ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

1. Basic Diagnostic Procedure

A: PROCEDURE

1. ENGINE

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK ENGINE START FAILURE. 1) Ask the customer when and how the trouble occurred using the check list for interview. <ref. check="" check,="" en(h4so)(diag)-3,="" for="" interview.="" list="" to=""></ref.> 2) Start the engine. 	Does the engine start?	Go to step 2.	Inspection using "Diagnostics for Engine Start Fail- ure". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 58, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.></ref.>
2	CHECK ILLUMINATION OF MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT.	Does malfunction indicator light illuminate?	Go to step 3 .	Inspection using "General Diagnos- tics Table". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)- 342, INSPEC- TION, General Diagnostic Table.></ref.
3	 CHECK INDICATION OF DTC ON DISPLAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the Subaru Select Monitor or the general scan tool to data link connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON and the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool power switch to ON. 4) Read the DTC on the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. 	Does the Subaru Select Moni- tor or general scan tool indi- cate DTC?	Record the DTC. Repair the trouble cause. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> Go to step 4.</ref.>	Repair the related parts. NOTE: If DTC is not shown on display although the mal- function indicator light illuminates, perform diagnos- tics of malfunction indicator light cir- cuit or combination meter. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 49, Malfunction In- dicator Light.></ref.>
4	PERFORM THE DIAGNOSIS. 1) Perform the clear memory mode. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, Clear Memory Mode.> 2) Perform the inspection mode. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, Inspection Mode.></ref.></ref.>	Does the Subaru Select Moni- tor or general scan tool indi- cate DTC?	Inspect using "Diagnostics Pro- cedure with Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 80, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Complete the diagnosis.

2. Check List for Interview

A: CHECK

1. CHECK LIST No. 1

Check the following items when problem has occurred.

NOTE:

Use copies of this page for interviewing customers.

Customer's name		Engine No.	
Date of sale		Fuel brand	
Date of repair			km
VIN No.		Odometer reading	miles
Weather	 Fine Cloudy Rainy Snowy Various/Others: 		
	°C (°F)		
Outdoor temperature	 □ Hot □ Warm □ Cool □ Cold 		
Place	 Highway Suburbs Inner city Uphill Downhill Rough road Others: 		
Engine temperature	 Cold Warming-up After warming-up Any temperature Others: 		
Engine speed	rpm		
Vehicle speed	MPH		
Driving conditions	 Not affected At starting While idling At racing While accelerating While cruising While decelerating While turning (RH/LH) 		
Headlight	ON / OFF	Rear defogger	
Blower		Radio	
A/C compressor		CD/Cassette	ON / OFF
Radiator fan		Car phone	
Front wiper		СВ	
Rear wiper			-

2. CHECK LIST No. 2

Check the following items about the vehicle's state when malfunction indicator light turns on.

NOTE:

Use copies of this page for interviewing customers.

a) Other warning lights or indicators turn on. 🗆 Yes / 🗅 No
Low fuel warning light
Charge indicator light
AT diagnostics indicator light ABS warring light
 ABS warning light Engine oil pressure warning light
b) Fuel level
,
 Lack of gasoline: □ Yes / □ No Indicator position of fuel gauge:
 Experienced running out of fuel?: Yes / No
c) Intentional connecting or disconnecting of harness connectors or spark plug cords: Yes / No
What:
d) Intentional connecting or disconnecting of hoses:
What:
e) Installing of parts other than genuine parts: 🗆 Yes / 🗅 No
What:
Where:
f) Occurrence of noise: Yes / No
From where:
What kind:
g) Occurrence of smell: 🖬 Yes / 🖬 No
From where:
What kind:
h) Intrusion of water into engine compartment or passenger compartment: Ves / Ves / No
i) Troubles occurred
Engine does not start.
Engine stalls during idling.
Engine stalls while driving.
Engine speed decreases.
Engine speed does not decrease.
Poor acceleration
Back fire
After fire
No shift Supersity shift shock
Excessive shift shock

3. General Description

A: CAUTION

1) Airbag system wiring harness is routed near the ECM, main relay and fuel pump relay.

CAUTION:

• Airbag system connectors are colored yellow. Do not use electrical test equipment on these circuit.

• Be careful not to damage the airbag system wiring harness when servicing the ECM, TCM, main relay and fuel pump relay.

2) Never connect the battery in reverse polarity.

• The ECM will be destroyed instantly.

The fuel injector and other part will be damaged.
3) Do not disconnect the battery terminals while the engine is running.

A large counter electromotive force will be generated in the generator, and this voltage may damage electronic parts such as ECM, etc.

4) Before disconnecting the connectors of each sensor and the ECM, be sure to turn OFF the ignition switch.

5) Poor contact has been identified as a primary cause of this problem. To measure the voltage and/ or resistance of individual sensors or all electrical control modules at the harness side connector, use a tapered pin with a diameter of less than 0.64 mm (0.025 in). Do not insert the pin more than 5 mm (0.20 in) into the part.

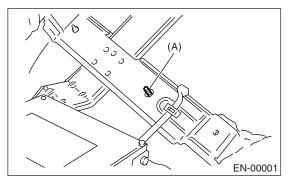
6) Before removing the ECM from the located position, disconnect two cables on battery.

Otherwise, the ECM may be damaged.

CAUTION:

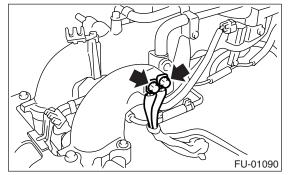
When replacing the ECM, be careful not to use the wrong spec. ECM to avoid any damage on fuel injection system.

7) The connectors to each sensor in the engine compartment and the harness connectors on the engine side and body side are all designed to be waterproof. However, it is still necessary to take care not to allow water to get into the connectors when washing the vehicle, or when servicing the vehicle on a rainy day. 8) Use ECM mounting stud bolts at the body side grounding point when measuring voltage and resistance inside the passenger compartment.



(A) Stud bolt

9) Use engine grounding terminal or engine proper as the grounding point to the body when measuring voltage and resistance in the engine compartment.



10) Every MFI-related part is a precision part. Do not drop them.

11) Observe the following cautions when installing a radio in MFI equipped models.

CAUTION:

• The antenna must be kept as far apart as possible from the control unit. (The ECM is located under the steering column, inside of the instrument panel lower trim panel.)

• The antenna feeder must be placed as far apart as possible from the ECM and MFI harness.

• Carefully adjust the antenna for correct matching.

• When mounting a large power type radio, pay special attention to the three items above mentioned.

• Incorrect installation of the radio may affect the operation of the ECM.

12) Before disconnecting the fuel hose, release the fuel pressure. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-42, RELEASING OF FUEL PRESSURE, PROCEDURE, Fuel.>

13) On models with ABS, when performing driving test in jacked-up or lifted-up position, sometimes the warning light may be lit, but this is not a malfunction of the system. The reason for this is the speed difference between the front and rear wheels. After diagnosis of engine control system, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of self-diagnosis system.

B: INSPECTION

Before performing diagnostics, check the following items which might affect engine problems:

1. BATTERY

1) Measure battery voltage and specific gravity of electrolyte.

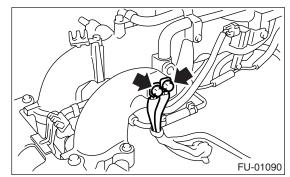
Standard voltage: 12 V

Specific gravity: Above 1.260

2) Check the condition of the main and other fuses, and harnesses and connectors. Also check for proper grounding.

2. ENGINE GROUNDING

Make sure the engine grounding terminal is properly connected to the engine.



C: NOTE

1. DESCRIPTION

• The on-board diagnostics (OBD) system detects and indicates a fault in various inputs and outputs of the complex electronic control. Malfunction indicator light in the combination meter indicates occurrence of a fault or trouble.

• Further, against such a failure or sensors as may disable the drive, the fail-safe function is provided to ensure the minimal driveability.

• The OBD system incorporated with the vehicles within this engine family complies with OBD-II Regulations. The OBD system monitors the components and the system malfunction listed in Engine Section which affects on emissions.

• When the system decides that a malfunction occurs, malfunction indicator light illuminates. At the same time of the malfunction indicator light illumination or blinking, a DTC and a freeze frame engine conditions are stored into on-board computer.

• The OBD system stores freeze frame engine condition data (engine load, engine coolant temperature, fuel trim, engine speed and vehicle speed, etc.) into on-board computer when it detects a malfunction first.

• If the OBD system detects the various malfunctions including the fault of fuel trim or misfire, the OBD system first stores freeze frame engine conditions about the fuel trim or misfire.

• When the malfunction does not occur again for three consecutive driving cycles, malfunction indicator light is turned off, but DTC remains at on-board computer.

• When troubleshooting the vehicle which complies with OBD-II Regulations, connect the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool to the vehicle.

2. ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL SYS-TEM

• The Multipoint Fuel Injection (MFI) system is a system that supplies the optimum air-fuel mixture to the engine for all the various operating conditions through the use of the latest electronic technology.

With this system fuel, which is pressurized at a constant pressure, is injected into the intake air passage of the cylinder head. The injection quantity of fuel is controlled by an intermittent injection system where the electro-magnetic injection valve (fuel injector) opens only for a short period of time, depending on the quantity of air required for one cycle of operation. In actual operation, the injection quantity is determined by the duration of an electric pulse applied to the fuel injector and this permits simple, yet highly precise metering of the fuel.

• Further, all the operating conditions of the engine are converted into electric signals, and this results in additional features of the system, such as large improved adaptability, easier addition of compensating element, etc.

The MFI system also has the following features:

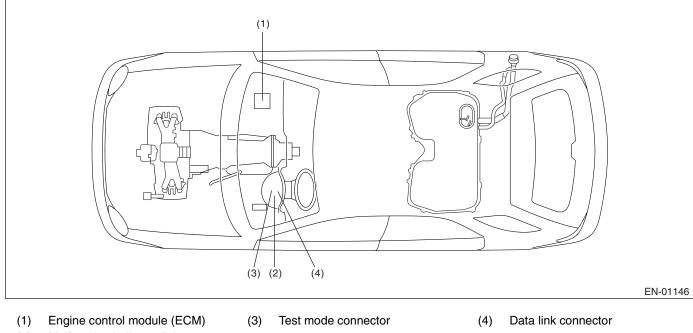
- Reduced emission of harmful exhaust gases.
- Reduction in fuel consumption.
- Increased engine output.
- Superior acceleration and deceleration.
- Superior startability and warm-up performance in cold weather since compensation is made for coolant and intake air temperature.

D: PREPARATION TOOL

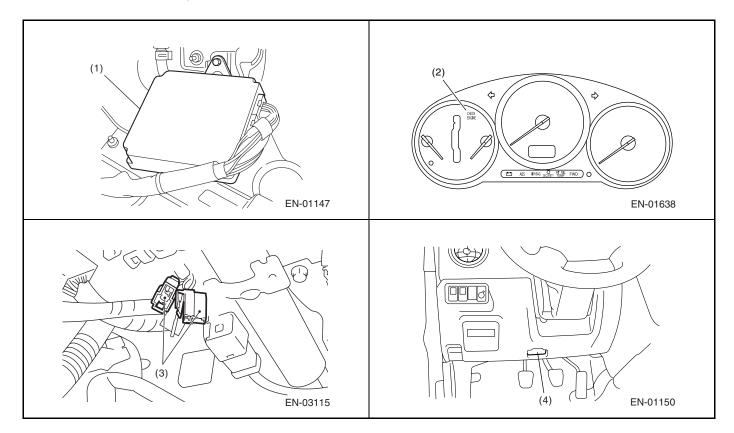
ILLUSTRATION	TOOL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
ST18482AA010	18482AA010 (Newly adopted tool)	CARTRIDGE	Troubleshooting for electrical systems.
5T22771AA030	22771AA030	SUBARU SELECT MONITOR KIT	Troubleshooting for electrical systems.

A: LOCATION

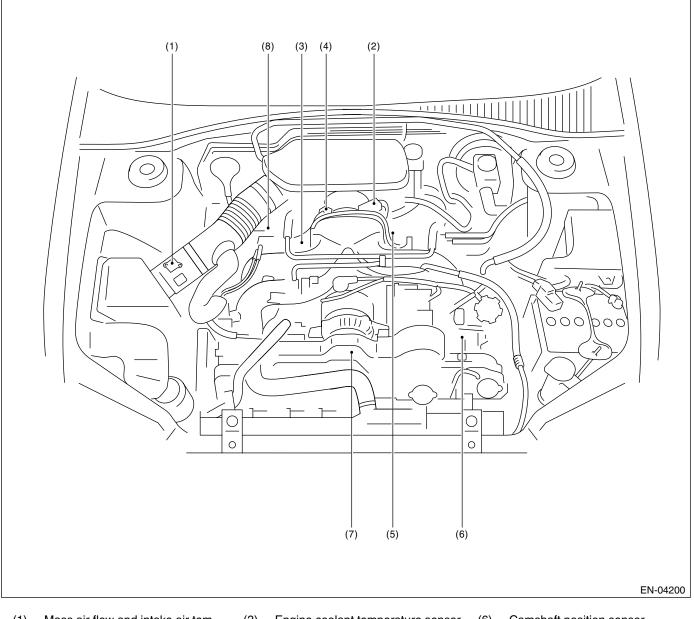
- 1. ENGINE
- CONTROL MODULE



(2) Malfunction indicator light



SENSOR



(1) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor

Manifold absolute pressure sensor

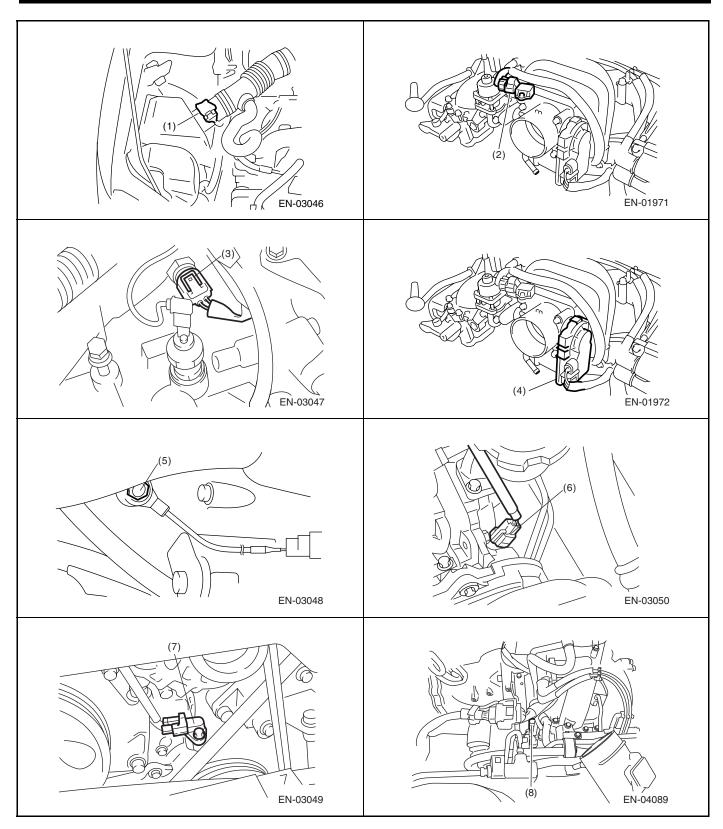
(2)

