ in) Exhaust (f):

 0.34 ± 0.03 mm $(0.013 \pm 0.001$ in)

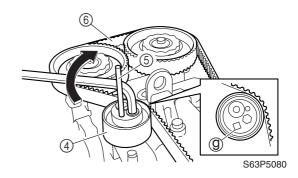
8. Turn the flywheel magnet 360° clockwise and align the "TDC" mark on the flywheel magnet with the pointer, and check that the "I" marks on the driven sprockets are aligned.

9. Using a hexagon wrench, turn the timing belt tensioner ④ clockwise to push the timing belt, increase strength gradually, and then insert a ø5.0 mm (0.2 in) pin ⑤ into the hole ⑨.

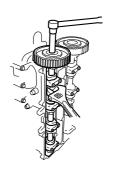
NOTE:

Leave the pin inserted into the timing belt tensioner until the timing belt has been installed.

10. Remove the timing belt 6 from the driven sprockets.



11. Remove the driven sprockets.



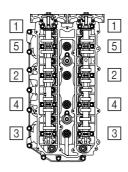
S63P5090

NOTE: _

Hold the camshaft using a wrench, and be careful not to damage the driven sprocket.

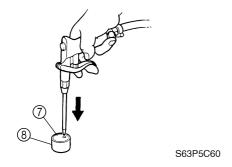
12. Remove the camshaft caps in the order shown in the illustration.

5-13 63P3F11



S63P5100

- 13. Remove the camshafts.
- 14. Remove the valve shim ⑦ from the valve lifter ⑧ using compressed air.



NOTE: _

Do not mix the valve train parts. Keep them organized in their proper groups.

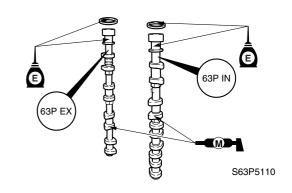
- 15. Measure the valve shim thickness using a micrometer, and then note the measurement.
- Select the necessary valve shim by calculating its thickness using the following formula.

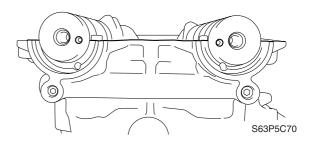
Necessary valve shim thickness = Removed valve shim thickness + Measured valve clearance – Specified valve clearance

Example:

If the "Removed valve shim thickness" is 2.10 mm, the "Measured valve clearance" is 0.30 mm and the "Specified valve clearance" is 0.20 mm, then the "Necessary valve shim thickness" = 2.10 + 0.30 - 0.20 = 2.20 mm

- 17. Install the necessary valve shim into the valve lifter.
- 18. Install the camshafts into the cylinder head with new oil seals.



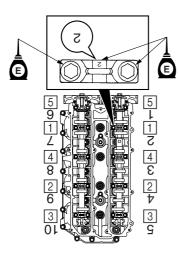


NOTE:

Install the camshafts so that the dowels are facing inward and that they are aligned with the mating surface of the cylinder head.



19. Install the camshaft caps, and then tighten them to the specified torques in two stages and in the sequence shown in the illustration.



S63P5120

NOTE: _

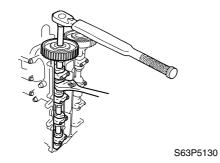
- Install the camshaft caps in the proper position as shown and with the stamped numbers facing upside down.
- Apply engine oil to the camshaft cap bolts before installation.



Camshaft cap bolt:

1st: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m, 5.9 ft·lb) 2nd: 17 N·m (1.7 kgf·m, 12.5 ft·lb)

20. Install the driven sprockets, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torque.

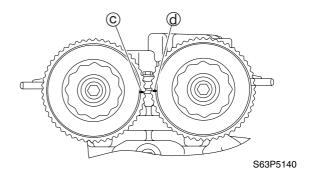


NOTE: _

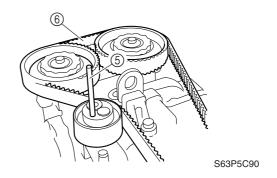
Apply engine oil to the driven sprocket bolts before installation.



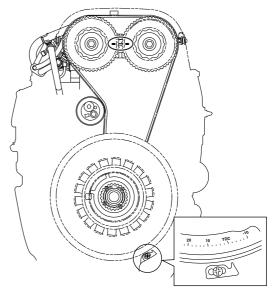
Driven sprocket bolt: 60 N·m (6.0 kgf·m, 44.3 ft·lb) 21. Check that "I" marks © and d on the driven sprockets are aligned. Adjust if necessary.



22. Install the timing belt ⑥, turn the belt from the drive sprocket side a half turn counterclockwise to align it, and then remove the pin ⑤.



23. Turn the flywheel magnet clockwise two turns, and then check that all alignment marks are aligned.



S63P5160

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NOTE:

Do not turn the flywheel magnet counterclockwise.

- 24. Check the valve clearances. Adjust if necessary.
- 25. Install the spark plugs, and then tighten them to the specified torque.
- 26. Install the cylinder head cover bolts, and then tighten them to the specified torques in two stages.



Spark plug:

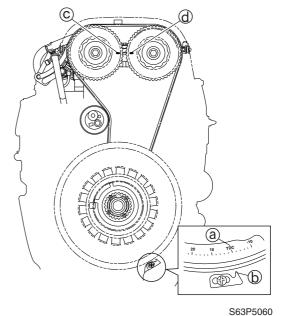
25 N⋅m (2.5 kgf⋅m, 18.4 ft⋅lb) Cylinder head cover bolt: 1st: 8 N⋅m (0.8 kgf⋅m, 5.9 ft⋅lb)

2nd: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m, 5.9 ft·lb)

- 27. Install the blowby hoses, and connect the spark plug caps.
- 28. Install the spark plug wire cover and flywheel magnet cover.

Replacing the timing belt

- 1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover.
- 2. Turn the flywheel magnet clockwise and align the "TDC" mark (a) on the flywheel magnet with the pointer (b), and check that "I" marks (c) and (d) on the driven sprockets are aligned.

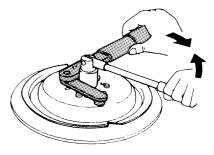


S63P5060

NOTE:

Do not turn the flywheel magnet counterclockwise.

3. Loosen the flywheel magnet nut.



S63P5260

CAUTION:

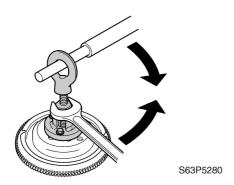
Apply force in the direction of the arrows shown to prevent the flywheel holder from slipping off easily.

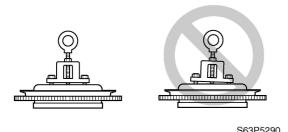


Flywheel holder: 90890-06522



4. Remove the flywheel magnet.





CAUTION:

To prevent damage to the engine or tools, screw in the puller set bolts evenly and completely so that the puller plate is parallel to the flywheel magnet.

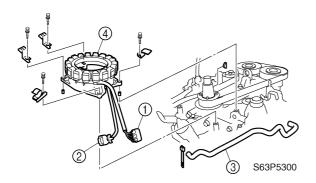
NOTE: _

Apply force to the crankshaft end until the flywheel magnet comes off the tapered portion of the crankshaft.



Flywheel puller: 90890-06521

5. Disconnect the stator coil coupler ① and pulser coil coupler ②, and remove the blowby hose ③ and stator assembly ④.

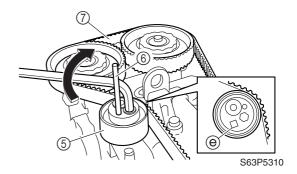


6. Using a hexagon wrench, turn the timing belt tensioner ⑤ clockwise to push the timing belt, increase strength gradually, and then insert a ø5.0 mm (0.2 in) pin ⑥ into the hole ⑥.

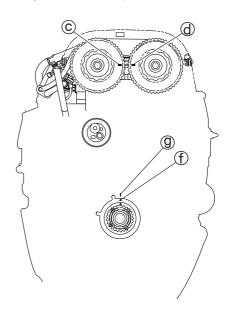
NOTE:

Leave the pin inserted into the timing belt tensioner until the timing belt has been installed.

7. Remove the timing belt ⑦ from the driven sprocket side.



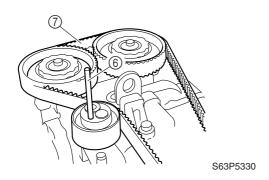
8. Check that "I" marks © and ⓓ on the driven sprockets are aligned, and that the "▲" mark ⑥ on the plate is aligned with the "I" mark ⑨ on the cylinder block. Align if necessary.

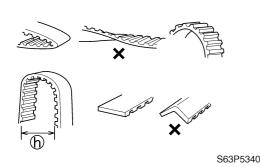


S63P5320

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9. Install a new timing belt ⑦ from the drive sprocket side with its part number in the upright position, turn the belt a half turn counterclockwise to align it, and then remove the pin ⑥.





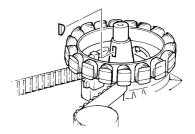
CAUTION:

- Do not twist, turn inside out, or bend the timing belt beyond the maximum limit of 25 mm (1.0 in) (h), otherwise it can be damaged.
- Do not get oil or grease on the timing belt.
- 10. Turn the drive sprocket clockwise two turns, and then check that all alignment marks are aligned.

NOTE: _

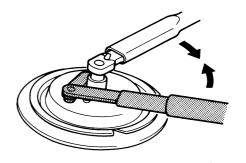
Do not turn the drive sprocket counterclockwise.

- 11. Install the stator assembly, and blowby hose, and connect the pulser coil coupler and stator coil coupler.
- 12. Install the Woodruff key.



S63P5350

13. Install the flywheel magnet.



S63P5370

CAUTION:

Apply force in the direction of the arrows shown to prevent the flywheel holder from slipping off easily.

NOTE: ____

Apply engine oil to the flywheel magnet nut before installation.



Flywheel holder: 90890-06522



Flywheel magnet nut: 270 N·m (27.0 kgf·m, 199.1 ft·lb)

14. Install the flywheel magnet cover.

Removing the power unit

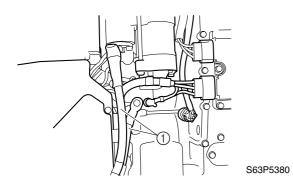
NOTE: _

It is recommended to loosen the flywheel magnet nut before removing the power unit to improve working efficiency.

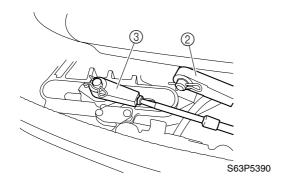
1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover.



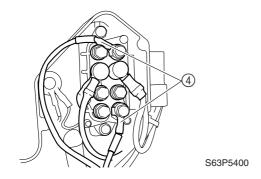
2. Disconnect the battery leads ①.



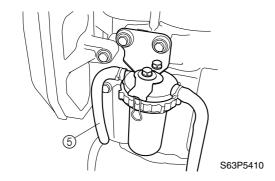
3. Disconnect the throttle cable ② and shift cable ③.



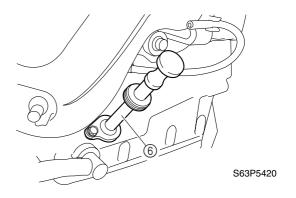
4. Remove the junction box cover, and then disconnect the PTT motor leads ④.



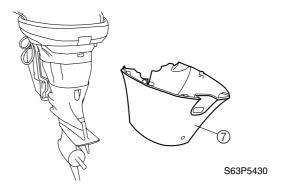
5. Disconnect the fuel hose ⑤.



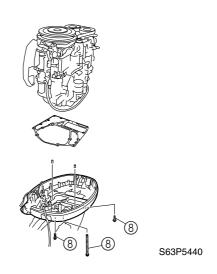
6. Remove the dipstick guide ⑥.



- 7. Disconnect the PTT switch coupler, shift cut switch coupler, neutral switch coupler, cooling water pilot hose, and flushing hose.
- 8. Remove the apron ⑦.

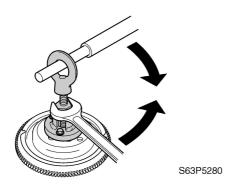


9. Remove the power unit by removing the bolts (8).



10. Remove the flywheel magnet.

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S63P5290

CAUTION:

To prevent damage to the engine or tools, screw in the puller set bolts evenly and completely so that the puller plate is parallel to the flywheel magnet.

NOTE:_

Apply force to the crankshaft end until the flywheel magnet comes off the tapered portion of the crankshaft.



Flywheel puller: 90890-06521

Removing the oil filter

1. Place a rag under the oil filter, and then remove the filter using a 72.5 mm (2.9 in) oil filter wrench.



S63P5920

NOTE: _

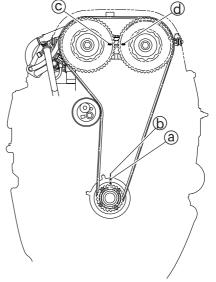
Be sure to clean up any oil spills.



Oil filter wrench: 90890-06830

Removing the timing belt and sprockets

 Turn the drive sprocket clockwise and align the "▲" mark (a) on the plate with the "I" mark (b) on the cylinder block, and check that "I" marks (c) and (d) on the driven sprockets are aligned.



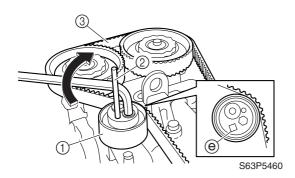
S63P5450

NOTE

Do not turn the drive sprocket counterclockwise.



- 2. Using a hexagon wrench, turn the timing belt tensioner ① clockwise to push the timing belt, increase strength gradually, and then insert a ø5.0 mm (0.2 in) pin ② into the hole ④.
- 3. Remove the timing belt ③ from the driven sprocket side.

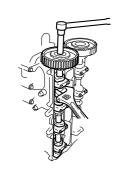


4. Remove the timing belt tensioner.

NOTE:

Do not remove the pin ② from the timing belt tensioner.

- 5. Remove the drive sprocket and plate.
- 6. Remove the cylinder head cover, and then remove the driven sprockets.



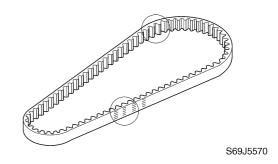
S63P5090

NOTE: _

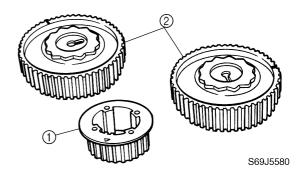
Hold the camshaft using a wrench, and be careful not to damage the driven sprocket.

Checking the timing belt and sprockets

 Check the interior and exterior of the timing belt for cracks, damage, or wear. Replace if necessary.



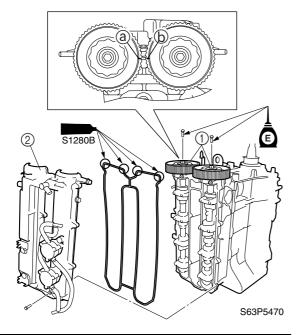
Check the drive sprocket ① and driven sprockets ② for cracks, damage, or wear. Replace if necessary.



Installing the sprockets and timing belt

- 1. Install the driven sprockets ①, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torque.
- 2. Check that "I" marks (a) and (b) on the driven sprockets are aligned.
- 3. Install a new gasket and the cylinder head cover ②, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torques in two stages.

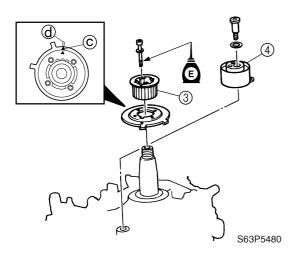
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Driven sprocket bolt:
60 N·m (6.0 kgf·m, 44.3 ft·lb)
Cylinder head cover bolt:
1st: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m, 5.9 ft·lb)
2nd: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m, 5.9 ft·lb)

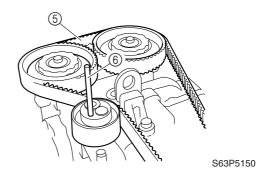
- 4. Install the drive sprocket ③ and timing belt tensioner ④, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torques.
- Check that the "▲" mark © on the plate is aligned with the "I" mark d on the cylinder block. Align if necessary.



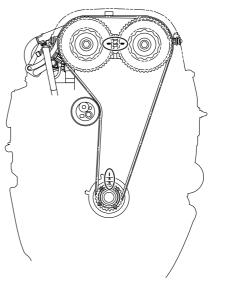


Drive sprocket bolt: 7 N·m (0.7 kgf·m, 5.2 ft·lb) Timing belt tensioner bolt: 39 N·m (3.9 kgf·m, 28.8 ft·lb)

6. Install the timing belt ⑤ from the drive sprocket side with its part number in the upright position, turn the belt a half turn counterclockwise to align it, and then remove the pin ⑥.



Turn the drive sprocket clockwise two turns, and then check that the alignment marks are aligned.

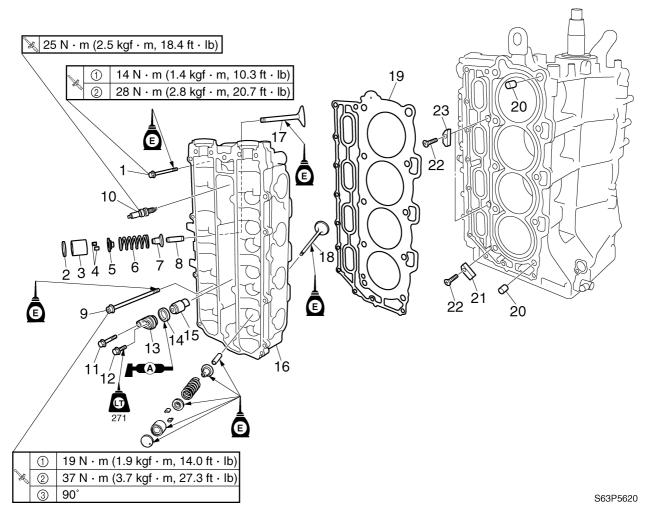


S63P5500

NOTE

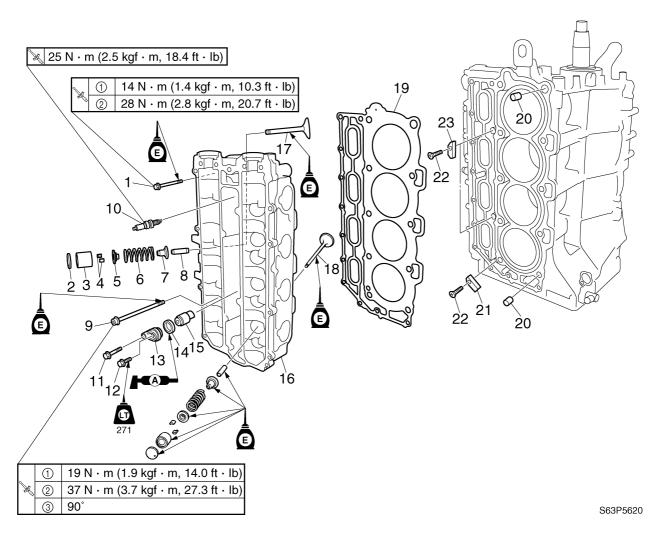
Do not turn the drive sprocket counterclockwise.

Cylinder head

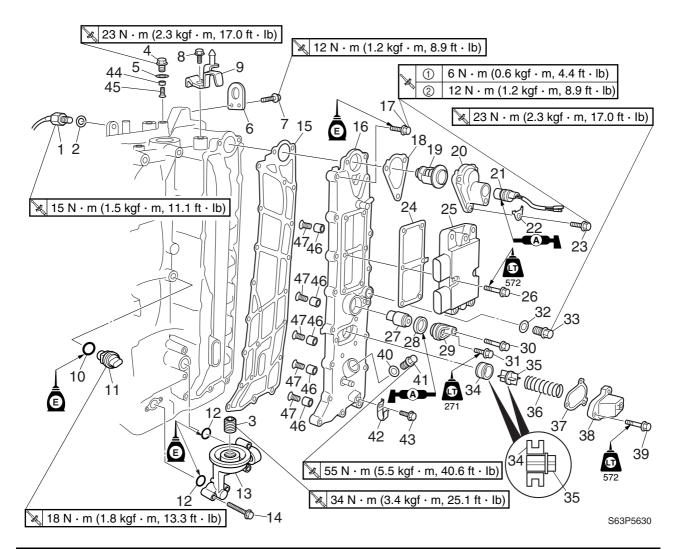


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bolt	10	M8 × 55 mm
2	Valve shim	16	
3	Valve lifter	16	
4	Valve cotter	32	
5	Valve spring retainer	16	
6	Valve spring	16	
7	Valve seal	16	Not reusable
8	Valve guide	16	Not reusable
9	Bolt	10	M10 × 120 mm
10	Spark plug	4	
11	Bolt	2	M8 × 40 mm
12	Bolt	2	M6 × 20 mm
13	Cover	2	
14	Grommet	2	
15	Anode	2	
16	Cylinder head	1	
17	Exhaust valve	8	

5-23 63P3F11

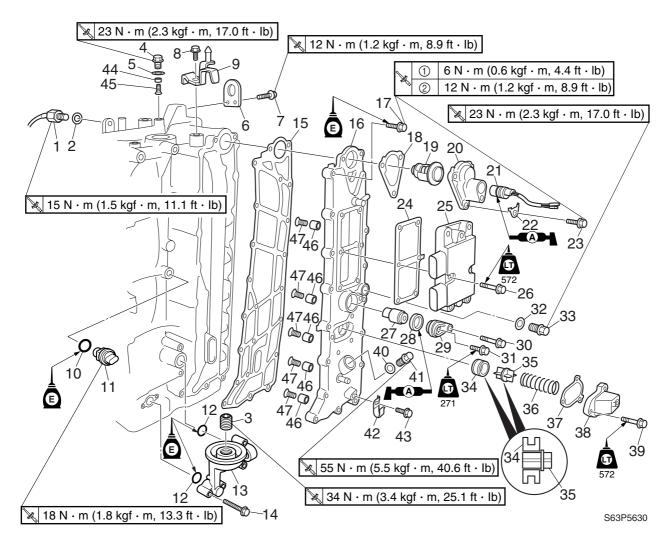


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Intake valve	8	
19	Gasket	1	Not reusable
20	Collar	2	
21	Anode	1	
22	Screw	3	ø6 × 16 mm
23	Anode	2	

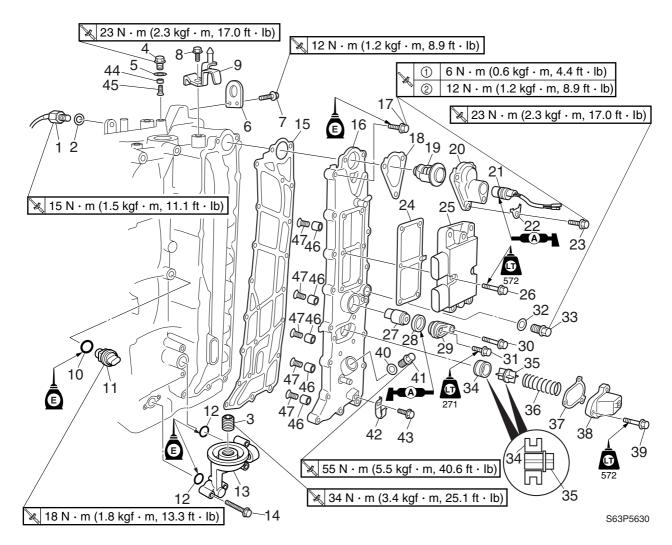


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Engine temperature sensor	1	
2	Washer	1	
3	Bolt	1	
4	Plug	1	M14 × 12 mm
5	Washer	1	
6	Engine hanger	1	
7	Bolt	2	M6 × 20 mm
8	Bolt	1	M6 × 16 mm
9	Bracket	1	
10	O-ring	1	Not reusable
11	Oil pressure sensor	1	
12	O-ring	2	Not reusable
13	Oil filter bracket	1	
14	Bolt	4	M6 × 40 mm
15	Gasket	1	Not reusable
16	Exhaust cover	1	
17	Bolt	19	M6 × 30 mm

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No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Gasket	1	Not reusable
19	Thermostat	1	
20	Cover	1	
21	Thermoswitch	1	
22	Holder	1	
23	Bolt	3	M6 × 30 mm
24	Gasket	1	Not reusable
25	Rectifier Regulator	1	
26	Bolt	6	M6 × 30 mm
27	Anode	1	
28	Grommet	1	
29	Cover	1	
30	Bolt	1	M8 × 40 mm
31	Bolt	1	M6 × 20 mm
32	Washer	1	
33	Plug	1	M14 × 12 mm
34	Grommet	1	



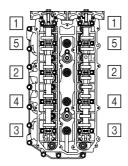
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
35	Pressure control valve	1	
36	Spring	1	
37	Gasket	1	Not reusable
38	Cover	1	
39	Bolt	3	M6 × 20 mm
40	Washer	1	
41	Plug	1	M18 × 17 mm
42	Holder	1	
43	Bolt	1	M6 × 12 mm
44	Anode	1	
45	Screw	1	
46	Anode	7	
47	Screw	7	ø5 × 27 mm

5-27 63P3F11

4

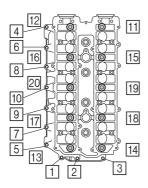
Removing the cylinder head

1. Remove the camshaft caps in the sequence shown.



S63P5100

2. Remove the camshafts and cylinder head bolts in the sequence shown.

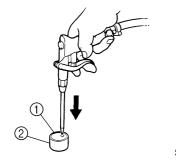


S63P5170

CAUTION:

Do not scratch or damage the mating surfaces of the cylinder head and cylinder block.

3. Remove the valve shim ① from the valve lifter ② using compressed air.

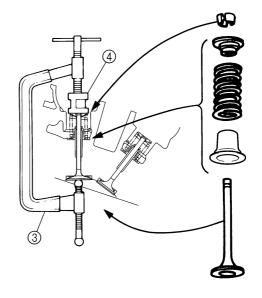


S63P5510

NOTE:

Do not mix the valve train parts. Keep them organized in their proper groups.

4. Remove the intake valve and exhaust valves.



S63P5520

NOTE: _

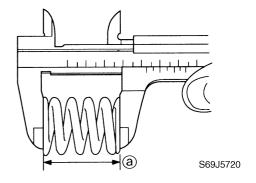
Be sure to keep the valves, springs, and other parts in the order as they were removed.



Valve spring compressor ③: 90890-04019
Valve spring compressor attachment ④: 90890-06320

Checking the valve springs

 Measure the valve spring free length @. Replace if out of specification.

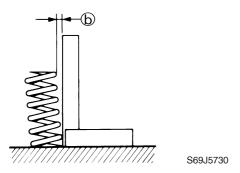




Valve spring free length ⓐ: 44.20 mm (1.7402 in)



2. Measure the valve spring tilt **(b)**. Replace if out of specification.

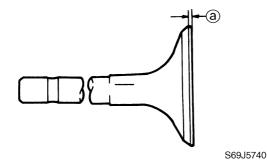




Valve spring tilt limit (b): 1.5 mm (0.06 in)

Checking the valves

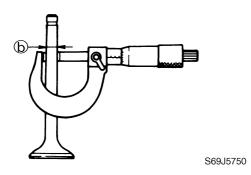
- 1. Check the valve face for pitting or wear. Replace if necessary.
- 2. Measure the valve margin thickness ⓐ. Replace if out of specification.





Valve margin thickness ⓐ: Intake: 0.70 mm (0.0276 in) Exhaust: 1.00 mm (0.0394 in)

3. Measure the valve stem diameter **(b)**. Replace if out of specification.





Valve stem diameter **(b)**:

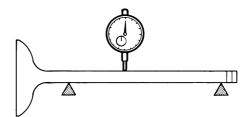
Intake:

5.477–5.492 mm (0.2156–0.2162 in)

Exhaust:

5.464–5.479 mm (0.2151–0.2157 in)

4. Measure the valve stem runout. Replace if out of specification.



S69J5760



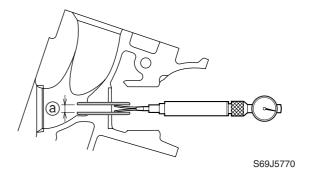
Valve stem runout: 0.01 mm (0.0004 in)

Checking the valve guides

NOTE:

Before checking the valve guide make sure that the valve stem diameter is within specification.

Measure the valve guide inside diameter
 a.





Valve guide inside diameter ⓐ: 5.504–5.522 mm (0.2167–0.2174 in)

5-29 63P3F11

2. Calculate the valve stem-to-valve guide clearance as follows. Replace the valve guide if out of specification.

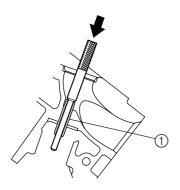


Valve stem-to-valve guide clearance = valve guide inside diameter – valve stem diameter:

Intake and exhaust: 0.025–0.058 mm (0.0010–0.0023 in)

Replacing the valve guides

1. Remove the valve guide ① by striking the special service tool from the combustion chamber side.

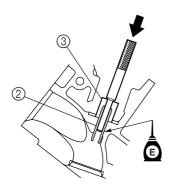


S69J5790



Valve guide remover/installer: 90890-06801

2. Install a new valve guide ② by striking the special service tool from the camshaft side until the valve guide installer ③ contacts the cylinder head.



S69J5800

NOTE:

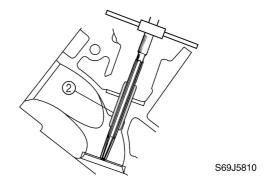
Apply engine oil to the surface of the new valve guide.



Valve guide remover/installer: 90890-06801

Valve guide installer: 90890-06810

3. Insert the special service tool into the valve guide ②, and then ream the valve guide.



NOTE: _

- Turn the valve guide reamer clockwise to ream the valve guide.
- Do not turn the reamer counterclockwise when removing the reamer.



Valve guide reamer: 90890-06804

4. Measure the valve guide inside diameter.



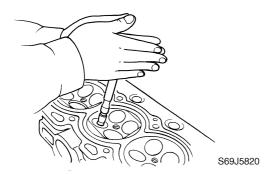
Valve guide inside diameter: 5.504–5.522 mm

(0.2167-0.2174 in)

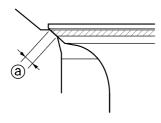


Checking the valve seat

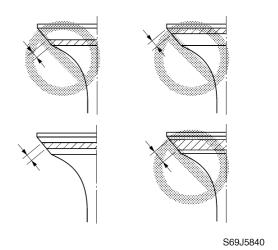
- 1. Eliminate carbon deposits from the valve with a scraper.
- 2. Apply a thin, even layer of Mechanic's blueing dye (Dykem) onto the valve seat.
- Lap the valve slowly on the valve seat with a valve lapper (commercially available) as shown.



4. Measure the valve seat contact width ⓐ where the blueing dye is adhered to the valve face. Reface the valve seat if the valve is not seated properly or if the valve seat contact width is out of specification. Replace the valve guide if the valve seat contact is uneven.



S69J5830





Valve seat contact width @:

Intake:

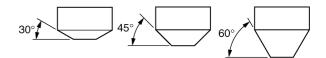
1.1-1.4 mm (0.043-0.055 in)

Exhaust:

1.4-1.7 mm (0.055-0.067 in)

Refacing the valve seat

1. Reface the valve seat with the valve seat cutter.



S69J5850



Valve seat cutter holder:

90890-06316

Valve seat cutter:

30° (intake): 90890-06327

30° (exhaust): 90890-06326

45° (intake and exhaust):

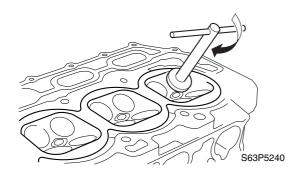
90890-06325

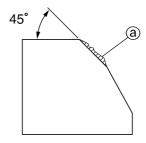
60° (intake and exhaust):

90890-06324

 Cut the surface of the valve seat with a 45° cutter by turning the cutter clockwise until the valve seat face has become smooth.

5-31 63P3F11





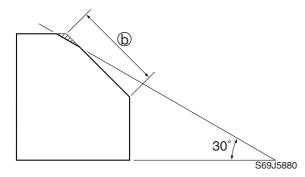
S69J5870

a Slag or rough surface

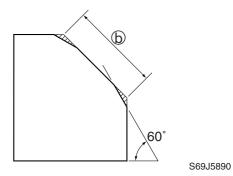
CAUTION:

Do not over cut the valve seat. Be sure to turn the cutter evenly downward at a pressure of 40–50 N (4–5 kgf, 8.8–11 lbf) to prevent chatter marks.

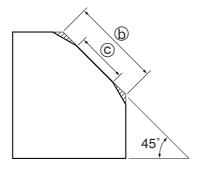
3. Use a 30° cutter to adjust the contact width of the top edge of the valve seat.



- (b) Previous contact width
- 4. Use a 60° cutter to adjust the contact width of the bottom edge of the valve seat.

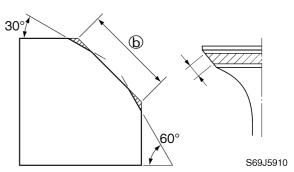


- (b) Previous contact width
- 5. Use a 45° cutter to adjust the contact width of the valve seat to specification.



S69J5900

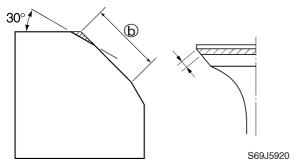
- (b) Previous contact width
- © Specified contact width
- If the valve seat contact area is too wide and situated in the center of the valve face, use a 30° cutter to cut the top edge of the valve seat, a 60° cutter to cut the bottom edge to center the area and set its width.



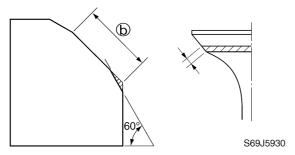
(b) Previous contact width



7. If the valve seat contact area is too narrow and situated near the top edge of the valve face, use a 30° cutter to cut the top edge of the valve seat. If necessary, use a 45° cutter to center the area and set its width.



- (b) Previous contact width
- 8. If the valve seat contact area is too narrow and situated near the bottom edge of the valve face, use a 60° cutter to cut the bottom edge of the valve seat. If necessary, use a 45° cutter to center the area and set its width.



- (b) Previous contact width
- 9. Apply a thin, even layer of lapping compound onto the valve seat, and then lap the valve using a valve lapper (commercially available).



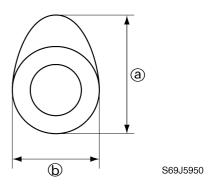
CAUTION:

Do not get the lapping compound on the valve stem and valve guide.

- After every lapping procedure, be sure to clean off any remaining lapping compound from the cylinder head and the valve.
- 11. Check the valve seat contact area of the valve again.

Checking the camshaft

1. Measure the cam lobe. Replace if out of specification.





Cam lobe (a):

Intake:

45.300-45.400 mm

(1.7835-1.7874 in)

Exhaust:

44.350-44.450 mm

(1.7461-1.7500 in)

Cam lobe (b):

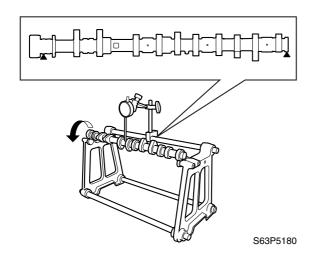
Intake and exhaust:

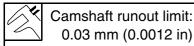
35.950-36.050 mm

(1.4154-1.4193 in)

2. Measure the camshaft runout. Replace if out of specification.

5-33 63P3F11





Measure the camshaft journal diameter
 and cylinder head journal inside diameter
 Replace the camshaft and cylinder head if out of specification.

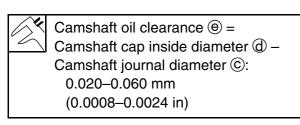




S69J5970

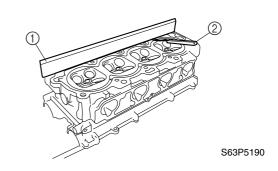
Camshaft journal diameter ©: 24.960–24.980 mm (0.9827–0.9835 in)
Camshaft cap inside diameter @: 25.000–25.021 mm (0.9843–0.9851 in)

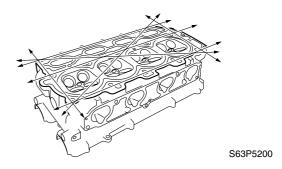
4. Calculate the camshaft oil clearance (e) as follows. Replace the camshaft and cylinder head as a set if out of specification.

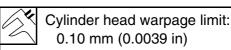


Checking the cylinder head

- Eliminate carbon deposits from the combustion chambers and check for deterioration.
- Check the cylinder head warpage using a straightedge ① and thickness gauge ② in seven directions as shown. Replace if out of specification.

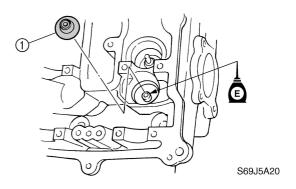






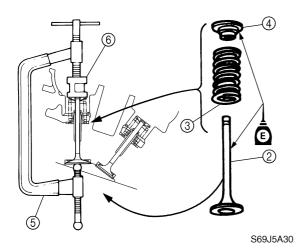
Installing the valves

 Install a new valve seal ① into the valve guide.





2. Install the valve ②, valve spring ③, and valve spring retainer ④ in the sequence shown, and then attach the special service tool.

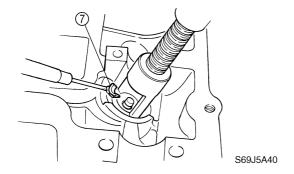


NOTE:

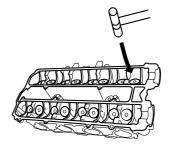
The valve spring can be installed in any direction.



3. Compress the valve spring, and then install the valve cotter ⑦ using a thin screwdriver with a small amount of grease applied to it.



 Lightly tap the valve spring retainer with a plastic hammer to set the valve cotter securely.



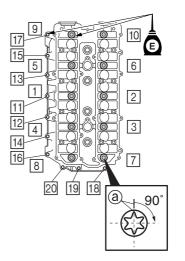
S63P5210

NOTE: _

Apply engine oil to the valve shims and valve lifters before installation.

Installing the cylinder head

 Install a new gasket and the cylinder head, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torques in the sequence shown.



S63P5220

CAUTION:

Do not reuse the cylinder head gasket, always replace it with a new one.

5-35 63P3F11

NOTE: _

- Apply engine oil to the cylinder head bolts before installation.
- Tighten the M10 bolts to the specified torques in two stages first, and then make a mark (a) on the M10 bolts and the cylinder head, and then tighten the bolts 90° from the mark.
- Tighten the M8 bolts to the specified torques in two stages.

Cylinder head bolt (M10):

1st: 19 N·m (1.9 kgf·m, 14.0 ft·lb)

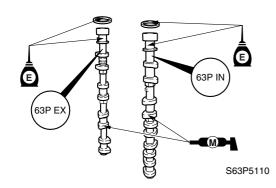
2nd: 37 N·m (3.7 kgf·m, 27.3 ft·lb)

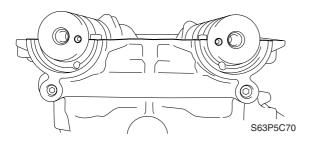
3rd: 90°

Cylinder head bolt (M8):

1st: 14 N·m (1.4 kgf·m, 10.3 ft·lb) 2nd: 28 N·m (2.8 kgf·m, 20.7 ft·lb)

2. Install the camshafts into the cylinder head with new oil seals.

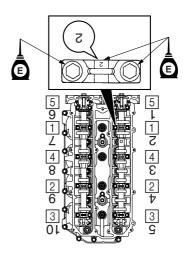




NOTE:

Install the camshafts so that the dowels are facing inward and that they are aligned with the mating surface of the cylinder head.

 Install the camshaft caps, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torques in two stages and in the sequence shown.



S63P5120

NOTE: _

- Install the camshaft caps in the proper position as shown and with the stamped numbers facing upside down.
- Apply engine oil to the camshaft cap bolts before installation.