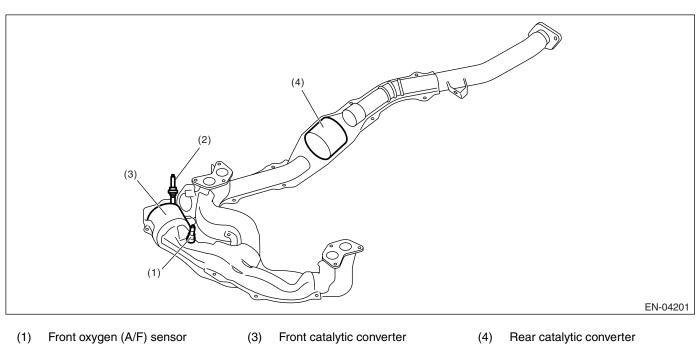
- (3) Engine coolant temperature sensor
- (4) Throttle position sensor

(5)

- Knock sensor
- (6) Camshaft position sensor
- (7) Crankshaft position sensor
- (8) Oil temperature sensor

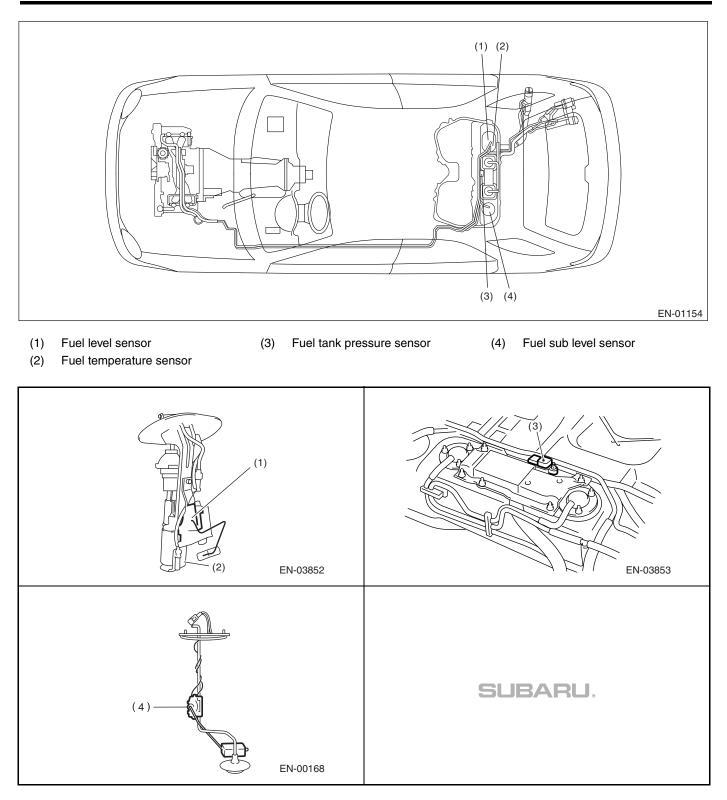
ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)



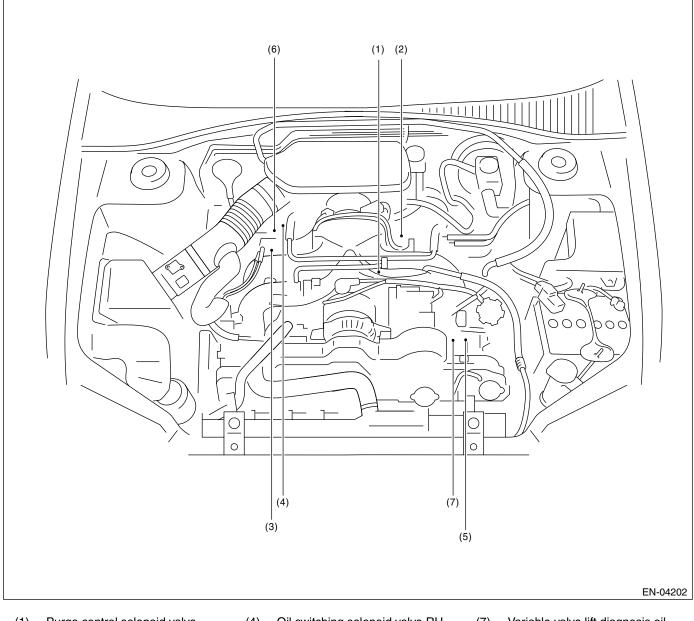


(2) Rear oxygen sensor

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

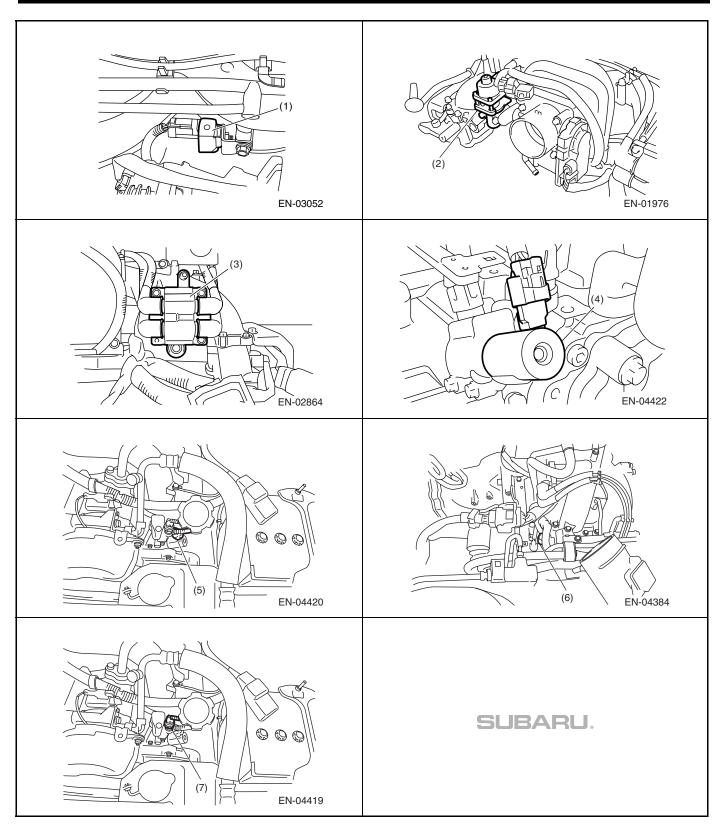


• SOLENOID VALVE, EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PARTS AND IGNITION SYSTEM PARTS

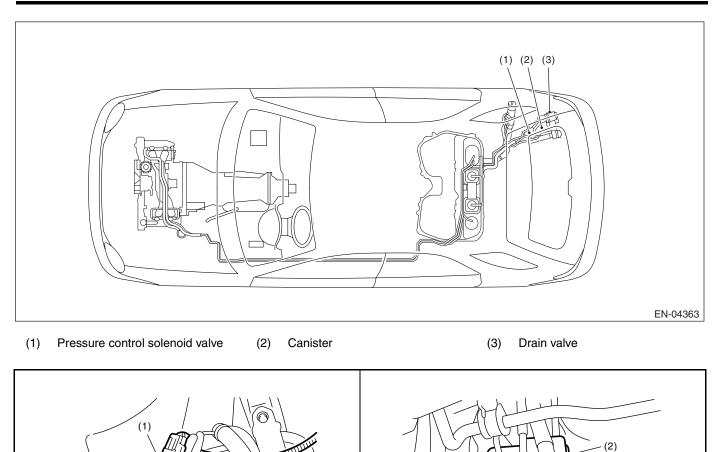


- (1) Purge control solenoid valve
- (4) Oil switching solenoid valve RH

- (2) EGR valve
- (3) Ignition coil and ignitor ASSY
- (5) Oil switching solenoid valve LH
 (6) Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch RH
- (7) Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch LH



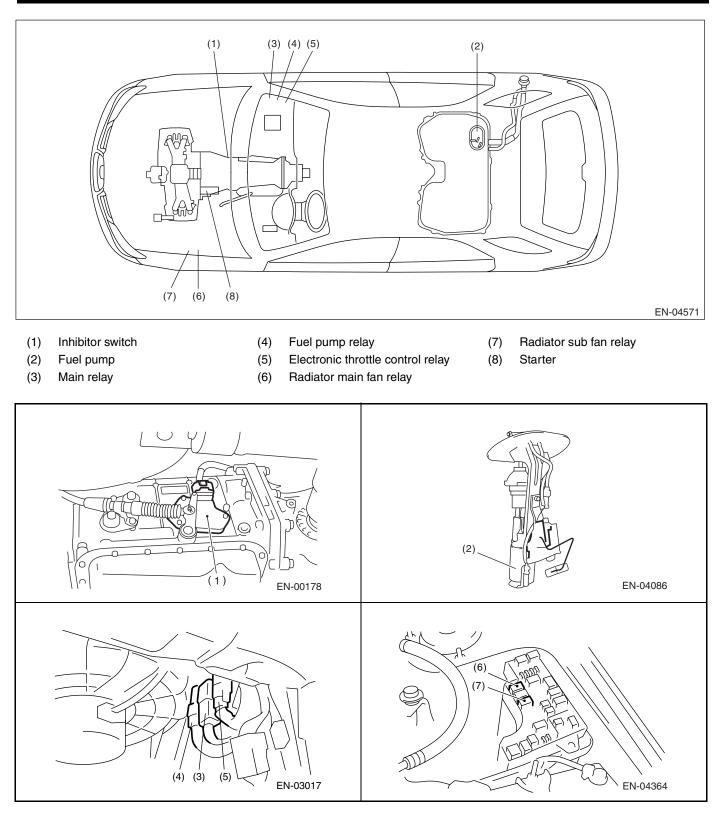
EN-02846

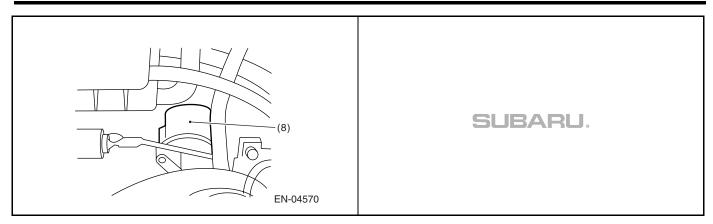


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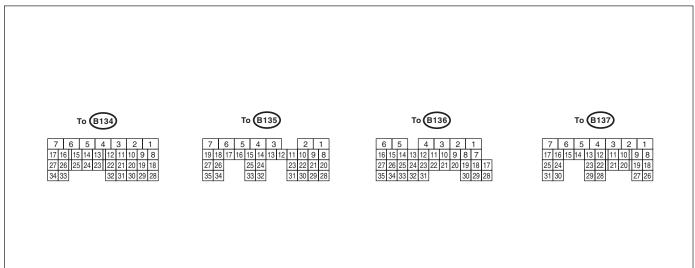
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5. Engine Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal

A: ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION



EN-01812

		Connector	Terminal	Signa	al (V)	
Content		No.	No Ignitior	Ignition SW ON (Engine OFF)	Engine ON (Idling)	Note
Orankahaft	Signal (+)	B134	13	0	-7 +7	Sensor output waveform
Crankshaft position sensor	Signal (-)	B134	14	0	0	—
position sensor	Shield	B134	24	0	0	—
Deereview	Signal	B135	4	0	0 — 0.9	—
Rear oxygen sensor	Shield	B135	1	0	0	—
3611301	GND (sensor)	B134	29	0	0	—
Front oxygen	Signal 1	B136	3	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform
(A/F) sensor heater	Signal 2	B136	2	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform
Rear oxygen sensor heater sig- nal		B136	4	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform
Engine coolant	Signal	B134	34	1.0 — 1.4	1.0 — 1.4	After warm-up the engine.
temperature sensor	GND (sensor)	B134	29	0	0	After warm-up the engine.
Vehicle speed si	gnal	B136	12	0 or 5	0 or 5	"5" and "0" are repeatedly displayed when vehicle is driven.
NA : (1	Signal	B135	26	_	0.3 — 4.5	—
Mass air flow sensor	Shield	B135	35	0	0	—
3611301	GND	B135	34	0	0	—
Intake air temper signal	rature sensor	B135	18	0.3 — 4.6	0.3 — 4.6	—
0 1 1 1	Signal (+)	B134	12	0	-7 - +7	Sensor output waveform
Camshaft posi- tion sensor	Signal (-)	B134	22	0	0	—
	Shield	B134	24	0	0	—
Starter switch		B136	32	0	0	Cranking: 8 — 14
A/C switch		B136	23	ON: 10 — 13 OFF: 0	ON: 12 — 14 OFF: 0	—
Ignition switch		B135	27	10 — 13	12 — 14	—