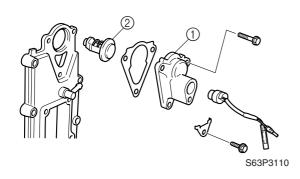
Camshaft cap bolt:

1st: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m, 5.9 ft·lb) 2nd: 17 N·m (1.7 kgf·m, 12.5 ft·lb)

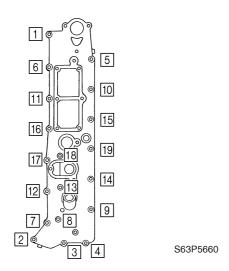


Removing the exhaust cover

1. Remove the cover ① and thermostat ②.

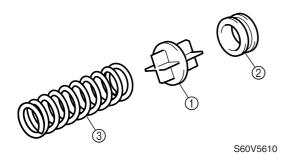


2. Remove the exhaust cover bolts in the sequence shown.



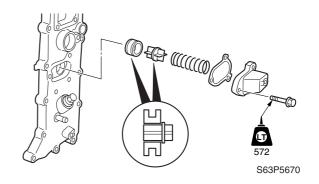
Checking the pressure control valve

- 1. Remove the pressure control valve.
- 2. Check the pressure control valve ① for wear or damage. Replace if necessary.
- 3. Check the grommet ② for deformation. Replace if necessary.
- 4. Check the spring ③ for fatigue or deformation. Replace if necessary.



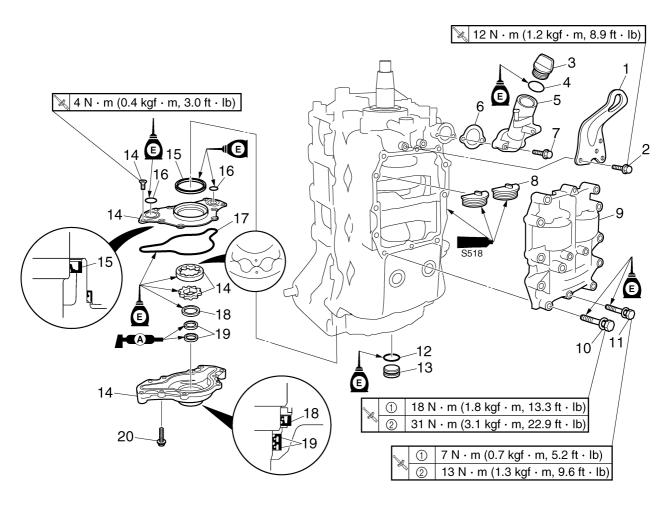
Installing the pressure control valve

1. Install a new gasket and the pressure control valve, and then tighten the bolts.



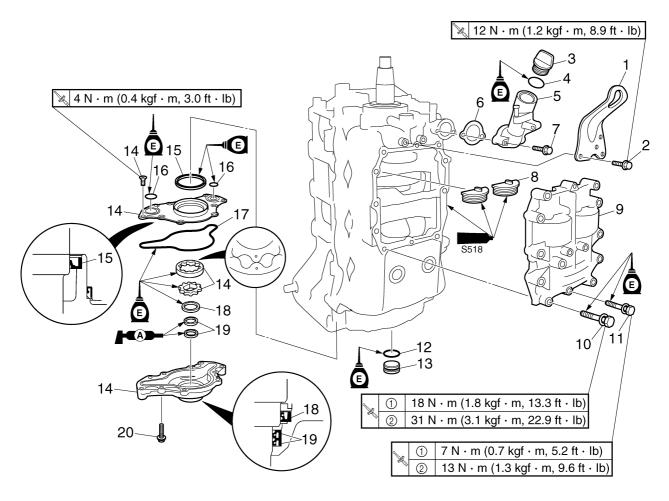
5-37 63P3F11

Cylinder block



S63P5640

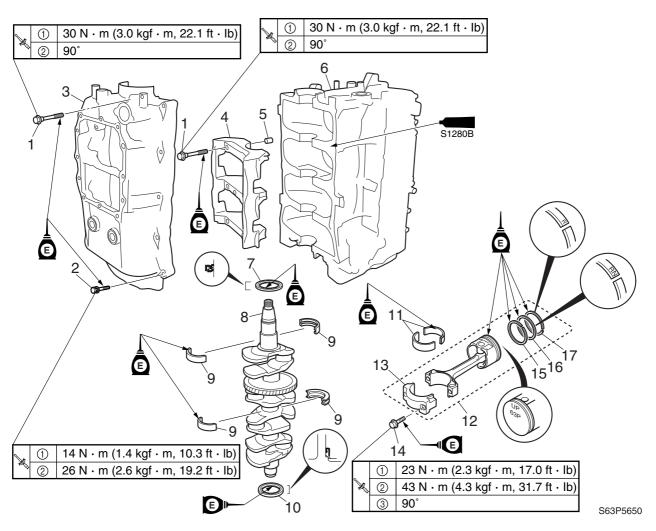
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Engine hanger	1	
2	Bolt	3	M6 × 20 mm
3	Oil filler cap	1	
4	O-ring	1	
5	Oil filler neck	1	
6	Gasket	1	Not reusable
7	Bolt	2	M6 × 45 mm
8	Seal	2	Not reusable
9	Balancer assembly	1	
10	Bolt	10	M8 × 55 mm
11	Bolt	2	M6 × 40 mm
12	O-ring	1	Not reusable
13	Plug	1	
14	Oil pump assembly	1	
15	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
16	O-ring	2	Not reusable
17	Gasket	1	Not reusable



S63P5640

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
19	Oil seal	2	Not reusable
20	Bolt	4	M6 × 40 mm

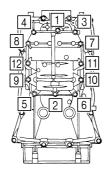
5-39 63P3F11



No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bolt	10	M10 × 85 mm
2	Bolt	10	M8 × 55 mm
3	Crankcase	1	
4	Main bearing cap	1	
5	Collar	10	
6	Cylinder block	1	
7	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
8	Crankshaft	1	
9	Main bearing	10	
10	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
11	Connecting rod bearing	8	
12	Piston/connecting rod assembly	4	
13	Connecting rod cap	4	
14	Bolt	8	Not reusable
15	Oil ring	4	
16	2nd piston ring	4	
17	Top ring	4	

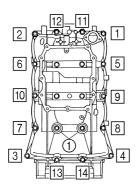
Disassembling the cylinder block

- 1. Remove the oil pump.
- 2. Remove the balancer bolts in the sequence shown.



S63P5680

3. Remove the crankcase bolts in the sequence shown.

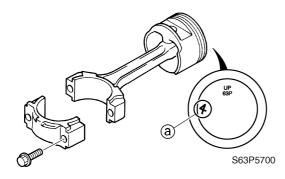


S63P5690

NOTE: _

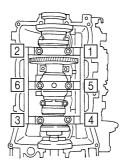
Do not remove the plugs ① from the crank-case.

 Remove the connecting rod bolts and the connecting rod caps, and then remove the connecting rod and piston assemblies.



NOTE:

- Be sure to keep the bearings in the order as they were removed.
- Mark each piston with an identification number (a) of the corresponding cylinder.
- Do not mix the connecting rods and caps.
 Keep them organized in their proper groups.
- 5. Remove the main bearing cap bolts in the sequence shown.

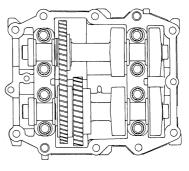


S63P5710

6. Remove the crankshaft.

Checking the balancer assembly

1. Check the teeth of the balancer shaft gear for cracks or wear. Replace the balancer assembly if necessary.

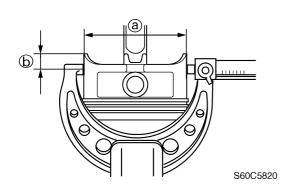


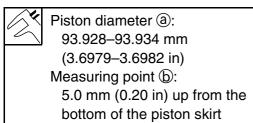
S63P5C20

Checking the piston diameter

 Measure the piston outside diameter at the specified measuring point. Replace if out of specification.

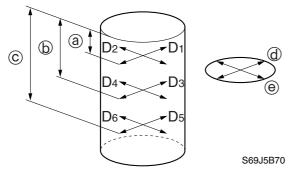
5-41 63P3F11





Checking the cylinder bore

1. Measure the cylinder bore (D_1-D_6) at measuring points ⓐ, ⓑ, and ⓒ, and in direction ⓓ (D_1, D_3, D_5) , which is parallel to the crankshaft, and direction ⓔ (D_2, D_4, D_6) , which is at a right angle to the crankshaft.



- (a) 20 mm (0.8 in)
- **b** 60 mm (2.4 in)
- © 100 mm (3.9 in)



Cylinder bore (D_1-D_6): 94.000–94.017 mm

(3.7008-3.7014 in)

2. Calculate the taper limit. Replace the cylinder block if out of specification.



Taper limit:

 D_1-D_5 (direction ⓐ)

 D_2 – D_6 (direction e)

0.08 mm (0.0032 in)

3. Calculate the out-of-round limit. Replace the cylinder block if out of specification.



Out-of-round limit:

D₂-D₁ (measuring point ⓐ) D₆-D₅ (measuring point ⓒ)

0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

Checking the piston clearance

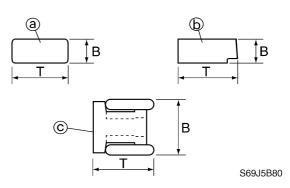
 Replace the piston and piston rings as a set, or the cylinder block, or all parts if out of specification.



Piston clearance: 0.075–0.080 mm (0.0030–0.0031 in)

Checking the piston rings

1. Check the piston ring dimensions of B and T. Replace if out of specification.





Piston ring dimensions:

Top ring @:

B: 1.17–1.19 mm

(0.0461–0.0469 in)

T: 2.80-3.00 mm

(0.1102-0.1181 in)

Second ring (b):

B: 1.17-1.19 mm

(0.0461-0.0469 in)

T: 3.70-3.90 mm

(0.1457–0.1535 in)

Oil ring ©:

B: 2.40-2.47 mm

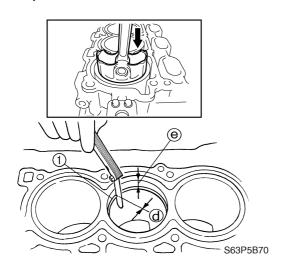
(0.0945-0.0972 in)

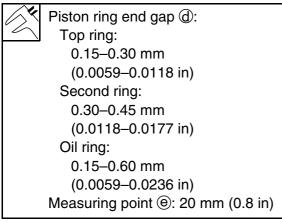
T: 2.30-2.70 mm

(0.0906-0.1063 in)



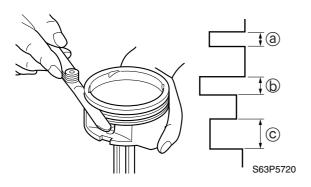
- 2. Level the piston ring ① in the cylinder with a piston crown.
- 3. Check the piston ring end gap @ at the specified measuring point. Replace if out of specification.

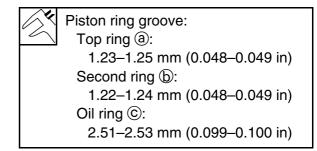




Checking the piston ring grooves

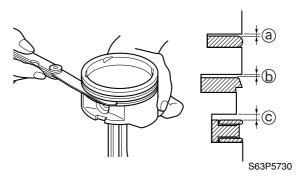
1. Measure the piston ring grooves. Replace the piston if out of specification.

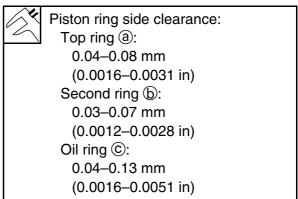




Checking the piston ring side clearance

 Measure the piston ring side clearance.
 Replace the piston and piston rings as a set if out of specification.

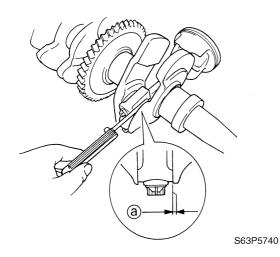




Checking the connecting rod big end side clearance

 Measure the connecting rod big end side clearance (a). Replace the connecting rod or crankshaft, or both if out of specification.

5-43 63P3F11



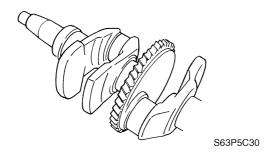


Connecting rod big end side clearance ⓐ:

0.14-0.31 mm (0.006-0.012 in)

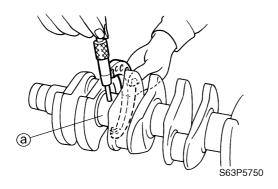
Checking the crankshaft

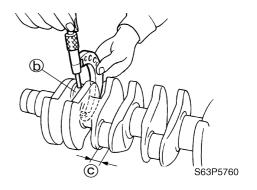
 Check the teeth of the crankshaft gear for cracks or wear. Replace the crankshaft if necessary.



Measure the crankshaft journal diameter

 a, crankpin diameter b, and crankpin width c. Replace the crankshaft if out of specification.





Crankshaft journal diameter @:

51.980–52.000 mm (2.0465–2.0472 in)

Crankpin diameter (b):

49.980–50.000 mm

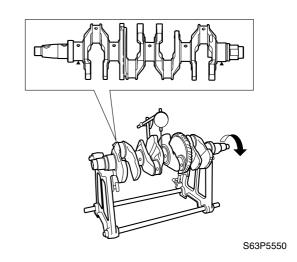
(1.9677-1.9685 in)

Crankpin width ©:

22.00-22.10 mm

(0.8661-0.8701 in)

3. Measure the crankshaft runout. Replace the crankshaft if out of specification.



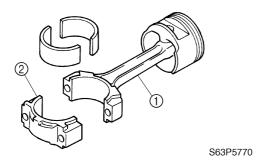


Crankshaft runout limit: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)



Checking the crankpin oil clearance

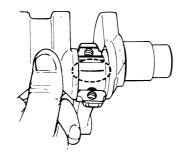
- 1. Clean the bearings and the connecting rod.
- 2. Install the upper bearing into the connecting rod ① and the lower bearing into the connecting rod cap ②.



NOTE: _

Install the connecting rod bearings in their original positions.

3. Put a piece of Plastigauge (PG-1) onto the crankpin, parallel to the crankshaft.

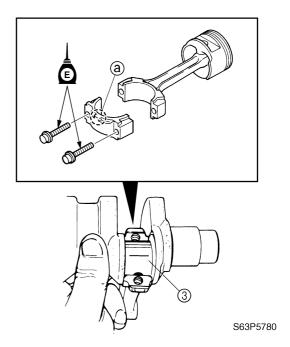


S69J5D00

NOTE: _

Be sure not to put the Plastigauge (PG-1) over the oil hole in the crankpin of the crankshaft.

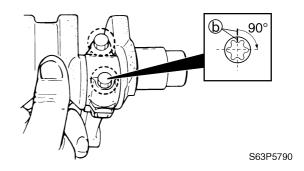
4. Install the connecting rod to the crankpin ③.



NOTE:

Make sure that the mark ⓐ of the connecting rod faces towards the flywheel magnet side of the crankshaft.

5. Tighten the connecting rod bolts to the specified torques in three stages.



NOTE:

- Reuse the removed connecting rod bolts when checking the oil clearance.
- Do not turn the connecting rod until the crankpin oil clearance measurement has been completed.

5-45 63P3F11

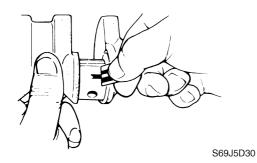


Connecting rod bolt:

1st: 23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m, 17.0 ft·lb) 2nd: 43 N·m (4.3 kgf·m, 31.7 ft·lb)

3rd: 90°

 Remove the connecting rod cap and measure the width of the compressed Plastigauge (PG-1) on each crankpin. Replace the connecting rod bearing if out of specification.

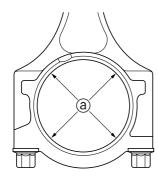




Crankpin oil clearance: 0.027–0.052 mm (0.0011–0.0020 in)

Selecting the connecting rod bearing

- When replacing the connecting rod bearing, select the suitable bearing as follows.
- 2. Measure the connecting rod big end inside diameter ⓐ.



S60C5980

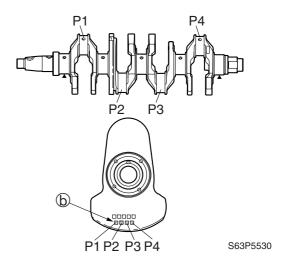
NOTE:

Reuse the connecting rod bolts.

Example:

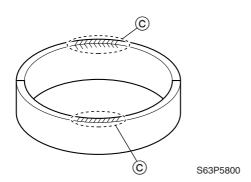
Connecting rod big	Numerical value
end inside diameter ⓐ	in table
53.0 <u>35</u> mm	<u>35</u>

3. Check the crankpin mark (b) on the crankshaft.





4. Select the suitable color © for the connecting rod bearing from the table.



			Connecting rod big end inside diameter (a)																			
	\	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
	80							Щ.														
	81																			(F	1	
	82																			7	ע	
	83																					
	84															(\mathcal{L}					
	85															9	ע					
\bigcirc	86																					
×	87																					
ā	88																					
lΕ	89											(1	7									
	90											Ų	J									
I. <u>⊟</u>	91																					
모	92																					
Crankpin mark 🕞	93																					
ΙË	94						6	9)														
10	95						6	9														
	96																					
	97																					
	98		6	7																		
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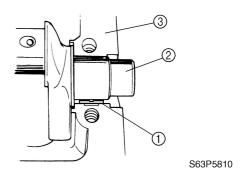
	Upper bearing	Lower bearing
	color	color
d	Green	Green
e	Green	Blue
(f)	Blue	Blue
9	Blue	Red
h	Red	Red

NOTE:

- Example: If the connecting rod big end inside diameter ⓐ is "35" and the crankpin mark ⓑ is "81," then select the bearing colors in "⑨."
- If the connecting rod inside diameter cannot be measured, measure the crankpin oil clearance using Plastigauge (PG-1) and select the suitable combination of upper and lower bearings from the table above so that the oil clearance is within specification.

Checking the crankshaft main journal oil clearance

- Clean the bearings, main journals, and bearing portions of the crankcase and cylinder block.
- 2. Place the cylinder block upside down on a bench.
- 3. Install half of the bearings ① and the crankshaft ② into the cylinder block ③.

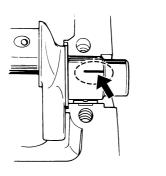


NOTE: _

Install the main bearings in their original positions.

4. Put a piece of Plastigauge (PG-1) on each main journal parallel to the crankshaft.

5-47 63P3F11



S63P5820

NOTE: _

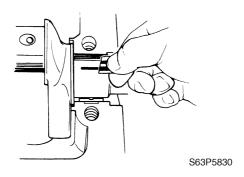
Do not put the Plastigauge (PG-1) over the oil hole in the main journals of the crankshaft.

5. Install the remaining half of the bearings into the main bearing cap and crankcase.

NOTE:

Install the main bearings in their original positions.

- 6. Install the main bearing cap and crankcase onto the cylinder block and apply engine oil to the threads of the bolts.
- Remove the main bearing cap and crankcase, and then measure the width of the compressed Plastigauge (PG-1) on each main journal. Replace the main bearing if out of specification.



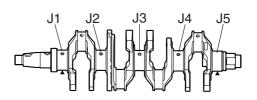


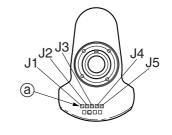
Crankshaft main journal oil clearance:

0.021-0.050 mm (0.0008-0.0020 in)

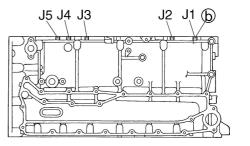
Selecting the crankshaft main bearing

- 1. When replacing the main bearing, select the suitable bearing as follows.
- 2. Check the crankshaft journal mark ⓐ on the crankshaft and the cylinder block mark ⓑ on the cylinder block.





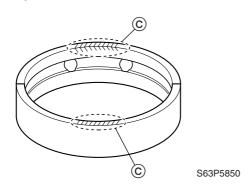
S63P5540

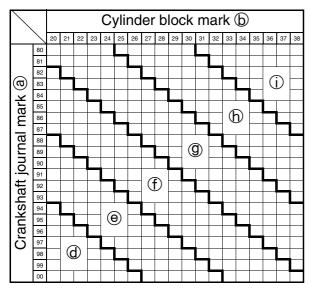


S63P5840



3. Select the suitable color © for the main bearing from the table.





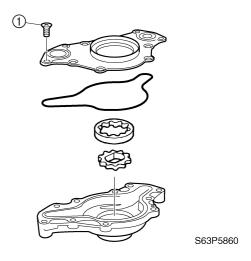
	Upper bearing	Lower bearing
	color	color
d	Green	Green
e	Green	Red
(f)	Red	Red
9	Red	Yellow
Ф	Yellow	Yellow
(j)	Yellow	Blue + green

NOTE: _

- Example: If the crankshaft journal mark @ is "89" and the cylinder block mark (b) is "28," then select the bearing colors in "9."
- Main bearing #3 is a thrust bearing.

Disassembling the oil pump

Remove the screws (1) and disassemble the oil pump.

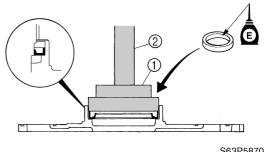


Checking the oil pump

1. Check the gear teeth for cracks or wear and the oil pump case for scratches. Replace the oil pump assembly if necessary.

Assembling the oil pump

1. Install a new oil seal into the oil pump housing.



S63P5870

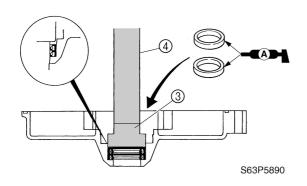


Needle bearing attachment ①: 90890-06654

Driver rod L3 2: 90890-06652

2. Apply grease to new oil seals, and then install them into the oil pump housing.

5-49 63P3F11

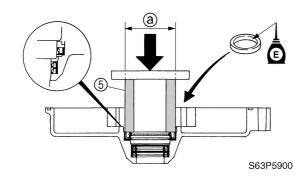




Needle bearing attachment ③: 90890-06611

Driver rod L3 4: 90890-06652

3. Install a new oil seal into the oil pump housing.

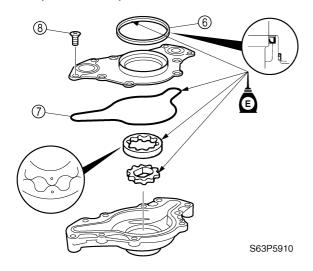




General pipe ⑤:

a = 45 mm (1.77 in)

4. Install a new oil seal (6) and the gasket (7), and then tighten the screws (8) to the specified torque.



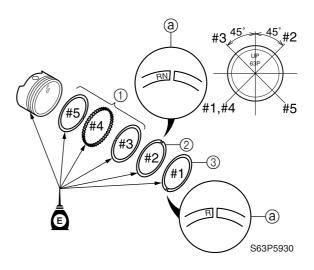


Screw (8):

4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m, 3.0 ft·lb)

Assembling the pistons and cylinder block

- Install the oil ring ①, second ring ②, and top ring ③ onto the pistons with the "RN" mark ③ of the second ring and the "R" mark ③ of the top ring facing upward.
- 2. Offset the piston ring end gaps as shown.



CAUTION:

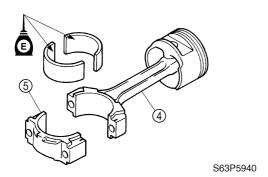
Do not scratch the pistons or break the piston rings.

NOTE: _

After installing the piston rings, check that they move smoothly.



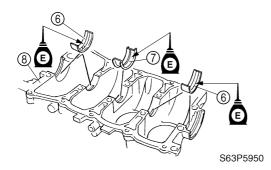
3. Install the upper bearing into the connecting rod 4 and the lower bearing into the connecting rod cap 5.



NOTE: _

Install the connecting rod bearings in their original positions.

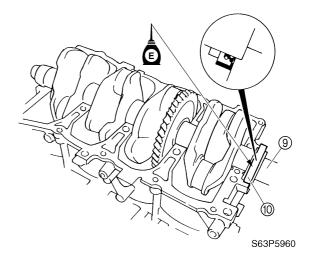
4. Install half of the main bearings (§) and the thrust bearing (?) into the cylinder block (§).



NOTE: _

Install the main bearings in their original positions.

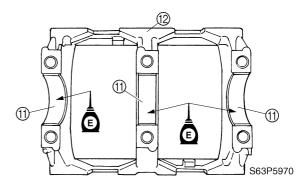
5. Set the crankshaft (9) and oil seal (10) into the cylinder block as shown.



NOTE:

Apply engine oil to the inner oil seal before installation.

6. Install half of the main bearings ① into the main bearing cap ②.

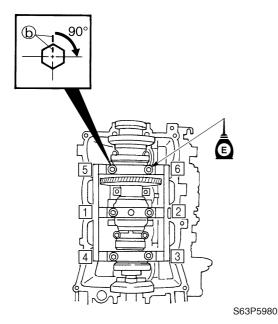


NOTE: _

Install the main bearings in their original positions.

Tighten the main bearing cap bolts to the specified torques in two stages and in the sequence shown.

5-51 63P3F11



NOTE: _

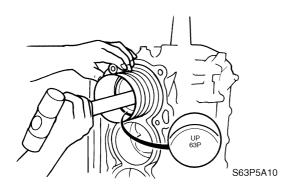
- Main bearing cap bolts 1–6 can be reused three times.
- Apply engine oil to the main bearing cap bolts before installation.



Main bearing cap bolt:

1st: 30 N·m (3.0 kgf·m, 22.1 ft·lb) 2nd: 90°

8. Install the piston with the "UP" mark on the piston crown facing towards the flywheel magnet.



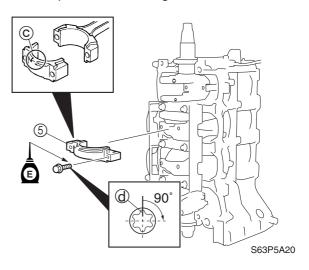
NOTE: _

Apply engine oil to the side of the pistons and piston rings before installation.



Piston ring compressor: 90890-05158

9. Install the connecting rod caps ⑤ to the connecting rods, and then tighten the connecting rod bolts to the specified torques in three stages.



CAUTION:

Do not reuse the connecting rod bolts, always replace them with new ones.

NOTE: _

- Make sure that the mark © of the connecting rod faces towards the flywheel magnet side of the crankshaft.
- Apply engine oil to the connecting rod bolts before installation.
- Make a mark (d) on the connecting rod bolts and connecting rod caps, and then tighten the bolts 90° from the mark.

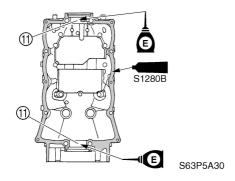


Connecting rod bolt:

1st: 23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m, 17.0 ft·lb) 2nd: 43 N·m (4.3 kgf·m, 31.7 ft·lb) 3rd: 90°

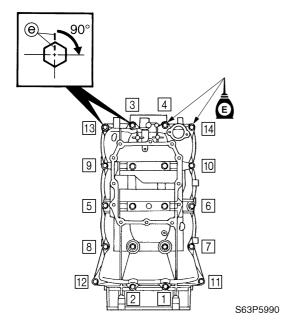


- 10. Install half of the main bearings (1) into the crankcase.
- 11. Apply sealant to the mating surface of the crankcase.



NOTE: _

- Install the main bearings in their original positions.
- Do not get any sealant on the main bearings.
- 12. Install the crankcase onto the cylinder block.
- 13. Tighten the crankcase bolts to the specified torques in two stages and in the sequence shown.



NOTE:

- Crankcase bolts 1-4 can be reused three times.
- Apply engine oil to the crankcase bolts before installation.
- Tighten crankcase bolts 1—4 to the specified torques in two stages first, and then tighten crankcase bolts 5—14 to the specified torques in two stages.



1-4 Crankcase bolt (M10):

1st: 30 N·m (3.0 kgf·m, 22.1 ft·lb)

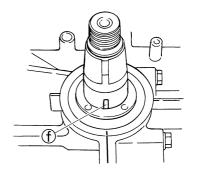
2nd: 90°

5-14 Crankcase bolt (M8):

1st: 14 N·m (1.4 kgf·m, 10.3 ft·lb)

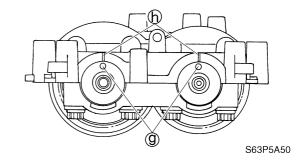
2nd: 26 N·m (2.6 kgf·m, 19.2 ft·lb)

14. Align the keyway ① in the crankshaft with the cylinder block and crankcase mating surfaces.



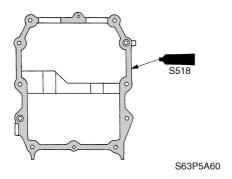
S63P5A40

15. Align the marks (9) on the balancer shafts with the alignment marks (h).



5-53 63P3F11

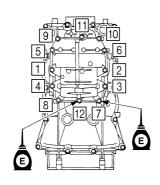
16. Apply sealant to the mating surface of the balancer assembly.



NOTE: _

Do not get any sealant inside the balancer assembly.

17. Install the balancer assembly onto the crankcase, and then tighten the balancer assembly bolts to the specified torques in two stages and in the sequence shown.



S63P5A70



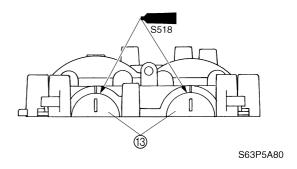
1 - 10 Balancer bolt (M8):

1st: 18 N·m (1.8 kgf·m, 13.3 ft·lb)

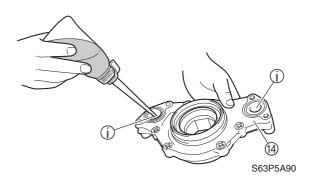
2nd: 31 N·m (3.1 kgf·m, 22.9 ft·lb)

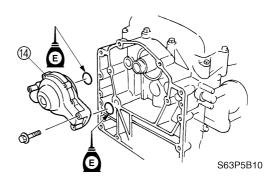
11, 12 Balancer bolt (M6):

1st: 7 N·m (0.7 kgf·m, 5.2 ft·lb) 2nd: 13 N·m (1.3 kgf·m, 9.6 ft·lb) 18. After installing the balancer assembly onto the crankcase, apply sealant around the periphery of the seals ③, and then install them onto the balancer assembly.



19. Align the oil pump gear with the crankshaft, and then install the oil pump 4.



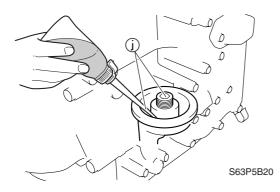


NOTF:

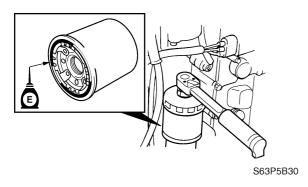
- Before installing the oil pump, be sure to fill it with a small amount of engine oil through the oil passage (j).
- When installing the oil pump, install it so that the oil seal does not get damaged.



20. Before installing the oil filter, be sure to fill it with engine oil through the oil passage ① of the oil filter bracket.



21. Install the oil filter, and then tighten it to the specified torque using a 72.5 mm (2.9 in) oil filter wrench.



NOTE:

Apply a thin coat of engine oil to the O-ring of the new oil filter before installation.



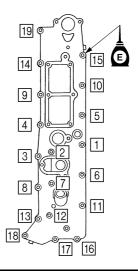
Oil filter wrench: 90890-06830



Oil filter:

18 N·m (1.8 kgf·m, 13.3 ft·lb)

22. Install a new gasket and the exhaust cover, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torques in two stages and in the sequence shown.



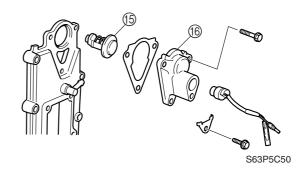
S63P5C40



Exhaust cover bolt:

1st: 6 N·m (0.6 kgf·m, 4.4 ft·lb) 2nd: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m, 8.9 ft·lb)

23. Install the thermostat (5) and cover (6).





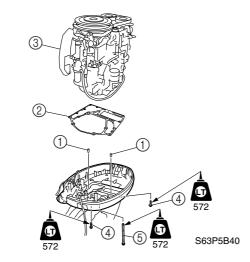
Thermostat cover bolt:

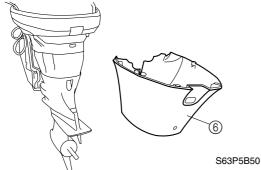
1st: 6 N·m (0.6 kgf·m, 4.4 ft·lb) 2nd: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m, 8.9 ft·lb)

Installing the power unit

- Clean the power unit mating surface, and install the dowels ① and a new gasket ②.
- 2. Install the power unit ③ by installing the bolts ④ and bolts ⑤, then tightening them to the specified torque.
- 3. Install the apron ⑥, then tighten them to the specified torque.

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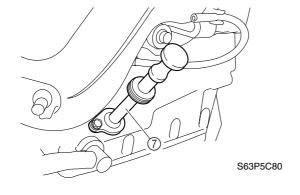
Power unit mounting bolt (M8) 4: 20 N·m (2.0 kgf·m, 14.8 ft·lb)

Power unit mounting bolt (M10) ⑤: 42 N·m (4.2 kgf·m, 31.0 ft·lb)

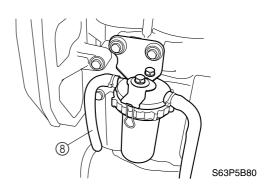
Apron bolt: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m, 5.9 ft·lb)

Apron screw: 4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m, 3.0 ft·lb)

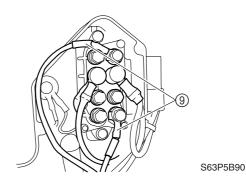
- Connect the PTT switch coupler, shift cut switch coupler, neutral switch coupler, cooling water pilot hose, and flushing hose.
- 5. Install the dipstick guide 7.



6. Connect the fuel hose ®.



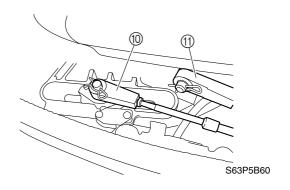
7. Connect the PTT motor leads ③, and then install the junction box cover.





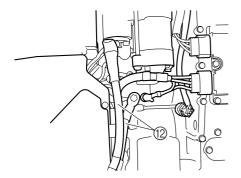
PTT motor lead bolt: 4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m, 3.0 ft·lb)

8. Connect the shift cable (1) and throttle cable (1), and then adjust their lengths. For adjustment procedures, see Chapter 3, "Adjusting the throttle link and throttle cable" and "Checking the gear shift operation."





9. Connect the battery leads 12.

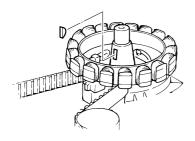


S63P5C10



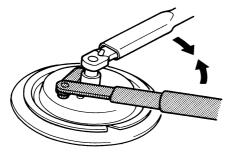
Positive battery cable nut: 9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m, 6.6 ft·lb)

- 10. Install the stator coil assembly.
- 11. Install the Woodruff key.



S63P5350

12. Install the flywheel magnet.



S63P5370

CAUTION:

Apply force in the direction of the arrows shown to prevent the flywheel holder from slipping off easily.

NOTE: _

Apply engine oil to the flywheel magnet nut before installation.

Flywheel holder: 90890-06522



Flywheel magnet nut: 270 N·m (27.0 kgf·m, 199.1 ft·lb)

13. Install all parts removed during disassembly.

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5

— MEMO —



Lower unit

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Checking the propeller shaft	
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Assembling the propeller shaft housing	
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Assembling the forward gear	
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	0.05
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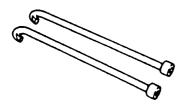
Special service tools



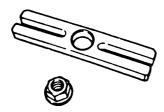
Ring nut wrench 4 90890-06512



Ring nut wrench extension 90890-06513



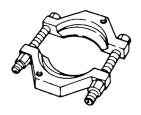
Bearing housing puller claw L 90890-06502



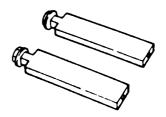
Stopper guide plate 90890-06501



Center bolt 90890-06504



Bearing separator 90890-06534



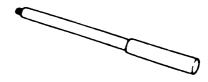
Stopper guide stand 90890-06538



Bearing puller assembly 90890-06535

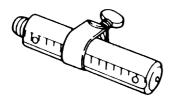


Needle bearing attachment 90890-06610, 90890-06612, 90890-06653, 90890-06654

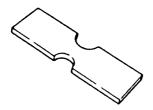


Driver rod L3 90890-06652

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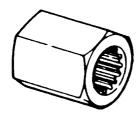
Driver rod SS 90890-06604



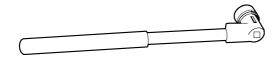
Bearing depth plate 90890-06603



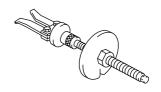
Bearing inner race attachment 90890-06640, 90890-06660



Drive shaft holder 6 90890-06520



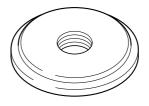
Pinion nut holder New: 90890-06715 Current: 90890-06505



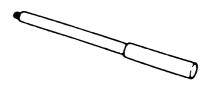
Bearing outer race puller assembly 90890-06523



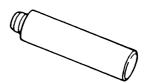
Ball bearing attachment 90890-06633, 90890-06629



Bearing outer race attachment 90890-06619



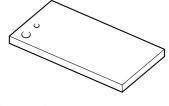
Driver rod LL 90890-06605



Driver rod LS 90890-06606



Shift rod push arm 90890-06052



Magnet base plate 90890-07003



Pinion height gauge 90890-06710



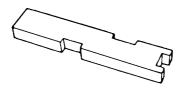
Dial gauge set 90890-01252



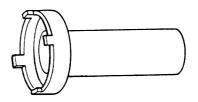
Digital caliper 90890-06704



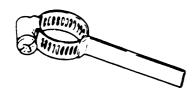
Magnet base B 90890-06844



Shimming plate 90890-06701



Ring nut wrench 90890-06578



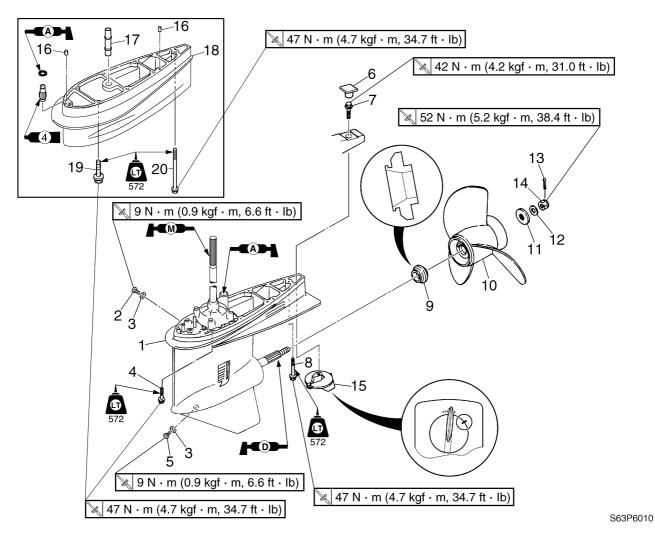
Backlash indicator 90890-06706



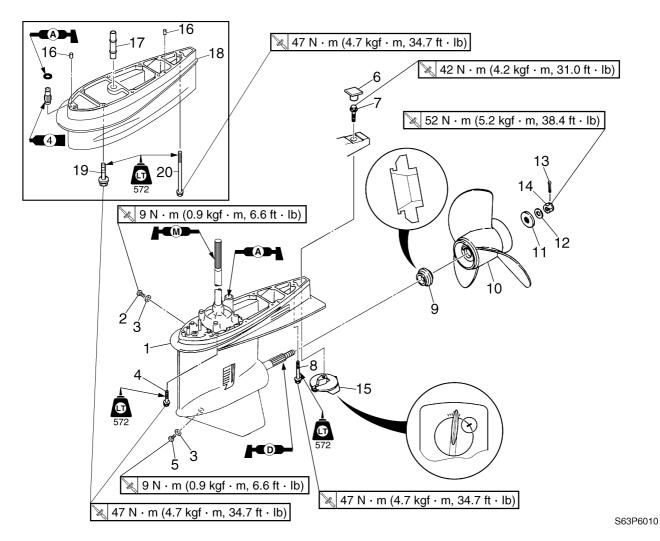
Outer race puller claw B 90890-06533

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Lower unit (regular rotation model)

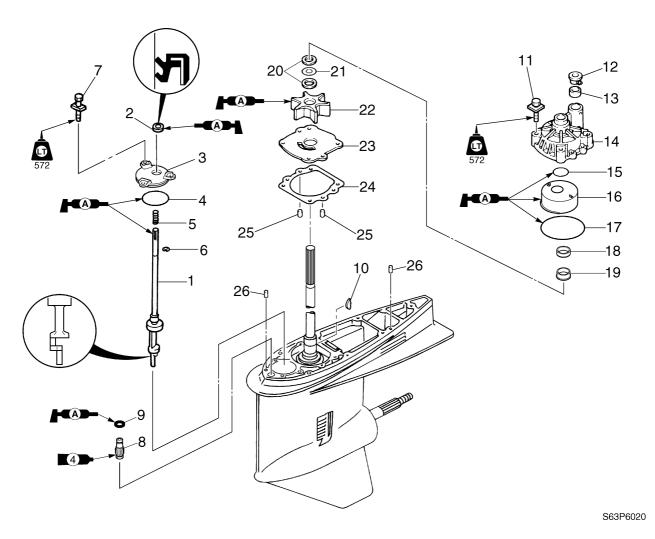


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Lower unit	1	
2	Check screw	1	
3	Gasket	2	Not reusable
4	Bolt	6	M10 × 45 mm
5	Drain screw	1	
6	Grommet	1	
7	Bolt	1	M10 × 44 mm
8	Bolt	1	$M10 \times 70$ mm / L-transom model
9	Spacer	1	
10	Propeller	1	
11	Washer	1	
12	Washer	1	
13	Cotter pin	1	Not reusable
14	Propeller nut	1	
15	Trim tab	1	
16	Dowel	2	X-transom model
17	Water pipe	1	X-transom model

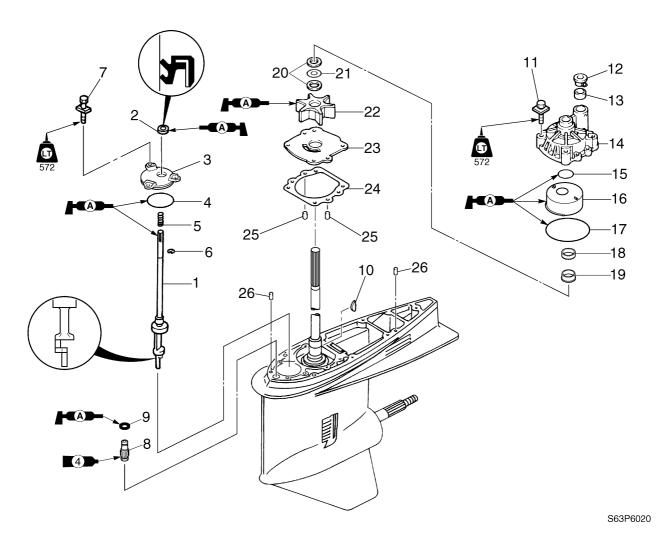


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Extension	1	X-transom model
19	Bolt	6	$M10 \times 45$ mm / X-transom model
20	Bolt	1	M10 × 200 mm / X-transom model

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No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Shift rod	1	
2	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
3	Oil seal housing	1	
4	O-ring	1	Not reusable
5	Spring	1	
6	Circlip	1	
7	Bolt	3	M6 × 20 mm
8	Hose nipple	1	
9	O-ring	1	Not reusable
10	Woodruff key	1	
11	Bolt	4	M8 × 45 mm
12	Cover	1	
13	Seal	1	
14	Water pump housing	1	
15	O-ring	1	Not reusable
16	Insert cartridge	1	
17	O-ring	1	Not reusable



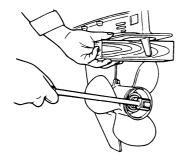
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Collar	1	
19	Spacer	1	
20	Washer	2	
21	Wave washer	1	
22	Impeller	1	
23	Outer plate cartridge	1	
24	Gasket	1	Not reusable
25	Dowel	2	
26	Dowel	2	

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6

Removing the lower unit

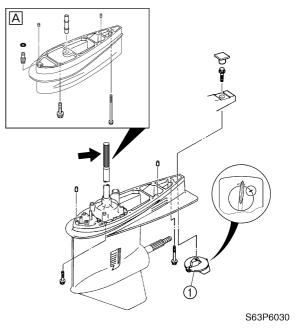
- 1. Drain the gear oil. For draining procedures, see Chapter 3, "Changing the gear oil."
- Set the gear shift to the neutral position, and place a block of wood between the anti-cavitation plate and propeller to keep the propeller from turning, and then remove the propeller nut and propeller.



S69J6015

WARNING

- Do not hold the propeller with your hands when loosening or tightening it.
- Be sure to disconnect the battery leads from the battery and the engine stop lanyard from the engine stop lanyard switch.
- Put a block of wood between the anticavitation plate and propeller to keep the propeller from turning.
- 3. Mark the trim tab ① at the area shown, and then remove it.
- 4. Loosen the bolts, and then remove the lower unit from the upper case.



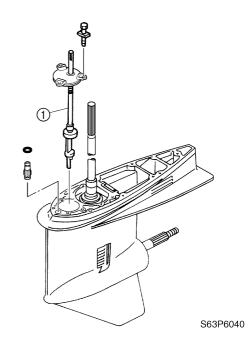
A X-transom model

NOTE: _

Check that there is no oil on the spline and check it for wear.

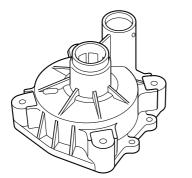
Removing the water pump and shift rod

1. Remove the water pump assembly and shift rod assembly ①.



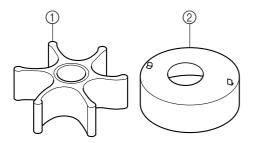
Checking the water pump and shift rod

1. Check the water pump housing for deformation. Replace if necessary.



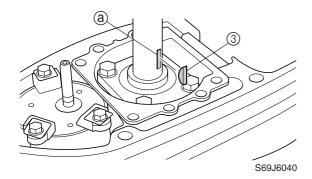
S69J6030

2. Check the impeller ① and insert cartridge ② for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.

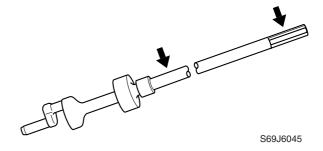


S63P6050

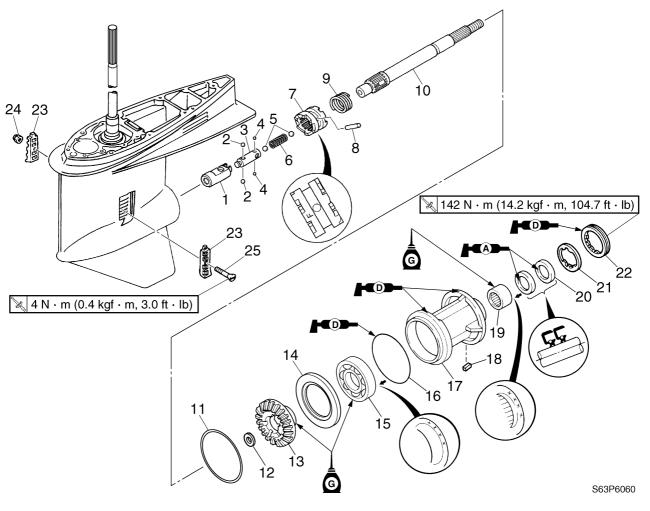
3. Check the Woodruff key ③ and the keyway ⓐ in the drive shaft for wear. Replace if necessary.



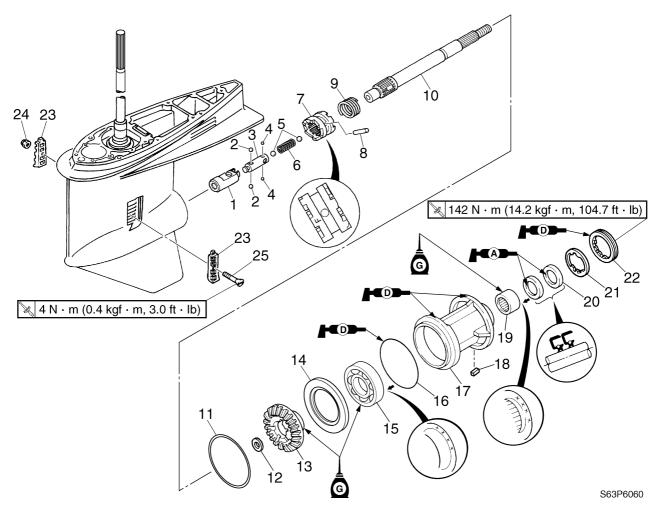
4. Check the shift rod for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.



Propeller shaft housing (regular rotation model)



No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Shift rod joint	1	
2	Ball	2	
3	Shift slider	1	
4	Ball	2	
5	Ball	2	
6	Spring	1	
7	Dog clutch	1	
8	Cross pin	1	
9	Spring	1	
10	Propeller shaft	1	
11	Reverse gear shim	_	
12	Washer	1	
13	Reverse gear	1	
14	Thrust washer	1	
15	Ball bearing	1	Not reusable
16	O-ring	1	Not reusable
17	Propeller shaft housing	1	

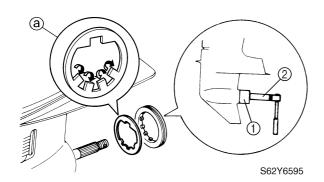


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Straight key	1	
19	Needle bearing	1	
20	Oil seal	2	Not reusable
21	Claw washer	1	
22	Ring nut	1	
23	Cooling water inlet cover	2	
24	Nut	1	
25	Screw	1	

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Removing the propeller shaft housing assembly

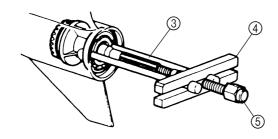
1. Straighten the claw washer tabs ⓐ, and then remove the ring nut and claw washer.





Ring nut wrench 4 ①: 90890-06512 Ring nut wrench extension ②: 90890-06513

2. Pull out the propeller shaft housing assembly.



S68S6310

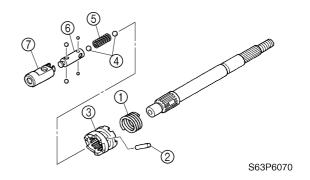


Bearing housing puller claw L ③: 90890-06502

Stopper guide plate 4: 90890-06501 Center bolt 5: 90890-06504

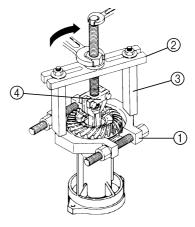
Disassembling the propeller shaft assembly

1. Remove the spring ①, then the cross pin ②, dog clutch ③, balls ④, spring ⑤, shift slider ⑥, and shift rod joint ⑦.



Disassembling the propeller shaft housing

1. Remove the reverse gear and thrust washer.



S68S6330

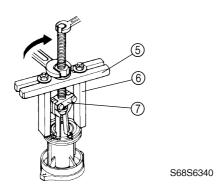


Bearing separator ①: 90890-06534 Stopper guide plate ②: 90890-06501 Stopper guide stand ③:

90890-06538
Bearing puller assembly (4):

90890-06535

2. Remove the ball bearing.

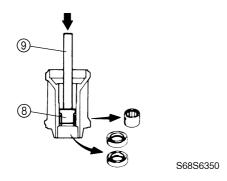


Stopper guide plate ⑤: 90890-06501 Stopper guide stand ⑥:

90890-06538

Bearing puller assembly ⑦: 90890-06535

3. Remove the oil seals and needle bearing.



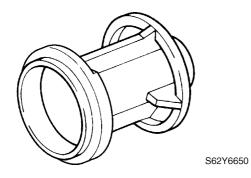


Needle bearing attachment ®: 90890-06653

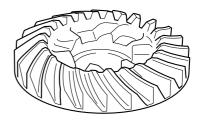
Driver rod L3 (9): 90890-06652

Checking the propeller shaft housing

 Clean the propeller shaft housing using a soft brush and cleaning solvent, and then check it for cracks. Replace if necessary.

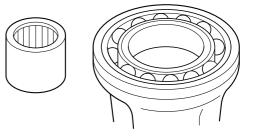


2. Check the teeth and dogs of the reverse gear for cracks or wear. Replace the gear if necessary.



S62Y6640

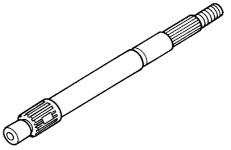
3. Check the bearings for pitting or rumbling. Replace if necessary.



S69J6115

Checking the propeller shaft

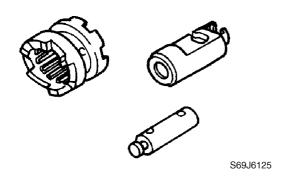
1. Check the propeller shaft for bends or wear. Replace if necessary.



S69J6120

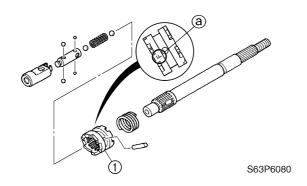
2. Check the dog clutch, shift rod joint and shift slider for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.

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Assembling the propeller shaft assembly

1. Install the dog clutch as shown.

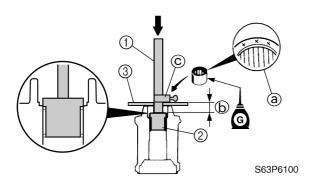


NOTE: _

Install the dog clutch ① with the "F" mark ⓐ facing toward the shift slider.

Assembling the propeller shaft housing

1. Install the needle bearing into the propeller shaft housing to the specified depth.



NOTE:

- Install the needle bearing with the manufacture identification mark (a) facing toward the oil seal (propeller side).
- When using the driver rod, do not strike the special service tool in a manner that will force the stopper © out of place.



Driver rod SS ①: 90890-06604 Needle bearing attachment ②: 90890-06610

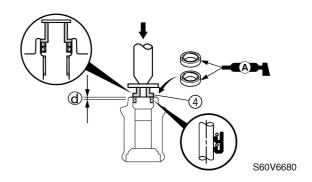
Bearing depth plate ③: 90890-06603



Depth (b):

24.75–25.25 mm (0.974–0.994 in)

2. Apply grease to new oil seals, and then install them into the propeller shaft housing to the specified depth.



NOTE: _

Install an oil seal halfway into the propeller shaft housing, then the other oil seal.



Bearing inner race attachment 4: 90890-06640

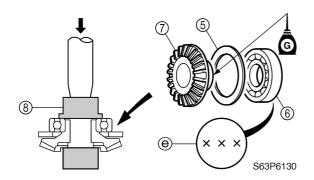


Depth @:

4.75-5.25 mm (0.187-0.207 in)



3. Install the thrust washer ⑤ and new ball bearing ⑥ onto the reverse gear ⑦ using a press.



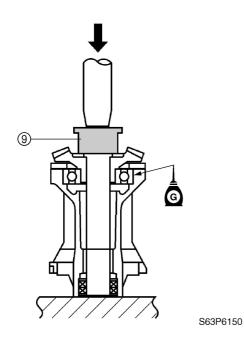
NOTE:

Install the ball bearing with the manufacture identification mark (a) facing outward (propeller side).



Needle bearing attachment ®: 90890-06654

4. Install the reverse gear assembly into the propeller shaft housing using a press.

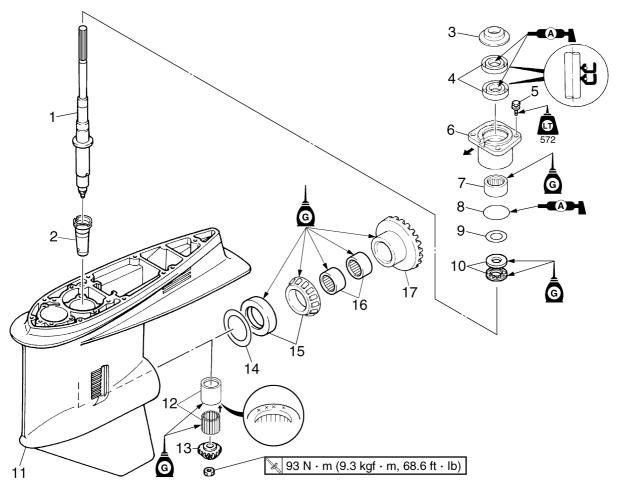




Needle bearing attachment ③: 90890-06654

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Drive shaft and lower case (regular rotation model)

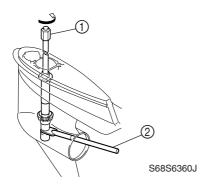


S63P6160

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Drive shaft	1	
2	Sleeve	1	
3	Cover	1	
4	Oil seal	2	Not reusable
5	Bolt	4	M8 × 25 mm
6	Drive shaft housing	1	
7	Needle bearing	1	
8	O-ring	1	Not reusable
9	Pinion shim	_	
10	Thrust bearing	1	
11	Lower case	1	
12	Needle bearing assembly	1	
13	Pinion	1	
14	Forward gear shim	_	
15	Taper roller bearing assembly	1	Not reusable
16	Needle bearing	2	
17	Forward gear	1	

Removing the drive shaft

 Remove the drive shaft, drive shaft housing, and pinion, and then pull out the forward gear.



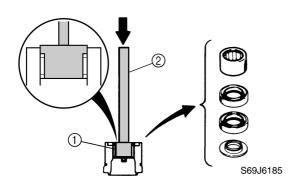


Drive shaft holder 6 ①: 90890-06520

Pinion nut holder ②: New: 90890-06715 Current: 90890-06505

Disassembling the drive shaft housing

1. Remove the cover, oil seals, and needle bearing.



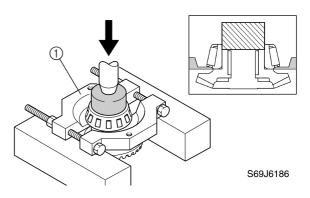


Needle bearing attachment ①: 90890-06610

Driver rod L3 (2): 90890-06652

Disassembling the forward gear

1. Remove the taper roller bearing from the forward gear using a press.



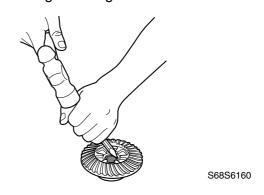
CAUTION:

Do not reuse the bearing, always replace it with a new one.



Bearing separator (1): 90890-06534

2. Remove the needle bearings from the forward gear using a chisel.

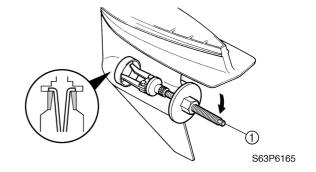


CAUTION:

Do not reuse the bearing, always replace it with a new one.

Disassembling the lower case

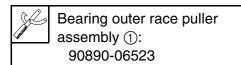
1. Remove the taper roller bearing outer race and shim(s).



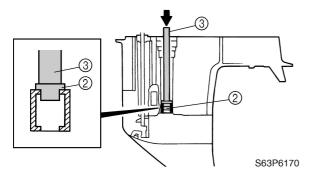
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NOTE:

Install the claws as shown.



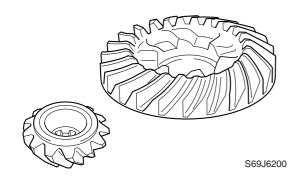
2. Remove the needle bearing.





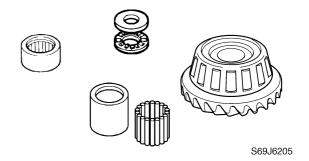
Checking the pinion and forward gear

1. Check the teeth of the pinion, and the teeth and dogs of the forward gear for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.



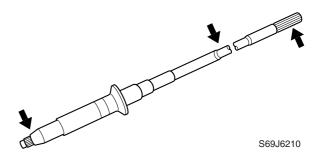
Checking the bearings

1. Check the bearings for pitting or rumbling. Replace if necessary.



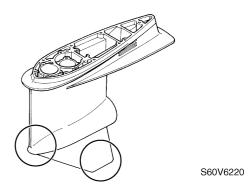
Checking the drive shaft

 Check the drive shaft for bends or wear. Replace if necessary.



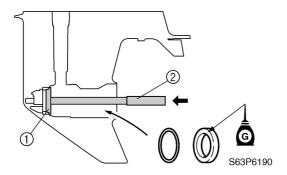
Checking the lower case

 Check the skeg and torpedo for cracks or damage. Replace the lower case if necessary.



Assembling the lower case

 Install the original shim(s) and taper roller bearing outer race.



CAUTION:

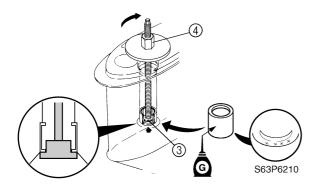
Add or remove shim(s), if necessary, if replacing the forward gear or lower case.



Bearing outer race attachment ①: 90890-06619

Driver rod LL 2: 90890-06605

2. Install the needle bearing outer case into the lower case.



NOTE:

Apply gear oil to the needle bearing outer case before installation.



Ball bearing attachment ③: 90890-06633

Bearing outer race puller assembly (4):

90890-06523

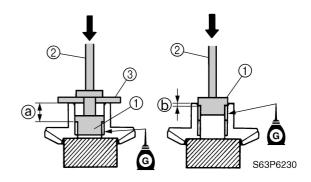
3. Install the needle bearing into the needle bearing outer case.

NOTE: _

Apply gear oil or grease to the needle bearing before installation.

Assembling the forward gear

1. Install new needle bearings into the forward gear to the specified depth.





Needle bearing attachment ①: 90890-06612

Driver rod SS ②: 90890-06604 Bearing depth plate ③: 90890-06603



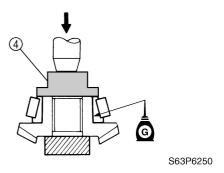
Depth @:

20.95–21.45 mm (0.825–0.844 in)

Depth (b):

4.45-4.95 mm (0.175-0.195 in)

2. Install a new taper roller bearing into the forward gear using a press.



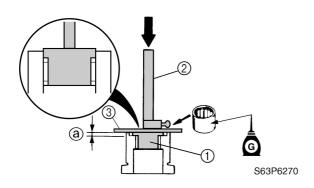


Needle bearing attachment 4: 90890-06654

Assembling the drive shaft housing

1. Install the needle bearing into the drive shaft housing to the specified depth.

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Needle bearing attachment ①: 90890-06610

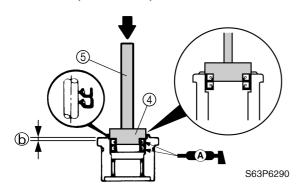
Driver rod SS ②: 90890-06604 Bearing depth plate ③: 90890-06603



Depth @:

5.75-6.25 mm (0.226-0.246 in)

2. Apply grease to a new oil seals, and then install them into the drive shaft housing to the specified depth.



NOTE:

Install an oil seal halfway into the drive shaft housing, then the other oil seal.



Ball bearing attachment 4: 90890-06633

Driver rod LS (5): 90890-06606



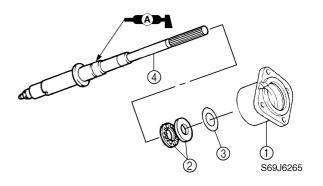
Depth (b):

0.25-0.75 mm (0.010-0.030 in)

Installing the drive shaft

1. Install the forward gear into the lower case.

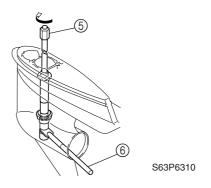
2. Install the drive shaft housing ①, thrust bearing ②, and original shim(s) ③ onto the drive shaft ④.



CAUTION:

Add or remove shim(s), if necessary, if replacing the drive shaft housing or drive shaft.

3. Install the sleeve, drive shaft and drive shaft housing into the lower case, then the pinion and pinion nut, and then tighten the nut to the specified torque.



NOTE: _

Install the drive shaft by lifting it up slightly, then aligning it with the pinion and the spline of the drive shaft.



Drive shaft holder 6 ⑤: 90890-06520

Pinion nut holder 6: New: 90890-06715 Current: 90890-06505



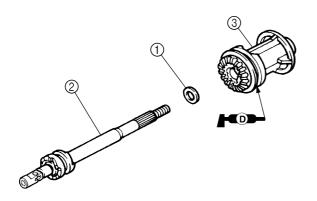
Pinion nut:

93 N·m (9.3 kgf·m, 68.6 ft·lb)

4. Tighten the drive shaft housing bolts.

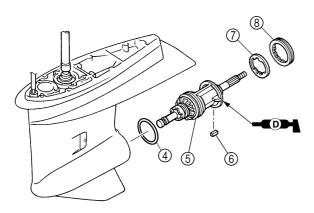
Installing the propeller shaft housing

- Install the washer ① and propeller shaft assembly ② into the propeller shaft housing assembly ③.
- 2. Apply grease to a new O-ring, and then install it onto the propeller shaft housing.



S63P6315

3. Install the original shim(s) ④ and propeller shaft housing assembly ⑤ into the lower case, and then install the straight key ⑥, claw washer ⑦, and ring nut ⑧.

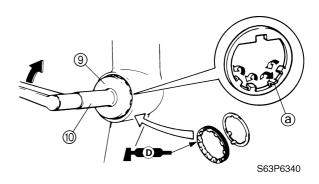


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CAUTION:

Add or remove shim(s), if necessary, if replacing the reverse gear, ball bearing, propeller shaft housing, thrust washer, or lower case.

4. Tighten the ring nut to the specified torque.



NOTE: _

- To secure the ring nut, bend one tab ⓐ of the claw washer into a slot in the ring nut.
- Bend all other tabs toward the propeller shaft housing assembly.



Ring nut wrench 4 ⑨: 90890-06512 Ring nut wrench extension ⑩: 90890-06513

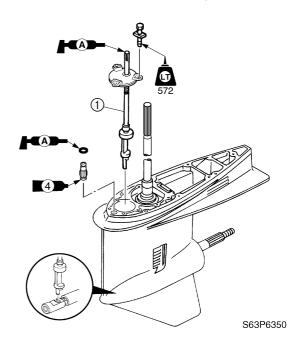


Ring nut ®:

142 N·m (14.2 kgf·m, 104.7 ft·lb)

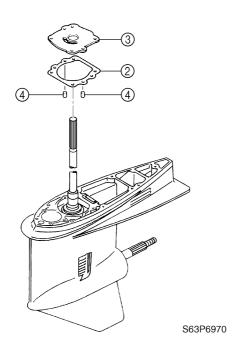
Installing the water pump and shift rod

1. Install the shift rod assembly (1).

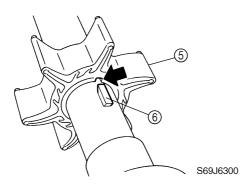


2. Install a new gasket ②, the outer plate cartridge ③, and dowels ④.

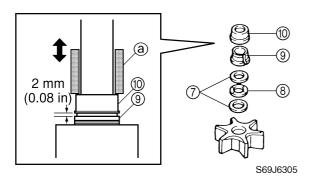
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- 3. Install the Woodruff key into the drive shaft.
- 4. Align the groove in the impeller ⑤ with the Woodruff key ⑥, and then install the impeller onto the drive shaft.

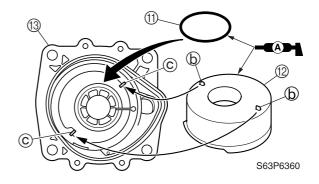


5. Install the washers ⑦, wave washer ⑧, spacer ⑨, and collar ⑩ onto the drive shaft.



NOTE:

- The collar and spacer should fit together firmly.
- While pulling the drive shaft up, install the collar with an appropriate tool (a) that fits over the drive shaft as shown.
- 6. Install the new O-ring (1) and insert cartridge (2) into the pump housing (3).

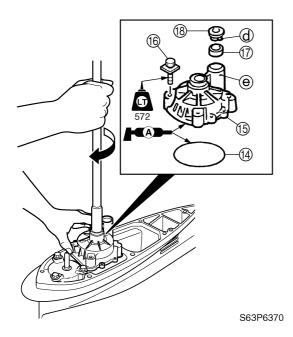


NOTF:

Align the insert cartridge projections (b) with the holes (c) in the pump housing.

Lower unit

7. Install the new O-ring (4) and pump housing assembly (5) into the lower case, tighten the bolts (6), and then install the seal (7) and cover (8).

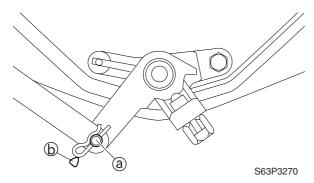


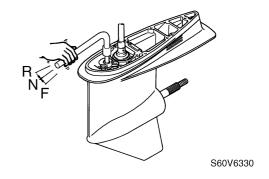
NOTE:

- When installing the pump housing, apply grease to the inside of the housing, and then turn the drive shaft clockwise while pushing down the pump housing.
- Align the cover projection (d) with the hole
 (e) in the pump housing.

Installing the lower unit

- 1. Set the gear shift to the neutral position at the lower unit.
- 2. Align the center of the set pin ⓐ with the alignment mark ⓑ on the bottom cowling.

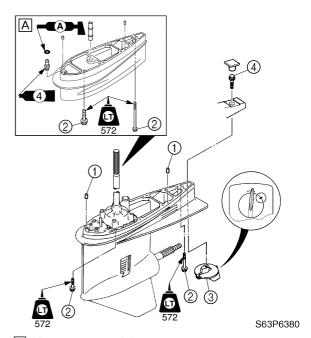






Shift rod push arm: 90890-06052

- 3. Install the two dowels ① into the lower unit.
- 4. Install the lower unit into the upper case, and then tighten the lower case mounting bolts ② to the specified torque.
- 5. Install the trim tab ③ to its original position, and then tighten the trim tab bolt ④ to the specified torque.



A X-transom model



Lower case mounting bolt ②: 47 N·m (4.7 kgf·m, 34.7 ft·lb) Trim tab bolt ④: 42 N·m (4.2 kgf·m, 31.0 ft·lb)

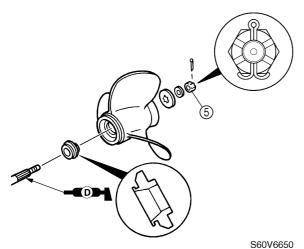
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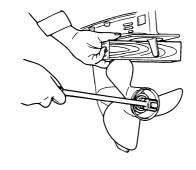
6

6. Install the propeller and propeller nut, and then tighten the nut finger tight. Place a block of wood between the anticavitation plate and propeller to keep the propeller from turning, and then tighten the nut to the specified torque.



Propeller nut ⑤: 52 N·m (5.2 kgf·m, 38.4 ft·lb)





S69J6340

▲ WARNING

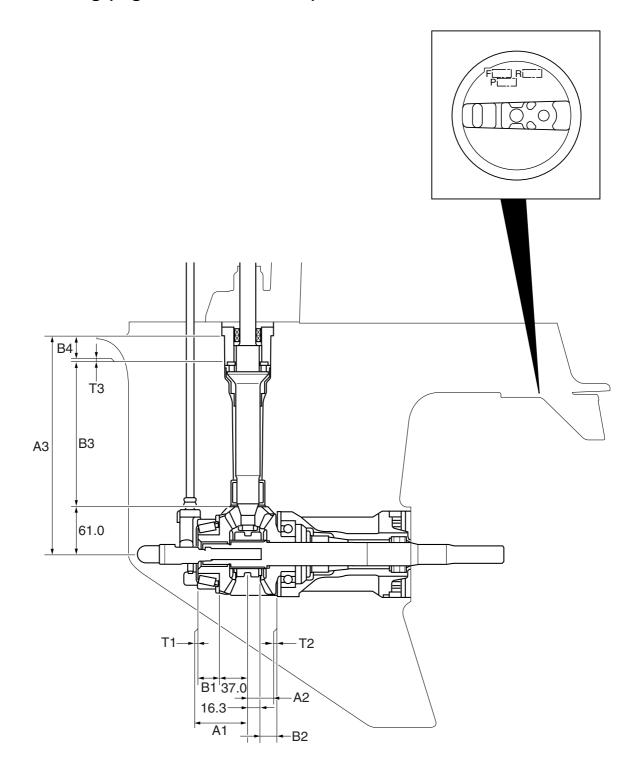
- Do not hold the propeller with your hands when loosening or tightening it.
- Be sure to disconnect the battery leads from the battery and the engine stop lanyard from the engine stop lanyard switch.
- Put a block of wood between the anticavitation plate and propeller to keep the propeller from turning.

NOTE: _

If the grooves in the propeller nut ⑤ do not align with the cotter pin hole, tighten the nut until they are aligned.



Shimming (regular rotation model)



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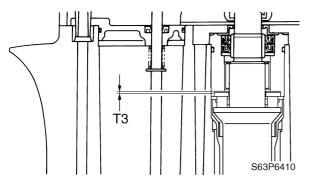
Shimming

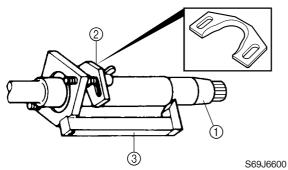
NOTE:

- Shimming is not required when assembling the original lower case and inner parts.
- Shimming is required when assembling the original inner parts and a new lower case.
- Shimming is required when replacing the inner part(s).

Selecting the pinion shims

1. Install the special service tools onto the drive shaft (1).





NOTE

- Select the shim thickness (T3) by using the specified measurement(s) and the calculation formula.
- Install the special service tool onto the drive shaft so that the shaft is at the center of the hole.
- Tighten the wing nuts another 1/4 of a turn after they contact the fixing plate ②.



Pinion height gauge ③: 90890-06710

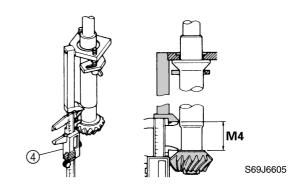
2. Install the pinion and pinion nut, and then tighten the nut to the specified torque.



Pinion nut:

93 N·m (9.3 kgf·m, 68.6 ft·lb)

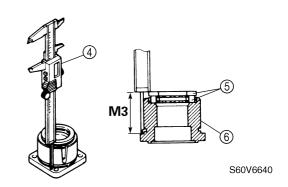
Measure the distance (M4) between the special service tool and the pinion as shown.





Digital caliper 4: 90890-06704

4. Turn the thrust bearing ⑤ two or three times to seat the drive shaft housing ⑥, and then measure the housing height (M3) as shown.

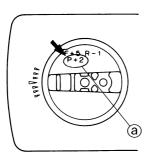


NOTF:

Measure the thrust bearing at three points to find the height average.

Lower unit

5. Calculate the pinion shim thickness (T3) as shown in the examples below.



S69J6555

NOTE:

"P" is the deviation of the lower case dimension from standard. The "P" mark (a) is stamped on the trim tab mounting surface of the lower case in 0.01 mm units. If the "P" mark is unreadable, assume that "P" is zero and check the backlash when the unit is assembled.

Calculation formula:

Pinion shim thickness (T3) = 80.00 + P/100 - M3 - M4

Example:

If "M3" is 46.68 mm and "M4" is 32.49 mm and "P" is (-5), then

T3 = 80.00 + (-5)/100 - 46.68 - 32.49 mm= 80.00 - 0.05 - 46.68 - 32.49 mm

= 0.78 mm

6. Select the pinion shim(s) (T3) as follows.

Calculated numeral at 1/100 place	Rounded numeral
1, 2	0
3, 4, 5	2
6, 7, 8	5
9, 10	8

Available shim thicknesses:

 $0.10, \, 0.12, \, 0.15, \, 0.18, \, 0.30, \, 0.40, \, and \, 0.50 \, mm$

Example:

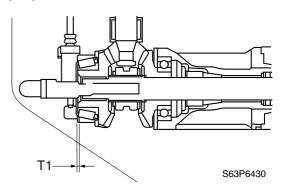
If "T3" is 0.53 mm, then the pinion shim is 0.52 mm.

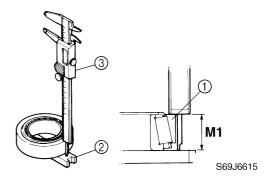
If "T3" is 0.78 mm, then the pinion shim is 0.75 mm.

Selecting the forward gear shims

Turn the taper roller bearing outer race

 two or three times to seat the rollers,
 and then measure the bearing height
 as shown.





NOTE:

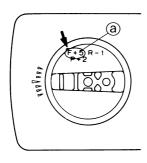
- Select the shim thickness (T1) by using the specified measurement(s) and the calculation formula.
- Measure the bearing outer race at three points to find the height average.



Shimming plate ②: 90890-06701 Digital caliper ③: 90890-06704

2. Calculate the forward gear shim thickness (T1) as shown in the examples below.

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S69J6570

NOTE: _

"F" is the deviation of the lower case dimension from standard. The "F" mark ⓐ is stamped on the trim tab mounting surface of the lower case in 0.01 mm units. If the "F" mark is unreadable, assume that "F" is zero and check the backlash when the unit is assembled.

Calculation formula:

Forward gear shim thickness (T1) = 28.60 + F/100 - M1

Example:

If "M1" is 28.08 mm and "F" is (+5), then

T1 = 28.60 + (+5)/100 - 28.08 mm

= 28.60 + 0.05 - 28.08 mm

= 0.57 mm

3. Select the forward gear shim(s) (T1) as follows.

Calculated numeral at 1/100 place	Rounded numeral
1, 2	0
3, 4, 5	2
6, 7, 8	5
9, 10	8

Available shim thicknesses:

0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and 0.50 mm

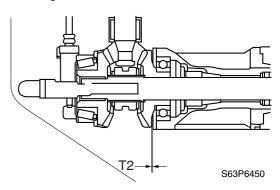
Example:

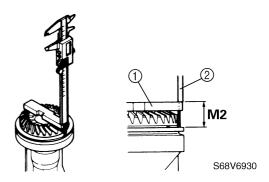
If "T1" is 0.57 mm, then the forward gear shim is 0.55 mm.

If "T1" is 0.60 mm, then the forward gear shim is 0.58 mm.

Selecting the reverse gear shims

- 1. Install the ball bearing, thrust washer, and reverse gear onto the propeller shaft housing.
- 2. Measure the gear height (M2) from the thrust washer on the propeller shaft housing.





NOTE:

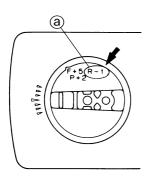
- Select the shim thickness (T2) by using the specified measurement(s) and the calculation formula.
- Measure the reverse gear at three points to find the height average.



Shimming plate ①: 90890-06701 Digital caliper ②: 90890-06704

Lower unit

3. Calculate the reverse gear shim thickness (T2) as shown in the examples below.



S69J6585

NOTE: _

"R" is the deviation of the lower case dimension from standard. The "R" mark ⓐ is stamped on the trim tab mounting surface of the lower case in 0.01 mm units. If the "R" mark is unreadable, assume that "R" is zero and check the backlash when the unit is assembled.

Calculation formula:

Reverse gear shim thickness (T2) = M2 - 29.90 - R/100

Example:

If "M2" is 30.70 mm and "R" is (+3), then

T2 = 30.70 - 29.90 - (+3)/100 mm

= 30.70 - 29.90 - 0.03 mm

= 0.77 mm

4. Select the reverse gear shim(s) (T2) as follows.

Calculated numeral at 1/100 place	Rounded numeral
1, 2	2
3, 4, 5	5
6, 7, 8	8
9, 10	10

Available shim thicknesses:

0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and 0.50 mm

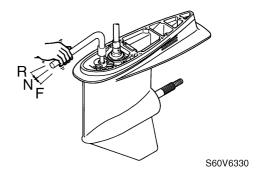
Example:

If "T2" is 0.77 mm, then the reverse gear shim is 0.78 mm.

If "T2" is 0.79 mm, then the reverse gear shim is 0.80 mm.

Backlash (regular rotation model) Measuring the forward and reverse gear backlash

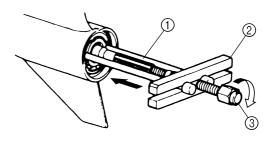
- 1. Remove the water pump assembly.
- 2. Set the gear shift to the neutral position at the lower unit.





Shift rod push arm: 90890-06052

3. Install the special service tools so that it pushes against the propeller shaft.



S60X6370

NOTE:

Tighten the center bolt while turning the drive shaft until the drive shaft can no longer be turned.

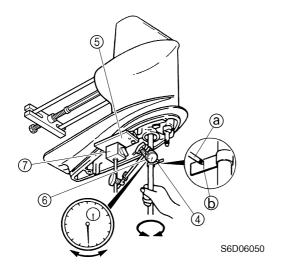
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Bearing housing puller claw L ①: 90890-06502

Stopper guide plate ②: 90890-06501 Center bolt ③: 90890-06504

- Install the backlash indicator onto the drive shaft (22.4 mm [0.88 in] in diameter), then the dial gauge onto the lower unit.
- 5. Set the lower unit upside down.