Engine Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal

				Signa	al (V)	
Cont	tent	Connector	Terminal	Ignition SW ON	Engine ON	Note
		No.	No.	(Engine OFF)	(Idling)	
Neutral position	ewitch	B136	31	ON: 0	ON: 0	
			-	OFF: 10 — 13	OFF: 12 — 14	
Test mode conne		B135	19	10 — 13	12 — 14	When connected: 0
Knock sensor	Signal	B134	15	2.5	2.5	—
	Shield	B134	25	0	0	—
Back-up power s	supply	B135	5	10 — 13	12 — 14	Ignition switch "OFF": 10 — 13
Control unit pow	er supply	B134	7	10 — 13	12 — 14	—
		B135	2	10 — 13	12 — 14	—
Ignition control	1	B137	18	0	1 — 3.4	Waveform
Ignition control	2	B137	19	0	1 — 3.4	Waveform
	#1	B137	8	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform
Fuel injector	#2	B137	9	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform
r der ingeotor	#3	B137	10	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform
	#4	B137	11	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform
Fuel pump contro	ol relay	B136	13	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 12 — 14	_
A/C relay control		B136	9	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 12 — 14	_
Radiator fan rela	y 1 control	B136	18	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 12 — 14	_
Radiator fan rela	y 2 control	B136	29	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 12 — 14	Model with A/C only
Starter relay control		B136	20	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 12 — 14	_
Self shut relay co	ontrol	B136	24	0.5 or less	0.5 or less	_
Malfunction indic	ator lamp	B136	11	_	_	Light "ON": 1 or less Light "OFF": 10 — 14
Engine speed ou	Itput	B136	22	_	0 — 13	Waveform
Purge control so	•	B137	29	ON: 1 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 1 or less OFF: 12 — 14	Sensor output waveform
Manifold abso-	Signal	B134	6	3.4 — 3.8	1.4 — 1.8	
lute pressure sensor	GND (sensor)	B134	29	0	0	
Fuel tank pres- sure sensor	Signal	B135	32	2.3 — 2.7	2.3 — 2.7	The valve operates when fuel filler cap is removed and reinstalled.
	GND (sensor)	B135	30	0	0	—
Pressure control	solenoid valve	B136	28	ON: 1 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 1 or less OFF: 12 — 14	_
Drain valve		B136	17	ON: 1 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 1 or less OFF: 12 — 14	—
Fuel level sensor	r	B135	10	0.3 — 4.5	0.3 — 4.5	—
Fuel temperature	e sensor signal	B135	17	1 — 4	1 — 4	_
Small light switch		B135	15	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	_
Blower fan switch		B135	16	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	—
Rear defogger s	witch	B135	14	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	—
Power steering of switch	il pressure	B134	33	ON: 1 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	—

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Engine Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal

			I	0.		1
0		Connector	Terminal		al (V)	Nista
Content		No.	No.	Ignition SW ON (Engine OFF)	Engine ON (Idling)	Note
Front oxygen (A/ nal (+)	F) sensor sig-	B135	9	_	2.7 — 2.9	—
Front oxygen (A/ nal (–)		B135	8	_	2.35 — 2.55	_
Front oxygen (A/ shield	F) sensor	B135	1	0	0	—
SSM/GST comm	nunication line	B136	16	Less than 1 $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ More than 4	Less than 1 $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ More than 4	—
	Engine 1	B134	5	0	0	—
	Engine 2	B137	7	0	0	—
	Engine 3	B137	2	0	0	—
Ground	Engine 4	B137	1	0	0	—
Ground	Engine 5	B137	3	0	0	
	Ignition 1	B137	26	0	0	_
	Ignition 2	B137	6	0	0	
	Body	B136	6	0	0	
	Main	B134	18	0.64 — 0.72 Fully opened: 3.96	0.64 — 0.72 (After engine warm-up)	Fully closed: 0.6 Fully opened: 3.96
Electronic throt- tle control	Sub	B134	28	1.51 — 1.58 Fully opened: 4.17	1.51 — 1.58 (After engine warm-up)	Fully closed: 1.48 Fully opened: 4.17
	Power supply	B134	19	5	5	—
	GND (sensor)	B134	29	0	0	—
Electronic throttle (+)	e control motor	B137	5	Duty waveform	Duty waveform	Driving frequency: 500 Hz
Electronic throttle	e control motor	B137	4	Duty waveform	Duty waveform	Driving frequent: 500 Hz
Electronic throttle power supply	e control motor	B136	1	10 — 13	12 — 14	—
Electronic throttle	e control motor	B136	21	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	When ignition switch is ON: ON
	Main sensor signal	B135	23	Fully closed: 0.7 Fully opened: 3.0	Fully closed: 0.7 Fully opened: 3.0	—
	Main power supply	B135	21	5	5	—
Accelerator pedal position	GND (Main sensor)	B135	29	0	0	—
sensor	Sub sensor signal	B135	31	Fully closed: 0.7 Fully opened: 3.0	Fully closed: 0.7 Fully opened: 3.0	—
	Sub power supply	B135	22	5	5	_
	GND (Sub sensor)	B135	30	0	0	_
Cruise control set light		B135	3	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	_
Main light		B135	6	ON: 1 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	_
Clutch switch		B136	25	When clutch pedal is depressed: 0 When clutch pedal is released: 10 — 13	When clutch pedal is depressed: 0 When clutch pedal is released: 12 — 14	_

		Connector	Terminal	Signa	al (V)	
Con	tent	No.	No.	Ignition SW ON (Engine OFF)	Engine ON (Idling)	Note
SET/COAST sw	itch	B135	24	ON: 10 — 13 OFF: 0	ON: 12 — 14 OFF: 0	—
Brake switch 1		B135	20	When brake pedal is depressed: 0 When brake pedal is released: 10 — 13	When brake pedal is depressed: 0 When brake pedal is released: 12 - 14	_
Brake switch 2		B135	28	When brake pedal is depressed: 10 — 13 When brake pedal is released: 0	When brake pedal is depressed: 12 — 14 When brake pedal is released: 0	_
RESUME/ACCE	RESUME/ACCEL switch		13	ON: 10 — 13 OFF: 0	ON: 12 — 14 OFF: 0	—
Main switch		B135	12	ON: 10 — 13 OFF: 0	ON: 12 — 14 OFF: 0	—
CAN communi-	Signal (+)	B136	27	Pulse	signal	—
cation	Signal (–)	B136	35	Pulse	signal	—
	Signal 1	B134	8	0 or 10 — 13	0 or 12 — 14	—
EGR solenoid	Signal 2	B134	9	0 or 10 — 13	0 or 12 — 14	—
valve	Signal 3	B134	10	0 or 10 — 13	0 or 12 — 14	—
	Signal 4	B134	20	0 or 10 — 13	0 or 12 — 14	—
Oil switching	Signal (+)	B137	25	0	Duty waveform	Driving frequency: 300 Hz
solenoid valve RH	Signal (-)	B137	24	0	0	—
Oil switching	Signal (+)	B137	31	0	Duty waveform	Driving frequency: 300 Hz
solenoid valve LH	Signal (-)	B137	30	0	0	—
Oil temperature sensor signal		B134	23	1.0 — 1.4	1.0 — 1.4	After warm-up the engine.
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch RH		B134	31	0	0	_
Variable valve lif pressure switch	•	B134	32	0	0	—

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Input/Output	Measuring condition	Waveform
1. Rear oxygen sensor	5 minutes after driving at a constant speed of	
	80 — 113 km/h (50 — 70 MPH)	Rear O2 Sensor
		A/F Sensor #1
		TIME[5] 0 10 20 30 40
		Rear O2 Sensor
		A/F Sensor #1
		0.5 TIME[S] 0 10 20 30 40
		EN-04680
2. Rear oxygen sensor	While idling (Oxygen sensor in active status)	
	,	Rear O2 Image: Constrained by the second s
		Rear O2 Sensor
		TIME[S] Ø 10 20 30 40
		EN-04681

6. Engine Condition Data

A: ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION

Content	Specified data
Engine load	17.6 — 40.5 (%): Idling
Engine load	14.72 — 29.8 (%): 2,500 rpm racing

Measuring condition:

- After the engine is warmed-up.
- Gear position is in "N" or "P" range.
- A/C is turned OFF.
- All accessory switches are turned OFF.

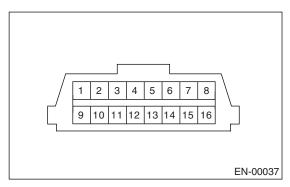
7. Data Link Connector

A: NOTE

This connector is used both for general scan tools and the Subaru Select Monitor.

CAUTION:

Do not connect any scan tools other than the general scan tools and the Subaru Select Monitor, because the circuit for the Subaru Select Monitor may be damaged.



Terminal No.	Contents	Terminal No.	Contents
1	Power supply	9	Blank
2	Blank	10	Subaru Select Monitor signal
3	Blank	11	Blank
4	Blank	12	Ground
5	Blank	13	Ground
6	Blank	14	Blank
7	Blank	15	Blank
8	Blank	16	Blank

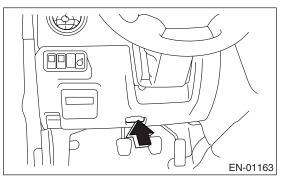
8. General Scan Tool

A: OPERATION

1. HOW TO USE GENERAL SCAN TOOL

1) Prepare a general scan tool required by SAE J1978.

2) Open the cover and connect the general scan tool to data link connector located in the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side).



3) Using the general scan tool, call up DTC and freeze frame data.

General scan tool functions consist of:

MODE \$01 (CUBBENT POWERTRAIN DIAGNOSTIC DATA)

2. MODE \$01 (CURRENT POWERTRAIN DIAGNOSTIC DATA) Refers to data denoting the current operating condition of analog input/output, digital input/output and/or the

powertrain system. A list of the support data and PID (Parameter Identification) codes are shown in the following table.

PID	Data	Unit of measure
01	Number of emission-related powertrain DTC and malfunction indicator light status and diag- nosis support information	—
03	Fuel system control status	—
04	Calculated engine load value	%
05	Engine coolant temperature	°C
06	Short term fuel trim	%
07	Long term fuel trim	%
0B	Intake manifold absolute pressure	kPa
0C	Engine revolution	rpm
0D	Vehicle speed	km/h
0E	Ignition timing advance	o
0F	Intake air temperature	°C
10	Air flow rate from mass air flow sensor	g/sec
11	Throttle valve absolute opening angle	%
13	Check whether oxygen sensor is installed.	—
15	Oxygen sensor output voltage and short term fuel trim associated with oxygen sensor	V and %
1C	Supporting OBD system	—
24	A/F value and A/F sensor output voltage	— and V
34	A/F value and A/F current	— and mA

NOTE:

Refer to general scan tool manufacturer's instruction manual to access generic OBD-II PIDs (MODE \$01).

- (2) MODE \$02: Powertrain freeze frame data
- (3) MODE \$03: Emission-related powertrain DTC
- (4) MODE \$04: Clear/Reset emission-related diagnostic information

(5) MODE \$06: Request on-board monitoring test results for non-continuously monitored systems

(6) MODE \$07: Request on-board monitoring test results for continuously monitored systems(7) MODE \$09: Request vehicle information

Read out the data according to repair procedures. (For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Operation Manual.)

NOTE:

For details concerning DTC, refer to the List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC). <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-73, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

3. MODE \$02 (POWERTRAIN FREEZE FRAME DATA)

Refers to data denoting the operating condition when trouble is sensed by the on-board diagnosis system. A list of the support data and PID (Parameter Identification) codes are shown in the following table.

PID	Data	Unit of measure
02	DTC that caused CARB required freeze frame data storage	—
03	Fuel system control status	—
04	Calculated engine load value	%
05	Engine coolant temperature	°C
06	Short term fuel trim	%
07	Long term fuel trim	%
0B	Intake manifold absolute pressure	kPa
0C	Engine revolution	rpm
0D	Vehicle speed	km/h
0E	Ignition timing advance	0
0F	Intake air temperature	°C
10	Air flow rate from mass air flow sensor	g/sec
11	Throttle valve opening angle	%
15	Oxygen sensor output voltage and short term fuel trim associated with oxygen sensor	V and %
1C	Supporting OBD system	—

NOTE:

Refer to general scan tool manufacturer's instruction manual to access freeze frame data (MODE \$02).

4. MODE \$03 (EMISSION-RELATED POWERTRAIN DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC))

Refer to Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) for information about data denoting emission-related powertrain DTC. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-73, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

5. MODE \$04 (CLEAR/RESET EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION)

Refers to the mode used to clear or reset emission-related diagnostic information (OBD-II trouble diagnostic information).

NOTE:

Refer to general scan tool manufacturer's instruction manual to clear or reset emission-related diagnostic information (MODE \$04).

6. MODE \$06

Refer to test value of troubleshooting and data of test limit on support data bit sequence table. List of support data is shown in the following table.

TID	CID	Test value & Test limit		
¢44	\$81	Deer owygen concer sizewit (Benk 1 Concer 2)		
\$41	\$02	Rear oxygen sensor circuit (Bank 1 Sensor 2)		
\$81	\$01	Catalyst system		
\$82	\$01	Exhaust gas regirgulation system		
⊅ 0∠	\$02	Exhaust gas recirculation system		
	\$01	Evaporative emission control system (0.04 inch leak)		
	\$02	Evaporative emission control system (0.04 inch leak)		
\$83	\$03	Evaporative emission control system (0.04 inch leak)		
φοσ	\$04	Evaporative emission control system (0.04 inch leak)		
	\$05	Evaporative emission control system (0.02 inch leak)		
	\$06	Evaporative emission control system (0.02 inch leak)		
\$84	\$01 Front oxygen (A/F) sensor circuit slow response (Bank 1 Sensor 1)			
¢or	\$01	Rear O_2 sensor circuit slow response (Bank 1 Sensor 2) Rich \rightarrow Lean		
\$85	\$02	Rear O_2 sensor circuit slow response (Bank 1 Sensor 2) Lean \rightarrow Rich		

7. MODE \$07

Refer to data of DTC (pending code) for troubleshooting result about emission in first time.

8. MODE \$09

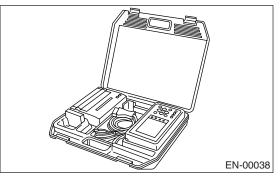
Refer to data of vehicle specification (VIN, calibration ID, diagnosis frequency etc.).

9. Subaru Select Monitor

A: OPERATION

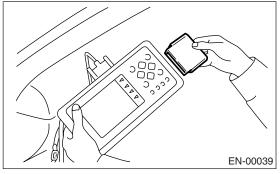
1. HOW TO USE SUBARU SELECT MONI-TOR

1) Prepare the Subaru Select Monitor kit. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-7, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>



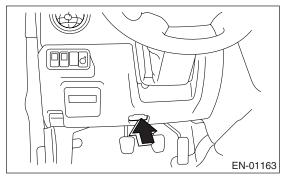
2) Connect the diagnosis cable to Subaru Select Monitor.

3) Insert the cartridge into Subaru Select Monitor. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-7, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>



4) Connect the Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.

(1) Data link connector located in the lower portion of instrument panel (on driver's side).

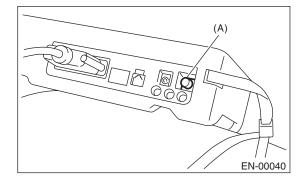


(2) Connect the diagnosis cable to data link connector.

CAUTION:

Do not connect scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and general scan tool.

5) Turn the ignition switch to ON (engine OFF) and Subaru Select Monitor power switch to ON.



(A) Power switch

6) Using the Subaru Select Monitor, call up DTC and various data, then record them.

2. READ DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) FOR ENGINE (NORMAL MODE)

Refer to Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) for information about how to indicate DTC. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-35, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

3. READ DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) FOR ENGINE (OBD MODE)

Refer to Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) for information about how to indicate DTC. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-35, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

4. READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE. (NORMAL MODE)

1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.

2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine} and press the [YES] key.

3) Press the [YES] key after the information of engine type has been displayed.

4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {Current Data Display/Save}, and then press the [YES] key.

5) On the «Data Display Menu» display screen, select the {Data Display} and press the [YES] key.

6) Using the scroll key, scroll the display screen up or down until the desired data is shown.

• A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Remarks	Display	Unit of mea- sure	Note (at idling)
Engine load	Engine Load	%	21.0%
Engine coolant temperature signal	Coolant Temp.	°C or °F	92°C or 198F
A/F correction 1	A/F Correction #1	%	-0.8%
A/F learning 1	A/F Learning #1	%	0.0%
Intake manifold absolute pressure	Mani. Absolute Pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig	200 — 300 mmHg, 26.7 — 40 kPa, 7.8 — 11.8 inHg or 3.8 — 5.8 psig
Engine speed signal	Engine Speed	rpm	600 — 800 rpm (Agree with the tachometer indi- cation)
Vehicle speed signal	Vehicle Speed	km/h or MPH	0 km/h or 0 MPH (at park- ing)
Ignition timing signal	Ignition Timing	deg	14 — 16 deg
Intake air temperature signal	Intake Air Temp.	°C or °F	(Ambient air temperature)
Amount of intake air	Mass Air Flow	g/s or lb/m	2.8 — 3.2 g/s or 0.37 — 0.42 lb/m
Throttle opening angle signal	Throttle Opening Angle	%	2.0%
Rear oxygen sensor voltage	Rear O2 Sensor	V	0.1 — 0.7 V
Battery voltage	Battery Voltage	V	12 — 14 V
Mass air flow voltage	Air Flow Sensor Voltage	V	1.26 V
Injection 1 pulse width	Fuel Injection #1 Pulse	ms	2.82 ms
Knock sensor correction	Knocking Correction	deg	0.0 deg
Atmospheric pressure signal	Atmosphere Pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig	(Atmosphere pressure)
Intake manifold relative pressure	Mani. Relative Pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig	(Mani. Absolute Pressure – Atmosphere pressure)
Fuel tank pressure signal	Fuel Tank Pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig	+7.9 mmHg, +1.1 kPa, +0.31 inHg or +0.15 psig
Fuel temperature signal	Fuel Temp	°C or °F	+20°C or +68°F
Fuel level signal	Fuel Level	V	0 — 5 V
Acceleration opening angle signal	Accel. Opening Angle	%	0.0%
Purge control solenoid duty ratio	CPC Valve Duty Ratio	%	0 — 3%
EGR steps	No. of EGR Steps	STEP	0 STEP
A/F sensor current value 1	A/F Sensor #1 Current	mA	–0.2 — 0.2 mA
A/F sensor resistance value 1	A/F Sensor #1 Resis- tance	Ω	32 Ω
A/F sensor output lambda 1	A/F Sensor #1	—	1.0
A/F correction 3	A/F Correction #3	%	0.3%
A/F learning 3	A/F Learning #3	%	0.00%
Throttle motor duty	Throttle Motor Duty	%	-15%
Throttle power supply voltage	Throttle Motor Voltage	V	(Battery voltage)
Sub throttle sensor voltage	Sub-throttle Sensor	V	1.52 V
Main throttle sensor voltage	Main-throttle Sensor	V	0.66 V

Subaru Select Monitor

Remarks	Display	Unit of mea- sure	Note (at idling)
Sub acceleration sensor voltage	Sub-accelerator Sensor	V	0.68 V
Main acceleration sensor voltage	Main-accelerator Sensor	V	0.68 V
Memory vehicle speed	Memorized Cruise Speed	km/h or MPH	0 km/h or 0 MPH
Engine oil temperature	Oil Temperature	°C	≥ 85°C (After engine warm-up)
Oil switching solenoid valve duty R	OSV Duty R	%	16.9%
Oil switching solenoid valve duty L	OSV Duty L	%	16.9%
Oil switching solenoid valve current R	OSV Current R	mA	192 mA
Oil switching solenoid valve current L	OSV Current L	mA	192 mA
Variable valve lift mode	VVL Lift Mode		1
#1 cylinder roughness monitor	Roughness Monitor #1	_	0
#2 cylinder roughness monitor	Roughness Monitor #2		0
#3 cylinder roughness monitor	Roughness Monitor #3		0
#4 cylinder roughness monitor	Roughness Monitor #4	_	0
AT/MT identification terminal	AT Vehicle ID Signal	_	ON/OFF
Test mode terminal	Test Mode Signal		OFF
Neutral position switch signal	Neutral Position Switch		ON
Soft idle switch signal	Idle Switch Signal		ON
Ignition switch signal	Ignition Switch		ON
Power steering switch input signal	P/S Switch		OFF (At OFF)
Air conditioning switch signal	A/C Switch		OFF (At OFF)
Starter switch signal	Starter Switch		OFF
Rear O ₂ monitor	Rear O2 Rich Signal		ON/OFF
Knocking signal	Knocking Signal		OFF
Crankshaft position sensor signal	Crankshaft Position Sig.		ON
Camshaft position sensor signal	Camshaft Position Sig.		ON
Rear defogger switch signal	Rear Defogger SW		OFF (At OFF)
Blower fan switch signal	Blower Fan SW		OFF (At OFF)
Light switch signal	Light Switch		OFF (At OFF)
A/C middle pressure switch signal	A/C Mid Pressure Switch		OFF (At OFF)
Air conditioner compressor relay output signal	A/C Mild Pressure Switch		OFF (At OFF)
Radiator fan relay 1 signal	Radiator Fan Relay #1		OFF (At OFF)
Radiator fan relay 2 signal	Radiator Fan Relay #2		OFF (At OFF)
Fuel pump relay signal	Fuel Pump Relay		OFF (ALOFF) ON
Pressure control solenoid valve signal	PCV Solenoid		OFF
PCV hose ASSY diagnosis signal	Blow-by leak Connector		ON
Drain valve signal	Vent Control Solenoid		OFF
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch signal 1			
	Eng. Oil Press. SW1		ON
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch signal 2 AT coordinate retard angle demand signal	Eng. Oil Press. SW2		ON
<u> </u>	Retard Signal from AT		OFF
AT coordinate fuel cut demand signal	Fuel Cut Signal from AT		OFF
AT coordinate permission demand	Torque Permission Sig- nal	—	ON
Electronic throttle control motor relay signal	ETC Motor Relay		ON
Clutch switch signal	Clutch Switch	—	OFF (At OFF)
Stop light switch signal	Stop Light Switch	—	OFF (At OFF)
SET/COAST switch signal	SET/COAST Switch	—	OFF (At OFF)
RES/ACC switch signal	RESUME/ACCEL Switch		OFF (At OFF)
Brake switch signal	Brake Switch		OFF (At OFF)
Main switch signal	Main Switch	_	OFF (At OFF)

Subaru Select Monitor

Remarks	Display	Unit of mea- sure	Note (at idling)
Crusise control cancel switch signal	CC Cancel SW	_	OFF (At OFF)

NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL".

5. READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE (OBD MODE)

1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.

2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine} and press the [YES] key.

3) Press the [YES] key after the information of engine type has been displayed.

4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {OBD system} and press the [YES] key.

5) On the «OBD Menu» display screen, select the {Current Data Display/Save}, and press the [YES] key.

6) On the «Data Display Menu» display screen, select the {Data Display} and press the [YES] key.

7) Using the scroll key, scroll the display screen up or down until the desired data is shown.

• A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

DESCRIPTION	Display	Unit of mea- sure	Note (at idling)
Number of diagnosis code	Number of Diag. Code:	—	0
Condition of malfunction indicator light	MI (MIL)	—	OFF
Monitoring test of misfire	Misfire monitoring	—	complete
Monitoring test of fuel system	Fuel system monitoring	—	complete
Monitoring test of comprehensive component	Component monitoring	—	complete
Test of catalyst	Catalyst Diagnosis	—	incomplete
Test of heating-type catalyst	Heated catalyst	—	no support
Test of evaporative emission purge control system	Evaporative purge sys- tem	—	incomplete
Test of secondary air system	Secondary air system	—	no support
Test of air conditioning system refrigerant	A/C system refrigerant	—	no support
Test of oxygen sensor	O1 Sensor Diagnosis	—	incomplete
Test of oxygen sensor heater	O2 Heater Diagnosis	—	complete
Test of EGR system	EGR system	—	incomplete
A/F control #1	Fuel system for Bank 1	—	CLOSE normal
Load	Calculated load valve	%	23.0%
Engine coolant temperature signal	Coolant Temp.	°C	92°C or 198°F
A/F correction 1	A/F Correction #1	%	-0.8%
A/F learning 1	A/F Learning #1	%	+0.0%
Intake manifold absolute pressure	Mani. Absolute Pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig	211 mmHg, 28.1 kPa, 8.31 inHg or 4.08 psig
Engine speed signal	Engine Speed	rpm	700 rpm
Vehicle speed signal	Vehicle Speed	km/h or MPH	0 km/h or 0 MPH
Ignition timing #1	Ignition timing adv. #1	0	+16.0°
Intake air temperature signal	Intake Air Temp.	°C or °F	36°C or 97°F
Amount of intake air	Mass Air Flow	g/s or lb/m	2.7 g/s or 0.36 lb/m
Throttle opening angle signal	Throttle Opening Angle	%	13%
Oxygen sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	Oxygen sensor #12	V	0.7 V
A/F correction (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	A/F Correction #12	%	0.0%
OBD system	OBD system	—	CARB — OBD2
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	Oxygen sensor #11		Support
Oxygen sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	Oxygen sensor #12		Support
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	A/F sensor #11	—	1.001
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	A/F sensor #11	V	2.79 V
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	A/F sensor #11		1.001

DESCRIPTION	Display	Unit of mea- sure	Note (at idling)
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	A/F sensor #11	mA	0.00 mA

NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to "SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL".

6. READ FREEZE FRAME DATA FOR ENGINE (OBD MODE)

1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.

2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.

3) Press the [YES] key after the information of engine type has been displayed.

4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {OBD System} and press the [YES] key.

5) On the «OBD Menu» display screen, select the {Freeze Frame Data} and press the [YES] key.

• A list of support data is shown in the following table.

Contents	Display	Unit of measure
DTC for freeze frame data	Freeze frame data	DTC
Air fuel ratio control system for bank 1	Fuel system for Bank1	CLOSE normal or OPEN initial
Engine load data	Engine Load	%
Engine coolant temperature signal	Coolant Temp.	°C or °F
Short term fuel trim by front oxygen (A/F) sensor	Short term fuel trim B1	%
Long term fuel trim by front oxygen (A/F) sensor	Long term fuel trim B1	%
Intake manifold absolute pressure signal	Mani. Absolute Pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig
Engine speed signal	Engine Speed	rpm
Vehicle speed signal	Vehicle Speed	km/h or MPH
Ignition timing signal	Ignition Timing	0
Intake air volume	Mass Air Flow	g/sec
Intake air temperature signal	Intake Air Temp	O°
Throttle position signal	Throttle Opening Angle	%
Oxygen sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	Oxygen sensor #12	V
A/F correction (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	Short term fuel trim #12	%
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	Oxygen sensor #11	Support
Oxygen sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	Oxygen sensor #12	Support

NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.

7. LED OPERATION MODE FOR ENGINE

1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.

2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine} and press the [YES] key.

3) Press the [YES] key after the information of engine type has been displayed.

4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {Current Data Display/Save}, and then press the [YES] key.

5) On the «Data Display Menu» display screen, select the {Data & LED Display} and press the [YES] key.

6) Using the scroll key, scroll the display screen up or down until the desired data is shown.