NOTE:

Install the dial gauge so that the plunger ⓐ contacts the mark ⓑ on the backlash indicator.



Backlash indicator 4: 90890-06706 Magnet base plate 5: 90890-07003 Dial gauge set 6: 90890-01252 Magnet base B 7: 90890-06844

 Slowly turn the drive shaft clockwise and counterclockwise and measure the backlash when the drive shaft stops in each direction.



Forward gear backlash:

0.14-0.46 mm (0.0055-0.0181 in)

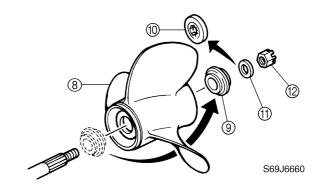
7. Add or remove shim(s) if out of specification.

Forward gear backlash	Shim thickness
Less than 0.14 mm (0.0055 in)	To be decreased by $(0.30 - M) \times 0.67$
More than 0.46 mm (0.0181 in)	To be increased by $(M - 0.30) \times 0.67$

M: Measurement

Available shim thicknesses: 0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and 0.50 mm

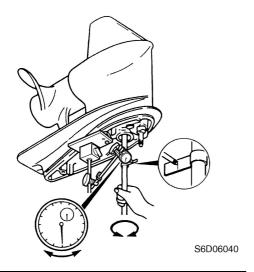
- 8. Remove the special service tools from the propeller shaft.
- Apply a load to the reverse gear by installing the propeller (a), the spacer (g) (without the washer (g)), then the washer (g) as shown.



NOTE:

Tighten the propeller nut ⁽¹⁾ while turning the drive shaft until the drive shaft can no longer be turned.

 Slowly turn the drive shaft clockwise and counterclockwise and measure the backlash when the drive shaft stops in each direction.





Reverse gear backlash: 0.32–0.67 mm (0.0126–0.0264 in)

0.02 0.07 11111 (0.0120 0.0201111)

11. Add or remove shim(s) if out of specification.

Reverse gear backlash	Shim thickness
Less than 0.32 mm (0.0126 in)	To be increased by $(0.50 - M) \times 0.67$
More than 0.67 mm (0.0264 in)	To be decreased by $(M - 0.50) \times 0.67$

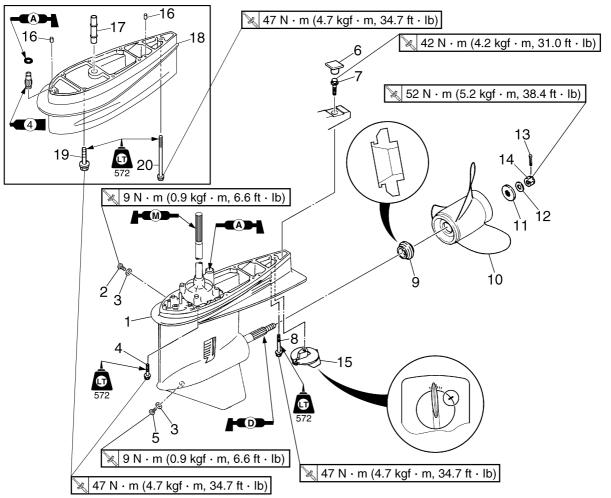
M: Measurement

Available shim thicknesses: 0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and 0.50 mm

12. Remove the special service tools, and then install the water pump assembly.

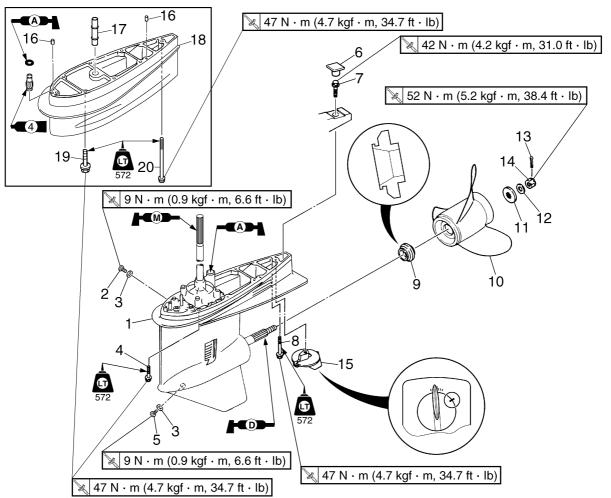
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Lower unit (counter rotation model)



S63P6460

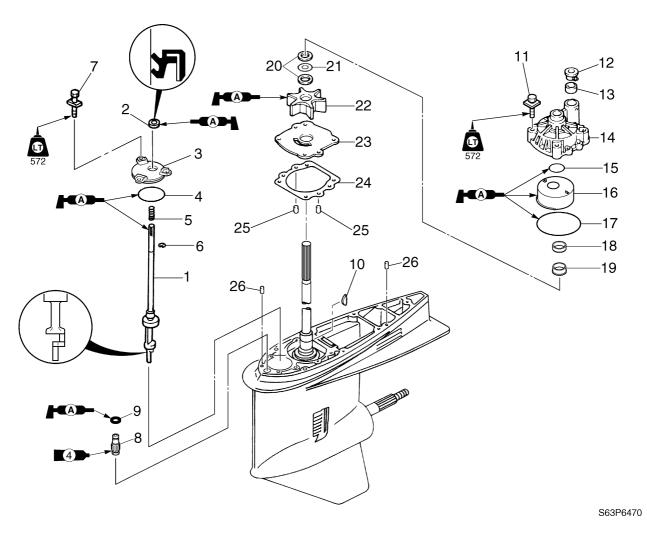
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Lower unit	1	
2	Check screw	1	
3	Gasket	2	Not reusable
4	Bolt	6	M10 × 45 mm
5	Drain screw	1	
6	Grommet	1	
7	Bolt	1	M10 × 44 mm
8	Bolt	1	$M10 \times 70$ mm / L-transom model (for Europe)
9	Spacer	1	
10	Propeller	1	
11	Washer	1	
12	Washer	1	
13	Cotter pin	1	Not reusable
14	Propeller nut	1	
15	Trim tab	1	
16	Dowel	2	X-transom model
17	Water pipe	1	X-transom model



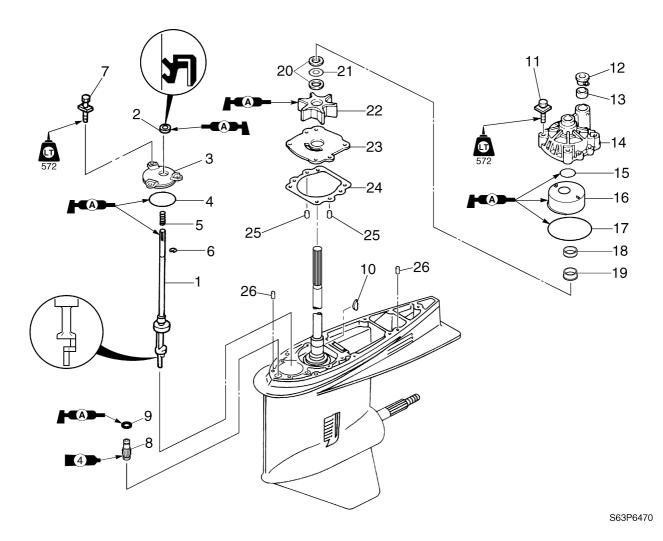
S63P6460

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Extension	1	X-transom model
19	Bolt	6	M10 × 45 mm / X-transom model
20	Bolt	1	M10 × 200 mm / X-transom model

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No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Shift rod	1	
2	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
3	Oil seal housing	1	
4	O-ring	1	Not reusable
5	Spring	1	
6	Circlip	1	
7	Bolt	3	M6 × 20 mm
8	Hose nipple	1	
9	O-ring	1	Not reusable
10	Woodruff key	1	
11	Bolt	4	M8 × 45 mm
12	Cover	1	
13	Seal	1	
14	Water pump housing	1	
15	O-ring	1	Not reusable
16	Insert cartridge	1	
17	O-ring	1	Not reusable



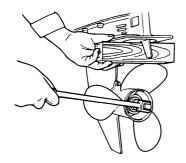
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Collar	1	
19	Spacer	1	
20	Washer	2	
21	Wave washer	1	
22	Impeller	1	
23	Outer plate cartridge	1	
24	Gasket	1	Not reusable
25	Dowel	2	
26	Dowel	2	

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6

Removing the lower unit

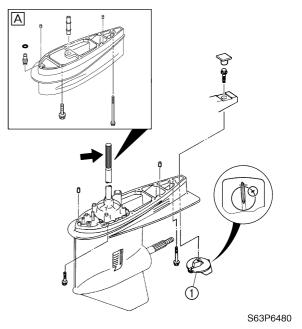
- 1. Drain the gear oil. For draining procedures, see Chapter 3, "Changing the gear oil."
- Set the gear shift to the neutral position, and place a block of wood between the anti-cavitation plate and propeller to keep the propeller from turning, and then remove the propeller nut and propeller.



S69J6545

WARNING

- Do not hold the propeller with your hands when loosening or tightening it.
- Be sure to disconnect the battery leads from the battery and the engine stop lanyard from the engine stop lanyard switch.
- Put a block of wood between the anticavitation plate and propeller to keep the propeller from turning.
- 3. Mark the trim tab ① at the area shown, and then remove it.
- 4. Loosen the bolts, and then remove the lower unit from the upper case.



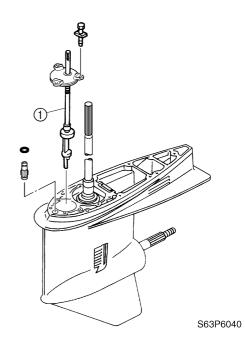
A X-transom model

NOTE: _

Check that there is no oil on the spline and check it for wear.

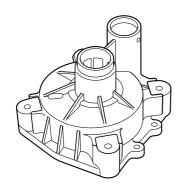
Removing the water pump and shift rod

1. Remove the water pump assembly and shift rod assembly ①.



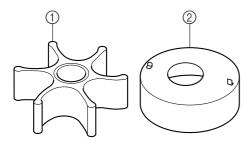
Checking the water pump and shift rod

1. Check the water pump housing for deformation. Replace if necessary.



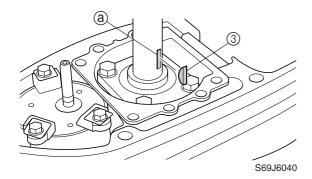
S69J6030

2. Check the impeller ① and insert cartridge ② for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.

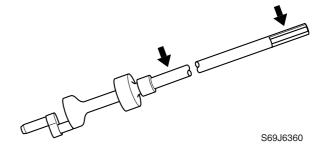


S63P6050

3. Check the Woodruff key ③ and the keyway ⓐ in the drive shaft for wear. Replace if necessary.

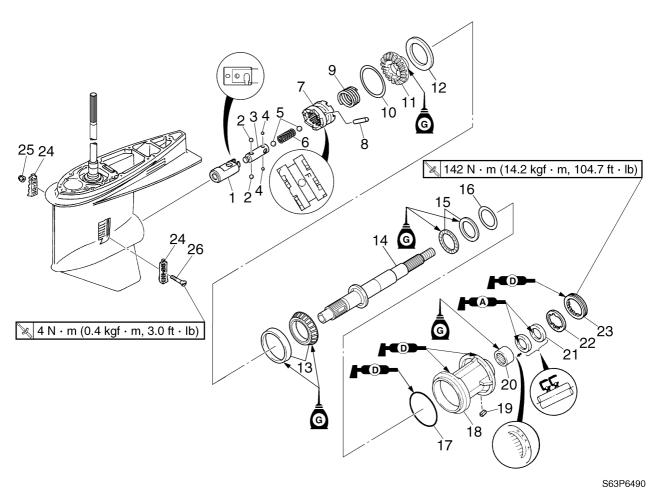


4. Check the shift rod for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.

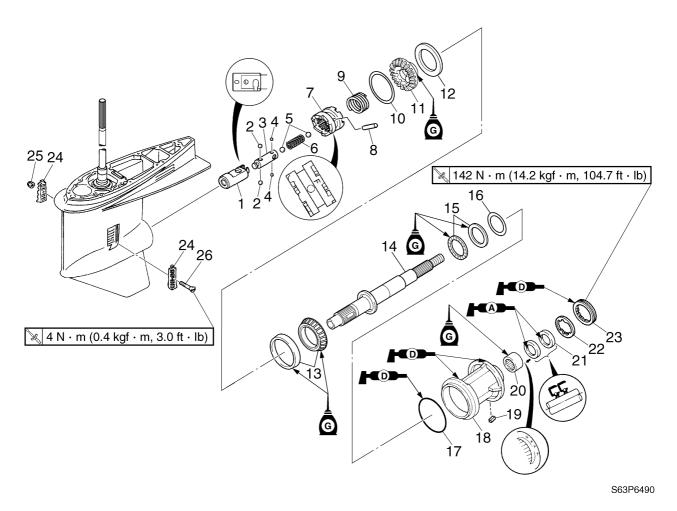


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Propeller shaft housing (counter rotation model)



No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Shift rod joint	1	
2	Ball	2	
3	Shift slider	1	
4	Ball	2	
5	Ball	2	
6	Spring	1	
7	Dog clutch	1	
8	Cross pin	1	
9	Spring	1	
10	Forward gear shim		
11	Forward gear	1	
12	Thrust washer	1	
13	Taper roller bearing assembly	1	Not reusable
14	Propeller shaft	1	
15	Thrust bearing	1	
16	Propeller shaft shim	_	
17	O-ring	1	Not reusable

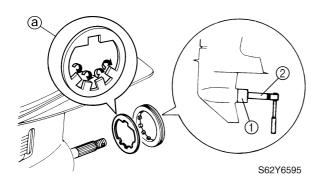


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Propeller shaft housing	1	
19	Straight key	1	
20	Needle bearing	1	
21	Oil seal	2	Not reusable
22	Claw washer	1	
23	Ring nut	1	
24	Cooling water inlet cover	2	
25	Nut	1	
26	Screw	1	

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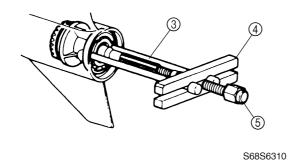
Removing the propeller shaft housing assembly

1. Straighten the claw washer tabs ⓐ, and then remove the ring nut and claw washer.





2. Pull out the propeller shaft housing assembly.



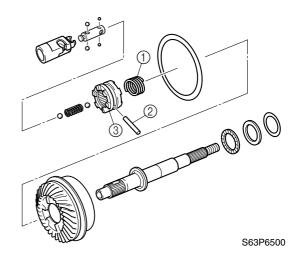


Bearing housing puller claw L ③: 90890-06502

Stopper guide plate 4: 90890-06501 Center bolt 5: 90890-06504

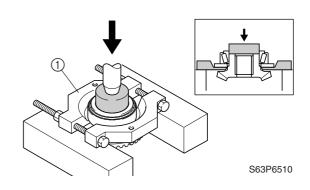
Disassembling the propeller shaft assembly

- Remove the spring ①, then the cross pin
 ②, dog clutch ③, shift slider, balls, spring, and shift rod joint.
- 2. Remove the forward gear assembly.



Disassembling the forward gear

1. Remove the bearing outer race, taper roller bearing, and thrust washer from the forward gear.

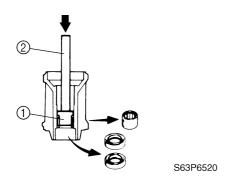




Bearing separator ①: 90890-06534

Disassembling the propeller shaft housing

1. Remove the oil seals and needle bearing.



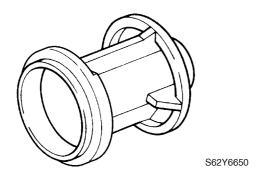


Needle bearing attachment ①: 90890-06653

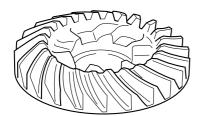
Driver rod L3 2: 90890-06652

Checking the propeller shaft housing

 Clean the propeller shaft housing using a soft brush and cleaning solvent, and then check it for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.



2. Check the teeth and dogs of the forward gear for cracks or wear. Replace the gear if necessary.



S62Y6640

3. Check the bearings for pitting or rumbling. Replace if necessary.



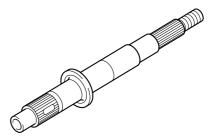




S69J6410

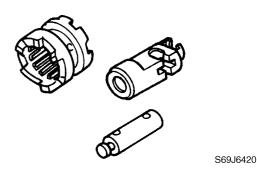
Checking the propeller shaft

1. Check the propeller shaft for bends or wear. Replace if necessary.



S69J6415

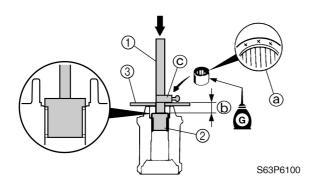
2. Check the dog clutch, shift rod joint, and shift slider for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.



Assembling the propeller shaft housing

1. Install the needle bearing into the propeller shaft housing to the specified depth.

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NOTE:

- Install the needle bearing with the manufacture identification mark (a) facing toward the oil seal (propeller side).
- When using the driver rod, do not strike the special service tool in a manner that will force the stopper © out of place.



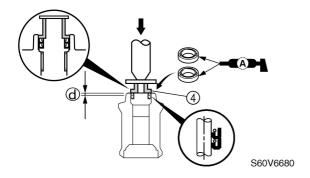
Driver rod SS ①: 90890-06604 Needle bearing attachment ②: 90890-06610 Bearing depth plate ③: 90890-06603



Depth (b):

24.75-25.25 mm (0.974-0.994 in)

2. Apply grease to new oil seals, and then install them into the propeller shaft housing to the specified depth.



NOTE:

Install an oil seal halfway into the propeller shaft housing, then the other oil seal.



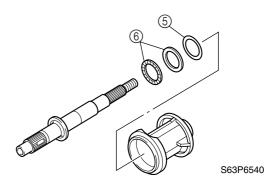
Bearing inner race attachment ④: 90890-06640



Depth @:

4.75-5.25 mm (0.187-0.207 in)

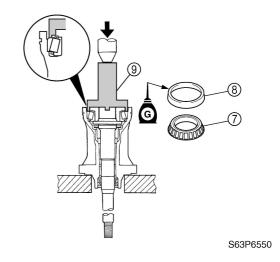
3. Install the original shim(s) ⑤ and thrust bearing ⑥ with the propeller shaft into the propeller shaft housing.



CAUTION:

Add or remove shim(s), if necessary, if replacing the propeller shaft, thrust bearing, or propeller shaft housing.

4. Install a new taper roller bearing ⑦ and the bearing outer race ⑧ into the propeller shaft housing using a press.

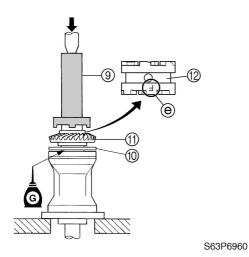




Ring nut wrench 9: 90890-06578



5. Install the thrust washer (10), forward gear (11), and dog clutch (12) using a press.



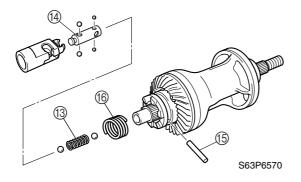
NOTE: _

Install the dog clutch ② with the "F" mark ⑤ facing toward the forward gear.



Ring nut wrench @: 90890-06578

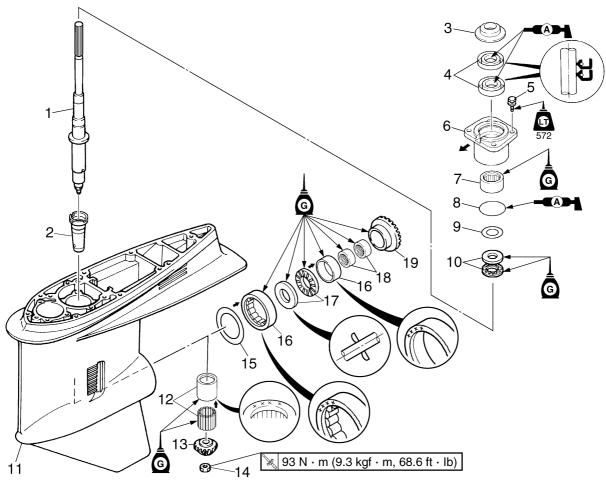
6. Install the spring ③, balls, and shift slider ④ into the propeller shaft, and then install the cross pin ⑤ and spring ⑥.



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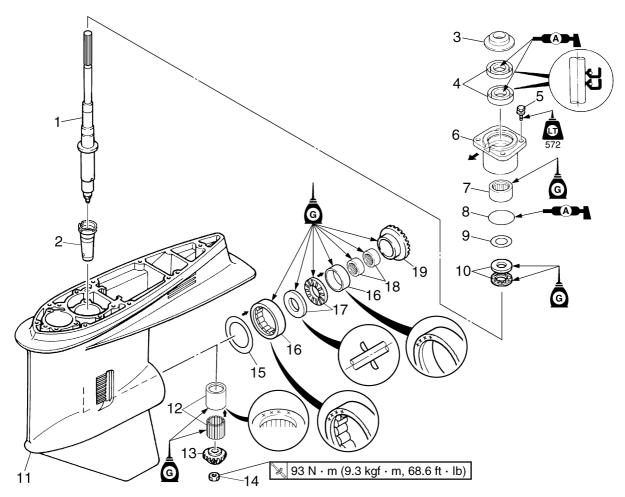
6

Drive shaft and lower case (counter rotation model)



S63P6580

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Drive shaft	1	
2	Sleeve	1	
3	Cover	1	
4	Oil seal	2	Not reusable
5	Bolt	4	M8 × 25 mm
6	Drive shaft housing	1	
7	Needle bearing	1	
8	O-ring	1	Not reusable
9	Pinion shim		
10	Thrust bearing	1	
11	Lower case	1	
12	Needle bearing	1	
13	Pinion	1	
14	Nut	1	
15	Reverse gear shim		
16	Roller bearing	1	
17	Thrust bearing	1	



S63P6580

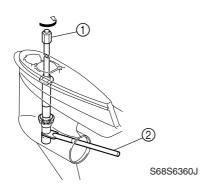
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Needle bearing	2	Not reusable
19	Reverse gear	1	

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6

Removing the drive shaft

1. Remove the drive shaft assembly and pinion, and then pull out the reverse gear and thrust bearing.

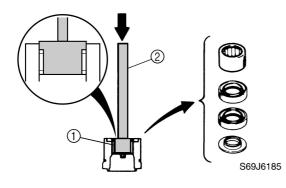


Drive shaft holder $6 \oplus : 90890-06520$

Pinion nut holder ②: New: 90890-06715 Current: 90890-06505

Disassembling the drive shaft housing

1. Remove the cover, oil seals, and needle bearing.



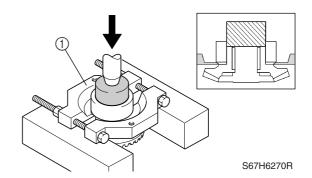


Needle bearing attachment ①: 90890-06610

Driver rod L3 2: 90890-06652

Disassembling the reverse gear

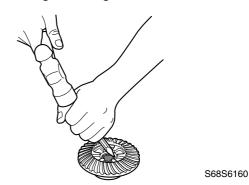
1. Remove the roller bearing inner race from the reverse gear using a press.





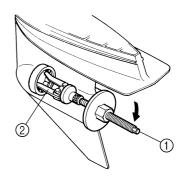
Bearing separator ①: 90890-06534

2. Remove the needle bearings from the reverse gear using a chisel.



Disassembling the lower case

1. Remove the roller bearing and shim(s).



S63P6610

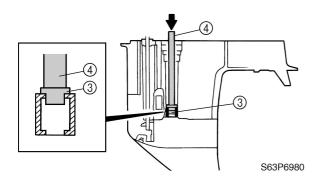


Bearing outer race puller assembly ①: 90890-06523

Outer race puller claw B ②: 90890-06533



2. Remove the needle bearing from the lower case.



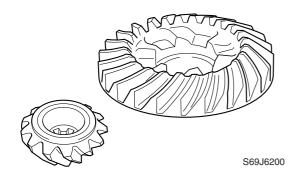


Ball bearing attachment ③: 90890-06636

Driver rod LL 4: 90890-06605

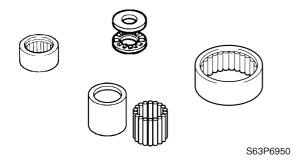
Checking the pinion and reverse gear

 Check the teeth of the pinion, and the teeth and dogs of the reverse gear for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.



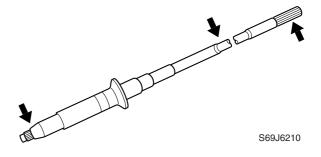
Checking the bearings

1. Check the bearings for pitting or rumbling. Replace if necessary.



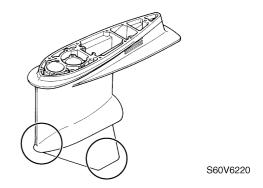
Checking the drive shaft

1. Check the drive shaft for bends or wear. Replace if necessary.



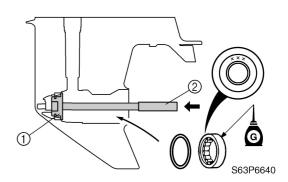
Checking the lower case

 Check the skeg and torpedo for cracks or damage. Replace the lower case if necessary.



Assembling the lower case

1. Install the original shim(s) and roller bearing into the lower case.



CAUTION:

Add or remove shim(s), if necessary, if replacing the reverse gear roller bearing or lower case.

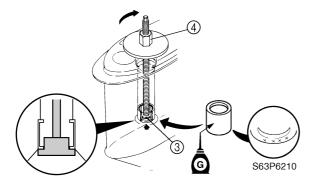


Ball bearing attachment ①: 90890-06629

Driver rod LL 2: 90890-06605

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2. Install the needle bearing outer case into the lower case.



NOTE:

Apply gear oil to the needle bearing outer case before installation.



Ball bearing attachment $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{3}}$:

90890-06633

Bearing outer race puller assembly (4):

90890-06523

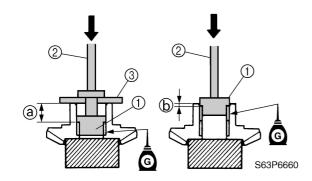
3. Install the needle bearing into the needle bearing outer case.

NOTE: _

Apply gear oil or grease to the needle bearing before installation.

Assembling the reverse gear

1. Install new needle bearings into the reverse gear to the specified depth.





Needle bearing attachment ①:

90890-06612

Driver rod SS 2: 90890-06604

Bearing depth plate ③: 90890-06603

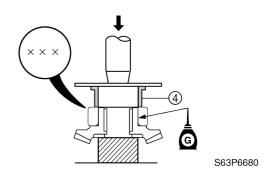


Depth @:

20.95–21.45 mm (0.825–0.844 in) Depth (b):

4.45–4.95 mm (0.175–0.195 in)

2. Install the roller bearing inner race into the reverse gear using a press.

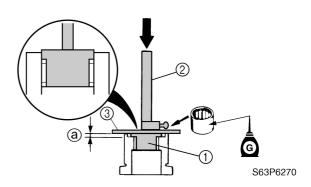




Bearing inner race attachment 4: 90890-06660

Assembling the drive shaft housing

1. Install the needle bearing into the drive shaft housing to the specified depth.





Needle bearing attachment ①: 90890-06610

Driver rod SS ②: 90890-06604 Bearing depth plate ③: 90890-06603

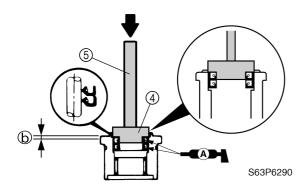


Depth (a):

5.75-6.25 mm (0.226-0.246 in)



2. Apply grease to new oil seals, and then install them into the drive shaft housing to the specified depth.



NOTE:

Install an oil seal halfway into the drive shaft housing, then the other oil seal.



Ball bearing attachment 4:

90890-06633

Driver rod LS ⑤: 90890-06606

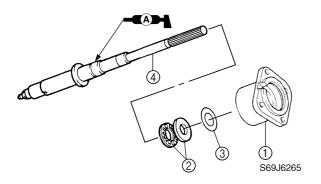


Depth (b):

0.25-0.75 mm (0.01-0.03 in)

Installing the drive shaft

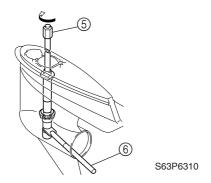
- 1. Install the reverse gear into the lower case.
- 2. Install the drive shaft housing ①, thrust bearing ②, and original shim(s) ③ onto the drive shaft ④.



CAUTION:

Add or remove shim(s), if necessary, if replacing the drive shaft housing or drive shaft.

3. Install the sleeve, drive shaft, and drive shaft housing into the lower case, then the pinion and pinion nut, and then tighten the nut to the specified torque.



NOTE:

Install the drive shaft by lifting it up slightly, then aligning it with the pinion and the spline of the drive shaft.



Drive shaft holder 6 ⑤: 90890-06520

Pinion nut holder 6: New: 90890-06715 Current: 90890-06505

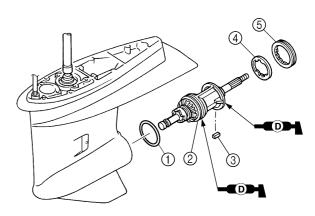


Pinion nut:

93 N·m (9.3 kgf·m, 68.6 ft·lb)

Installing the propeller shaft housing

1. Install the original shim(s) ① and propeller shaft housing assembly ② into the lower case, and then install the straight key ③, claw washer ④, and ring nut ⑤.



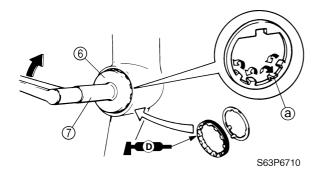
S63P6690

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CAUTION:

Add or remove shim(s), if necessary, if replacing the forward gear, taper roller bearing, propeller shaft housing, thrust washer, or lower case.

2. Tighten the ring nut to the specified torque.



NOTE: _

- To secure the ring nut, bend one tab (a) of the claw washer into a slot in the ring nut.
- Bend all other tabs toward the propeller shaft housing assembly.



Ring nut wrench 4 (a): 90890-06512 Ring nut wrench extension (7): 90890-06513

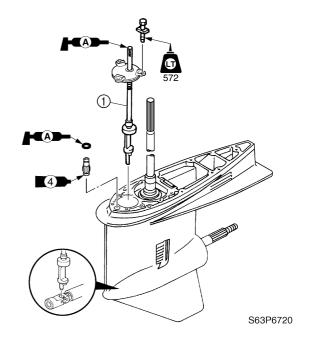


Ring nut ⑤:

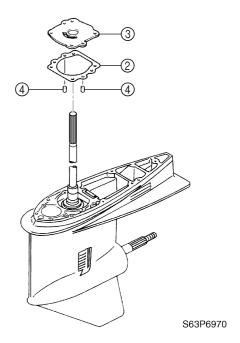
142 N·m (14.2 kgf·m, 104.7 ft·lb)

Installing the water pump and shift rod

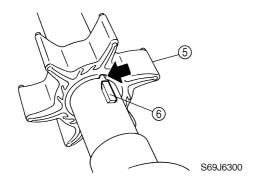
1. Install the shift rod assembly ①.



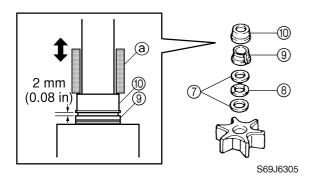
2. Install a new gasket ②, the outer plate cartridge ③, and dowels ④.



- 3. Install the Woodruff key into the drive shaft.
- 4. Align the groove in the impeller ⑤ with the Woodruff key ⑥, and then install the impeller onto the drive shaft.

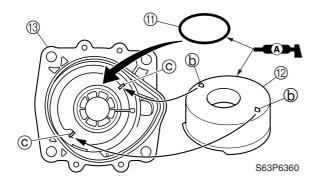


5. Install the washers ⑦, wave washer ⑧, spacer ⑨, and collar ⑩ onto the drive shaft.



NOTE: _

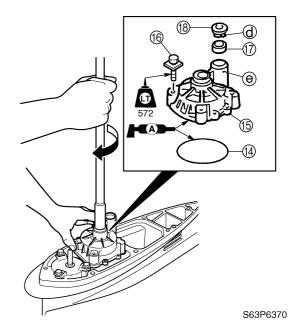
- The collar and spacer should fit together firmly.
- While pulling the drive shaft up, install the collar with an appropriate tool (a) that fits over the drive shaft as shown.
- 6. Install the new O-ring ① and insert cartridge ② into the pump housing ③.



NOTE:

Align the insert cartridge projections (b) with the holes (c) in the pump housing.

7. Install the new O-ring (4) and pump housing assembly (5) into the lower case, tighten the bolts (6), and then install the seal (7) and cover (8).



NOTE: _

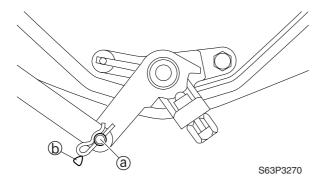
- When installing the pump housing, apply grease to the inside of the housing, and then turn the drive shaft clockwise while pushing down the pump housing.

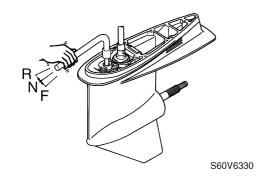
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6

Installing the lower unit

- 1. Set the gear shift to the neutral position at the lower unit.
- 2. Align the center of the set pin ⓐ with the mark ⓑ on the bottom cowling.

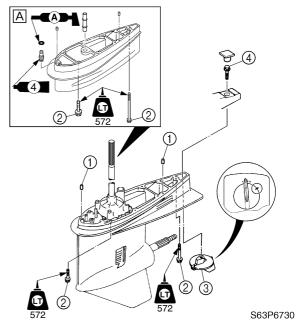






Shift rod push arm: 90890-06052

- 3. Install the two dowels ① into the lower unit.
- 4. Install the lower unit into the upper case, and then tighten the lower case mounting bolts ② to the specified torque.
- 5. Install the trim tab ③ to its original position, and then tighten the bolt ④ to the specified torque.



A X-transom model



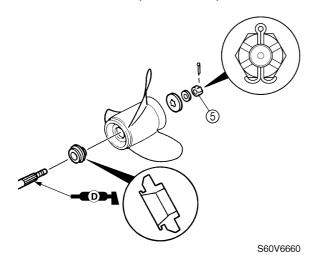
Lower case mounting bolt ②: 47 N·m (4.7 kgf·m, 34.7 ft·lb) Trim tab bolt ④: 42 N·m (4.2 kgf·m, 31.0 ft·lb)

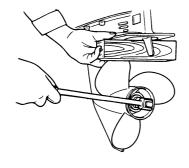


6. Install the propeller and propeller nut, and then tighten the nut finger tight. Place a block of wood between the anticavitation plate and propeller to keep the propeller from turning, and then tighten the nut to the specified torque.



Propeller nut ⑤: 52 N·m (5.2 kgf·m, 38.4 ft·lb)





S69J6540

▲ WARNING

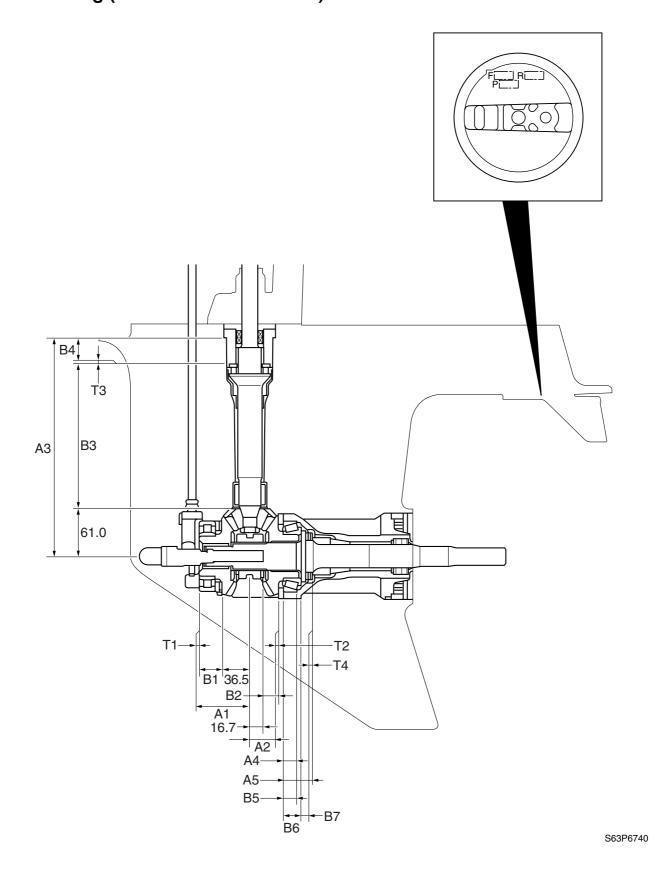
- Do not hold the propeller with your hands when loosening or tightening it.
- Be sure to disconnect the battery leads from the battery and the engine stop lanyard from the engine stop lanyard switch.
- Put a block of wood between the anticavitation plate and propeller to keep the propeller from turning.

NOTE: _

If the grooves in the propeller nut ⑤ do not align with the cotter pin hole, tighten the nut until they are aligned.

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Shimming (counter rotation model)



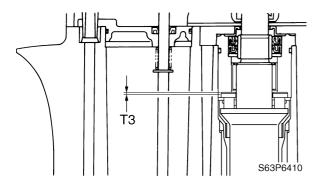
Shimming

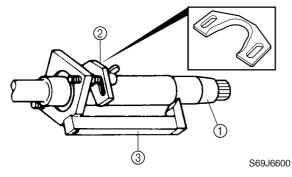
NOTE: _

- Shimming is not required when assembling the original lower case and inner parts.
- Shimming is required when assembling the original inner parts and a new lower case.
- Shimming is required when replacing the inner part(s).

Selecting the pinion shims

 Install the special service tools onto the drive shaft (1).





NOTE.

- Select the shim thickness (T3) by using the specified measurement(s) and the calculation formula.
- Install the special service tool onto the drive shaft so that the shaft is at the center of the hole.
- Tighten the wing nuts another 1/4 of a turn after they contact the fixing plate ②.



Pinion height gauge ③: 90890-06710

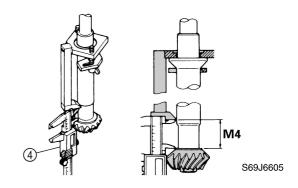
2. Install the pinion and pinion nut, and then tighten the nut to the specified torque.



Pinion nut:

93 N·m (9.3 kgf·m, 68.6 ft·lb)

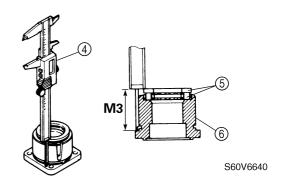
3. Measure the distance (M4) between the special service tool and the pinion as shown.





Digital caliper 4: 90890-06704

4. Turn the thrust bearing ⑤ two or three times to seat the drive shaft housing ⑥, and then measure the housing height (M3) as shown.

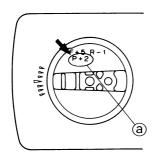


NOTF.

Measure the thrust bearing at three points to find the height average.

5. Calculate the pinion shim thickness (T3) as shown in the examples below.

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S69J6555

NOTE: _

"P" is the deviation of the lower case dimension from standard. The "P" mark ⓐ is stamped on the trim tab mounting surface of the lower case in 0.01 mm units. If the "P" mark is unreadable, assume that "P" is zero and check the backlash when the unit is assembled.

Calculation formula:

Pinion shim thickness (T3) = 80.00 + P/100 - M3 - M4

Example:

If "M3" is 46.68 mm and "M4" is 32.49 mm and "P" is (-5), then

T3 = 80.00 + (-5)/100 - 46.68 - 32.49 mm= 80.00 - 0.05 - 46.68 - 32.49 mm

= 0.78 mm

6. Select the pinion shim(s) (T3) as follows.

Calculated numeral at 1/100 place	Rounded numeral
1, 2	0
3, 4, 5	2
6, 7, 8	5
9, 10	8

Available shim thicknesses:

0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and 0.50 mm

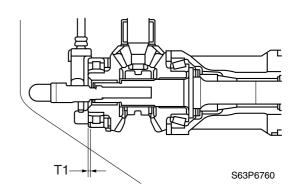
Example:

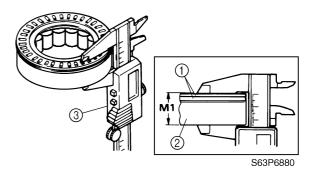
If "T3" is 0.53 mm, then the pinion shim is 0.52 mm.

If "T3" is 0.78 mm, then the pinion shim is 0.75 mm.

Selecting the reverse gear shims

 Turn the thrust bearing ① two or three times to seat the roller bearing ②, and then measure the bearing height (M1) as shown.



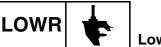


NOTE: _

- Select the shim thickness (T1) by using the specified measurement(s) and the calculation formula.
- Measure the roller bearing at three points to find the height average.

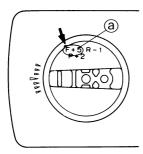


Digital caliper ③: 90890-06704



Lower unit

2. Calculate the reverse gear shim thickness (T1) as shown in the examples below.



S69J6570

NOTE: _

"F" is the deviation of the lower case dimension from standard. The "F" mark ⓐ is stamped on the trim tab mounting surface of the lower case in 0.01 mm units. If the "F" mark is unreadable, assume that "F" is zero and check the backlash when the unit is assembled.

Calculation formula:

Reverse gear shim thickness (T1) = 29.10 + F/100 - M1

Example:

If "M1" is 28.25 mm and "F" is (+5), then

T1 = 29.10 + (+5)/100 - 28.25 mm

- = 29.10 + 0.05 28.25 mm
- = 0.90 mm
- 3. Select the reverse gear shim(s) (T1) as follows.

Calculated numeral at 1/100 place	Rounded numeral
1, 2	0
3, 4, 5	2
6, 7, 8	5
9, 10	8

Available shim thicknesses:

0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and 0.50 mm

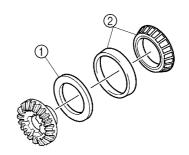
Example:

If "T1" is 0.90 mm, then the reverse gear shim is 0.88 mm.

If "T1" is 1.15 mm, then the reverse gear shim is 1.12 mm.

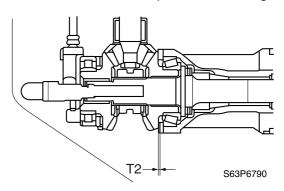
Selecting the forward gear shims

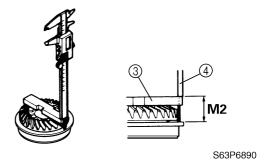
1. Install the thrust washer ① and taper roller bearing ② onto the forward gear.



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2. Measure the gear height (M2) from the thrust washer on the taper roller bearing.





NOTE:

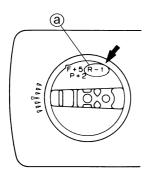
- Select the shim thickness (T2) by using the specified measurement(s) and the calculation formula.
- Measure the forward gear at three points to find the height average.

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Shimming plate ③: 90890-06701 Digital caliper ④: 90890-06704

 Calculate the forward gear shim thickness (T2) as shown in the examples below.



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NOTE:

"R" is the deviation of the lower case dimension from standard. The "R" mark ⓐ is stamped on the trim tab mounting surface of the lower case in 0.01 mm units. If the "R" mark is unreadable, assume that "R" is zero and check the backlash when the unit is assembled.

Calculation formula:

Forward gear shim thickness (T2) = M2 - 29.50 - R/100

Example:

If "M2" is 29.84 mm and "R" is (+1), then

T2 = 29.84 - 29.50 - (+1)/100 mm

= 29.84 - 29.50 - 0.01 mm

= 0.33 mm

4. Select the forward gear shim(s) (T2) as follows.

Calculated numeral at 1/100 place	Rounded numeral
1, 2	2
3, 4, 5	5
6, 7, 8	8
9, 10	10

Available shim thicknesses:

0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and 0.50 mm

Example:

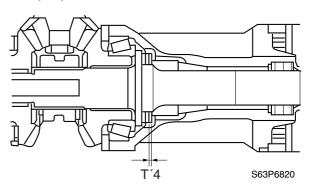
If "T2" is 0.33 mm, then the forward gear shim is 0.35 mm.

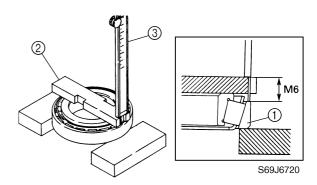
If "T2" is 0.79 mm, then the forward gear shim is 0.80 mm.

Selecting the propeller shaft shims

Turn the taper roller bearing outer race

 two or three times to seat the rollers,
 and then measure the bearing height
 (M6) as shown.





NOTE:

- Select the shim thickness (T'4) by using the specified measurement(s) and the calculation formula.
- Measure the taper roller bearing at three points to find the height average.

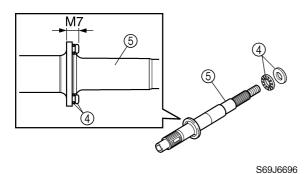


Shimming plate ②: 90890-06701 Digital caliper ③: 90890-06704

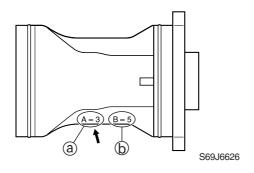


Lower unit

2. Install the thrust bearing ④ onto the propeller shaft ⑤, and then measure the propeller shaft flange and thrust bearing thickness (M7) as shown.



3. Calculate the propeller shaft shim thickness (T4) as shown in the examples below.



NOTE:

"A" and "B" are the deviation of the propeller shaft housing dimension from standard. The "A" mark (a) and "B" mark (b) are stamped on the propeller shaft housing in 0.01 mm units. If the "A" mark or "B" mark is unreadable, assume that "A" and "B" are zero and check the free play when the unit is assembled.

Calculation formula 1:

Propeller shaft shim thickness (T4) = 29.30 - A/100 + B/100 - M6 - M7

Example:

If "M6" is 15.70 mm and "M7" is 12.55 mm and "A" is (+6) and "B" is (-5), then

T4 = 29.30 - (+6)/100 + (-5)/100 - 15.70 - 12.55 mm= 29.30 - 0.06 - 0.05 - 15.70 - 12.55 mm= 0.94 mm

4. Round the numerals for the propeller shaft shim(s) (T4) as follows.

Calculated numeral at 1/100 place	Rounded numeral
1, 2	0
3, 4, 5	2
6, 7, 8	5
9, 10	8

Example:

If "T4" is 0.94 mm, then the propeller shaft shim is 0.92 mm.

If "T4" is 1.00 mm, then the propeller shaft shim is 0.98 mm.

5. Calculate and select the propeller shaft shim thickness (T'4) as shown in the examples below.

Calculation formula 2: Propeller shaft shim thickness (T'4) = T4 - 0.30

Example:

If "T4" is 0.92 mm, then T'4 = 0.92 - 0.30 mm

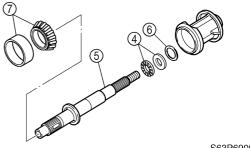
= 0.62 mm

- 0.02 111111

Available shim thicknesses:

0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and 0.50 mm

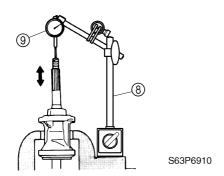
- 6. If the "A" mark or "B" mark is unreadable, measure the propeller shaft free play as shown.
- 7. Install the shim(s) (a), thrust bearing (a), propeller shaft (b), and taper roller bearing (7) into the propeller shaft housing.



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8. Measure the propeller shaft free play. Repeat steps 1–7 if out of specification.





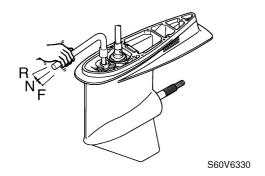
Propeller shaft free play: 0.25–0.35 mm (0.0098–0.0138 in)



Magnet base B ®: 90890-06844 Dial gauge set 9: 90890-01252

Backlash (counter rotation model) Measuring the forward and reverse gear backlash

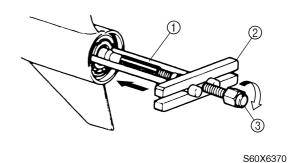
- 1. Remove the water pump assembly.
- 2. Set the gear shift to the neutral position at the lower unit.





Shift rod push arm: 90890-06052

3. Install the special service tools so that it pushes against the propeller shaft.



NOTE: _

Tighten the center bolt while turning the drive shaft until the drive shaft can no longer be turned.

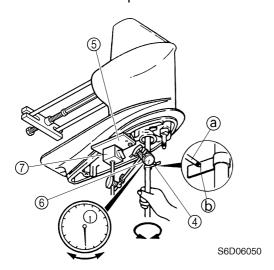


Bearing housing puller claw L ①: 90890-06502

Stopper guide plate ②: 90890-06501 Center bolt ③: 90890-06504

 Install the backlash indicator onto the drive shaft (22.4 mm [0.88 in] in diameter), then the dial gauge onto the lower unit.

5. Set the lower unit upside down.



NOTE:

Install the dial gauge so that the plunger ⓐ contacts the mark ⓑ on the backlash indicator.



Backlash indicator 4: 90890-06706 Magnet base plate 5: 90890-07003 Dial gauge set 6: 90890-01252 Magnet base B 7: 90890-06844

6. Slowly turn the drive shaft clockwise and counterclockwise and measure the backlash when the drive shaft stops in each direction.



Forward gear backlash:

0.14-0.42 mm (0.0055-0.0165 in)

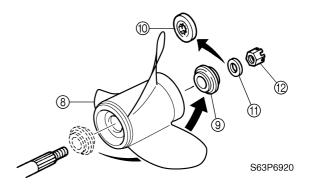
7. Add or remove shim(s) if out of specification.

Forward gear backlash	Shim thickness
Less than 0.14 mm (0.0055 in)	To be increased by $(0.28 - M) \times 0.67$
More than 0.42 mm (0.0165 in)	To be decreased by $(M - 0.28) \times 0.67$

M: Measurement

Available shim thicknesses: 0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and 0.50 mm

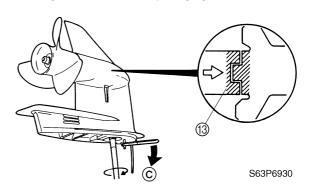
- 8. Remove the special service tools from the propeller shaft.
- 9. Install the propeller (a), the spacer (b) (without the washer (b)), then the washer (c) as shown.



NOTE:

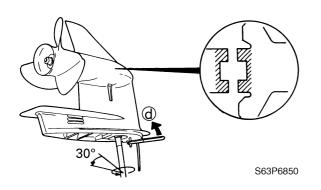
Tighten the propeller nut ② while turning the propeller until the propeller can no longer be turned.

- 10. Turn the shift rod to the reverse position© with the shift rod push arm.
- 11. Turn the drive shaft clockwise until the dog clutch (3) is fully engaged.

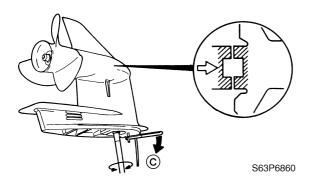


- 12. Turn the shift rod to the neutral position ⓐ with the shift rod push arm.
- 13. Turn the drive shaft counterclockwise approximately 30°.

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- 14. Turn the shift rod to the reverse position© with the shift rod push arm.
- 15. Slowly turn the drive shaft clockwise and counterclockwise and measure the backlash when the drive shaft stops in each direction.



NOTE: _

When measuring the reverse gear backlash, turn the shift rod push arm towards the reverse position © with force.



Reverse gear backlash:

0.23-0.58 mm (0.0090-0.0228 in)

16. Add or remove shim(s) if out of specification.

Reverse gear backlash	Shim thickness
Less than 0.23 mm (0.0090 in)	To be decreased by $(0.41 - M) \times 0.67$
More than 0.58 mm (0.0228 in)	To be increased by $(M - 0.41) \times 0.67$

M: Measurement

Available shim thicknesses: 0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and 0.50 mm

17. Remove the special service tools, and then install the water pump assembly.

— МЕМО —

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Bracket unit

Special service tools	7-1
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Checking the fuse	
Checking the power trim and tilt relay	
Checking the power trim and tilt switch	
Checking the trim sensor	

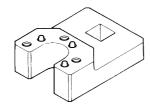
Special service tools



Up relief fitting 90890-06773 Down relief fitting 90890-06774



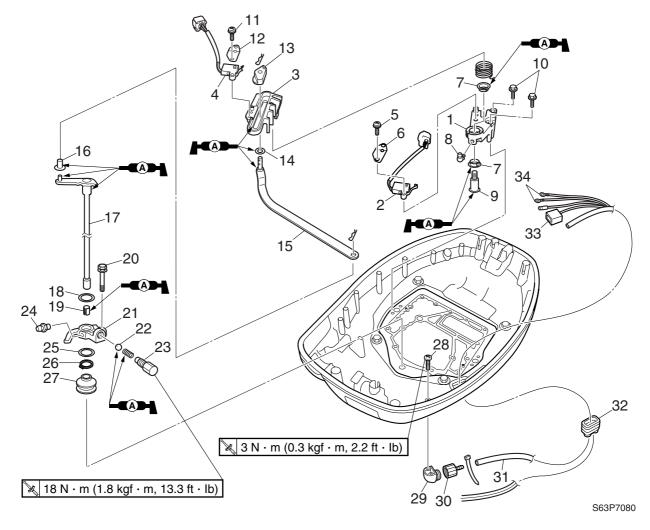
Hydraulic pressure gauge 90890-06776



Trim and tilt wrench New: 90890-06587 Current: 90890-06548

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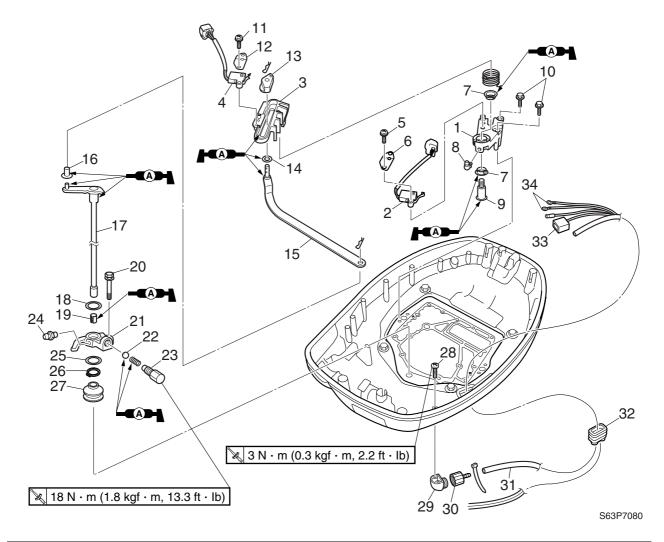
Bottom cowling



No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bracket	1	
2	Shift cut switch	1	
3	Bracket	1	
4	Neutral switch	1	
5	Screw	2	ø4 × 16 mm
6	Plate	1	
7	Bushing	2	
8	Grease nipple	1	
9	Bolt	1	
10	Bolt	2	M6 × 50 mm
11	Screw	2	ø4 × 16 mm
12	Plate	1	
13	Bushing	1	
14	Washer	1	
15	Shift lever	1	
16	Bushing	1	
17	Shift rod	1	

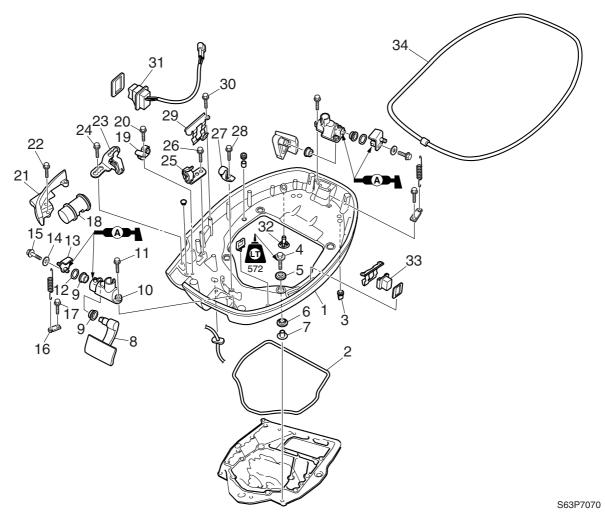
63P3F11 7-2





No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Spacer	1	
19	Bushing	1	
20	Bolt	1	M6 × 35 mm
21	Bracket	1	
22	Ball	1	
23	Bolt	1	
24	Grease nipple	1	
25	Spacer	1	
26	Circlip	1	
27	Grommet	1	
28	Screw	2	ø6 × 20 mm
29	Adapter	1	
30	Hose joint	1	
31	Flushing hose	1	
32	Grommet	1	
33	Trim sensor coupler	1	
34	PTT motor lead	1	

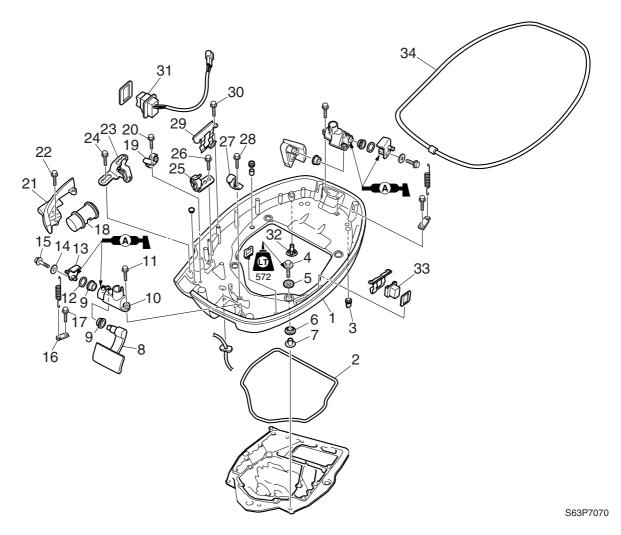
7-3 63P3F11



No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bottom cowling	1	
2	Rubber seal	1	
3	Grommet	2	
4	Bolt	4	M8 × 35 mm
5	Grommet	4	
6	Grommet	4	
7	Collar	4	
8	Cowling lock lever	2	
9	Bushing	4	
10	Plate	2	
11	Bolt	4	M6 × 30 mm
12	Wave washer	2	
13	Lever	2	
14	Washer	2	
15	Bolt	2	M6 × 20 mm
16	Stay	2	
17	Bolt	2	M6 × 20 mm

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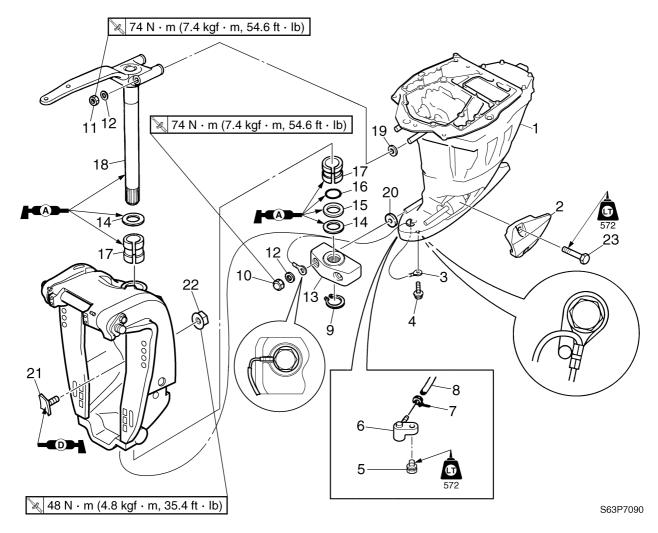




No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Grommet	1	
19	Holder	1	
20	Bolt	1	M6 × 20 mm
21	Retaining plate	1	
22	Bolt	2	M6 × 30 mm
23	Cable holder	1	
24	Bolt	2	M6 × 20 mm
25	Cable holder	1	
26	Bolt	1	M6 × 20 mm
27	Cable holder	1	
28	Bolt	1	M6 × 20 mm
29	Bracket	2	
30	Bolt	4	M6 × 20 mm
31	Power trim and tilt switch	1	
32	Water outlet	1	
33	Cover	1	
34	Rubber trim	1	

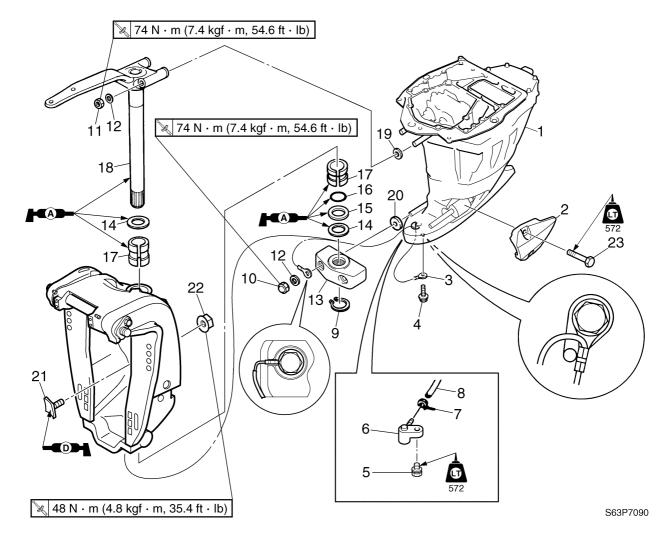
7-5 63P3F11

Upper case, steering arm, swivel bracket and clamp brackets



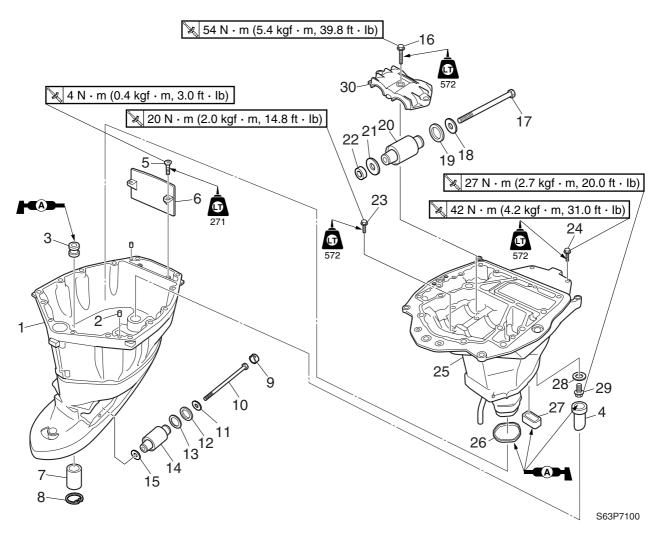
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Upper case assembly	1	
2	Cover	2	
3	Ground lead	1	
4	Bolt	1	M6 × 10 mm
5	Bolt	1	M6 × 17 mm
6	Adapter	1	
7	Plastic tie	1	Not reusable
8	Hose	1	
9	Circlip	1	
10	Nut	2	
11	Nut	2	
12	Washer	4	
13	Steering yoke	1	
14	Washer	2	
15	Bushing	1	
16	O-ring	2	Not reusable
17	Bushing	2	

63P3F11 7-6



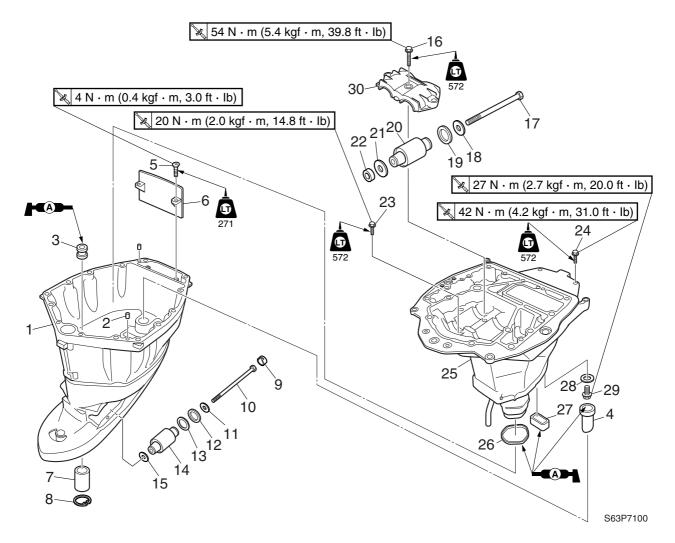
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Steering arm	1	
19	Washer	2	
20	Washer	2	
21	Trim stopper	2	
22	Nut	2	
23	Bolt	4	

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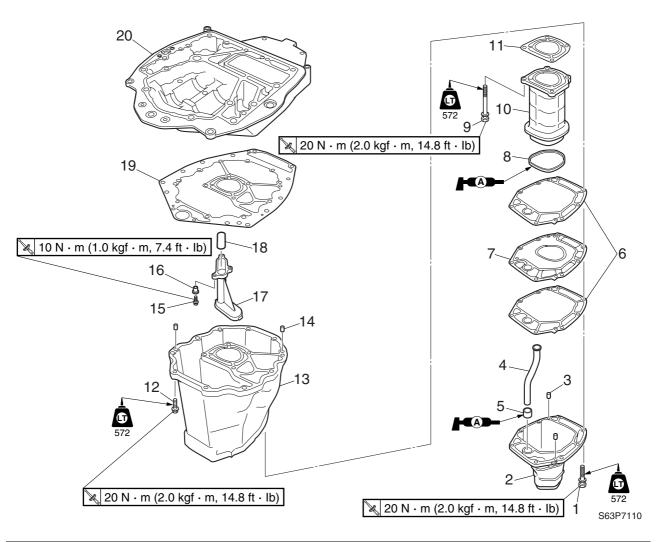
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Upper case	1	
2	Dowel	2	
3	Grommet	1	
4	Damper	1	
5	Screw	2	ø5 × 15 mm
6	Baffle plate	1	
7	Drive shaft bushing	1	
8	Circlip	1	
9	Cap	2	
10	Bolt	2	M14 × 225 mm
11	Washer	2	
12	Washer	2	
13	Washer	2	
14	Lower mount	2	
15	Washer	2	
16	Bolt	3	M10 × 45 mm
17	Bolt	2	M14 × 205 mm



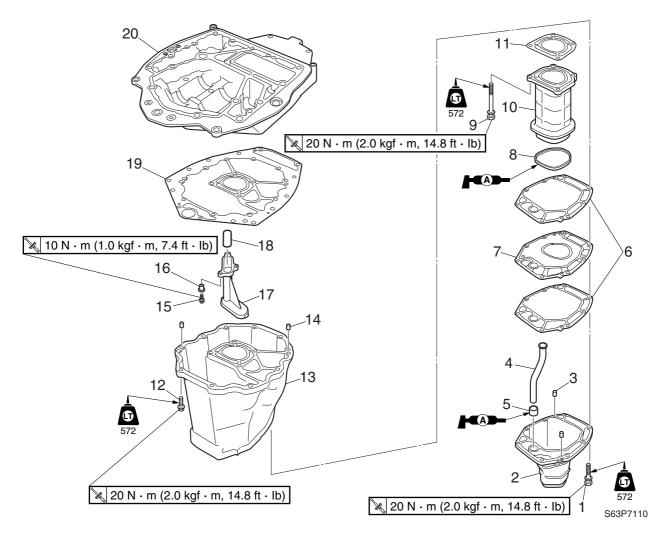


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Washer	2	
19	Washer	2	
20	Upper mount	2	
21	Washer	2	
22	Collar	2	
23	Bolt	2	M8 × 30 mm
24	Bolt	4	M10 × 45 mm
25	Muffler assembly	1	
26	Gasket	1	Not reusable
27	Rubber seal	1	
28	Washer	1	
29	Drain bolt	1	M14 × 12 mm
30	Bracket	1	

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No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bolt	8	M8 × 35 mm
2	Muffler	1	
3	Dowel	2	
4	Pipe	1	
5	Rubber seal	1	
6	Gasket	2	Not reusable
7	Plate	1	
8	Gasket	1	Not reusable
9	Bolt	4	M8 × 60 mm
10	Exhaust manifold	1	
11	Gasket	1	Not reusable
12	Bolt	10	M8 × 35 mm
13	Oil pan	1	
14	Dowel	2	
15	Bolt	3	M6 × 25 mm
16	Collar	3	
17	Oil strainer	1	

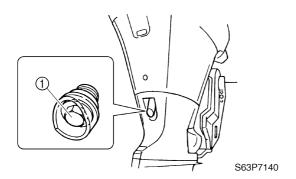


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Gasket	1	Not reusable
19	Gasket	1	Not reusable
20	Exhaust guide	1	

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Draining the engine oil

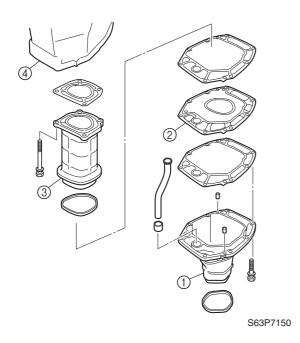
1. Place a drain pan under the drain hole, and then remove the drain bolt ① and let the oil drain completely.



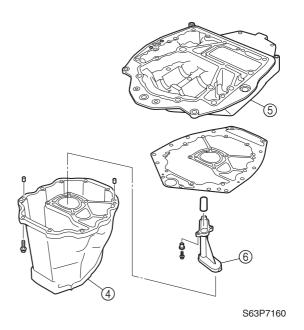
- 2. Remove the upper and lower mounting nut, and then remove the upper case.
- 3. Remove the muffler assembly from the upper case.

Disassembling the oil pan

1. Remove the muffler ①, plate ②, and exhaust manifold ③ from the oil pan ④.



- 2. Remove the oil pan ④ from the exhaust guide ⑤.
- 3. Remove the oil strainer 6 from the exhaust guide 5.

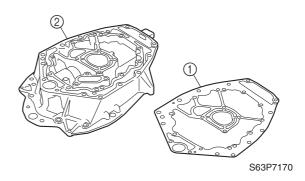


Checking the oil strainer

1. Check the oil strainer for dirt and residue. Clean if necessary.

Assembling the oil pan

1. Install the new gasket ① onto the exhaust guide ②.



2. Install the oil strainer ③ and bolts, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torque.



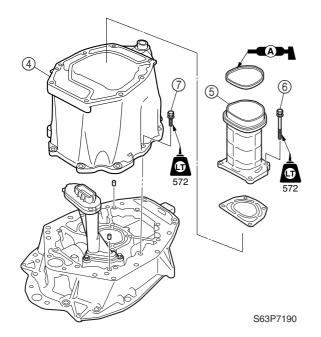




Oil strainer bolt:

10 N·m (1.0 kgf·m, 7.4 ft·lb)

- 3. Install the oil pan ④, and then tighten the bolts finger tight.
- 4. Install the exhaust manifold ⑤ and bolts, and then tighten the bolts finger tight.
- 5. Tighten the exhaust manifold bolts (6), then the oil pan bolts (7), and then tighten them to the specified torques.





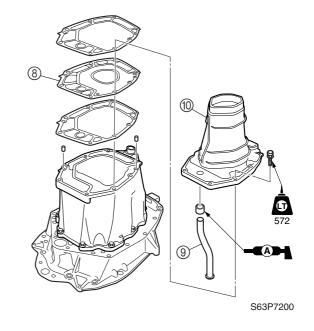
Exhaust manifold bolt 6:

20 N·m (2.0 kgf·m, 14.8 ft·lb)

Oil pan bolt ⑦:

20 N·m (2.0 kgf·m, 14.8 ft·lb)

- 6. Install the plate ®.
- 7. Install the cooling water pipe (9) into the muffler (10).
- 8. Install the muffler (ii) and bolts into the oil pan, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torque.

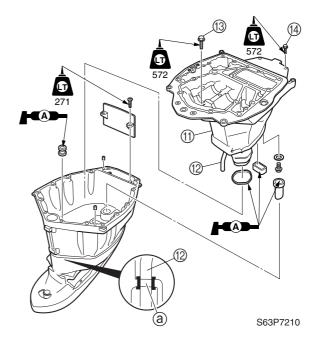




Muffler bolt:

20 N·m (2.0 kgf·m, 14.8 ft·lb)

- 9. Install the muffler assembly ① by inserting the tip of the cooling water pipe ② into the joint hole ② of the upper case.
- 10. Install muffler assembly bolts (3) and (4), and then tighten them to the specified torques.

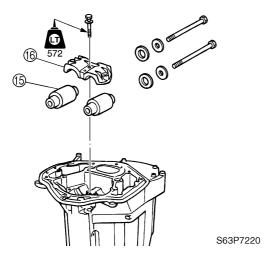


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Muffler assembly bolt ③: 20 N·m (2.0 kgf·m, 14.8 ft·lb) Muffler assembly bolt ④: 42 N·m (4.2 kgf·m, 31.0 ft·lb)

- 11. Install the upper mounts (5) and bolts into the upper case.
- 12. Install the bracket (6) and bolts, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torque.

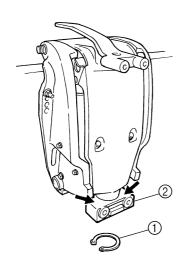




Upper mount bracket bolt: 54 N·m (5.4 kgf·m, 39.8 ft·lb)

Removing the steering arm

- 1. Remove the circlip ①.
- 2. Remove the steering yoke ② by striking it with a plastic hammer.

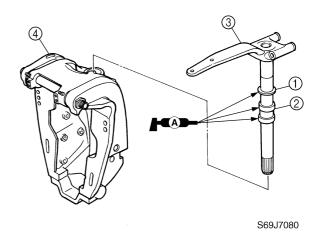


S69J7075

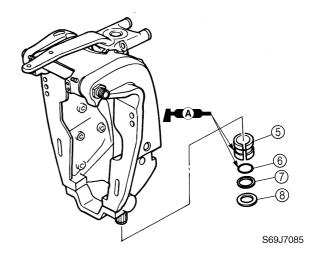
3. Remove the steering arm from the swivel bracket by pulling the arm off the bracket.

Installing the steering arm

- 1. Install the washer ① and bushing ② onto the steering arm ③.
- 2. Place the swivel bracket ④ in an upright position, and then install the steering arm onto the swivel bracket.



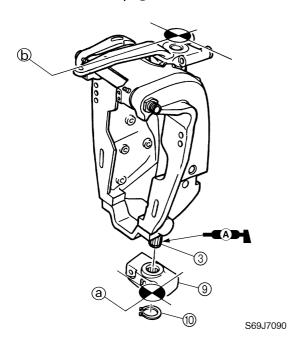
3. Install the bushing ⑤, new O-ring ⑥, bushing ⑦, and washer ⑧ onto the swivel bracket.



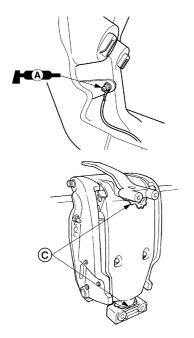




- 4. Install the steering yoke (9) to the steering arm (3) by aligning the center (a) of the yoke with the center (b) of the steering arm.
- 5. Install the circlip 10.

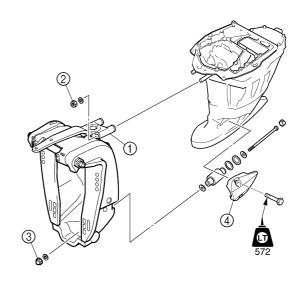


6. Inject grease into the grease nipple until grease comes out from both the upper and lower bushings ©.



Installing the upper case

- 1. Install the upper and lower mounting bolts into the swivel bracket ① simultaneously.
- 2. Install the upper mounting nut ② and lower mounting nut ③, and then tighten them to the specified torques.
- 3. Install the covers 4.



S63P7240

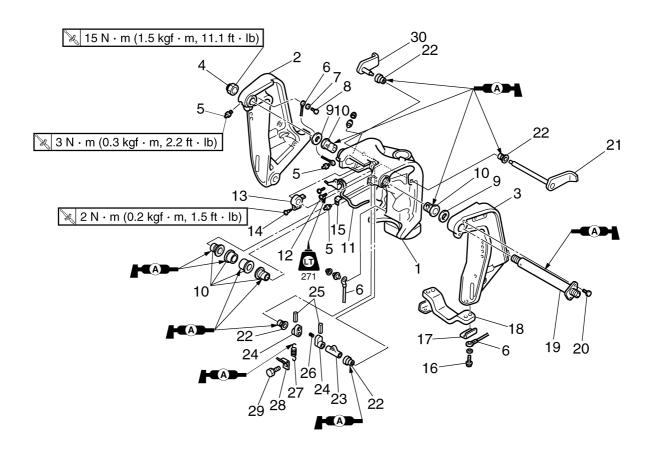


Upper mounting nut ②:
74 N·m (7.4 kgf·m, 54.6 ft·lb)
Lower mounting nut ③:
74 N·m (7.4 kgf·m, 54.6 ft·lb)

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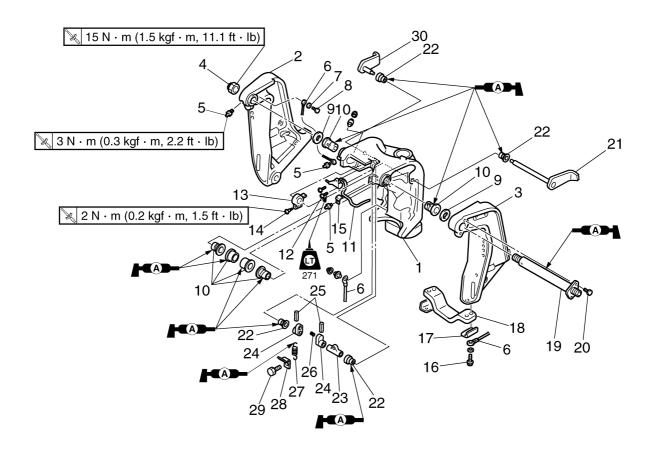
S69J7095

Clamp brackets



S63P7130

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Swivel bracket	1	
2	Clamp bracket	1	
3	Clamp bracket	1	
4	Self-locking nut	1	
5	Grease nipple	6	
6	Ground lead	3	
7	Washer	1	
8	Bolt	1	M6 × 11 mm
9	Washer	2	
10	Bushing	6	
11	Trim sensor	1	
12	Screw	2	ø6 × 15 mm
13	Trim sensor cam	1	
14	Screw	1	ø6 × 25 mm
15	Clamp	1	
16	Bolt	4	M6 × 30 mm
17	Bracket	2	



S63P7130

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Anode	1	
19	Through tube	1	
20	Bolt	1	M8 × 20 mm
21	Tilt stop lever	1	
22	Bush	4	
23	Collar	1	
24	Distance collar	2	
25	Spring pin	2	
26	Pin	1	
27	Spring	1	
28	Spring hook	1	
29	Bolt	1	M6 × 10 mm
30	Tilt stop lever	1	

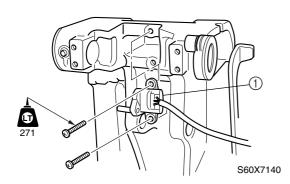
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Removing the clamp brackets

- Remove the power trim and tilt unit. For removal procedures, see "Removing the power trim and tilt unit."
- 2. Remove the anode.
- 3. Remove the bolt and grease nipples, and then disconnect the ground leads.
- 4. Remove the self-locking nut and bolt.
- 5. Remove the through tube, then disassemble the clamp brackets, trim sensor cam, and swivel bracket.
- 6. Remove the trim sensor.
- 7. Remove the tilt stop levers.

Installing the clamp brackets

- 1. Install the tilt stop levers onto the swivel bracket assembly.
- 2. Install the trim sensor ① and bushings onto the swivel bracket assembly.



3. Assemble the clamp brackets, washers, and swivel bracket, and then install the through tube.

NOTE:

- Make sure that the trim sensor cam is installed between the swivel bracket holes.
- Adjust the trim sensor cam after assembly.
- 4. Install the bolts on the through tube, and then tighten the self-locking nut to the specified torque.