• A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Remarks	Display	Message	LED "ON" requirements
AT/MT identification signal	AT Vehicle ID Signal	ON or OFF	Illuminate (AT model)
Test mode signal	Test Mode Signal	ON or OFF	D check
Neutral position switch signal	Neutral Position Switch	ON or OFF	When neutral position signal is entered.
Idle switch signal	Idle Switch Signal	ON or OFF	When idle switch signal is entered.
Ignition switch signal	Ignition Switch	ON or OFF	When ignition switch is turned to ON.
Power steering switch signal	P/S Switch	ON or OFF	When power steering switch is entered.
Air conditioning switch signal	A/C Switch	ON or OFF	When air conditioning switch is input.
Starter switch signal	Starter Switch	ON or OFF	When starter switch is input.
Rear oxygen sensor rich sig- nal	Rear O2 Rich Signal	ON or OFF	When rear oxygen sensor mix- ture ratio is rich.
Knocking signal	Knocking Signal	ON or OFF	When knocking signal is input.
Crankshaft position sensor signal	Crankshaft Position Signal	ON or OFF	When crankshaft position sen- sor signal is input.
Camshaft position sensor sig- nal	Camshaft Position Signal	ON or OFF	When camshaft position sen- sor signal is entered.
Rear defogger switch signal	Rear Defogger Switch	ON or OFF	When rear defogger switch is turned to ON.
Blower fan switch signal	Blower Fan Switch	ON or OFF	When blower fan switch is turned to ON.
Light switch signal	Light Switch	ON or OFF	When light switch is turned to ON.
A/C middle pressure switch signal	A/C Mid Pressure Switch	ON or OFF	When A/C middle pressure switch is turned to ON.
Air conditioning relay signal	A/C Compressor Signal	ON or OFF	When air conditioning relay is in function.
Radiator fan relay 1 signal	Radiator Fan Relay #1	ON or OFF	When radiator fan relay 1 is in function.
Radiator fan relay 2 signal	Radiator Fan Relay #2	ON or OFF	When radiator fan relay 2 is in function.
Fuel pump relay signal	Fuel Pump Relay	ON or OFF	ON output
PCV hose ASSY diagnosis signal	Blow-by leak Connector	ON or OFF	PCV hose ASSY is connected.
Pressure control solenoid valve signal	PCV Solenoid	ON or OFF	When pressure control sole- noid valve is in operation.
Drain valve signal	Vent Control Solenoid	ON or OFF	When drain valve is in opera- tion.
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch signal 1	Engine Oil Pressure SW1	ON or OFF	Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch signal 1 is input.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Subaru Select Monitor

Remarks	Display	Message	LED "ON" requirements
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch signal 2	Engine Oil Pressure SW2	ON or OFF	Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch signal 2 is input.
AT retard angle demand signal	Retard Signal	ON or OFF	When AT retard angle demand signal is input.
AT fuel cut signal	Fuel Cut	ON or OFF	When AT fuel cut signal is input.
AT coordinate permission sig- nal	Torque Control Permission	ON or OFF	When AT coordinate permis- sion signal is input.
Electronic throttle control motor relay signal	ETC Motor Relay	ON or OFF	When electronic throttle con- trol is in function.
Clutch switch signal	Clutch Switch	ON or OFF	When clutch switch is turned to ON.
Stop light switch signal	Stop Light Switch	ON or OFF	When stop switch is turned to ON.
SET/COAST switch signal	SET/COAST Switch	ON or OFF	When SET/COAST switch is turned to ON.
RES/ACC switch signal	RESUME/ACCEL Switch	ON or OFF	When RES/ACC switch is turned to ON.
Brake switch signal	Brake Switch	ON or OFF	When brake switch is turned to ON.
Main switch signal	Main Switch	ON or OFF	When main switch is turned to ON.
Cancel switch signal	Cancel Switch	ON or OFF	When cancel switch is turned to ON.

NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to "SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL".

8. VIN REGISTRATION

1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.

2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine} and press the [YES] key.

3) Press the [YES] key after the information of engine type has been displayed.

4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {VIN registration} and press the [YES] key.5) Perform the procedure as shown in the display.

NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to "SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL".

10.Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

A: OPERATION

1. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (NORMAL MODE)

1) On «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.

2) On «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.

3) Press the [YES] key after the information of engine type is displayed.

4) On «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {Diagnostic Code(s) Display} and press the [YES] key.

5) On «Diagnostic Code(s) Display» display screen, select the {Current Diagnostic Code(s)} or {History Diagnostic Code(s)} and press the [YES] key.

NOTE:

• For detailed operation procedure, refer to SUBA-RU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.

• For details concerning DTC, refer to the List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC). <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-73, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

2. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (OBD MODE)

1) On «Main Menu» display screen, select the {2. Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.

2) On «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.

3) Press the [YES] key after the information of engine type is displayed.

4) On «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {OBD System} and press the [YES] key.

5) On «OBD Menu» display screen, select the {Diagnosis Code(s) Display} and press the [YES] key.6) Make sure that a DTC is shown on display screen.

NOTE:

• For detailed operation procedure, refer to SUBA-RU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.

• For details concerning DTC, refer to the List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC). <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-73, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

3. GENERAL SCAN TOOL

Refers to data denoting emission-related power-train DTC.

For details concerning DTC, refer to the List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC). <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-73, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

NOTE:

Refer to general scan tool manufacturer's instruction manual to access emission-related powertrain DTC (MODE \$03).

11.Inspection Mode

A: PROCEDURE

Carry out trouble diagnosis shown in the following DTC table.

When performing trouble diagnosis which is not shown in the DTC table, refer to the next item Drive cycle. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-41, Drive Cycle.>

DTC	ltem
P0031	HO2S Heater Control Circuit Low (Bank 1 Sensor 1)
P0032	HO2S Heater Control Circuit High (Bank 1 Sensor 1)
P0037	HO2S Heater Control Circuit Low (Bank 1 Sensor 2)
P0038	HO2S Heater Control Circuit High (Bank 1 Sensor 2)
P0077	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit High (Bank 1)
P0083	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit High (Bank 2)
P0102	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit Low Input
P0103	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit High Input
P0107	Manifold Absolute Pressure/Barometric Pressure Circuit Low Input
P0108	Manifold Absolute Pressure/Barometric Pressure Circuit High Input
P0112	Intake Air Temperature Circuit Low Input
P0113	Intake Air Temperature Circuit High Input
P0117	Engine Coolant Temperature Circuit Low Input
P0118	Engine Coolant Temperature Circuit High Input
P0122	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "A" Circuit Low Input
P0123	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "A" Circuit High Input
P0131	O ₂ Sensor Circuit Low Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 1)
P0132	O ₂ Sensor Circuit High Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 1)
P0137	O ₂ Sensor Circuit Low Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 2)
P0138	O ₂ Sensor Circuit High Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 2)
P0140	O ₂ Sensor Circuit No Activity Detected (Bank 1 Sensor 2)
P0182	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Low Input
P0183	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit High Input
P0197	Engine Oil Temperature Sensor Low
P0198	Engine Oil Temperature Sensor High
P0222	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "B" Circuit Low Input
P0223	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "B" Circuit High Input
P0327	Knock Sensor 1 Circuit Low Input (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)
P0328	Knock Sensor 1 Circuit High Input (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)
P0335	Crankshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit
P0336	Crankshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit Range/Performance
P0340	Camshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)
P0341	Camshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit Range/Performance (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)
P0447	Evaporative Emission Control System Vent Control Circuit Open
P0448	Evaporative Emission Control System Vent Control Circuit Shorted
P0452	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor Low Input
P0453	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor High Input
P0458	Evaporative Emission Control System Purge Control Valve Circuit Low
P0462	Fuel Level Sensor Circuit Low Input
P0463	Fuel Level Sensor Circuit High Input
P0502	Vehicle Speed Sensor Circuit Low Input
P0503	Vehicle Speed Sensor Intermittent/Erratic/High
P0512	Starter Request Circuit
P0600	CAN Communication Circuit
P0604	Internal Control Module Random Access Memory (RAM) Error

Inspection Mode

DTC	Item
P0605	Internal Control Module Read Only Memory (ROM) Error
P0607	Control Module Performance
P0638	Throttle Actuator Control Range/Performance (Bank 1)
P0691	Cooling Fan 1 Control Circuit Low
P0692	Cooling Fan 1 Control Circuit High
P0700	Request AT Mil ON
P0851	Neutral Switch Input Circuit Low
P0852	Neutral Switch Input Circuit High
P1152	O ₂ Sensor Circuit Range/Performance (Low) (Bank 1 Sensor 1)
P1153	O ₂ Sensor Circuit Range/Performance (High) (Bank 1 Sensor 1)
P1160	Return Spring Failure
P1400	Fuel Tank Pressure Control Solenoid Valve Circuit Low
P1420	Fuel Tank Pressure Control Solenoid Valve Circuit High
P1491	Positive Crankcase Ventilation (Blow-by) Function Problem
P1518	Starter Switch Circuit Low Input
P1560	Back-up Voltage Circuit Malfunction
P2101	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit Range/Performance
P2102	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit Low
P2109	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor A Minimum Stop Performance
P2122	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "D" Circuit Low Input
P2123	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "D" Circuit High Input
P2127	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "E" Circuit Low Input
P2128	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "E" Circuit High Input
P2135	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "A" / "B" Voltage Rationality
P2138	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "D" / "E" Voltage Rationality
P2227	Atmospheric Pressure Sensor Circuit Range/Performance
P2228	Atmospheric Pressure Sensor Circuit Malfunction (Low Input)
P2229	Atmospheric Pressure Sensor Circuit Malfunction (High Input)

1. PREPARATION FOR THE INSPECTION MODE

1) Make sure the fuel remains approx. half amount $[20 - 40 \ \ell \ (5.3 - 10.6 \text{ US gal}, 4.4 - 8.8 \text{ Imp gal})]$ and the battery voltage is 12 V or more.

2) Raise the vehicle using a garage jack and place on rigid racks or drive the vehicle onto free rollers.

WARNING:

• Before raising the vehicle, ensure the parking brake is applied.

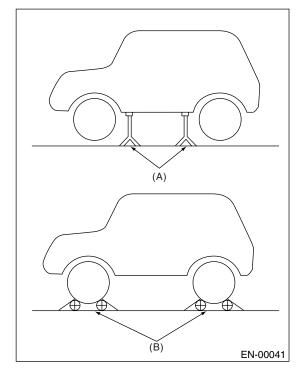
• Do not use a pantograph jack in place of a rigid rack.

• Secure a rope or wire to the front and rear towing or tie-down hooks to prevent the lateral runout of front wheels.

• Do not abruptly depress/release the clutch pedal or accelerator pedal during works even when engine is operating at low speeds since this may cause vehicle to jump off free rollers.

• In order to prevent the vehicle from slipping due to vibration, do not place any wooden blocks or similar items between the rigid racks and the vehicle.

• Since the rear wheels will also rotate, do not place anything near them. Also, make sure nobody goes in front of the vehicle.



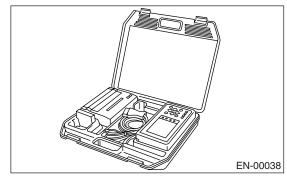
- (A) Rigid rack
- (B) Free rollers

2. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR

1) After clearing the memory, check for any remaining unresolved trouble data. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diaq)-46, Clear Memory Mode.>

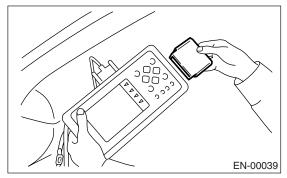
2) Warm up the engine.

3) Prepare the Subaru Select Monitor kit. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-7, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>

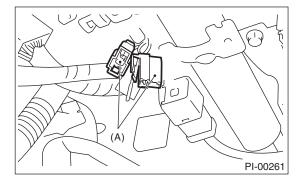


4) Connect the diagnosis cable to Subaru Select Monitor.

5) Insert the cartridge into Subaru Select Monitor. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-7, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>

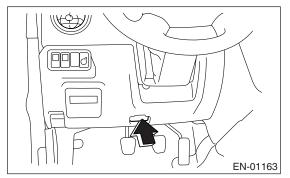


6) Connect the test mode connector (A) at the lower portion of instrument panel (on driver's side).



7) Connect the Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.

(1) Data link connector is located in the lower portion of the instrument panel (on the driver's side).

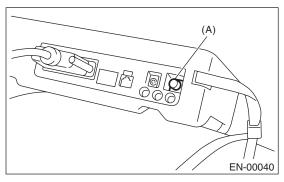


(2) Connect the diagnosis cable to data link connector.

CAUTION:

Do not connect the scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and general scan tool.

8) Turn the ignition switch to ON (engine OFF) and Subaru Select Monitor power switch to ON.



(A) Power switch

9) On «Main Menu» display screen, select the {2. Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.

10) On «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.

11) Press the [YES] key after the information of engine type is displayed.

12) On «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {Dealer Check Mode Procedure} and press the [YES] key.

13) When the "Perform Inspection (Dealer Check) Mode?" is shown on display screen, press the [YES] key.

14) Perform subsequent procedures as instructed on display screen.

• If trouble still remains in memory, the corresponding DTC appears on display screen.

NOTE:

• For detailed operation procedure, refer to the SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MAN-UAL.

• For details concerning the DTC, refer to the List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).

<Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-73, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

• Release the parking brake.

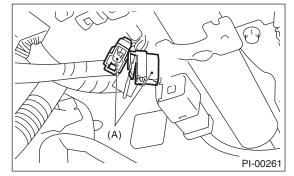
• The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light either the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunctions. When the engine control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of self-diagnosis system.

3. GENERAL SCAN TOOL

1) After clearing memory, check for any remaining unresolved trouble data: <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, Clear Memory Mode.>

2) Warm up the engine.

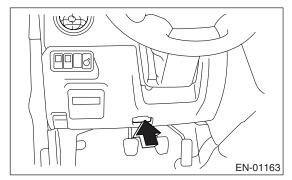
3) Connect the test mode connector (A) at the lower side of instrument panel (on the driver's side).



4) Connect the general scan tool to its data link connector.

CAUTION:

Do not connect the scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and general scan tool.



5) Start the engine.

NOTE:

• Ensure the selector lever is placed in "P" position before starting. (AT models)

• Depress the clutch pedal when starting engine. (MT models)

6) Using the selector lever or shift lever, turn the "P" position switch and "N" position switch to ON.

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7) Depress the brake pedal to turn brake switch ON. (AT models)

8) Keep the engine speed in 2,500 - 3,000 rpm range for 40 seconds.

9) Place the selector lever or shift lever in "D" position (AT models) or "1st" gear (MT models) and drive the vehicle at 5 to 10 km/h (3 to 6 MPH).

NOTE:

• On AWD vehicles, release the parking brake.

• The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunctions. When the engine control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of self-diagnosis system.

10) Using the general scan tool, check for DTC and record the result(s).

NOTE:

• For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.

• For details concerning DTC, refer to the List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).

<Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-73, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

12.Drive Cycle

A: PROCEDURE

There are some drive patterns shown below for the trouble diagnosis. Performing the specified drive pattern allows to diagnose malfunctioning items listed below. After the malfunctioning items listed below are repaired, always check if they correctly resume their functions by performing the required drive pattern.

1. PREPARATION FOR DRIVE CYCLE

1) Make sure that the fuel remains approx. half amount $[20 - 40 \ \ell \ (5.3 - 10.6 \text{ US gal}, 4.4 - 8.8 \text{ Imp gal})]$, and battery voltage is 12 V or more.

2) After performing the diagnostics and cleaning memory, check for any remaining unresolved trouble data. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, Clear Memory Mode.>

3) Disconnect the test mode connector.

NOTE:

• Except for the water temperature specified items at starting, the diagnosis is carried out after engine warm up.

• Carry out the diagnosis which is marked * on DTC twice, then, after finishing first diagnosis, stop the engine and do second time at the same condition.

2. DRIVE CYCLE A (AFTER RUNNING 20 MINUTES AT 80 KM/H (50 MPH), IDLE ENGINE FOR 1 MINUTE.)

DTC	Item	Condition
*P0125	Insufficient Coolant Temperature for Closed Loop Fuel Control	Coolant temperature at start is less than 20°C (68°F).
*P0128	Coolant Thermostat (Coolant Temperature Below Thermostat Regulating Temperature)	—
*P0133	O ₂ Sensor Circuit Slow Response (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	
*P0171	System too Lean (Bank 1)	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P0172	System too Rich (Bank 1)	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P0196	Engine Oil Temperature Sensor Circuit Range/Performance	_
*P0301	Cylinder 1 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P0302	Cylinder 2 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P0303	Cylinder 3 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P0304	Cylinder 4 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P0420	Catalyst System Efficiency Below Threshold (Bank 1)	_
*P0442	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (small leak)	Coolant temperature at start is less than 25°C (77°F).
*P0451	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor Range/Performance	_
*P0456	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (very small leak)	Coolant temperature at start is less than 25°C (77°F).
*P0457	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (fuel cap loose/off)	Coolant temperature at start is less than 25°C (77°F).
*P0459	Evaporative Emission Control System Purge Control Valve Circuit High	—
P1443	Vent Control Solenoid Valve Function Problem	
*P2096	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Lean Bank 1	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P2097	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Rich Bank 1	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.

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Drive Cycle

DTC	Item	Condition
P2103	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit High	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.

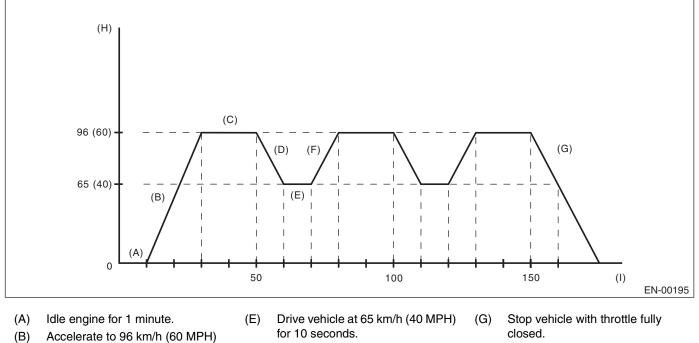
3. DRIVE CYCLE B (TEN MINUTES IDLING)

NOTE:

Drive the vehicle at 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more before diagnosis.

DTC	Item	Condition
*P0126	Insufficient Coolant Temperature for Stable Operation	—
*P0171	System Too Lean (Bank 1)	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P0172	System Too Rich (Bank 1)	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P0301	Cylinder 1 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P0302	Cylinder 2 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P0303	Cylinder 3 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P0304	Cylinder 4 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P0464	Fuel Level Sensor Circuit Intermittent	_
*P0483	Cooling Fan Rationality Check	—
*P0506	Idle Control System RPM Lower Than Expected	_
*P0507	Idle Control System RPM Higher Than Expected	_
*P2096	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Lean Bank 1	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P2097	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Rich Bank 1	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
P2103	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit High	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.

4. DRIVE CYCLE C (DRIVE ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING DRIVE PATTERN)



- within 20 seconds. (C) Drive vehicle at 96 km/h (60 MPH) for 20 seconds.
- (D) Decelerate with fully closed throttle to 65 km/h (40 MPH).
- (F) Accelerate to 96 km/h (60 MPH)
 - within 10 seconds.
- (H) Vehicle speed km/h (MPH)
- (I) Seconds

DTC	Item	Condition
P0026	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit Range/Performance (Bank 1)	—
P0028	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit Range/Performance (Bank 2)	—
*P0030	HO2S Heater Control Circuit (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	—
*P0068	Manifold Absolute Pressure/Barometric Pressure Circuit Range/Performance Problem	—
P0076	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit Low (Bank 1)	—
P0082	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit Low (Bank 2)	—
*P0101	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit Range/Performance	—
*P0134	O ₂ Sensor Circuit No Activity Detected (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	—
*P0139	O ₂ Sensor Circuit Slow Response (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	—
*P0171	System too Lean (Bank 1)	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P0172	System too Rich (Bank 1)	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P0301	Cylinder 1 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P0302	Cylinder 2 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P0303	Cylinder 3 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P0304	Cylinder 4 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P0400	Exhaust Gas Recirculation	—
P1492	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #1 Circuit Malfunction (Low Input)	—
P1493	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #1 Circuit Malfunction (High Input)	—

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DTC	Item	Condition
P1494	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #2 Circuit Malfunction (Low Input)	—
P1495	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #2 Circuit Malfunction (High Input)	—
P1496	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #3 Circuit Malfunction (Low Input)	—
P1497	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #3 Circuit Malfunction (High Input)	—
P1498	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #4 Circuit Malfunction (Low Input)	—
P1499	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #5 Circuit Malfunction (High Input)	—
*P2096	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Lean Bank 1	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P2097	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Rich Bank 1	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
P2103	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit High	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.

5. DRIVE CYCLE D

DRIFT DIAGNOSIS

1) Make sure that the engine coolant temperature at engine starting is less than 30°C (86°F).

2) Make sure that fuel of more than 9.0 ℓ (2.4 US gal, 2.0 Imp gal) remains and the battery voltage is more than 10.9 V.

3) Make sure that the engine coolant temperature rises for more than 10°C (50°F) from the level of engine starting and is also more than 75°C (167°F).

4) Idle the engine for more than 120 seconds in the condition of step 3).

• STUCK DIAGNOSIS

1) Make sure that the battery voltage is more than 10.9 V.

2) Perform the clear memory mode. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, Clear Memory Mode.>

3) Drive the vehicle for the distance equal to fuel of 50 $\,$ (13.2 US gal, 11 Imp gal).

NOTE:

• It is possible to drive intermittently.

• Do not disconnect the terminal of battery during diagnosis. (If disconnecting the terminal of battery, the data will be cleared.)

ſ	DTC	Item	Condition
	P0181	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Range/Performance	—

6. DRIVE CYCLE E

1) Make sure that the battery voltage is more than 10.9 V.

2) Perform the clear memory mode. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, Clear Memory Mode.>

3) Drive the vehicle for the distance equal to fuel of 30 Q (7.9 US gal, 6.6 Imp gal).

NOTE:

• It is possible to drive intermittently.

• Do not disconnect the terminal of battery during diagnosis. (If disconnecting the terminal of battery, the data will be cleared.)

DTC	Item	Condition
P0461	Fuel Level Sensor Circuit Range/Performance	—

7. DRIVE CYCLE F

1) Make sure that the engine coolant temperature at engine starting is less than 30°C (86°F).

2) Warm-up the engine until the engine coolant temperature is more than 95°C (203°F) from engine starting.
3) Idle the engine for more than 10 minutes in the condition of step 2).

NOTE:

Do not disconnect the terminal of battery during diagnosis. (If disconnecting the terminal of battery, the data will be cleared.)

DTC	Item	Condition
P0111	Intake Air Temperature Circuit Range/Performance	—

13.Clear Memory Mode

A: OPERATION

1. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (NORMAL MODE)

1) On «Main Menu» display screen, select the {2. Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.

2) On «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.

3) Press the [YES] key after the information of engine type is displayed.

4) On «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {Clear Memory} and press the [YES] key.

5) When the 'Done' and 'Turn Ignition Switch OFF' are shown on display screen, turn the ignition switch to OFF, and then turn the Subaru Select Monitor to OFF.

NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.

2. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (OBD MODE)

1) On «Main Menu» display screen, select the {2. Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.

2) On «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.

3) Press the [YES] key after the information of engine type is displayed.

4) On «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {OBD System} and press the [YES] key.

5) On «OBD Menu» display screen, select the {4. Diagnosis Code(s) Cleared} and press the [YES] key.

6) When the 'Clear Diagnostic Code?' is shown on the display screen, press the [YES] key.

7) Turn the Subaru Select Monitor and ignition switch to OFF.

NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.

3. GENERAL SCAN TOOL

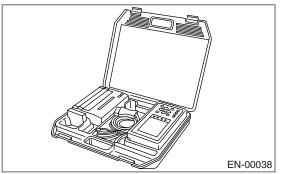
For clear memory procedures using the general scan tool, refer to General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.

After the memory has been cleared, the idle air control solenoid valve must be initialized. To do this, turn the ignition switch to ON position. Wait 3 seconds before starting the engine.

14.Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode

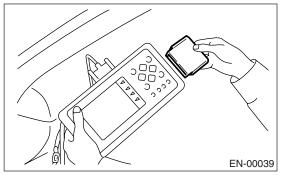
A: OPERATION

1) Prepare the Subaru Select Monitor kit. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-7, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>

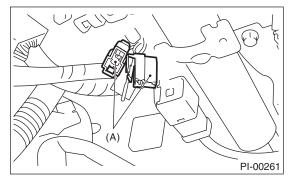


2) Connect the diagnosis cable to Subaru Select Monitor.

3) Insert the cartridge into Subaru Select Monitor. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-7, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>

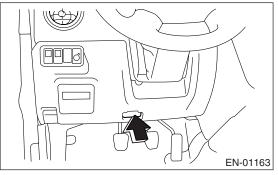


4) Connect the test mode connector (A) at the lower portion of instrument panel (on driver's side).



5) Connect the Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.

(1) Data link connector is located in the lower portion of instrument panel (on driver's side).

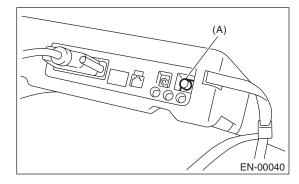


(2) Connect the diagnosis cable to data link connector.

CAUTION:

Do not connect scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and general scan tool.

6) Turn the ignition switch to ON (engine OFF) and Subaru Select Monitor power switch to ON.



(A) Power switch

7) On «Main Menu» display screen, select the {2. Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.

8) On «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.

9) Press the [YES] key after the information of engine type is displayed.

10) On «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {System Operation Check Mode} and press the [YES] key.

11) On «System Operation Check Mode» display screen, select the {Actuator ON/OFF Operation} and press the [YES] key.

12) Select the desired compulsory actuator on the «Actuator ON/OFF Operation» display screen and press the [YES] key.

13) Pressing the [NO] key completes the compulsory valve operation check mode. The display will then return to the «Actuator ON/OFF Operation» screen.

• A list of support data is shown in the following ta-

ble.

Contents	Display
Compulsory fuel pump relay oper- ation check	Fuel Pump Relay
Compulsory radiator fan relay operation check	Radiator Fan Relay
Compulsory air conditioning relay operation check	A/C Compressor Relay
Compulsory purge control sole- noid valve operation check	CPC Solenoid Valve
Compulsory pressure control solenoid valve operation check	PCV Solenoid Valve
Compulsory air assist vent control solenoid valve operation check	Vent Control Solenoid Valve

NOTE:

• The following parts will be displayed but not functional.

Display
EGR Solenoid Valve
ASV Solenoid Valve
FICD Solenoid
Pressure Switching Sol. 1
Pressure Switching Sol. 2
Turbocharger Wastegate Solenoid
AAI Solenoid
Emission-bypass valve permission flag

• For detailed operation procedure, refer to SUBA-RU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.

15.Malfunction Indicator Light A: PROCEDURE

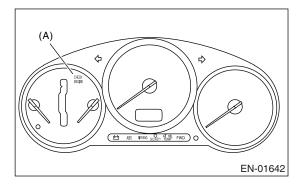
. Activation of malfunction indicator light. < Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-49, ACTIVATION OF MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGI	HT,
Alfunction Indicator Light.>	
\downarrow	
2. Malfunction indicator light does not come on. < Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-51, MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT DOES N	ОТ
COME ON, Malfunction Indicator Light.>	
\downarrow	
B. Malfunction indicator light does not go off. < Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-53, MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT DOES NOT (GO
DFF., Malfunction Indicator Light.>	
\downarrow	
Malfunction indicator light does not blink at a cycle of 3 Hz. < Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-54, MALFUNCTION INDICATOR	
IGHT DOES NOT BLINK AT A CYCLE OF 3 HZ., Malfunction Indicator Light.>	
\downarrow	
5. Malfunction indicator light remains blinking at a cycle of 3 Hz. < Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-56, MALFUNCTION INDICATOR	
IGHT REMAINS BLINKING AT A CYCLE OF 3 HZ., Malfunction Indicator Light.>	

B: ACTIVATION OF MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT

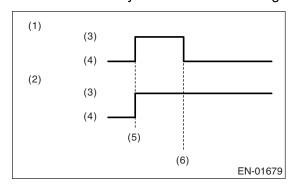
1) When the ignition switch is turned to ON (engine off), the malfunction indicator light (A) in the combination meter illuminates.

NOTE:

If the malfunction indicator light does not illuminate, perform diagnostics of the malfunction indicator light circuit or the combination meter circuit. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-51, MALFUNCTION INDICA-TOR LIGHT DOES NOT COME ON, Malfunction Indicator Light.>

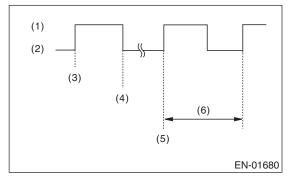


2) After starting the engine, the malfunction indicator light goes out. If it does not, either the engine or the emission control system is malfunctioning.