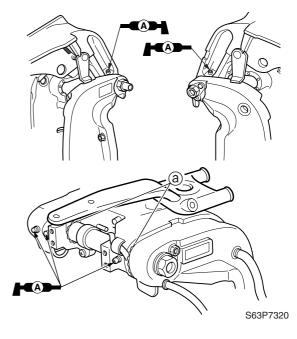
Self-locking nut: 15 N·m (1.5 kgf·m, 11.1 ft·lb)

5. Install the power trim and tilt unit, then the anode.

NOTE:

Install the ground lead between the power trim and tilt unit and the anode.

- 6. Install the ground lead between the clamp brackets and the swivel bracket.
- 7. Apply water resistant grease through the grease nipples.



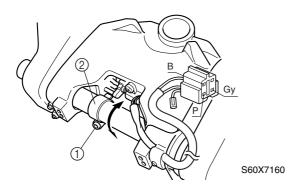
NOTE: _

Apply the grease until it comes out of the bushing ⓐ.

Adjusting the trim sensor cam

- 1. Fully retract the power trim and tilt unit.
- 2. Loosen the trim sensor cam screw ①.
- Adjust the trim sensor cam ② where the specified trim sensor setting resistance is obtained.





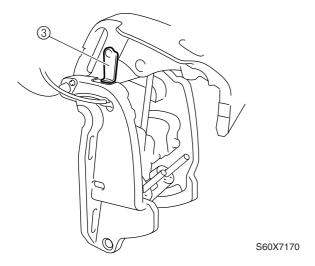


Trim sensor setting resistance: Pink (P) – Black (B) 9–11 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)



Trim sensor cam screw ①: 2 N·m (0.2 kgf·m, 1.5 ft·lb)

4. Fully tilt the outboard motor up, and then support it with the tilt stop lever ③.



▲ WARNING

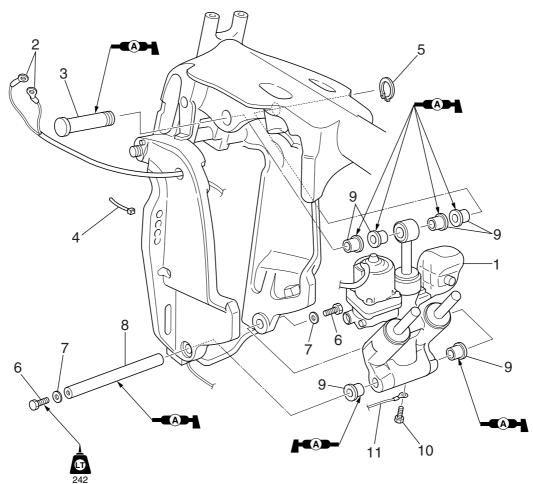
After tilting up the outboard motor, be sure to support it with the tilt stop lever. Otherwise, the outboard motor could suddenly lower if the power trim and tilt unit should lose fluid pressure.

 Check the trim sensor resistance. If the resistance is out of specification, adjust the trim sensor cam position and check the trim sensor. 0

Trim sensor resistance: Pink (P) – Black (B) 238.8–378.8 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)

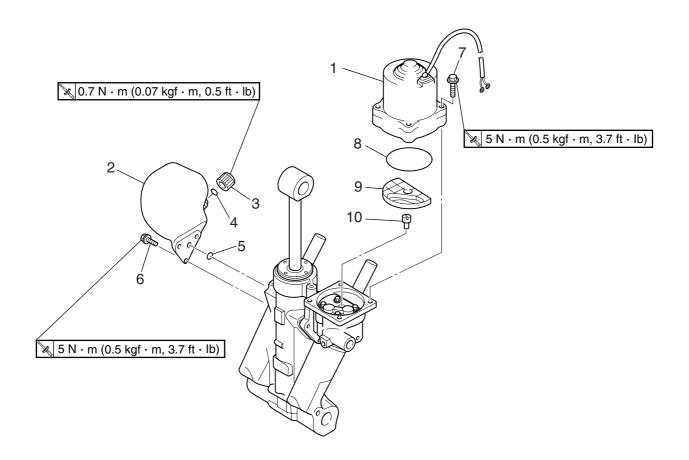
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Power trim and tilt unit



S60X7010

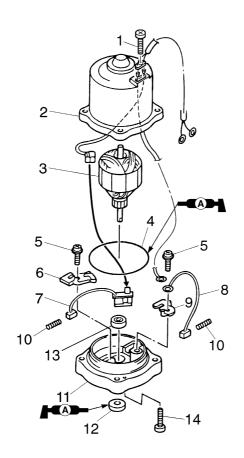
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Power trim and tilt unit	1	
2	PTT motor lead	2	
3	Shaft	1	
4	Plastic tie	3	Not reusable
5	Circlip	1	
6	Bolt	2	M8 × 16 mm
7	Washer	2	
8	Shaft	1	
9	Bushing	6	
10	Bolt	1	M6 × 10 mm
11	Ground lead	1	



S60X7180

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Power trim and tilt motor	1	
2	Reservoir	1	
3	Reservoir cap	1	
4	O-ring	1	
5	O-ring	1	Not reusable
6	Bolt	3	M6 × 14 mm
7	Bolt	4	M6 × 35 mm
8	O-ring	1	Not reusable
9	Filter	1	
10	Joint	1	

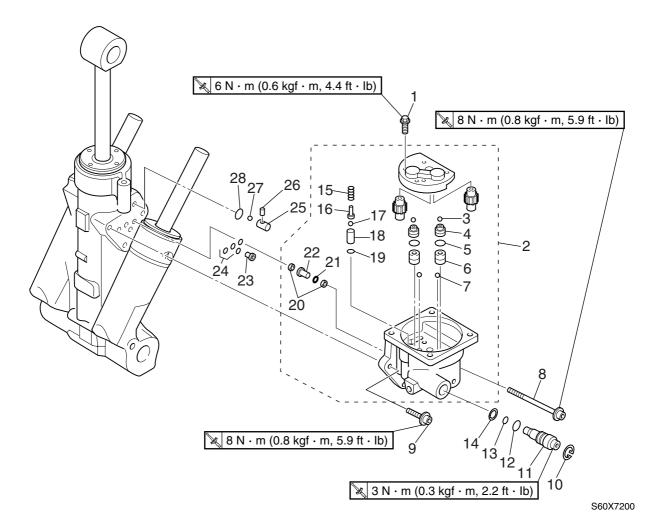
7-21 63P3F11



S60X7190

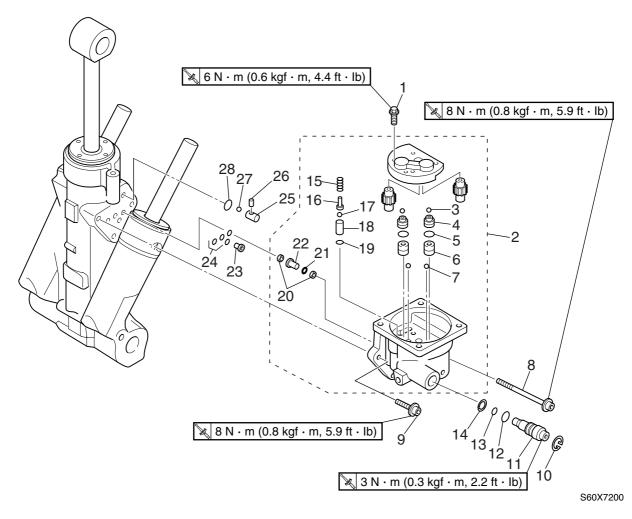
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Screw	1	ø4 × 15 mm
2	Stator	1	
3	Armature	1	
4	O-ring	1	Not reusable
5	Screw	2	ø4 × 12 mm
6	Brush holder	1	
7	Brush 2	1	
8	Brush 1	1	
9	Brush holder	1	
10	Brush spring	2	
11	PTT motor base	1	
12	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
13	Bearing	1	Not reusable
14	Screw	2	ø4 × 15 mm





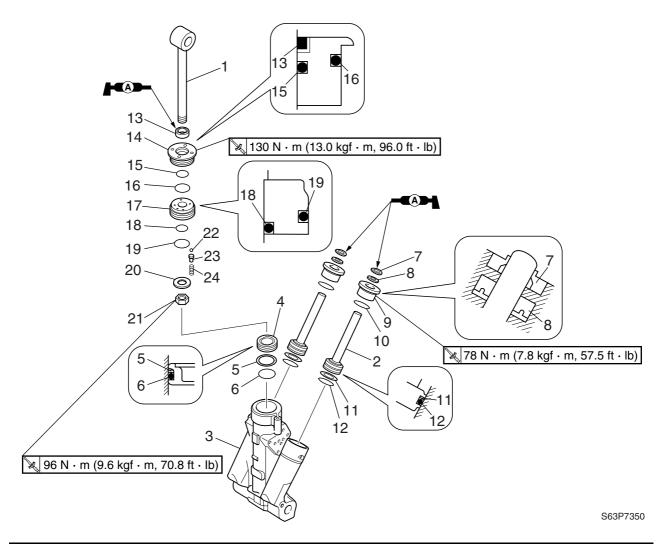
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bolt	4	M5 × 16 mm
2	Gear pump assembly	1	
3	Ball	2	
4	Shuttle piston	2	
5	O-ring	2	Not reusable
6	Main valve	2	
7	Ball	2	
8	Bolt	1	
9	Bolt	2	
10	Circlip	1	
11	Manual valve	1	
12	O-ring	1	Not reusable
13	O-ring	1	Not reusable
14	Backup ring	1	
15	Spring	1	
16	Absorber valve pin	1	
17	Ball	1	

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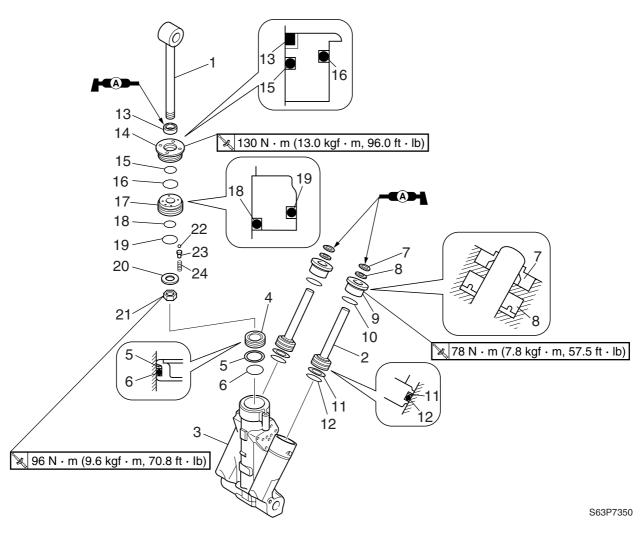
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Up-relief valve seat	1	
19	O-ring	1	Not reusable
20	Filter	2	
21	O-ring	1	Not reusable
22	Down-relief valve	1	
23	Valve pin	1	
24	O-ring	4	Not reusable
25	Valve seat	1	
26	Pin	1	
27	Ball	1	
28	O-ring	1	Not reusable





No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Tilt ram	1	
2	Trim ram	2	
3	Cylinder body	1	
4	Free piston	1	
5	Backup ring	1	
6	O-ring	1	Not reusable
7	Dust seal	2	Not reusable
8	Seal	2	Not reusable
9	Trim cylinder end screw	2	
10	O-ring	2	Not reusable
11	Backup ring	2	
12	O-ring	2	Not reusable
13	Dust seal	1	Not reusable
14	Tilt cylinder end screw	1	
15	O-ring	1	Not reusable
16	O-ring	1	Not reusable
17	Tilt piston	1	

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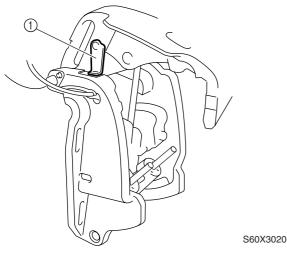


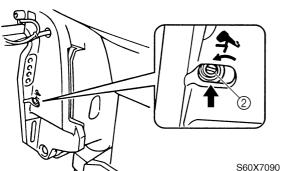
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	O-ring	1	Not reusable
19	O-ring	1	Not reusable
20	Washer	1	
21	Nut	1	
22	Ball	4	
23	Valve	4	
24	Spring	4	



Removing the power trim and tilt unit

1. Fully tilt the outboard motor up, and then support it with the tilt stop lever ①.





▲ WARNING

After tilting up the outboard motor, be sure to support it with the tilt stop lever. Otherwise, the outboard motor could suddenly lower if the power trim and tilt unit should lose fluid pressure.

NOTE

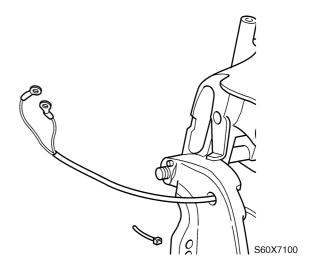
- If the power trim and tilt does not operate, loosen the manual valve ② and tilt the outboard motor up manually.
- If the manual valve is loosened, be sure to tighten it to the specified torque after tilting the outboard motor up.



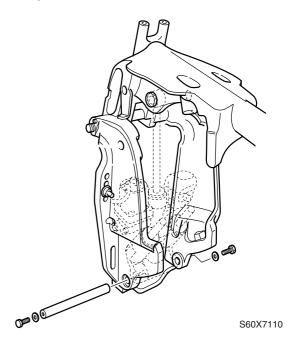
Manual valve:

3 N·m (0.3 kgf·m, 2.2 ft·lb)

- 2. Remove the bolt and disconnect the ground lead at the bottom of the power trim and tilt unit.
- 3. Remove the plastic ties, and then pull out the PTT motor leads.

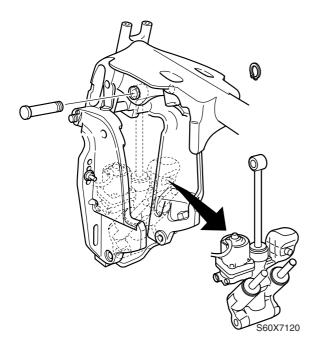


4. Remove the bolts, then the lower mounting shaft.



5. Remove the circlip, then the upper mounting shaft.

7-27 63P3F11



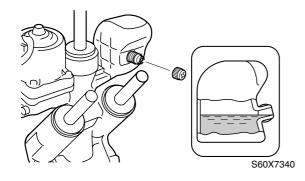
NOTE: _

Hold the power trim and tilt unit with one hand, and pull the upper mount shaft out at a downward angle with the other.

6. Remove the collars.

Checking the hydraulic pressure

1. Remove the reservoir cap, and then check the fluid level in the reservoir.



NOTE:

If the fluid is at the correct level, the fluid should overflow out of the filler hole when the reservoir cap is removed.

2. If necessary, add sufficient fluid of the recommended type until it overflows out of the filler hole.



Recommended power trim and tilt fluid:

ATF Dexron II

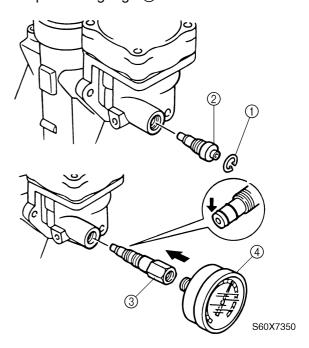
3. Install the reservoir cap, and then tighten it to the specified torque.



Reservoir cap:

0.7 N·m (0.07 kgf·m, 0.5 ft·lb)

- 4. Fully extend the trim and tilt rams.
- 5. Remove the circlip ①, then the manual valve ②.
- 6. Install the up relief fitting ③ and hydraulic pressure gauge ④.



NOTE: _

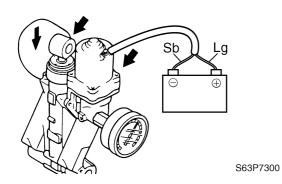
Quickly install the special service tools before any fluid flows out of the hole.



Up relief fitting ③: 90890-06773 Hydraulic pressure gauge ④: 90890-06776

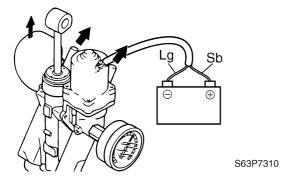


7. Connect the PTT motor leads to the battery terminals to fully retract the trim and tilt rams.



Rams	PTT motor lead	Battery terminal
Down	Light green (Lg)	\oplus
DOWN	Sky blue (Sb)	\ominus

8. Reverse the PTT motor leads between the battery terminals to fully extend the trim and tilt rams, and then measure the hydraulic pressure.



Rams	PTT motor lead	Battery terminal
Up	Sky blue (Sb)	\oplus
Ор	Light green (Lg)	\ominus



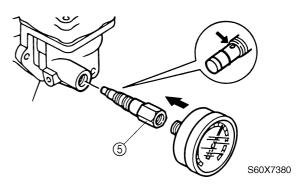
Hydraulic pressure (up):

10-12 MPa (100-120 kgf/cm²)

9. Replace the up relief fitting with the down relief fitting (5).

NOTE: _

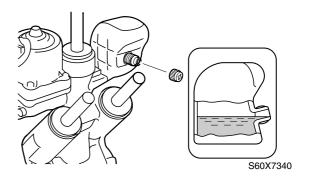
Quickly install the special service tools before any fluid flows out of the hole.





Down relief fitting ⑤: 90890-06774 Hydraulic pressure gauge: 90890-06776

10. Remove the reservoir cap, and then check the fluid level.



NOTE: _

If the fluid is at the correct level, the fluid should overflow out of the filler hole when the reservoir cap is removed.

 If necessary, add sufficient fluid of the recommended type until it overflows out of the filler hole.



Recommended power trim and tilt fluid:

ATF Dexron II

12. Install the reservoir cap, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

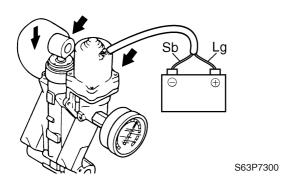


Reservoir cap:

0.7 N·m (0.07 kgf·m, 0.5 ft·lb)

7-29 63P3F11

13. Connect the PTT motor leads to the battery terminals to fully retract the trim and tilt rams, and then measure the hydraulic pressure. If out of specification, overhaul the power trim and tilt unit.

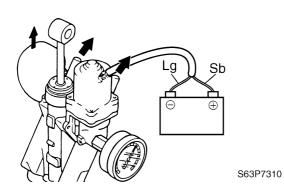


Rams	PTT motor lead	Battery terminal
Down	Light green (Lg)	\oplus
DOWII	Sky blue (Sb)	\bigcirc



Hydraulic pressure (down): 6–9 MPa (60–90 kgf/cm²)

14. Reverse the PTT motor leads between the battery terminals to fully extend the trim and tilt rams.



Rams	PTT motor lead	Battery terminal
Up	Sky blue (Sb)	\oplus
Ор	Light green (Lg)	\ominus

15. Remove the special service tools, and then install the manual valve and circlip.



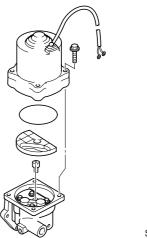
Manual valve: 3 N·m (0.3 kgf·m, 2.2 ft·lb)

NOTE: _

Quickly install the manual valve before any fluid flows out of the hole.

Disassembling the power trim and tilt motor

1. Remove the power trim and tilt motor, Oring, gear pump filter, and joint from the gear pump housing.



S60X7220

CAUTION:

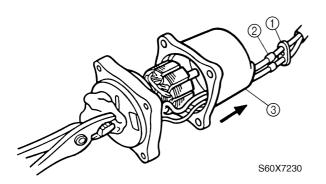
- Make sure that the trim and tilt rams are fully extended when removing the power trim and tilt motor, otherwise fluid can spurt out from the unit due to internal pressure.
- Do not push the trim and tilt rams down while the power trim and tilt motor is removed from the power trim and tilt unit, otherwise fluid can spurt out.
- 2. Check the gear pump filter for dirt or residue and for damage. Clean or replace if necessary.

BRKT



Bracket unit

- 3. Remove the lead holder ① and rubber spacers ② from the stator, and then slide them away from the stator.
- 4. Remove the stator ③.



NOTE:

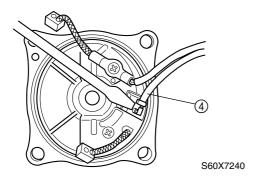
Place a clean cloth over the end of the armature shaft, hold it with a pair of pliers, and then carefully slide the stator off of the armature.

5. Remove the armature from the PTT motor base.

CAUTION:

Do not allow grease or oil to contact the commutator.

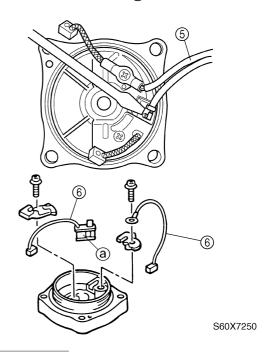
6. Disconnect the PTT motor lead (sky blue) (4).



NOTE: _

Hold the brush with a screwdriver as shown, and then disconnect the PTT motor lead (sky blue).

7. Remove the screw, disconnect the PTT motor lead (light green) ⑤, and then remove the brushes ⑥.

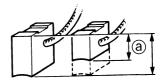


CAUTION:

- Do not pull the PTT motor leads out from the stator.
- Do not touch the bimetal @, otherwise the operation of the circuit breaker can be affected.

Checking the power trim and tilt motor

1. Measure the length of the brushes. Replace if out of specification.



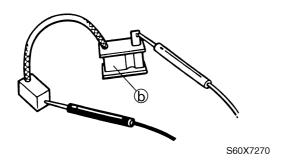
S60X7260



Brush length limit (a): 4.8 mm (0.19 in)

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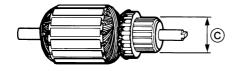
Check the brush and circuit breaker for continuity. Replace if there is no continuity.



CAUTION:

Do not touch the bimetal ⓑ, otherwise the operation of the circuit breaker can be affected.

3. Measure the commutator diameter. Replace if out of specification.

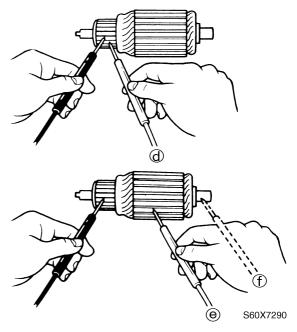


S60X7280



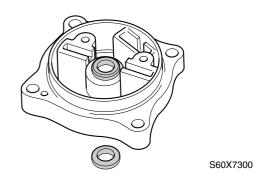
Commutator diameter limit ©: 21.0 mm (0.83 in)

4. Check the armature for continuity. Replace if out of specifications.



Armature continuity	
Commutator segments @	Continuity
Segment (d) -	No continuity
Armature core Output utput Output Output Output Output	
Segment @ – Armature shaft ①	No continuity

- 5. Check the base for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.
- 6. Check the bearing and oil seal for damage or wear. Replace if necessary.

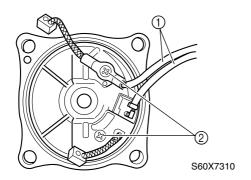


NOTE:

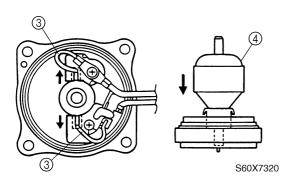
If the bearing and oil seal are removed, always replace them with new ones.

Assembling the power trim and tilt motor

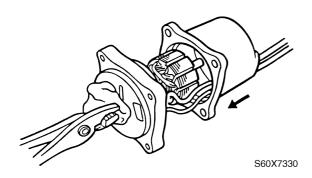
1. Connect the PTT motor leads ①, and then tighten the screws ②.



2. Push the brushes ③ into the brush holder, and then install the armature ④.



3. Install the stator onto the base.

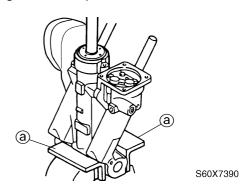


NOTE:

Place a clean cloth over the end of the armature shaft, hold it with a pair of pliers, and then carefully slide the stator over the armature.

Removing the reservoir

1. Hold the power trim and tilt unit in a vise using aluminum plates ⓐ on both sides.



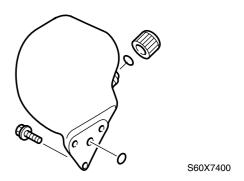
CAUTION:

Do not use rags or paper to clean the hydraulic system components. Small pieces of fibers remaining on them can cause the system to malfunction.

NOTE: _

Place a container under the power trim and tilt unit to catch the fluid.

2. Remove the reservoir and O-rings.



CAUTION:

- Make sure that the trim and tilt rams are fully extended when removing the reservoir, otherwise fluid can spurt out from the unit due to internal pressure.
- Do not push the tilt and trim rams down while the power trim and tilt motor is removed from the power trim and tilt unit, otherwise fluid can spurt out.

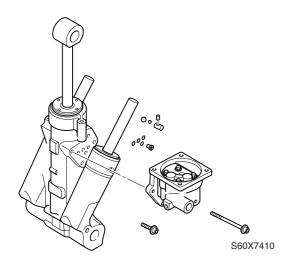
7-33 63P3F11

7

- 3. Drain the fluid from the reservoir and check it for damage. Replace if necessary.
- 4. Check the reservoir cap and O-ring for damage. Replace if necessary.

Disassembling the gear pump housing

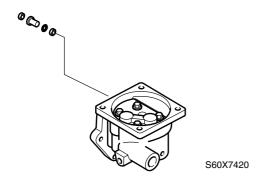
1. Remove the gear pump housing.



NOTE:

Make sure that the O-rings, valve pin, and valve seat assembly are removed.

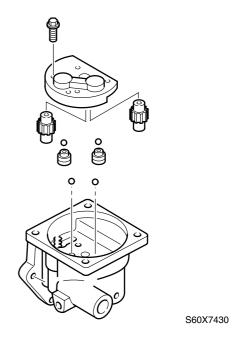
2. Remove the filters, down-relief valve, and O-ring from the gear pump housing.



NOTE: _

Remove the back filter using compressed air, being careful not to blow the filter out abruptly.

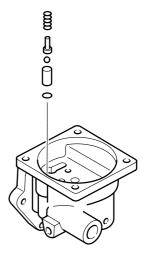
3. Remove the gear pump cover and drive gears.



NOTE: _

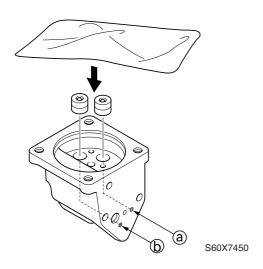
Make sure that the shuttle pistons and balls are removed, since they tend to stick to the gear pump cover.

4. Remove the up-relief valve assembly.



S60X7440

5. Remove the main valves.



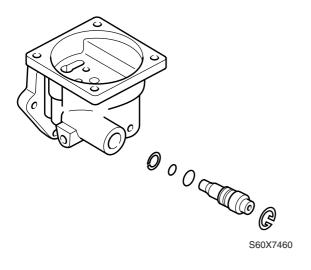
▲ WARNING

Never look into the pump housing opening while removing the main valves because the main valves and power trim and tilt fluid can be forcefully expelled out.

NOTE: _

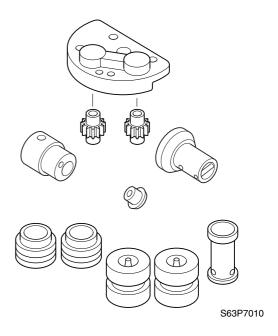
To remove the main valves, cover the pump housing with a clean cloth, and then blow compressed air through holes @ and 6 while holding the cloth down.

6. Remove the manual valve.



Checking the gear pump

- 1. Clean all the valves, pistons, and balls, and then check them for damage or wear. Check the filters for damage or clogs. Replace if necessary.
- 2. Check the drive gears for damage or wear. Replace the gear pump assembly if necessary.

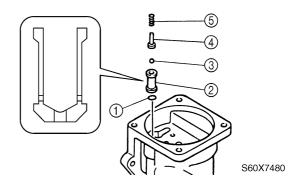


Assembling the gear pump housing

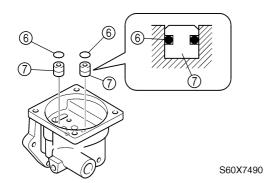
CAUTION:

Install the components and parts in their original direction and positions.

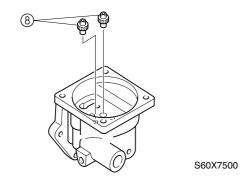
1. Install a new O-ring ①, the up-relief valve seat 2, ball 3, absorber valve pin 4, and spring (5) into the gear pump housing.



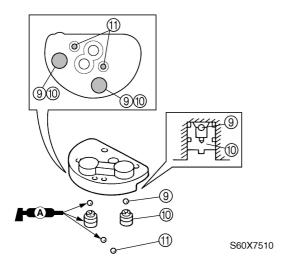
7-35 63P3F11 2. Install new O-rings © onto the main valves ⑦, and then install the main valves into the gear pump housing.



3. Install the drive gears (8) into the gear pump housing.



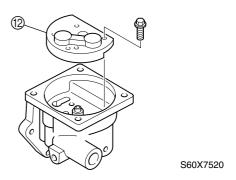
4. Install the balls (9), shuttle pistons (10), and balls (11) into the gear pump cover.



NOTE: _

Apply grease to the balls and shuttle pistons to prevent them from falling out of the gear pump cover.

5. Install the gear pump cover ② into the gear pump housing, and then tighten the bolts.

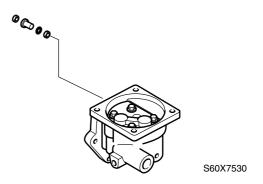


6. Check that the gear pump turns smoothly, and then tighten the gear pump cover bolts to the specified torque.



Gear pump cover bolt: 6 N·m (0.6 kgf·m, 4.4 ft·lb)

- 7. Install a new O-ring onto the down-relief valve.
- 8. Install the filter, down-relief valve, and filter into the gear pump housing.



- 9. Install a new O-ring onto the manual valve.
- 10. Install the manual valve and circlip into the gear pump housing.



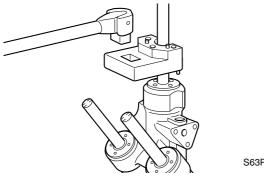
Manual valve:

3 N·m (0.3 kgf·m, 2.2 ft·lb)



Disassembling the tilt cylinder and trim cylinder

1. Loosen the tilt cylinder end screw, and then remove the tilt piston assembly.



S63P7020

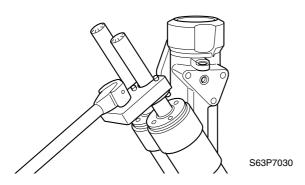
CAUTION:

Make sure that the trim and tilt rams are fully extended before removing the tilt cylinder end screw.



Trim and tilt wrench: New: 90890-06587 Current: 90890-06548

- 2. Drain the fluid.
- 3. Loosen the trim cylinder end screws, and then remove the trim piston assemblies.

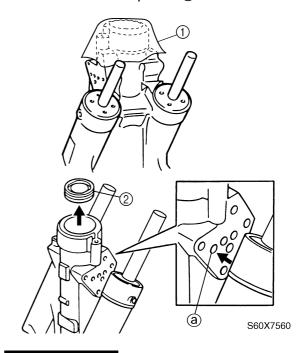




Trim and tilt wrench: New: 90890-06587 Current: 90890-06548

- 4. Drain the fluid.
- Install the trim piston assemblies, and then tighten the trim cylinder end screws finger tight.

6. Cover the tilt cylinder opening with a clean cloth ①, and then blow compressed air through the hole ⓐ to remove the free piston ②.



▲ WARNING

Never look into the tilt cylinder opening while removing the free piston because the free piston and power trim and tilt fluid can be forcefully expelled out.

7. Loosen the trim cylinder end screws, and then remove the trim piston assemblies.

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Checking the tilt cylinder and trim cylinder

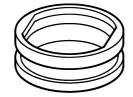
1. Disassemble the tilt piston assembly.



S60X7570

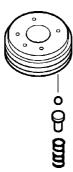
2. Check the tilt piston and free piston for scratches. Replace if necessary.





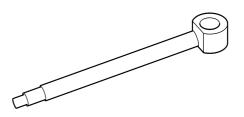
S60X7580

 Blow the tilt piston absorber valve with compressed air to remove any foreign material. Check the valve for wear and the spring for deterioration. Replace if necessary.



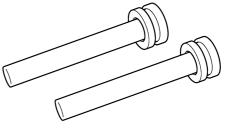
S60X7590

4. Check the tilt ram for bends or excessive corrosion. Polish with 400- to 600-grit sandpaper if there is light rust or replace if necessary.



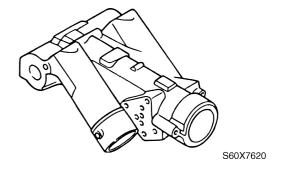
S60X7600

- 5. Check the trim pistons for scratches. Replace if necessary.
- Check the trim rams for bends or excessive corrosion. Polish with 400- to 600-grit sandpaper if there is light rust or replace if necessary.



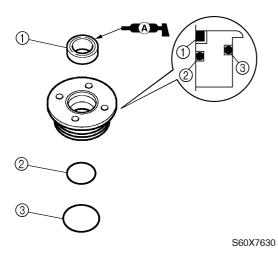
S60X7610

 Check the inner walls of the trim and tilt cylinders for scratches. Replace if necessary.

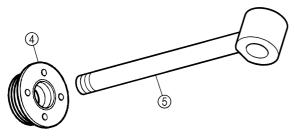


Assembling the tilt piston and trim pistons

 Install the new dust seal ① and new Orings ② and ③ onto the tilt cylinder end screw.

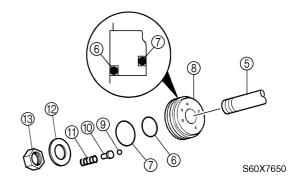


2. Install the tilt cylinder end screw ④ onto the tilt ram ⑤.



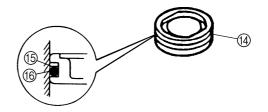
S60X7640

- 3. Install new O-rings (and (7) onto the tilt piston (8).
- 4. Install the ball (9), valve (10), and spring (11), in this order.
- 5. Install the tilt piston assembly and washer ② onto the tilt ram ⑤, and then tighten the tilt piston nut ③ to the specified torque.



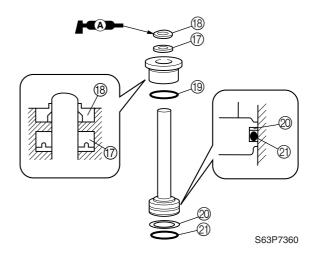


6. Install a new backup ring (5) and a new O-ring (6) onto the free piston (4).



S60X7660

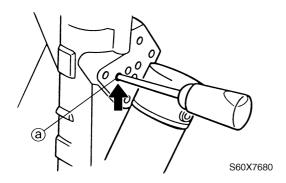
- 7. Install a new oil seal ⑦, a new dust seal ®, and a new O-ring ® onto each trim cylinder end screw.
- 8. Install the backup ring ② and a new Oring ② onto each trim piston.

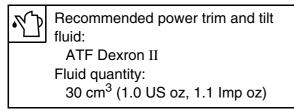


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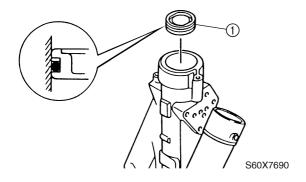
Assembling the power trim and tilt unit

1. Fill the tilt cylinder with the specified amount of the recommended fluid through the hole ⓐ.

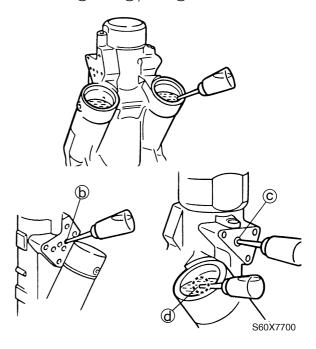




2. Push the free piston ① into the tilt cylinder until it bottoms out.



3. Fill the trim cylinders with the recommended fluid to the correct level through holes (a) and (a) as shown.



1

Recommended power trim and tilt fluid:

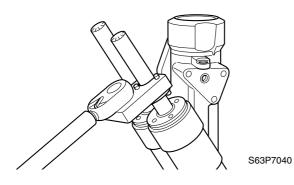
ATF Dexron II

BRKT



Bracket unit

4. Install the trim piston assemblies into the trim cylinders, and then tighten the trim cylinder end screws to the specified torque.



CAUTION:

- Make sure that the trim rams are fully extended when installing them.
- Once installed, never push the trim rams down, otherwise fluid can spurt out.



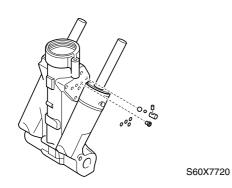
Trim and tilt wrench:

New: 90890-06587 Current: 90890-06548



Trim cylinder end screw: 78 N·m (7.8 kgf·m, 57.5 ft·lb)

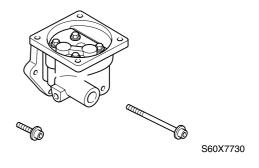
5. Install new O-rings, the valve pin, and valve seat assembly onto the tilt cylinder.



NOTE:

Refer to the illustration for valve pin and valve seat assembly installation.

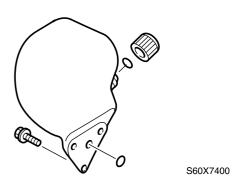
6. Install the gear pump housing.





Gear pump housing mounting bolt: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m, 5.9 ft·lb)

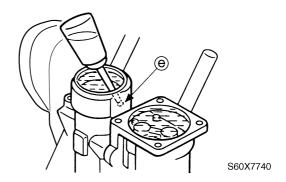
- 7. Install the O-ring into the reservoir cap.
- 8. Install the reservoir and O-ring onto the gear pump housing.





Reservoir mounting bolt: 5 N·m (0.5 kgf·m, 3.7 ft·lb)

 Fill the tilt cylinder with the recommended fluid to the correct level through the hole
 as shown.



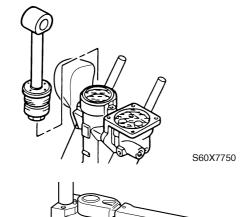


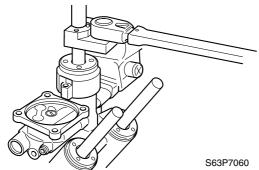
Recommended power trim and tilt fluid:

ATF Dexron II

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 Install the tilt piston assembly into the tilt cylinder, and then tighten the tilt cylinder end screw to the specified torque.





CAUTION:

- Make sure that the tilt ram is fully extended when installing it.
- Once installed, never push the tilt ram down, otherwise fluid can spurt out.

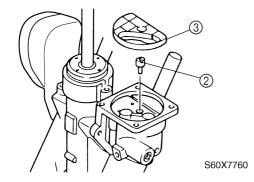


Trim and tilt wrench: New: 90890-06587 Current: 90890-06548

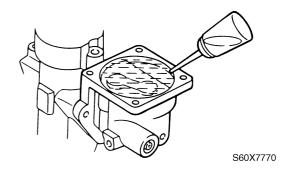


Tilt cylinder end screw: 130 N·m (13.0 kgf·m, 96.0 ft·lb)

11. Install the joint ② and gear pump filter ③ into the gear pump housing.



 Fill the gear pump housing with the recommended fluid to the correct level as shown.



N)

Recommended power trim and tilt fluid:

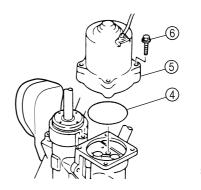
ATF Dexron II

13. Remove all of the air bubble using a syringe or suitable tool.

NOTE: _

Turn the joint with a screwdriver to bleed the gear pump.

14. Install a new O-ring ④ and the power trim and tilt motor ⑤, and then tighten the bolts ⑥ to the specified torque.



S60X7780

NOTE:

Align the armature shaft with the recess in the joint.



PTT motor mounting bolt: 5 N·m (0.5 kgf·m, 3.7 ft·lb)

BRKT



Bracket unit

15. Remove the reservoir cap, and then check the fluid level in the reservoir.

NOTE:

If the fluid is at the correct level, the fluid should overflow out of the filler hole when the reservoir cap is removed.

 If necessary, add sufficient fluid of the recommended type until it overflows out of the filler hole.



Recommended power trim and tilt fluid:

ATF Dexron II

17. Install the reservoir cap, and then tighten it to the specified torque.



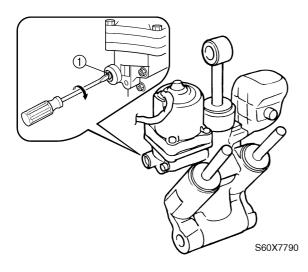
Reservoir cap:

0.7 N·m (0.07 kgf·m, 0.5 ft·lb)

- 18. Bleed the power trim and tilt unit.
- 19. Check the hydraulic pressure of the power trim and tilt unit.

Bleeding the power trim and tilt unit

1. Tighten the manual valve ① by turning it clockwise.



- 2. Place the power trim and tilt unit in an upright position.
- 3. Remove the reservoir cap, and then check the fluid level in the reservoir.

NOTE:

If the fluid is at the correct level, the fluid should overflow out of the filler hole when the reservoir cap is removed.

 If necessary, add sufficient fluid of the recommended type until it overflows out of the filler hole.



Recommended power trim and tilt

ATF Dexron II

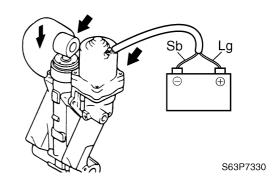
5. Install the reservoir cap, and then tighten it to the specified torque.



Reservoir cap:

0.7 N·m (0.07 kgf·m, 0.5 ft·lb)

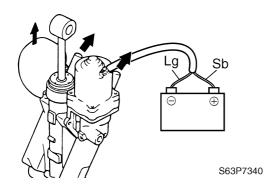
Connect the PTT motor leads to the battery terminals to fully retract the trim and tilt rams.



Rams	PTT motor lead	Battery terminal
Down	Light green (Lg)	\oplus
DOWII	Sky blue (Sb)	\odot

7. Reverse the PTT motor leads between the battery terminals to fully extend the trim and tilt rams.

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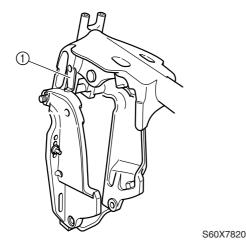
Rams	PTT motor lead	Battery terminal
Up	Sky blue (Sb)	\oplus
Ор	Light green (Lg)	\ominus

NOTE:

- Repeat this procedure so that the rams go up and down four or five times (be sure to wait a few seconds before switching the leads).
- If the rams do not move up and down easily, push and pull on the rams to assist operation.
- Check the fluid level when the tilt ram is fully extended. Add sufficient fluid if necessary.

Installing the power trim and tilt unit

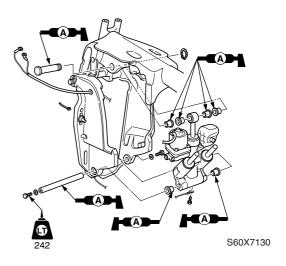
1. Fully tilt the outboard motor up, and then support it with the tilt stop lever ①.



CAUTION:

After tilting the outboard motor up, be sure to support it with the tilt stop lever.

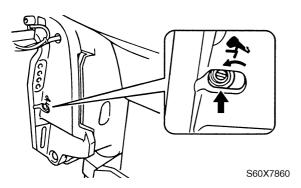
- 2. Install the collars.
- 3. Lift the power trim and tilt unit up, and then install the upper mounting shaft.
- 4. Install the circlip.
- 5. Install the lower mounting shaft, and then tighten the bolts.
- 6. Install the plastic ties, route the PTT motor leads through the hole, and then install the plastic ties.
- 7. Connect the ground lead to the bottom of the power trim and tilt unit, and then tighten the bolt.



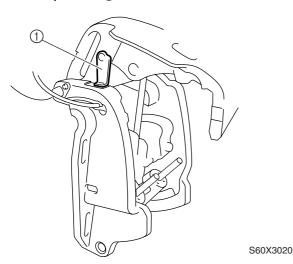
63P3F11 7-44

Bleeding the power trim and tilt unit (built-in)

1. Fully turn the manual valve counterclockwise.



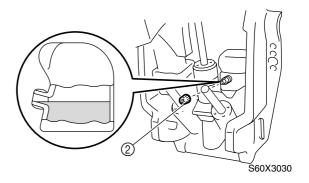
- 2. Fully tilt the outboard motor up, and then release it to let it lower by its own weight four to five times.
- 3. Tighten the manual valve by turning it clockwise.
- 4. Let the fluid settle for 5 minutes.
- 5. Push and hold the power trim and tilt switch in the up position to check that the outboard motor is fully tilted up.
- 6. Support the outboard motor with the tilt stop lever ①.



▲ WARNING

After tilting up the outboard motor, be sure to support it with the tilt stop lever. Otherwise, the outboard motor could suddenly lower if the power trim and tilt unit should lose fluid pressure.

7. Remove the reservoir cap ②, and then check the fluid level in the reservoir.



NOTE: _

If the fluid is at the correct level, the fluid should overflow out of the filler hole when the reservoir cap is removed.

8. If necessary, add sufficient fluid of the recommended type to the correct level.



Recommended power trim and tilt fluid:

ATF Dexron II

9. Install the reservoir cap, and then tighten it to the specified torque.



Reservoir cap:

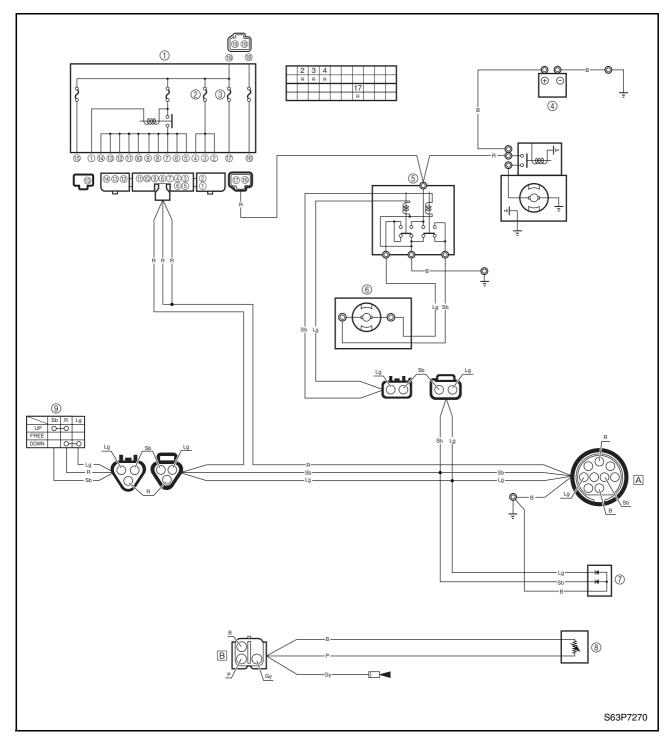
0.7 N·m (0.07 kgf·m, 0.5 ft·lb)

NOTE

Repeat this procedure until the fluid remains at the correct level.

7-45 63P3F11

Power trim and tilt electrical system



- ① Fuse holder
- ② Fuse (20 A)
- ③ Fuse (50 A)
- ④ Battery
- ⑤ Power trim and tilt relay
- © Power trim and tilt motor
- ⑦ Diode
- 8 Trim sensor
- Power trim and tilt switch
- A To remote control box/switch panel
- B To trim meter

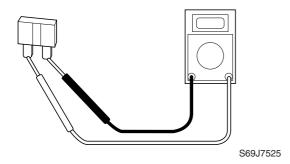
B : Black
Gy : Gray
Lg : Light green
P : Pink

R : Red Sb : Sky blue

63P3F11 7-46

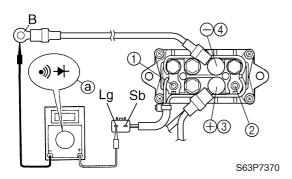
Checking the fuse

1. Check the fuse for continuity. Replace if there is no continuity.



Checking the power trim and tilt relay

1. Check the power trim and tilt relay for continuity. Replace if out of specification.



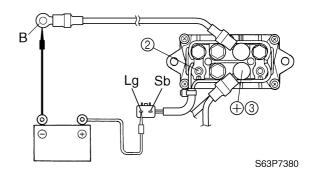
NOTE:

Be sure to set the measurement range ⓐ shown in the illustration when checking for continuity.

Power trim and tilt relay continuity				
Sky blue (Sb) – Black (B) Light green (Lg) – Black (B)				
Terminal ① - Terminal ④ Terminal ② - Terminal ④	Continuity			
Terminal ① – Terminal ③ Terminal ② – Terminal ③	No continuity			

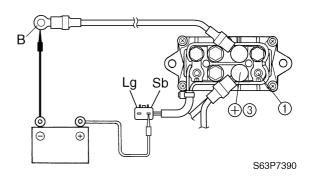
2. Connect the digital circuit tester between power trim and tilt relay terminals ② and ③.

- Connect the light green (Lg) lead to the positive battery terminal and the black (B) lead to the negative battery terminal as shown.
- Check for continuity between terminals
 and ③. Replace if there is no continuity.



- 5. Connect the digital circuit tester between power trim and tilt relay terminals ① and ③.
- Connect the sky blue (Sb) lead to the positive battery terminal and the black (B) lead to the negative battery terminal as shown.
- Check for continuity between terminals

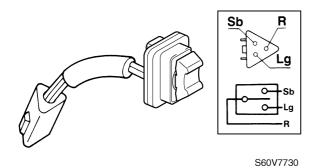
 and ③. Replace if there is no continuity.



Checking the power trim and tilt switch

1. Check the power trim and tilt switch for continuity. Replace if out of specification.

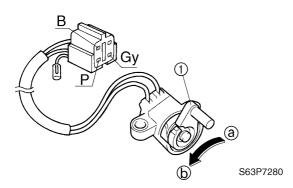
7-47 63P3F11



	Lead color		
Switch position	Sky blue (Sb)	Red (R)	Light green (Lg)
Up	0	$\overline{}$	
Free			
Down		0	

Checking the trim sensor

1. Measure the trim sensor resistance. Replace if out of specification.



NOTE: _

Turn the lever ① and measure the resistance as it gradually changes.



Trim sensor resistance:

Pink (P) – Black (B) 238.8–378.8 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) ⓐ 9–11 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) ⓑ

63P3F11 7-48

- MEMO -

7-49 63P3F11

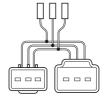
Special service tools	8-1
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Measuring the peak voltage	
Measuring the lower resistance	
•	
Electrical components	
Port view	
Junction box assembly	
Aft view	
Top view	
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Checking the spark plug wires	
Checking the ignition coils	
Checking the ECM	
Checking the pulser coil	
Checking the throttle position sensor	
Checking the intake air temperature sensor	
Checking the intake all temperature sensor	
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Checking the shift cut switch	
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Checking the brushes	8-23
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Checking the starter motor operation	
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Checking the Stator Coll	



Special service tools



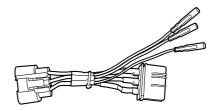
Ignition tester 90890-06754



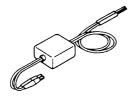
Test harness (3 pins) 90890-06793



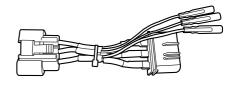
Digital circuit tester 90890-03174



Test harness (3 pins) 90890-06847



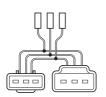
Peak voltage adapter B 90890-03172



Test harness (3 pins) 90890-06846



Test harness (2 pins) 90890-06792



Test harness (3 pins) 90890-06791

8-1 63P3F11

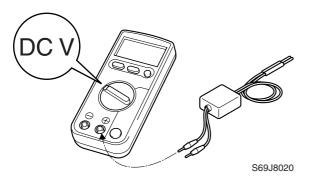
8

Checking the electrical components Measuring the peak voltage

NOTE:

Before troubleshooting the peak voltage, check that all electrical connections are tight and free from corrosion, and that the battery is fully charged to 12 V.

The condition of the ignition system can be determined by measuring the peak voltage. Cranking speed is effected by many factors, such as fouled or weak spark plugs, or a weak battery. If one of these factors is present, the peak voltage will be lower than specification. In addition, if the peak voltage is lower than specification the engine will not operate properly.



▲ WARNING

When checking the peak voltage, do not touch any of the connections of the digital tester leads.

NOTE:

- Use the peak voltage adapter with the digital circuit tester.
- When measuring the peak voltage, set the selector on the digital circuit tester to the DC voltage mode.
- Connect the positive pin on the peak voltage adapter to the positive terminal of the digital circuit tester.

Measuring the lower resistance

When measuring a resistance of 10 Ω or less with the digital circuit tester, the correct measurement cannot be obtained due to the internal resistance of the tester. To obtain the correct value, subtract the internal resistance from the displayed measurement.

NOTE:

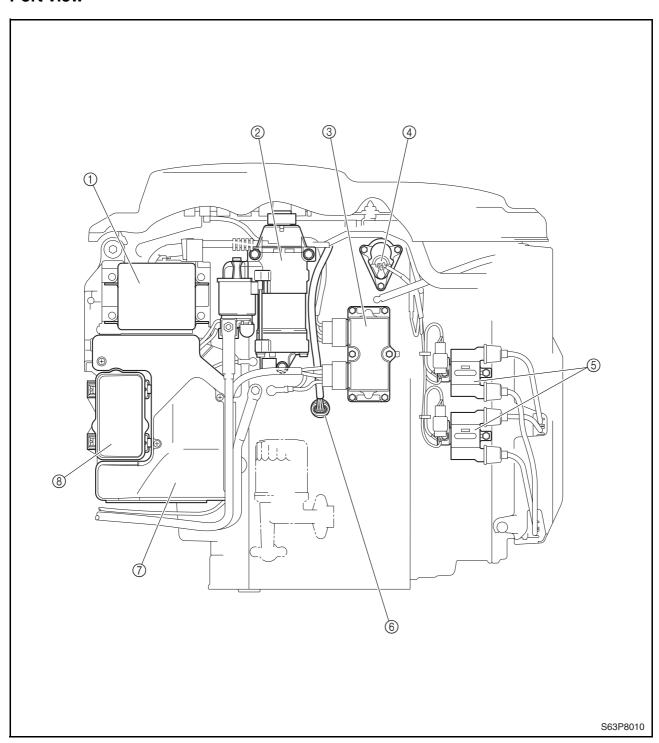
To obtain the internal resistance of the digital circuit tester, connect both of its probes and check the display.

Correct value = displayed measurement – internal resistance



Electrical components

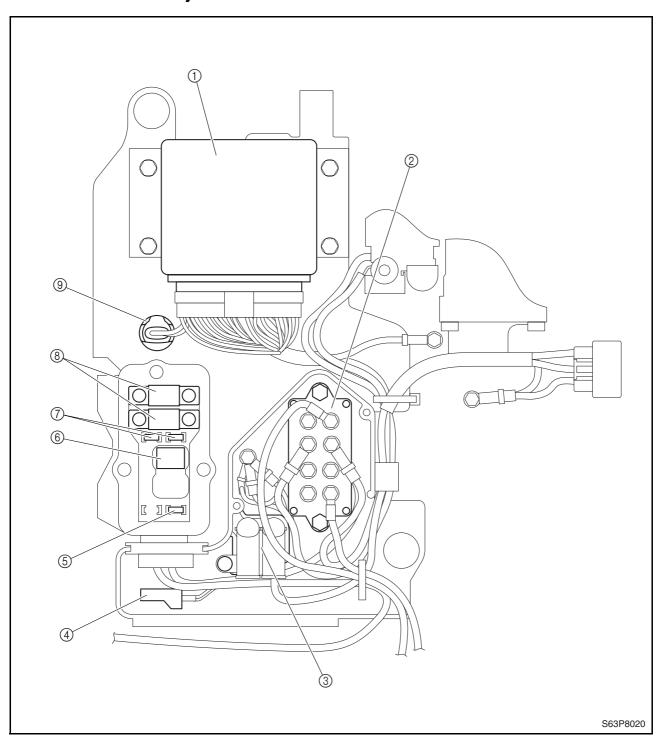
Port view



- ① ЕСМ
- ② Starter motor
- ③ Rectifier Regulator
- Thermoswitch
- ⑤ Ignition coil
- 6 Oil pressure sensor
- Junction box
- 8 Fuse holder

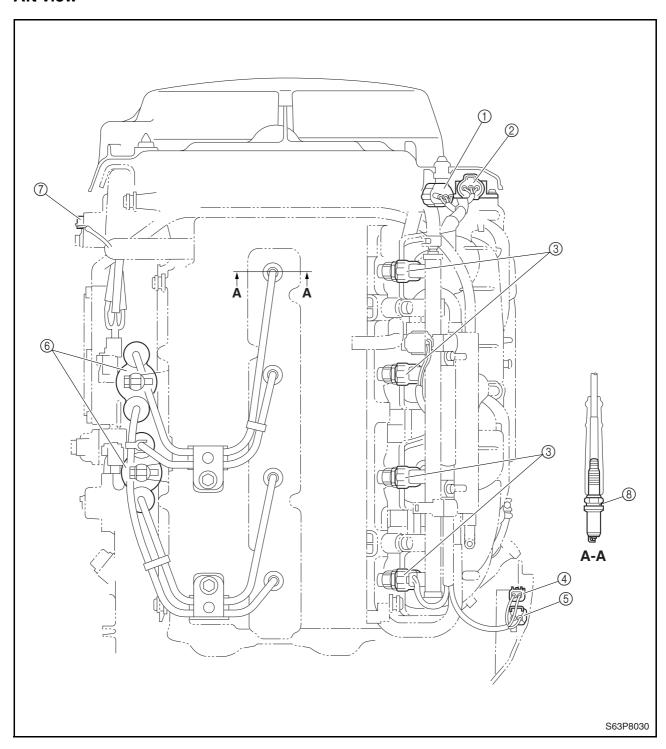
8-3 63P3F11

Junction box assembly



- ① ECM
- Power trim and tilt relay
- ③ Starter relay
- ④ Diode
- ⑤ Fuse (30 A)
- 6 Main relay
- 7 Fuse (20 A)
- 8 Fuse (50 A)
- Intake air temperature sensor

Aft view

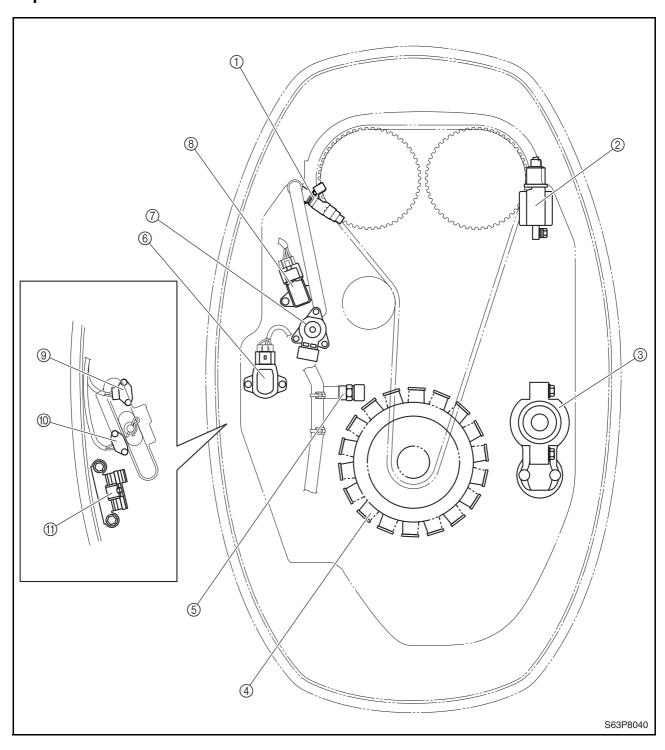


- ① Intake air pressure sensor② Throttle position sensor③ Fuel injector

- Shift cut switch
- Neutral switch
- 6 Ignition coil
- 7 Thermoswitch
- Spark plug

8-5 63P3F11

Top view



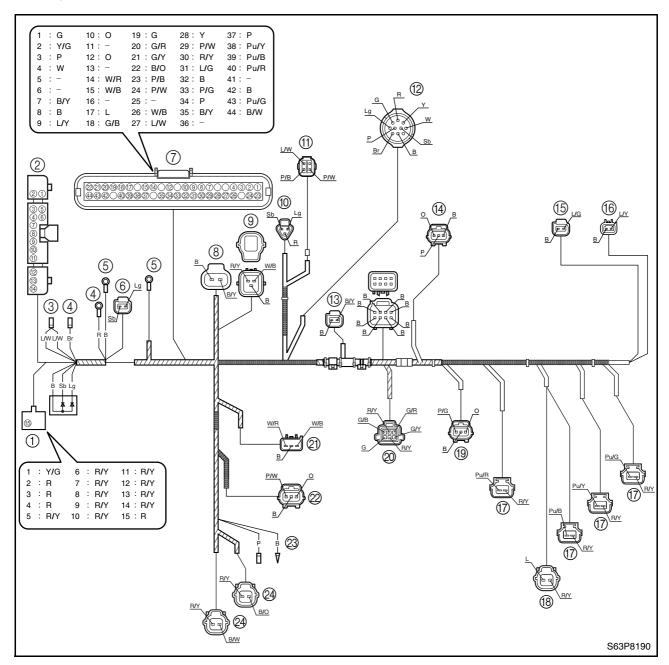
- Fuel injector
 Ignition coil
- ③ Starter motor
- Stator coil
- ⑤ Engine temperature sensor
- 6 Throttle position sensor
- 7 Idle speed control
- ® Intake air pressure sensor
- Shift cut switch
- 10 Neutral switch

1 Power trim and tilt switch

8-6 63P3F11



Wiring harness



Connect to:

- 1) Fuse holder
- ② Fuse holder
- ③ Diagnostic flash indicator
- (4) Starter relay
- ⑤ Ground
- 6 Power trim and tilt relay
- 7) ECM
- ® Intake air temperature sensor
- Personal computer for diagnosis
- n Power trim and tilt switch
- (1) Warning indicator
- ® Remote control
- (3) Engine temperature sensor

- 14 Throttle position sensor
- (5) Neutral switch
- (6) Shift cut switch
- (7) Fuel injector
- ® Electric fuel pump
- Intake air pressure sensor
- 20 Idle speed control
- 2 Pulser coil
- 2 Oil pressure sensor
- ② Thermoswitch
- 2 Ignition coil

8-7 63P3F11

: Red/yellow

: White/black

: Yellow/green

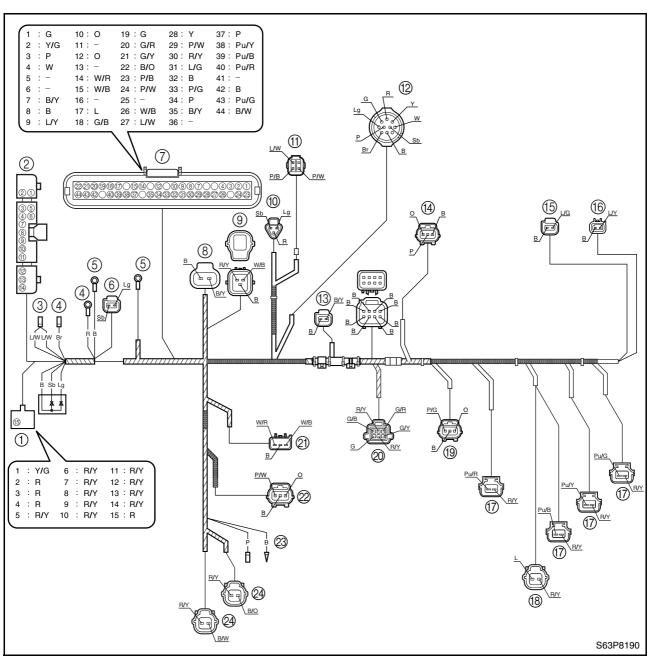
: White/red

R/Y

W/B

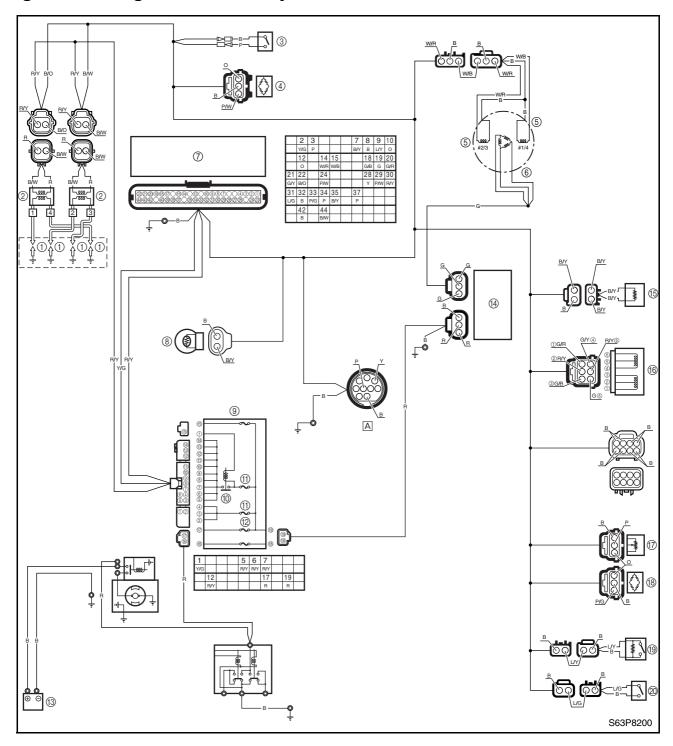
W/R

Y/G



В B/Y : Black/yellow : Black : Brown : Green/black Br G/B : Green G/R : Green/red G : Gray G/Y : Green/yellow Gy : Blue L/G : Blue/green L : Light green L/W : Blue/white Lg : Orange L/Y : Blue/yellow 0 Ρ : Pink : Pink/black P/B R : Pink/green : Red P/G Sb : Sky blue P/W : Pink/white W : White Pu/B : Purple/black Υ : Yellow Pu/G: Purple/green B/O : Black/orange Pu/R: Purple/red B/W : Black/white Pu/Y: Purple/yellow

Ignition and ignition control system

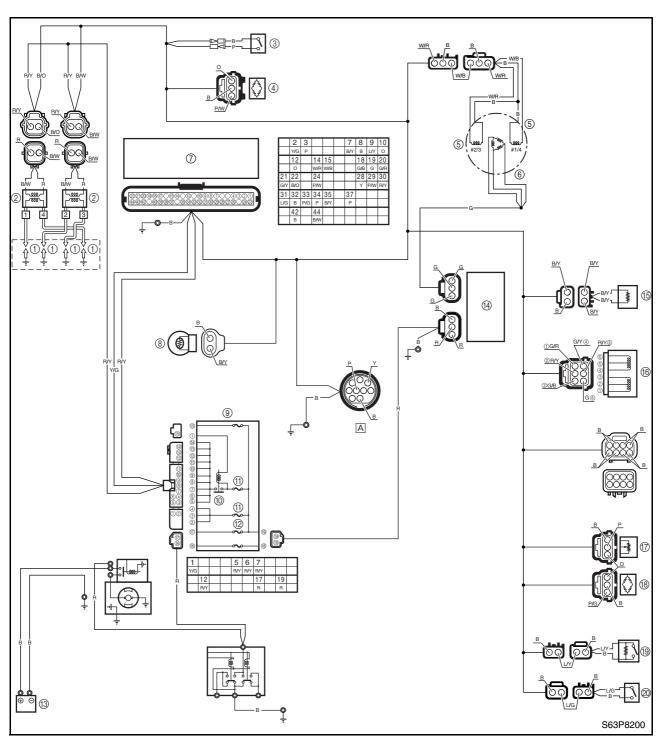


- ① Spark plug
- ② Ignition coil
- ③ Thermoswitch
- ④ Oil pressure sensor
- ⑤ Pulser coil
- 6 Stator coil
- ⑦ ECM
- ® Intake air temperature sensor
- 9 Fuse holder
- 10 Main relay

- ① Fuse (20 A)
- 12 Fuse (50 A)
- Battery
- Rectifier Regulator
- (5) Engine temperature sensor
- 16 Idle speed control
- Throttle position sensor
- ® Intake air pressure sensor
- Shift cut switch
- Neutral switch

A To remote control box/switch panel

8-9 63P3F11



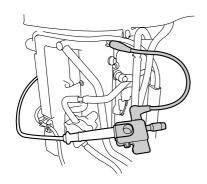
В : Black G : Green 0 : Orange : Pink Ρ : Red R : Yellow : Black/orange B/O B/W : Black/white : Black/yellow B/Y G/B : Green/black

G/R : Green/red
G/Y : Green/yellow
L/G : Blue/green
L/Y : Blue/yellow
P/G : Pink/green
P/W : Pink/white
R/Y : Red/yellow
W/B : White/black
W/R : White/red
Y/G : Yellow/green



Checking the ignition spark gap

- 1. Remove the spark plug wire cover.
- 2. Disconnect the spark plug caps from the spark plugs.
- 3. Connect a spark plug cap to the special service tool.

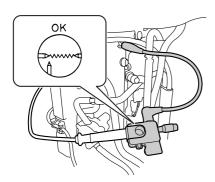


S63P8070



Ignition tester: 90890-06754

 Crank the engine and observe the spark through the discharge window of the spark gap tester. Check the ignition system if the spark is weak.



S63P8090

⚠ WARNING

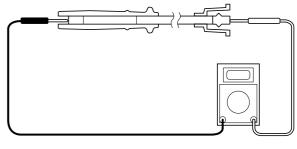
- Do not touch any of the connections of the spark gap tester leads.
- Do not let sparks leak out of the removed spark plug caps.
- Keep flammable gas or liquids away, since this test can produce sparks.

NOTE:

The ignition spark gap can also be checked using the "Stationary test" of the Yamaha Diagnostic System.

Checking the spark plug wires

- 1. Remove the spark plug wires from the spark plugs.
- 2. Remove the spark plug wires from the ignition coil.
- 3. Measure the spark plug wire resistance. Replace if out of specification.



S60C8100

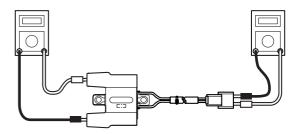


Spark plug wire resistance:

#1: 4.6– $10.9~{\rm k}\Omega$ #2: 3.3– $8.0~{\rm k}\Omega$ #3: 3.8– $9.3~{\rm k}\Omega$ #4: 4.2– $10.0~{\rm k}\Omega$

Checking the ignition coils

- 1. Remove the spark plug wires from the ignition coil.
- 2. Disconnect the ignition coil coupler.
- 3. Measure the ignition coil resistance. Replace if out of specification.



S63P8100

8-11 63P3F11





Ignition coil resistance:

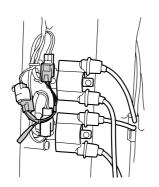
Primary coil:

Red (R) – Black/white (B/W) 1.53–2.07 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) Secondary coil:

12.50-16.91 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)

Checking the ECM

- 1. Disconnect a ignition coil coupler.
- 2. Connect the test harness (2 pins) to the ignition coil.
- 3. Measure the ECM output peak voltage. If below specification, measure the pulser coil output peak voltage. Replace the ECM if the output peak voltage of the pulser coil is above specification.



S63P8110



Digital circuit tester: 90890-03174

Peak voltage adapter B:

90890-03172

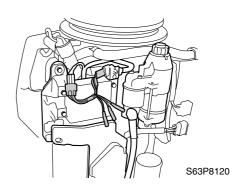
Test harness (2 pins): 90890-06792

ECM output peak voltage: Black/orange (B/O) – Ground Black/white (B/W) – Ground				
r/min	Loaded			
Cranking 1,500 3,500				
DC V	260	260	270	

Checking the pulser coil

- 1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover and disconnect the pulser coil coupler.
- 2. Connect the test harness (3 pins) to the pulser coil.

 Measure the pulser coil output peak voltage. Replace the pulser coil if below specification.

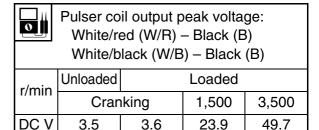


Digital circuit tester: 90890-03174

Peak voltage adapter B:

90890-03172

Test harness (3 pins): 90890-06791



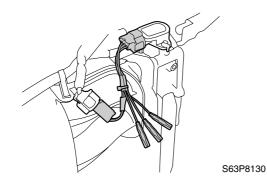


Pulser coil resistance (use as reference):

459-561 Ω

Checking the throttle position sensor

- 1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover.
- 2. Connect the test harness (3 pins) to the throttle position sensor.
- 3. Turn the engine start switch to ON.
- Measure the throttle position sensor input voltage. Check the wiring harness connection or replace the ECM if out of specification.
- 5. Measure the throttle position sensor output voltage. Adjust the throttle position sensor if out of specification.



NOTE:

To measure the output voltage, connect the positive tester probe to the pink wire of the test harness and the negative tester probe to the orange wire of the test harness.



Digital circuit tester: 90890-03174 Test harness (3 pins): 90890-06793



Throttle position sensor input voltage:

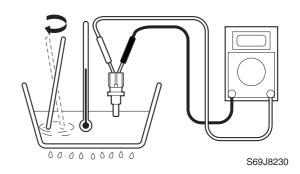
Orange (O) – Black (B) 5 V

Throttle position sensor output voltage:

Pink (P) – Black (B) 0.70 ± 0.02 V

Checking the intake air temperature sensor

1. Place the intake air temperature sensor in a container of water and slowly heat the water.



Measure the intake air temperature sensor resistance. Replace if out of specification.

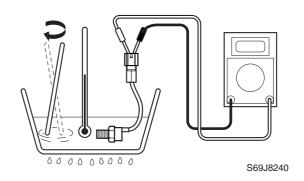


Intake air temperature sensor resistance:

at 20 °C (68 °F): 2.20–2.70 kΩ

Checking the engine temperature sensor

 Place the engine temperature sensor in a container of water and slowly heat the water.



Measure the engine temperature sensor resistance. Replace if out of specification.



Engine temperature sensor resistance:

Black/yellow (B/Y) - Black/yellow (B/Y)

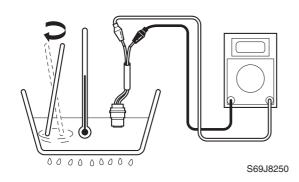
at 20 °C (68 °F): 54.2–69.0 k Ω at 100 °C (212 °F): 3.12–3.48 k Ω

8-13 63P3F11

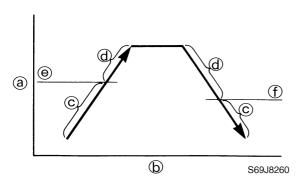
8

Checking the thermoswitch

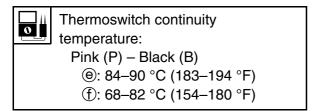
1. Place the thermoswitches in a container of water and slowly heat the water.



2. Check the switch for continuity at the specified temperatures. Replace if out of specification.

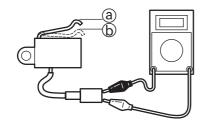


- a Temperature
- (b) Time
- © No continuity
- **@** Continuity



Checking the shift cut switch

1. Check the shift cut switch for continuity. Replace if there is no continuity.

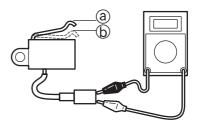


S69J8270

Switch	Lead color		
position	Blue/yellow (L/Y)	Black (B)	
Free @			
Push (b)	0		

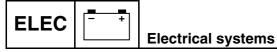
Checking the neutral switch

1. Check the neutral switch for continuity. Replace if there is no continuity.

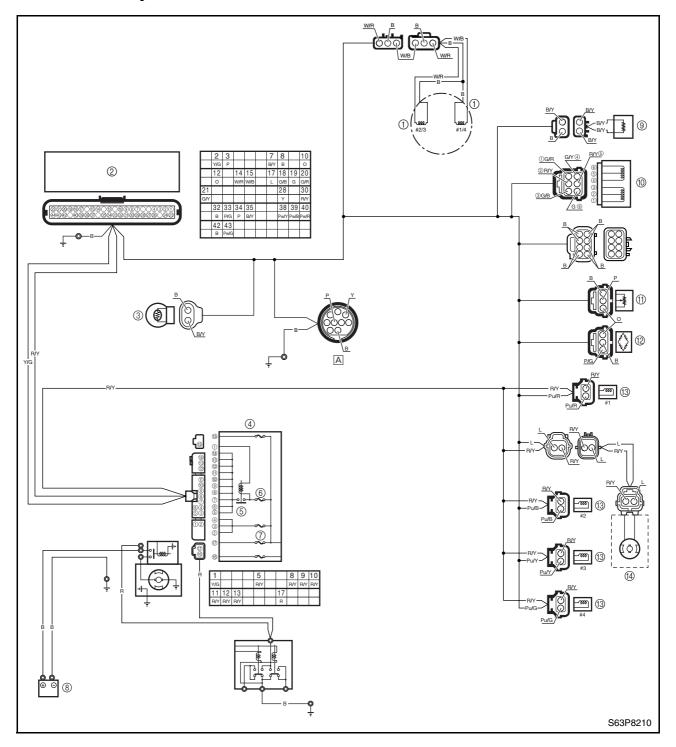


S69J8270

Swit	ch	Lead color		
posit	_	Blue/green (L/G)	Black (B)	
Free ⓐ				
Push (b)		0	 O	



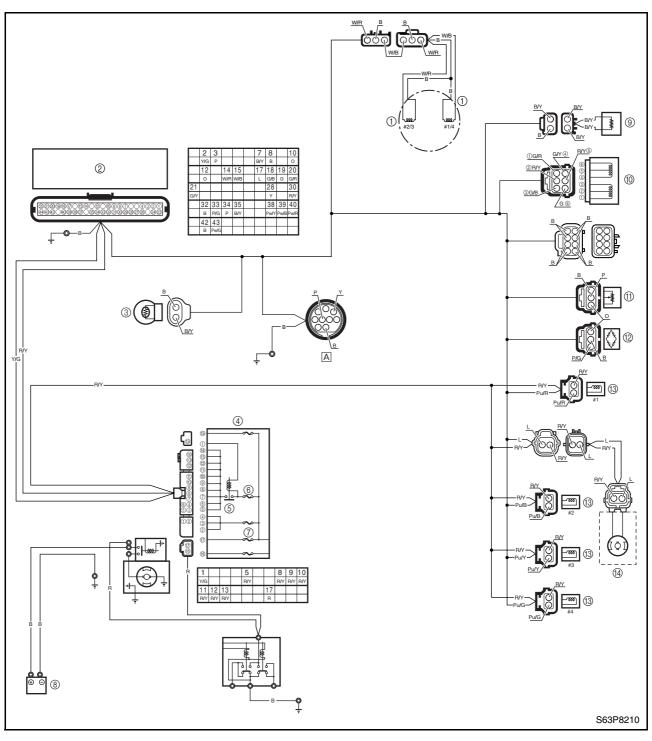
Fuel control system



- ① Pulser coil
- ② ECM
- ③ Intake air temperature sensor
- 4 Fuse holder
- ⑤ Main relay
- 6 Fuse (20 A)
- ⑦ Fuse (50 A)
- 8 Battery
- 10 Idle speed control

- 11 Throttle position sensor
- 1 Intake air pressure sensor
- Fuel injector
- Electric fuel pump
- A To remote control box/switch panel

8-15 63P3F11



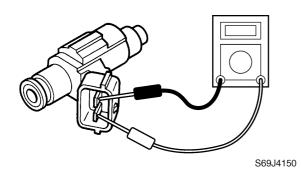
В : Black : Green G : Blue L 0 : Orange Ρ : Pink R : Red : Yellow B/Y : Black/yellow : Green/black G/B G/R : Green/red

G/Y : Green/yellow P/G : Pink/green Pu/B : Purple/black Pu/G : Purple/green Pu/R : Purple/red Pu/Y : Purple/yellow R/Y : Red/yellow W/B : White/black W/R : White/red Y/G : Yellow/green



Checking the injectors

1. Measure the resistance of the fuel injectors. Replace if out of specification.





Digital circuit tester: 90890-03174



Fuel injector resistance (use as reference):

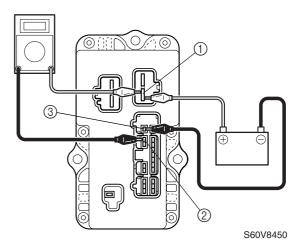
14.0–15.0 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)

NOTE:

Check the operation of the fuel injectors using the "Stationary test" of the Yamaha Diagnostic System.

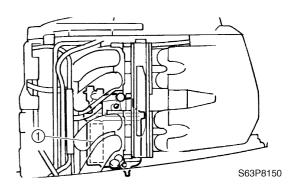
Checking the main relay

- 1. Remove the fuse holder cover, and then remove the fuse holder.
- 2. Connect the digital circuit tester leads to the main relay terminals ① and ②.
- 3. Connect the positive battery terminal to the main relay terminal (1).
- 4. Connect the negative battery terminal to the main relay terminal ③.
- Check for continuity between the main relay terminals. Replace if there is no continuity.
- Check that there is no continuity between the relay terminals after disconnecting a battery terminal from the main relay terminals ① and ③. Replace if there is continuity.



Checking the electric fuel pump

- 1. Turn the engine start switch to ON.
- 2. Listen for the operating sound of the electric fuel pump ①. Check the fuel system if there is no sound.

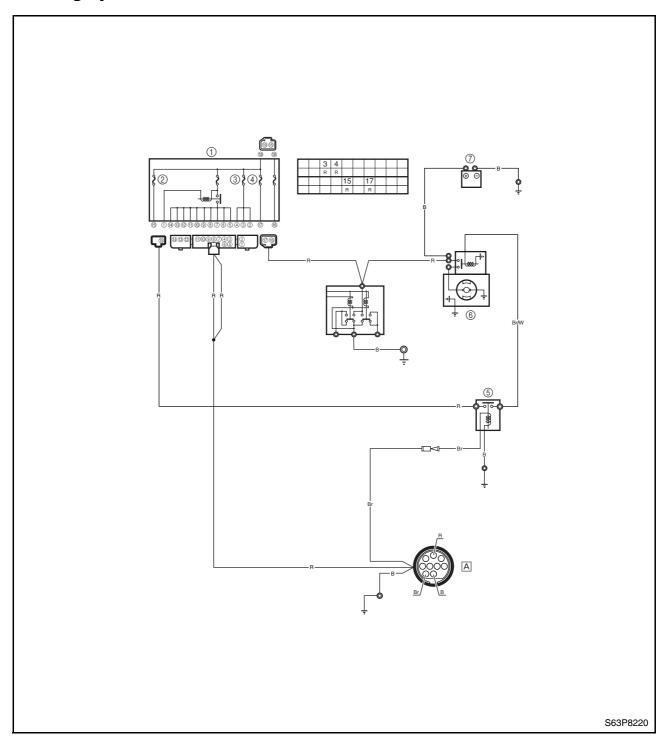


NOTE: _

After the engine start switch is turned to ON, the electric fuel pump will operate for 3 seconds.

8-17 63P3F11

Starting system



① Fuse holder

② Fuse (30 A)

③ Fuse (20 A)

④ Fuse (50 A)

Starter relay

6 Starter motor

⑦ Battery

A To remote control box/switch panel

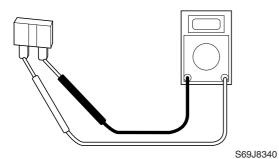
В : Black Br : Brown : Red Br/W: Brown/white

8-18 63P3F11



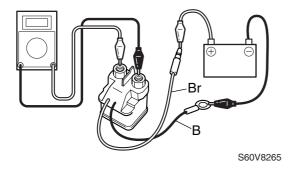
Checking the fuses

1. Check the fuses for continuity. Replace if there is no continuity.



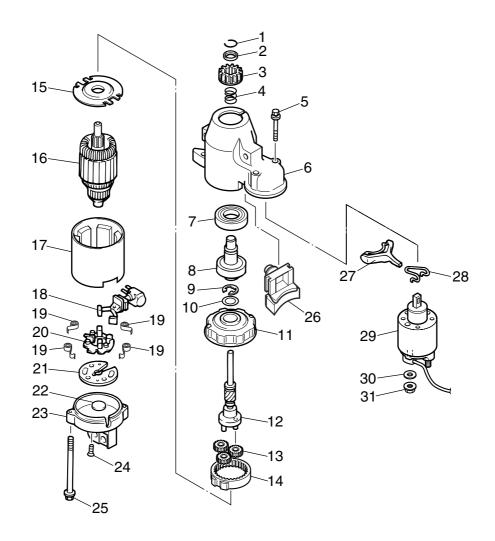
Checking the starter relay

- 1. Connect the digital circuit tester leads to the starter relay terminals.
- 2. Connect the positive battery terminal to the brown (Br) lead.
- 3. Connect the negative battery terminal to the black (B) lead.
- 4. Check for continuity between the starter relay terminals. Replace if there is no continuity.
- Check that there is no continuity between the starter relay terminals after disconnecting a battery terminal from the brown or black lead. Replace if there is continuity.



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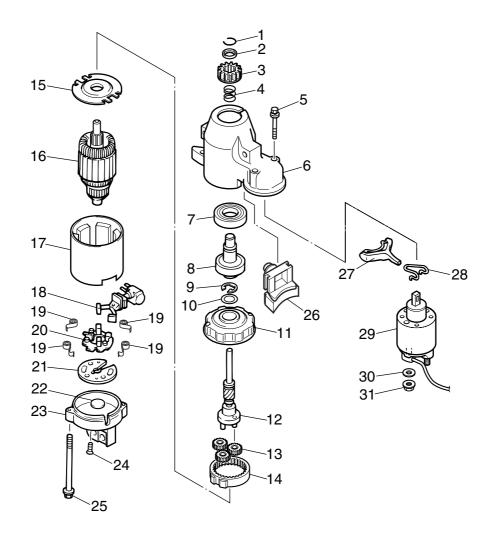
Starter motor



S63P8050

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Clip	1	
2	Pinion stopper	1	
3	Starter motor pinion	1	
4	Spring	1	
5	Bolt	2	M6 × 35 mm
6	Housing	1	
7	Bearing	1	
8	Clutch assembly	1	
9	E-clip	1	Not reusable
10	Washer	1	
11	Bracket	1	
12	Pinion shaft	1	
13	Planetary gear	3	
14	Outer gear	1	
15	Plate	1	
16	Armature	1	
17	Stator	1	





S63P8050

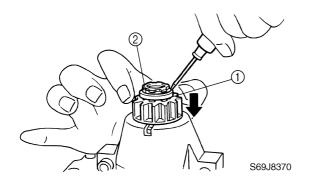
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Brush assembly	1	
19	Brush spring	4	
20	Brush holder	1	
21	Plate	1	
22	Washer	1	
23	Bracket	1	
24	Screw	2	ø4 × 15 mm
25	Bolt	2	M6 × 120 mm
26	Rubber seal	1	
27	Shift lever	1	
28	Spring	1	
29	Magnet switch assembly	1	
30	Washer	1	
31	Nut	1	

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8

Removing the starter motor pinion

1. Slide the pinion stopper ① down as shown, and then remove the clip ②.





Remove the clip with a thin screwdriver.

Checking the starter motor pinion

1. Check the teeth of the pinion for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.



S69J8380

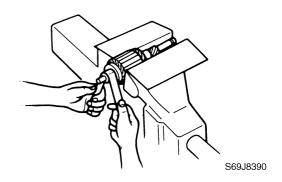
2. Check for smooth operation. Replace if necessary.

NOTE:

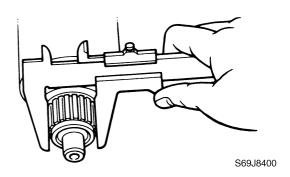
Turn the pinion counterclockwise to check that it operates smoothly and turn it clockwise to check that it locks in place.

Checking the armature

1. Check the commutator for dirt. Clean with 600-grit sandpaper and compressed air if necessary.



2. Measure the commutator diameter. Replace the armature if out of specification.





Commutator diameter limit: 28.0 mm (1.10 in)

 Measure the commutator undercut @.
 Replace the armature if out of specification.



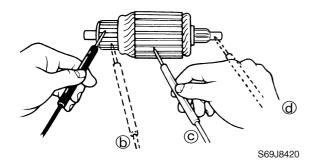
S69J8410



Commutator undercut limit ⓐ: 0.2 mm (0.01 in)



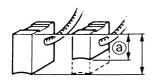
4. Check the armature for continuity. Replace if out of specifications.



Armature continuity				
Commutator segments (b)	Continuity			
Segment – Armature core ©	No continuity			
Segment – Armature shaft @	No continuity			

Checking the brushes

1. Measure the brush length. Replace the brush assembly if out of specification.

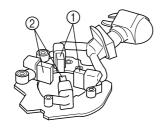


S69J8430

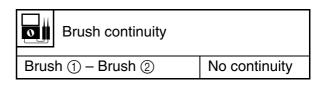


Brush length limit (a): 9.5 mm (0.37 in)

Check the brush holder assembly for continuity. Replace if out of specifications.

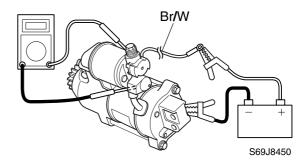


S69J8440



Checking the magnet switch

- 1. Connect the tester leads between the magnet switch terminals as shown.
- 2. Connect the positive battery lead to the brown and white (Br/W) lead.
- 3. Connect the negative battery lead to the starter motor body.



CAUTION:

Do not connect the battery for more than one second, otherwise the magnet switch can be damaged.

- 4. Check that there is continuity between the magnet switch terminals. Replace if there is no continuity.
- Check that there is no continuity after the negative battery terminal is removed. Replace if there is continuity.

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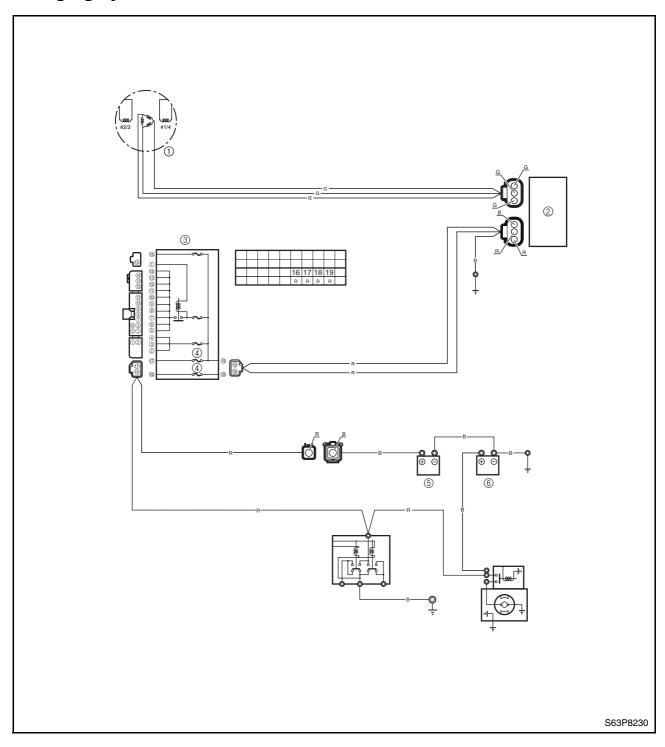
The starter motor pinion should be pushed out while the magnet switch is on.

Checking the starter motor operation

1. Check the operation of the starter motor after installing it onto the power unit.

8-23 63P3F11

Charging system



① Stator coil

② Rectifier Regulator③ Fuse holder

④ Fuse (50 A)

⑤ Accessory battery

6 Battery

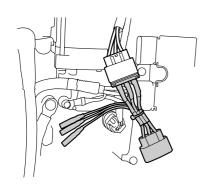
: Black В : Green G R : Red

8-24 63P3F11



Checking the stator coil

- 1. Disconnect the stator coil coupler.
- 2. Connect the test harness (3 pins) to the stator coil.
- Measure the stator coil output peak voltage. Replace the stator coil assembly if below specification.



S63P8160



Digital circuit tester: 90890-03174

Peak voltage adapter B:

90890-03172

Test harness (3 pins): 90890-06847

Stator coil output peak voltage: Green (G) – Green (G)				
r/min	Unloaded			
Cranking 1,500 3,50				
DC V	12	50	110	



Stator coil resistance (use as reference):

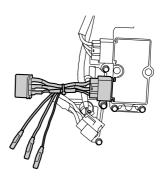
Green (G) - Green (G)

0.20–0.30 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)

Checking the Rectifier Regulator

- 1. Disconnect the Rectifier Regulator coupler.
- 2. Connect the test harness (3 pins) to the Rectifier Regulator.

 Measure the Rectifier Regulator output peak voltage. If below specification, measure the stator coil output peak voltage. Replace the Rectifier Regulator if the output peak voltage of the stator coil is above specification.



S63P8170



Digital circuit tester: 90890-03174

Peak voltage adapter B:

90890-03172

Test harness (3 pins): 90890-06846



Rectifier Regulator output peak voltage:

Red (R) – Black (B)

r/min	Unloaded	
	1,500	3,500
DC V	13.0	13.0

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Troubleshooting

Special service tools	9-1
Yamaha Diagnostic System	9-2
Introduction	
Power unit	9-5
Self-diagnosis	9-19
Diagnosing the electronic control system	

Special service tools



Yamaha Diagnostic System 60V-85300-02





Yamaha Diagnostic System 60V-WS853-02



Diagnostic flash indicator B 90890-06865

9-1 63P3F11

Yamaha Diagnostic System Introduction

Features

The newly developed Yamaha Diagnostic System provides quicker detection and analysis of engine malfunctions for quicker troubleshooting procedures than traditional methods.

By connecting your computer to the ECM (Electronic Control Module) of an outboard motor using the communication cable, this software can be used to display sensor data and data stored in the ECM on a computer's monitor.

If this software is run on Microsoft Windows[®] 95, Windows 98, Windows Me, Windows 2000, or Windows XP the information can be displayed in colorful graphics. Also, the software can be operated using either a mouse or a keyboard.

In addition, the data for the main functions (Diagnosis, Diagnosis record, Engine monitor, and Data logger) can be saved on a disk or printed out.

Functions

- 1. **Diagnosis:** With the engine main switch ON, each sensor's status and each ECM diagnosis code or item is displayed. This enables you to find malfunctioning parts and controls quickly.
- 2. **Diagnosis record:** Sensors that had been activated and ECM diagnostic codes that have been recorded are displayed. This allows you to check the outboard motor's record of malfunctions.
- 3. **Engine monitor:** Each sensor status and the ECM data are displayed while the engine is running. This enables you to find malfunctioning parts quickly.
- 4. **Stationary test:** With the engine off, the ignition, fuel injection, electric fuel pump, and ISC valve are checked. These tests can be performed quickly.
- 5. **Active test:** With the engine running the ISC valve is checked.
- 6. **Data logger:** Displays 13 minutes of recorded data for two or more of the items stored in the ECM. In addition, the operating time as compared to the engine speed and the total operating time are displayed. This allows you to check the operating status of the engine.
- 7. **Some files:** Lets you select and run other applications while continuing to run the diagnostic program.

Contents

- Software (1)
- 2. Adapter (1)
- 3. Communication cable (1)
- 4. Instruction Manual (1)
- 5. Installation Manual (1)



(1)



(2)











(5)

63P3F11 9-2





Troubleshooting

Hardware requirements

Make sure that your computer meets the following requirements before using this software.

Computer: IBM-compatible computer

Operating system: Microsoft (Windows 95,) Windows 98, Windows Me, Windows 2000, or

Windows XP (English version)

CPU:

Windows 95/98: i486X, 100 MHz or higher (Pentium 100 MHz or higher recommended)
Windows Me/2000: Pentium, 166 MHz or higher (Pentium 233 MHz or higher recommended)
Windows XP: Pentium, 300 MHz or higher (Pentium 500 MHz or higher recommended)

Memory:

Windows 95/98: 16 MB or more (32 MB or more recommended)
Windows Me: 32 MB or more (64 MB or more recommended)
Windows 2000: 64 MB or more (128 MB or more recommended)
Windows XP: 128 MB or more (256 MB or more recommended)

Hard disk free space: 20 MB or more (40 MB or more recommended)

Drive: CD-ROM drive

Display: VGA (640×480 pixels), (SVGA [800×600 pixels] or more recommended)

256 or more colors

Mouse: Compatible with the operating systems mentioned above

Communication port: RS232C (Dsub-9 pin) port, USB port

Printer: Compatible with the operating systems mentioned above

NOTE:

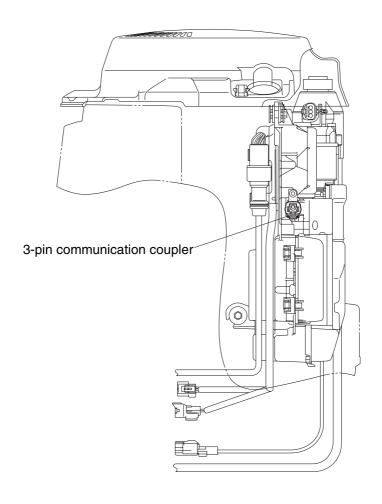
- The amount of memory and the amount of free space on the hard disk differs depending on the computer.
- Using this software while there is not enough free space on the hard disk could cause errors and result in insufficient memory.
- This software will not run properly on some computers.
- When starting up this program, do not start other software applications.
- Do not use the screen saver function or the energy saving feature when using this program.
- If the ECM is changed, restart the program.
- Window XP is a multiuser operating system, therefore, be sure to end this program if the login user is changed.
- The USB adapter cannot be used with Windows 95.

For operating instructions of the Yamaha Diagnostic System, refer to the "Yamaha Diagnostic System Instruction Manual."

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Connecting the communication cable to the outboard motor Models: F(L)150A

Bow view



S63P9030

9

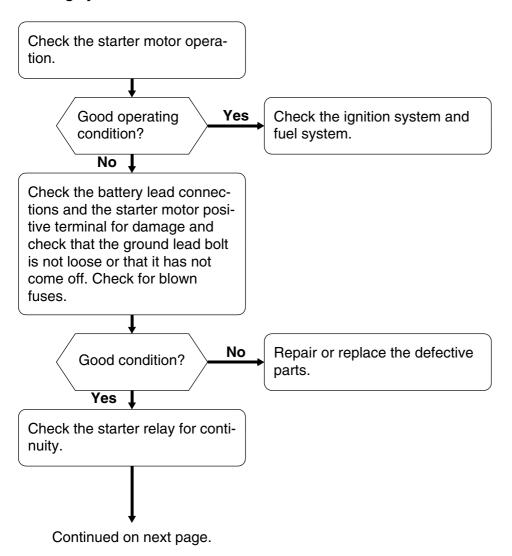
NOTE:

- Before troubleshooting the outboard motor, check the compression pressure, the mounting and rigging of the outboard motor, and the operation of the engine start switch. Also, make sure that specified fuel has been used and that the battery is fully charged.
- To diagnose a mechanical malfunction, use the troubleshooting charts for each trouble located in this chapter. Also, when checking and maintaining the outboard motor, see Chapters 3–8 for safe maintenance procedures.
- To diagnose a sensor or switch malfunction, use the diagnostic flash indicator to determine the cause.

Power unit

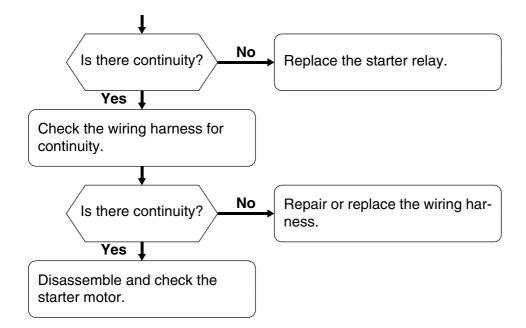
Symptom 1: Engine does not start, or starting the engine is difficult.

Starting system



9-5 63P3F11

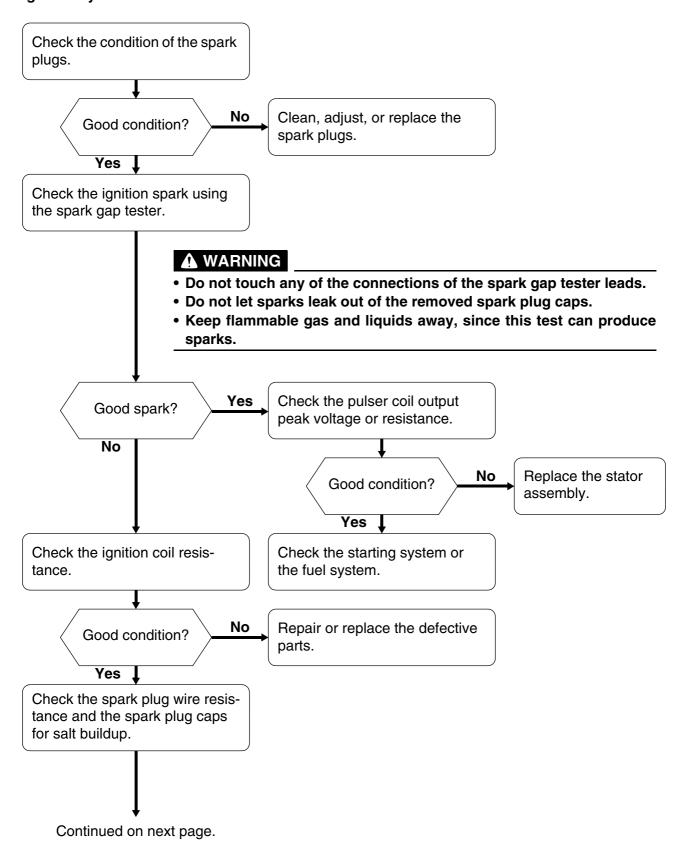




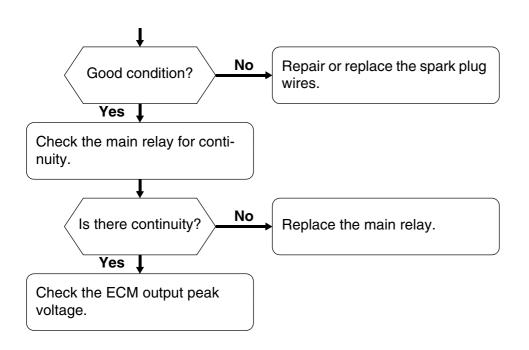


Troubleshooting

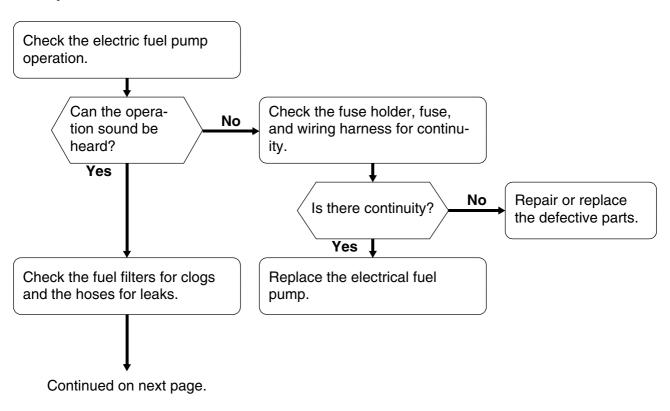
Ignition system

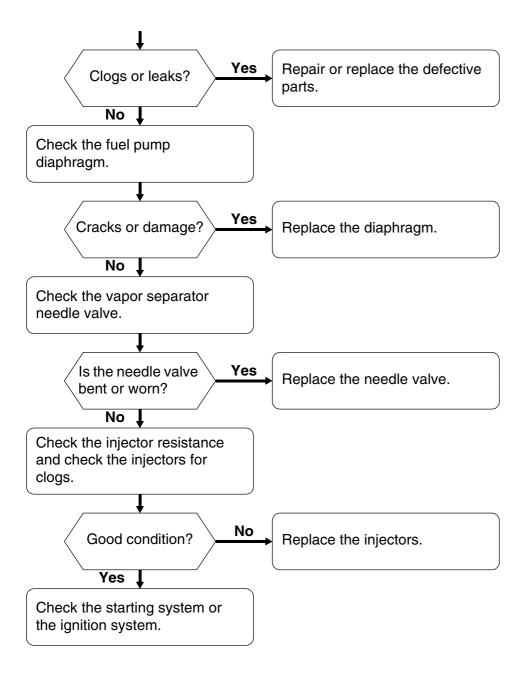


9-7 63P3F11



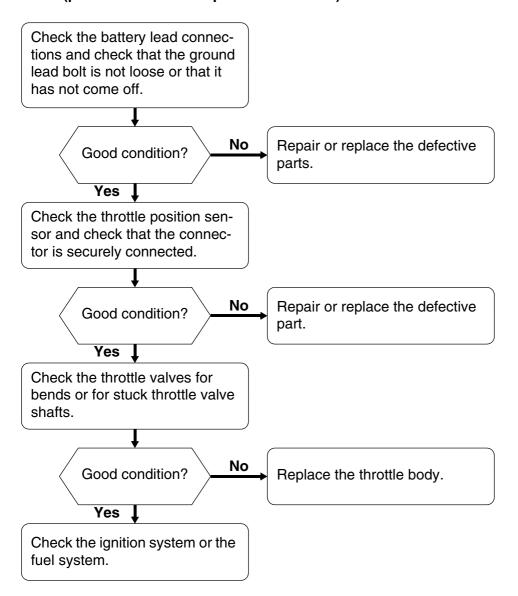
Fuel system





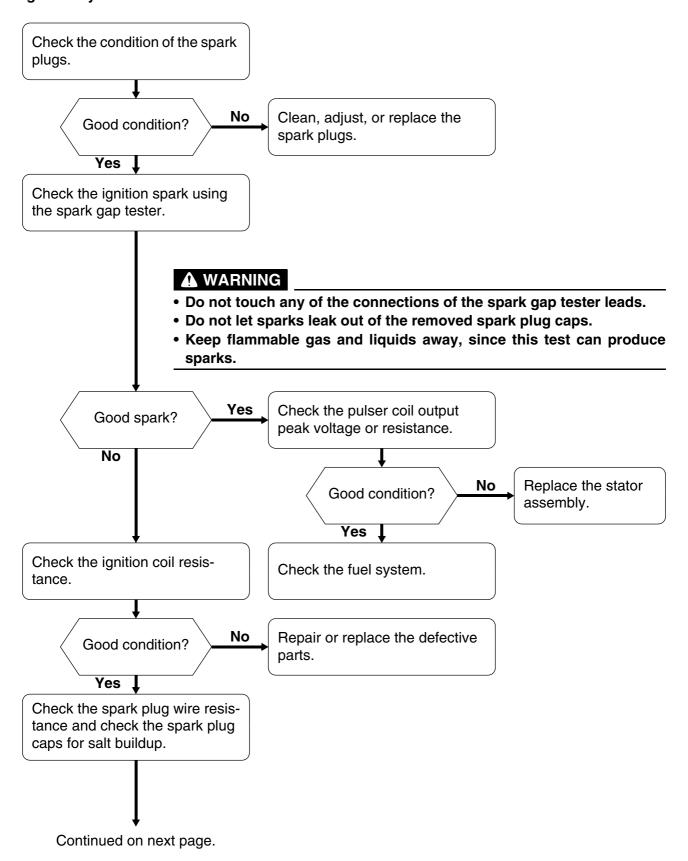
9-9 63P3F11

Symptom 2: Engine speed at wide open throttle is low, engine speed decreases, or engine stalls (poor acceleration or poor deceleration).

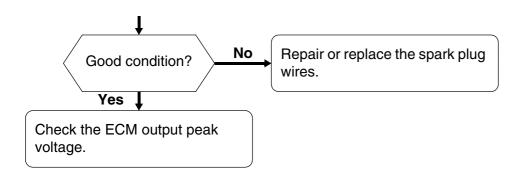


Troubleshooting

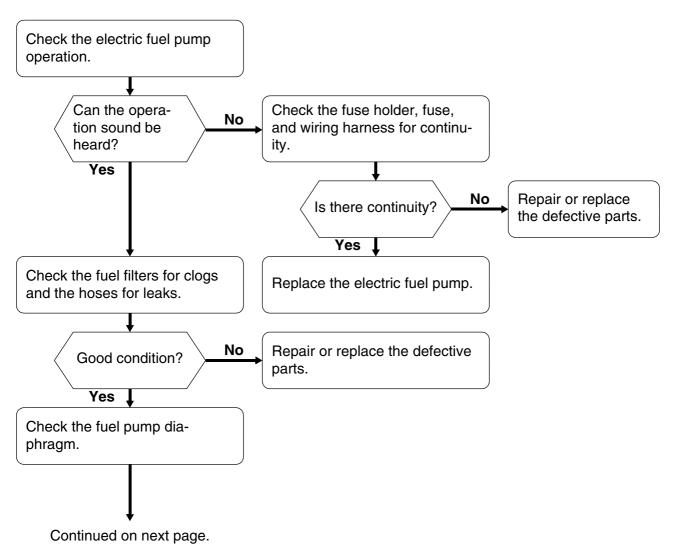
Ignition system

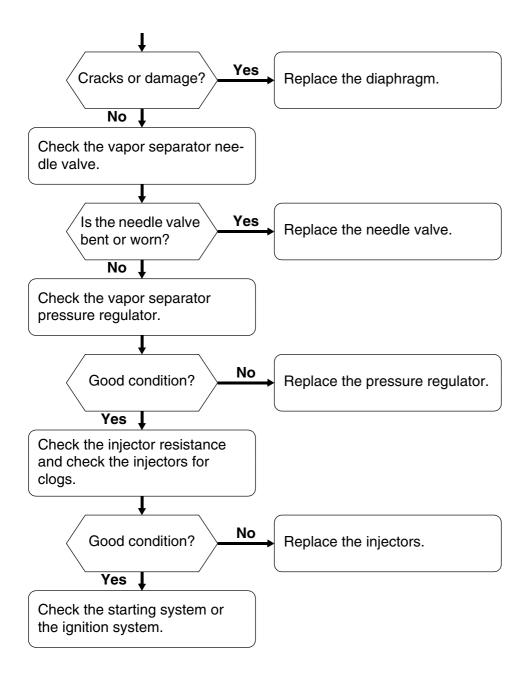


9-11 63P3F11



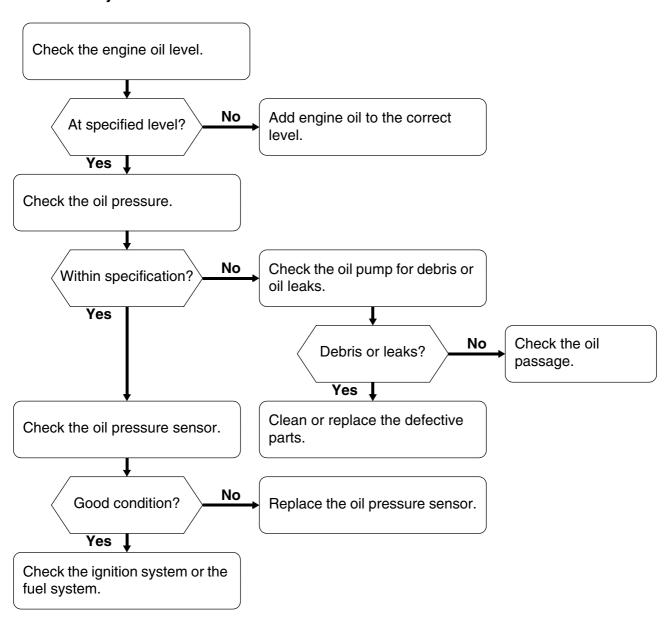
Fuel system





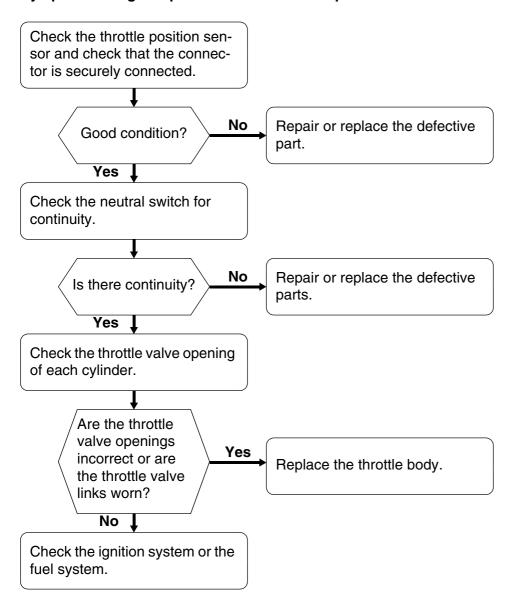
9-13 63P3F11

Lubrication system



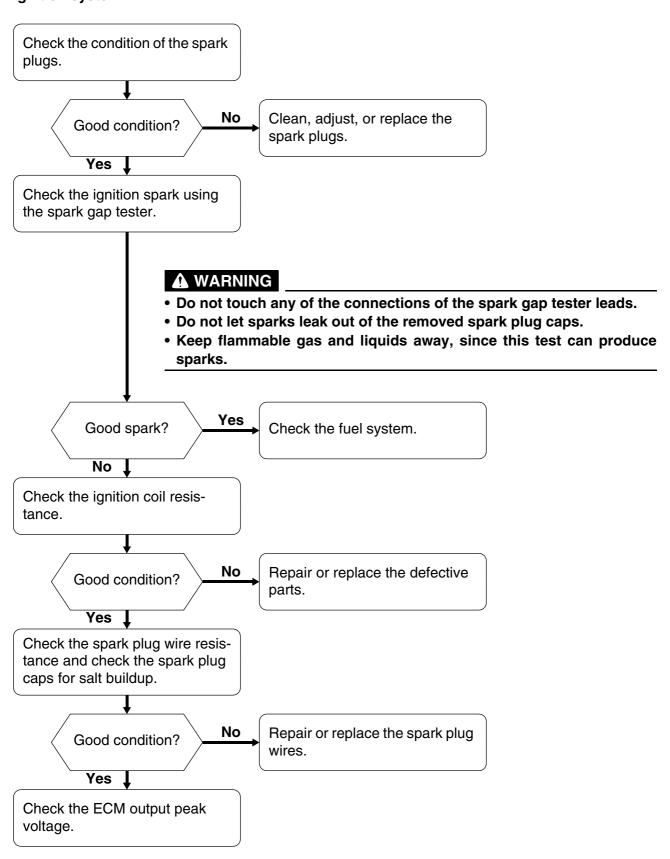
Troubleshooting

Symptom 3: Engine speed not stable at low speeds.



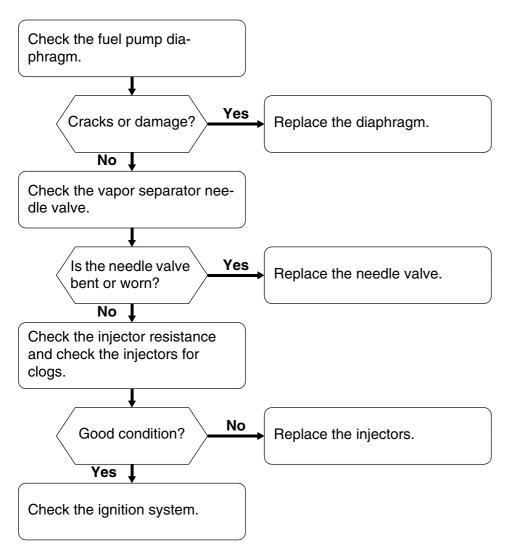
9-15 63P3F11

Ignition system



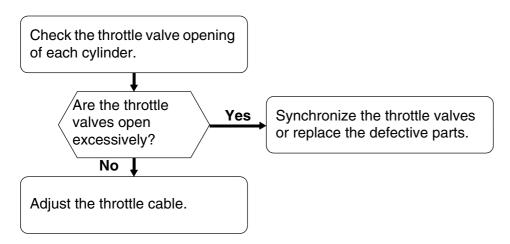
Troubleshooting

Fuel system

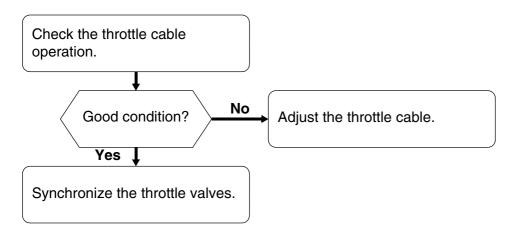


9-17 63P3F11

Symptom 4: Hunting occurs.



Symptom 5: Engine speed rises even when the throttle position is fixed.

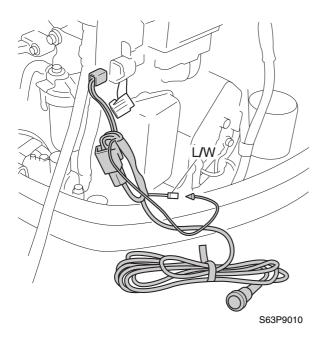




Self-diagnosis

Diagnosing the electronic control system

1. Connect the special service tool to the outboard motor as shown.



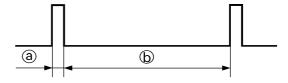
NOTE:

When performing this diagnosis, all of the electrical wires must be properly connected.



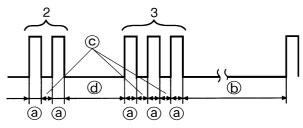
Diagnostic flash indicator B: 90890-06865

- 2. Start the engine and let it idle.
- Check the flash pattern of the diagnostic flash indicator to determine if there are any malfunctions.
 - Normal condition (no defective part or irregular processing is found)
 - Single flash is given every 4.95 seconds.
 - (a): Light on, 0.33 second
 - (b): Light off, 4.95 seconds



S69J9020

- Trouble code indication
 Example: The illustration indicates
 code number 23.
 - (a): Light on, 0.33 second
 - (b): Light off, 4.95 seconds
 - ©: Light off, 0.33 second
 - d: Light off, 1.65 seconds



S69J9030

4. If a flash pattern listed in the diagnostic code chart is displayed, check the malfunctioning part according to the flash pattern.

NOTE:

When more than one problem is detected, the light of the diagnostic flash indicator flashes in the pattern of the lowest numbered problem. After that problem is corrected, the light flashes in the pattern of the next lowest numbered problem. This continues until all of the problems are detected and corrected.

9-19 63P3F11

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Code	Symptom
1	Normal
13	Incorrect pulser coil signal
15	Incorrect engine temperature sensor signal
18	Incorrect throttle position sensor signal
19	Incorrect battery voltage
23	Incorrect intake air temperature sensor signal
28	Incorrect neutral switch signal
29	Incorrect intake air pressure sensor signal
37	Incorrect idle speed control signal
39	Incorrect oil pressure sensor signal
44	Incorrect engine stop lanyard switch signal
45	Incorrect shift cut switch signal
46	Incorrect thermoswitch signal

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Wiring diagram F150AET, FL150AET

- 1) Spark plug
- ② Ignition coil
- (3) Thermoswitch
- 4 Oil pressure sensor
- (5) Diode
- 6 Starter relay
- Starter motor
- Starting battery
- Accessory battery
- (10) Fuse holder
- 11) Fuse (30 A)
- 12 Fuse (20 A)
- (3) Fuse (50 A)
- (4) Intake air temperature sensor
- 15 Power trim and tilt relay
- (6) Power trim and tilt motor
- (7) ECM
- (8) Pulser coil
- Stator coil
- Engine temperature sensor
- ② Rectifier Regulator
- 22 Power trim and tilt switch
- 23 Trim sensor
- 24 Idle speed control
- Throttle position sensor
- Intake air pressure sensor
- ② Fuel injector
- Electric fuel pump
- Shift cut switch
- 30 Neutral switch
- 3 Main relay
- A To personal computer for diagnosis
- B To remote control box/switch panel
- C To trim meter
- □ To warning indicator
- E To diagnostic flash indicator (special service tool)
- (*1) Isolator cable (optional)
- (*2) Negative cable (commercially available)

Color code

B : Black
Br : Brown
G : Green
Gy : Gray
L : Blue

Lg : Light green
O : Orange
P : Pink
R : Red
Sb : Sky blue
W : White
Y : Yellow
B/O : Black/orang

Υ B/O : Black/orange B/W : Black/white B/Y: Black/yellow Br/W: Brown/white G/B : Green/black G/R : Green/red G/Y: Green/yellow L/G : Blue/green L/W : Blue/white L/Y : Blue/yellow P/B : Pink/black P/G: Pink/green P/W : Pink/white Pu/B : Purple/black Pu/G: Purple/green Pu/Y: Purple/vellow

Pu/R : Purple/red
Pu/Y : Purple/yellow
R/Y : Red/yellow
W/B : White/black
W/R : White/red
Y/G : Yellow/green