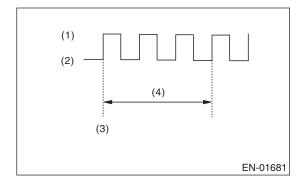
- (1) No trouble
- (2) Trouble occurs
- (3) ON
- (4) OFF
- (5) Ignition switch ON
- (6) Engine start

3) If the diagnosis system detects a misfire which could damage the catalyst, the malfunction indicator light blink at a cycle of 1 Hz.



- (1) ON
- (2) OFF
- (3) Ignition switch ON
- (4) Engine start
- (5) Misfire start
- (6) 1 second

4) When the ignition switch is turned to ON (engine off) or to "START" with test mode connector connected, the malfunction indicator light blinks at a cycle of 3 Hz.



- (1) ON
- (2) OFF
- (3) Ignition switch ON
- (4) 1 second

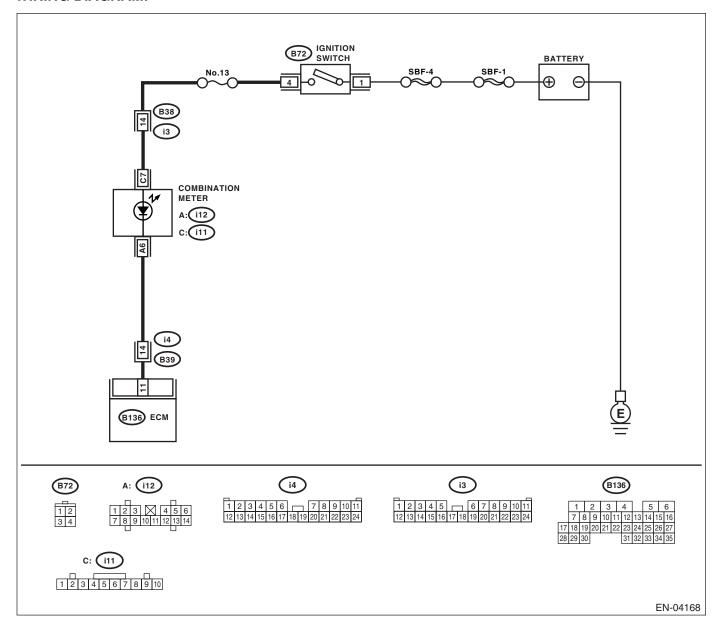
C: MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT DOES NOT COME ON

DIAGNOSIS:

The malfunction indicator light circuit is open or shorted.

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

When the ignition switch is turned ON (engine OFF), malfunction indicator light does not come on. **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact by shaking or pulling ECM connector and harness.	Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK ECM CONNECTOR. Check the ECM connector connection.	Is the ECM connector correctly connected?	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair connection of ECM connector.
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN COMBINA- TION METER AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the combination meter. <ref. to<br="">IDI-10, Combination Meter.></ref.> 3) Disconnect the connector from ECM and combination meter. 4) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and combination meter connec- tor. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 11 — (i12) No. 6: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 5 .	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and combi- nation meter con- nector • Poor contact in coupling connector
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in combination meter con- nector.	Is there poor contact in combi- nation meter connector?	Repair poor con- tact in combination meter connector.	Go to step 6.
6	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN COMBINA- TION METER AND IGNITION SWITCH CON- NECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between combination meter connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (<i>i11</i>) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Replace the com- bination meter cir- cuit board. <ref. to<br="">IDI-10, Combina- tion Meter.></ref.>	Check the follow- ing and repair if necessary. NOTE: • Blown out fuse (No. 13) • Open or short circuit in harness between fuse (No. 13) and battery terminal • Poor contact in ignition switch con- nector

D: MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT DOES NOT GO OFF.

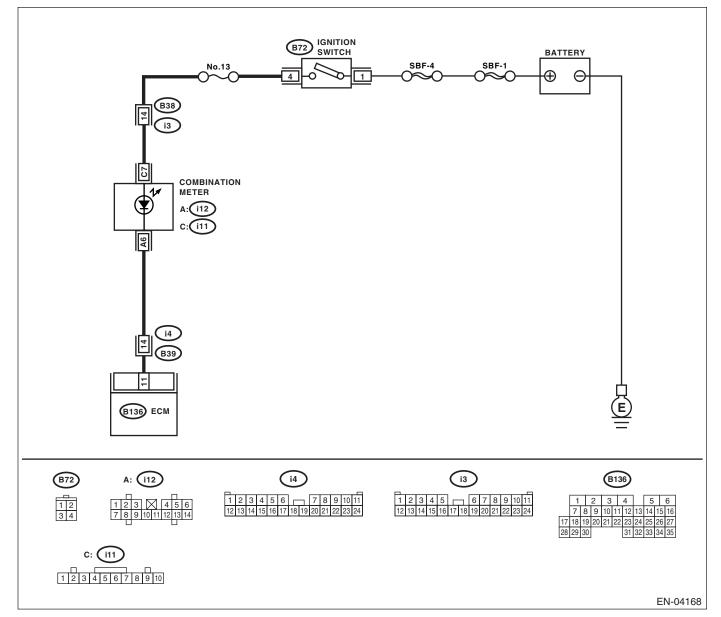
DIAGNOSIS:

The malfunction indicator light circuit is shorted.

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Although malfunction indicator light comes on when the engine runs, DTC is not shown on Subaru select monitor or general scan tool display.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN COMBINA-	Does the malfunction indicator	Repair short circuit	Replace the ECM.
	 TION METER AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 		between combina- tion meter and	<ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

EN(H4SO)(diag)-53

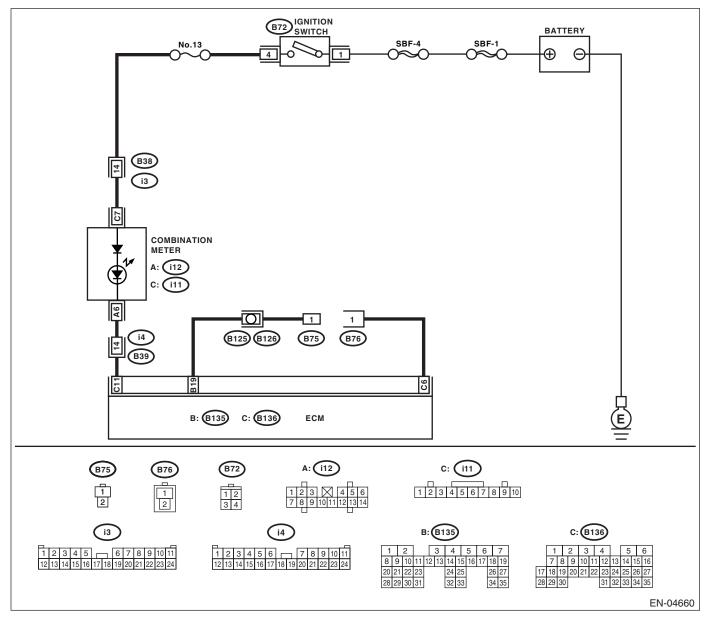
E: MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT DOES NOT BLINK AT A CYCLE OF 3 Hz. DIAGNOSIS:

- The malfunction indicator light circuit is open or shorted.
- Test mode connector circuit is in open.

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

When in inspection mode, malfunction indicator light does not blink at a cycle of 3 Hz.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



Malfunction Indicator Light

1	Sten	Check	Ves	No
1	Step CHECK STATUS OF MALFUNCTION INDI- CATOR LIGHT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the test mode connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. (engine OFF)	Check Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate?	Yes Go to step 2.	No Repair the mal- function indicator light circuit. <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)- 51, MALFUNC- TION INDICA- TOR LIGHT DOES NOT COME ON, Mal- function Indicator Light.></ref.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN COMBINA- TION METER AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 	Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate?	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between combination meter and ECM connec- tor.	Go to step 3 .
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TEST MODE CONNECTOR AND ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between test mode connector and ECM. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B76) No. 1 — (B136) No. 6: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit in harness between test mode connector and ECM.
4	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Go to step 5 .
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TEST MODE CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and test mode connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 19 — (B75) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 6 .	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and test mode connec- tor.
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

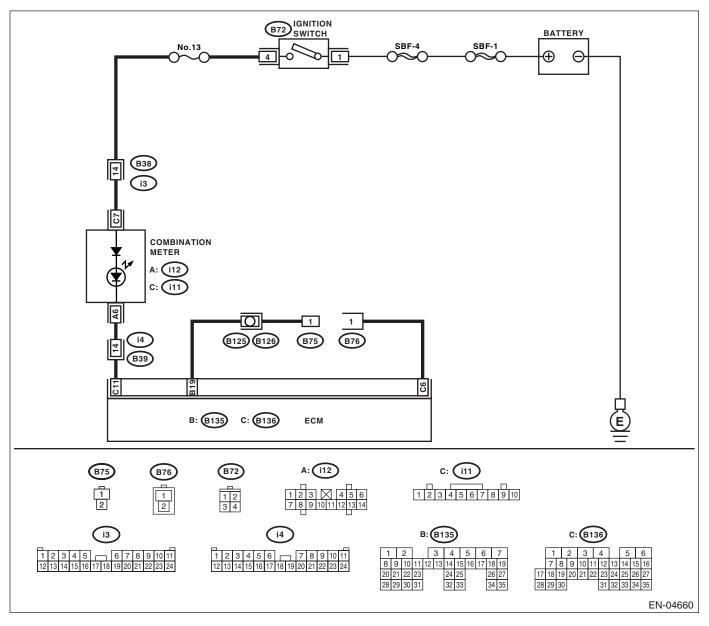
F: MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT REMAINS BLINKING AT A CYCLE OF 3 Hz.

DIAGNOSIS:

Test mode connector circuit is shorted.

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Malfunction indicator light blinks at a cycle of 3 Hz when the ignition switch is turned to ON. **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



Malfunction Indicator Light

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK TEST MODE CONNECTOR.1) Disconnect the test mode connector.2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.	Does the malfunction indicator light blink?	Go to step 2.	System is in good order. NOTE: Malfunction indica- tor light blinks at a cycle of 3 Hz when test mode connec- tor is connected.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM CONNECTOR AND ENGINE GROUNDING TERMINAL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B135) No. 19 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?		Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

16.Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure A: PROCEDURE

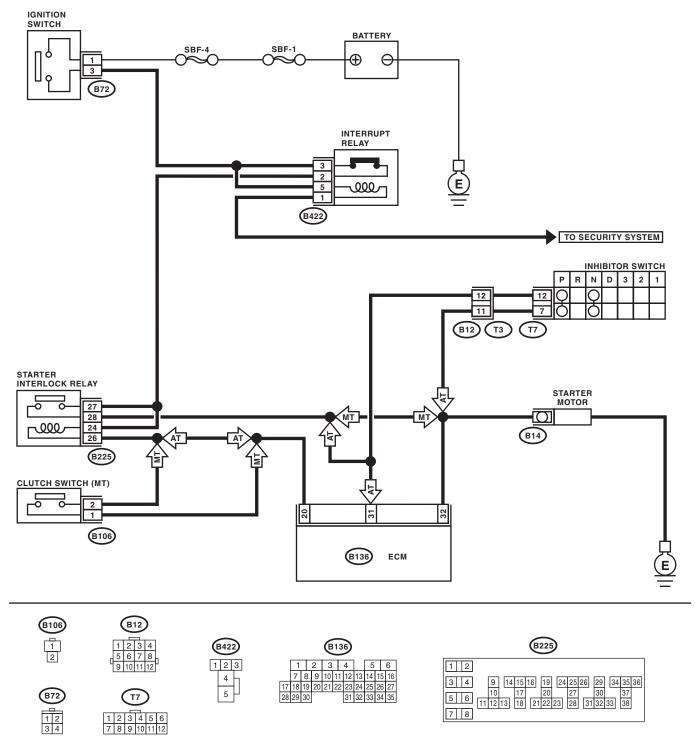
1. Check the fuel level.
\downarrow
2. Inspection of starter motor circuit. < Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-59, STARTER MOTOR CIRCUIT, Diagnostics for Engine Start-
ing Failure.>
\downarrow
3. Inspection of ECM power supply and ground line. <ref. (ecm),="" and="" check="" control="" diagnostics="" en(h4so)(diag)-63,="" engine="" failure.="" for="" ground="" line="" module="" of="" power="" starting="" supply="" to=""></ref.>
\downarrow
4. Inspection of ignition control system. <ref. control="" diagnostics="" en(h4so)(diag)-65,="" engine="" failure.="" for="" ignition="" starting="" system,="" to=""></ref.>
\downarrow
5. Inspection of fuel pump circuit. < Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-68, FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.>
\downarrow
 Inspection of fuel injector circuit. <ref. circuit,="" diagnostics="" en(h4so)(diag)-71,="" engine="" for="" fuel="" injector="" starting<br="" to="">Failure.></ref.>

B: STARTER MOTOR CIRCUIT

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-04637

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK BATTERY.	Is the voltage more than 12 V?	Go to step 2.	Charge or replace
	Check the battery voltage.			the battery.
2	CHECK OPERATION OF STARTER MOTOR.	Does the starter motor oper- ate?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 4.
3	CHECK DTC.	Is the DTC displayed? <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)-35, OPERA- TION, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Using the List of Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC), check the appro- priate DTC. <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref. 	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector.
4	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR STARTER MOTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from starter motor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to START. 4) Measure the power supply voltage between starter motor connector terminal and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B14) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): NOTE: • On AT models, place the select lever in the "P" or "N" range. • On MT models, depress the clutch pedal. 		motor. <ref. to<br="">SC(H4SO)-8, Starter.></ref.>	Go to step 5.
5	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN BATTERY AND IGNITION SWITCH CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from ignition switch. 2) Measure the power supply voltage between ignition switch connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B72) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 6 .	Repair open circuit in harness between ignition switch and bat- tery, and check fuse SBF No. 4 and SBF No. 1.
6	 CHECK IGNITION SWITCH. 1) Disconnect the connector from ignition switch. 2) Measure the resistance between ignition switch terminals while turning ignition switch to the START position. Terminals (B72) No. 1 — No. 3: 	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 7 .	Replace the igni- tion switch.
7	CHECK TRANSMISSION TYPE.	Is the target AT model?	Go to step 8.	Go to step 12.
8	 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF STARTER IN- TERLOCK RELAY. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from starter inter- lock relay. 3) Connect the connector to ignition switch. 4) Measure the input voltage between starter interlock relay connector and chassis ground while turning ignition switch to START. Connector & terminal (B225) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B225) No. 27 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 9.	Repair open or short circuit to ground in harness between starter interlock relay and ignition switch. NOTE: Check security system (if equipped). <ref. to SL-21, Security System.></ref.

Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure

Ĩ	Step	Check	Yes	No
9	CHECK STARTER INTERLOCK RELAY.	Is the resistance less than 1	Go to step 10.	Replace the
Ĵ	 Using a lead wire, connect the terminal No. 24 of starter interlock relay to positive terminal of battery, and terminal No. 26 to ground termi- nal of battery. Measure the resistance between starter interlock relay terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 27 - No. 28:</i> 	Ω ?		starter interlock relay.
10	 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF INHIBITOR SWITCH. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from inhibitor switch. 3) Connect the connector to ignition switch. 4) Measure the input voltage between inhibitor switch connector terminal and engine ground while turning ignition switch to START. Connector & terminal (B12) No. 12 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 11.	Repair open or ground short cir- cuit in harness between inhibitor switch and starter interlock relay. NOTE: Check security system (if equipped). <ref. to SL-21, Security System.></ref.
11	 CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH. 1) Place the select lever in the "P" or "N" range. 2) Measure the resistance between inhibitor switch terminals. Connector & terminal (T3) No. 11 — No. 12: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Repair open or ground short cir- cuit in harness between inhibitor switch and starter motor.	Replace the inhibi- tor switch. <ref. to<br="">4AT-48, Inhibitor Switch.></ref.>
12	 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF STARTER IN- TERLOCK RELAY. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from starter inter- lock relay. 3) Connect the connector to ignition switch. 4) Measure the input voltage between starter interlock relay connector and chassis ground while turning ignition switch to START. Connector & terminal (B225) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B225) No. 27 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 13.	Repair open or short circuit to ground in harness between starter interlock relay and ignition switch. NOTE: Check security system (if equipped). <ref. to SL-21, Security System.></ref.
13	 CHECK STARTER INTERLOCK RELAY. 1) Using a lead wire, connect the terminal No. 24 of starter interlock relay to positive terminal of battery, and terminal No. 26 to ground terminal of battery. 2) Measure the resistance between starter interlock relay terminals. <i>Terminals</i> No. 27 - No. 28: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 14.	Replace the starter interlock relay.
14	 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF CLUTCH SWITCH. 1) Disconnect the connector from clutch switch. 2) Measure the resistance between clutch switch connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B106) No. 1 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 15.	Repair open circuit of ground cable.

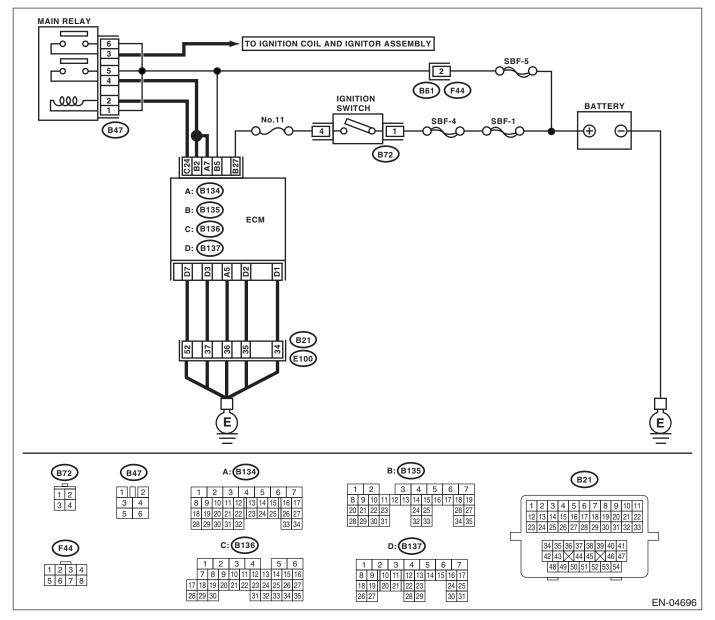
	Step	Check	Yes	No
15	CHECK CLUTCH SWITCH. Measure the resistance between clutch switch terminals while depressing the clutch pedal. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 16.	Replace the clutch switch. <ref. to<br="">CL-36, Clutch Switch.></ref.>
16	 CHECK CLUTCH SWITCH CIRCUIT. 1) Connect the connector to clutch switch. 2) Measure the resistance between starter interlock relay connector and chassis ground while depressing the clutch pedal. Connector & terminal (B225) No. 26 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	to ground in har- ness between starter interlock	Repair open circuit in harness between starter interlock relay and clutch switch.

C: CHECK POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND LINE OF ENGINE CONTROL MOD-ULE (ECM)

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

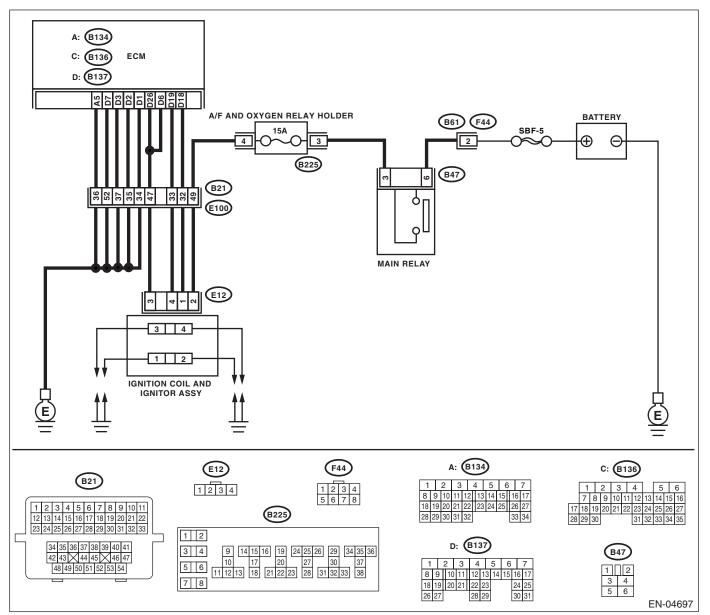
Step	Check	Yes	No
 CHECK MAIN RELAY. Turn the ignition switch to OF Remove the main relay. Using a lead wire, connect th of main relay to positive termin and terminal No. 2 to ground terr tery. Measure the resistance betwee terminals. Terminals No. 3 - No. 6: No. 4 - No. 5: 	e terminal No. al of battery, ninal of bat-	Go to step 2.	Replace the main relay.
 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF Disconnect the connector fro Measure the resistance of ha between ECM and chassis groun Connector & terminal (B134) No. 5 — Chassis group (B137) No. 1 — Chassis group (B137) No. 2 — Chassis group (B137) No. 3 — Chassis group (B137) No. 7 — Chassis group 	m ECM. than 5 Ω? rness nd. und: und: und: und: und:	Go to step 3.	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM connector and engine grounding terminal or poor contact in connec- tor.
3 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF E Measure the voltage between EC and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 5 (+) — Chassis (B135) No. 27 (+) — Chassis	CM connector than 10 V?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open or ground short cir- cuit of power sup- ply circuit.
4 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF M Measure the voltage between m nector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B47) No. 1 (+) — Chassis g (B47) No. 5 (+) — Chassis g (B47) No. 6 (+) — Chassis g	ain relay con- than 10 V? <i>round (–):</i> <i>round (–):</i>	Go to step 5.	Repair the open or ground short cir- cuit in harness of power supply cir- cuit.
 5 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF E Connect the main relay connect Turn the ignition switch to ON Measure the voltage betweer nector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 2 (+) — Chassis (B136) No. 24 (+) — Chassis 	ector. than 10 V? I. DECM con- ground (-): ground (-):	 Check the ignition control system. <ref. li="" to<=""> EN(H4SO)(diag)- 65, IGNITION CONTROL SYS- TEM, Diagnostics for Engine Start- ing Failure.> </ref.>	Repair the open or ground short cir- cuit in harness between ECM connector and main relay connec- tor.

D: IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Ι	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 plug. 2) Install the new spark plug on plug cord cap. CAUTION: Do not remove the spark plug from engine. 3) Contact the spark plug's thread portion on engine. 4) While opening the throttle valve fully, crank the engine to check that spark occurs at each cylinder. 	Does spark occur at each cyl- inder?	Check fuel pump system. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 68, FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT, Diag- nostics for Engine Starting Failure.></ref.>	Go to step 2 .
2	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR IG- NITION COIL AND IGNITOR ASSEMBLY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ignition coil and ignitor assembly. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the power supply voltage between ignition coil and ignitor assembly connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E12) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 3 .	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ignition coil and ignitor assembly, and ignition switch connector • Poor contact in coupling connec- tors
3	 CHECK HARNESS OF IGNITION COIL AND IGNITOR ASSEMBLY GROUND CIRCUIT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between ignition coil and ignitor assembly connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E12) No. 3 — Engine ground: 	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 4 .	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ignition coil and ignitor assembly connector and engine grounding terminal
4	 CHECK IGNITION COIL AND IGNITOR ASSEMBLY. 1) Remove the spark plug cords. 2) Measure the resistance between spark plug cord contact portions to check secondary coil. Terminals No. 1 - No. 2: No. 3 - No. 4: 	Is the resistance 10 — 15 kΩ?	Go to step 5.	Replace the igni- tion coil and ignitor assembly. <ref. to<br="">IG(H4SO)-7, Igni- tion Coil and Igni- tor Assembly.></ref.>
5		Does the voltage vary more than 10 V?	Go to step 6 .	Replace the igni- tion coil and ignitor assembly. <ref. to<br="">IG(H4SO)-7, Igni- tion Coil and Igni- tor Assembly.></ref.>

EN(H4SO)(diag)-66

Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	 CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connector from ignition coil and ignitor assembly. 4) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and ignition coil and ignitor assembly connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 18 — (E12) No. 1: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and ignition coil and ignitor assembly connec- tor • Poor contact in
7	(B137) No. 19 — (E12) No. 4: CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG- NITION COIL AND IGNITOR ASSEMBLY CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and engine ground. Connector & terminal: (B137) No. 18 — Engine ground: (B137) No. 19 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 8.	coupling connector Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and ignition coil and ignitor assembly connec- tor.
8	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Check fuel pump circuit. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 68, FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT, Diag- nostics for Engine Starting Failure.></ref.>

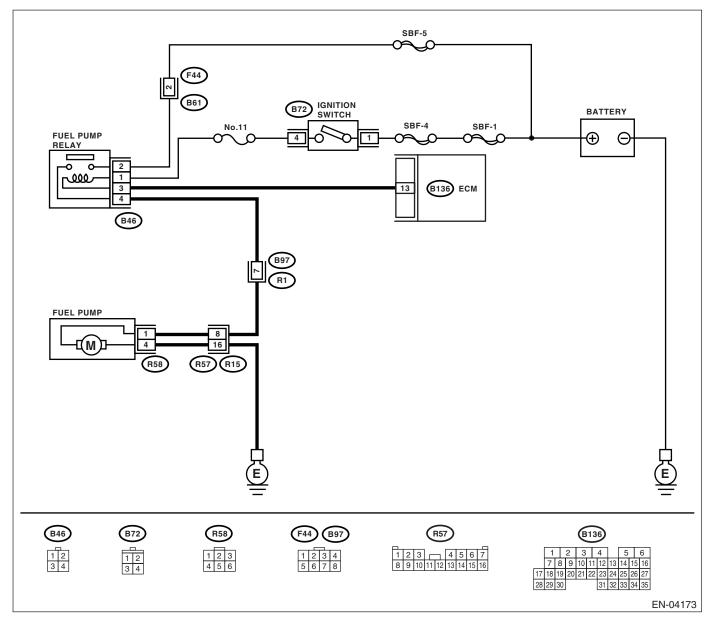
ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

E: FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure

1		• •••••		
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATING SOUND OF FUEL PUMP. Make sure that fuel pump is in operation for two seconds when turning the ignition switch to ON. NOTE: Fuel pump operation can also be executed us- ing Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)-47, Compulsory Valve Opera- tion Check Mode.></ref.>	Does the fuel pump produce operating sound?	Check fuel injec- tor circuit. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 71, FUEL INJEC- TOR CIRCUIT, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF FUEL PUMP. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the fuel pump access hole lid. 3) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump. 4) Measure the resistance of harness connector between fuel pump and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 4 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between fuel pump connec- tor and chassis grounding terminal • Poor contact in coupling connector
3	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL PUMP. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage of power supply circuit between fuel pump connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Replace the fuel pump. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-50, Fuel Pump.></ref.>	Go to step 4.
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL PUMP AND FUEL PUMP RELAY CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness connector between fuel pump and fuel pump relay. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 1 — (B46) No. 4: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between fuel pump connec- tor and chassis grounding terminal • Poor contact in coupling connec- tors
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL PUMP AND FUEL PUMP RELAY CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump and fuel pump relay connector. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 1 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 6.	Repair short circuit in harness between fuel pump and fuel pump relay connector.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	 CHECK FUEL PUMP RELAY. 1) Disconnect the connectors from fuel pump relay and main relay. 2) Remove the fuel pump relay and main relay with bracket. 3) Using a lead wire, connect the terminal No. 1 of fuel pump relay to positive terminal of battery, and No. 3 terminal to ground terminal of battery. 4) Measure the resistance between connector terminals of fuel pump relay. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 - No. 4:</i> 	Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ?	Go to step 7.	Replace the fuel pump relay. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-40, Fuel Pump Relay.></ref.
7	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL PUMP RELAY CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and fuel pump relay connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 13 — (B46) No. 3: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel pump relay connector.
8	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Check fuel injec- tor circuit. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 71, FUEL INJEC- TOR CIRCUIT, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.></ref.>

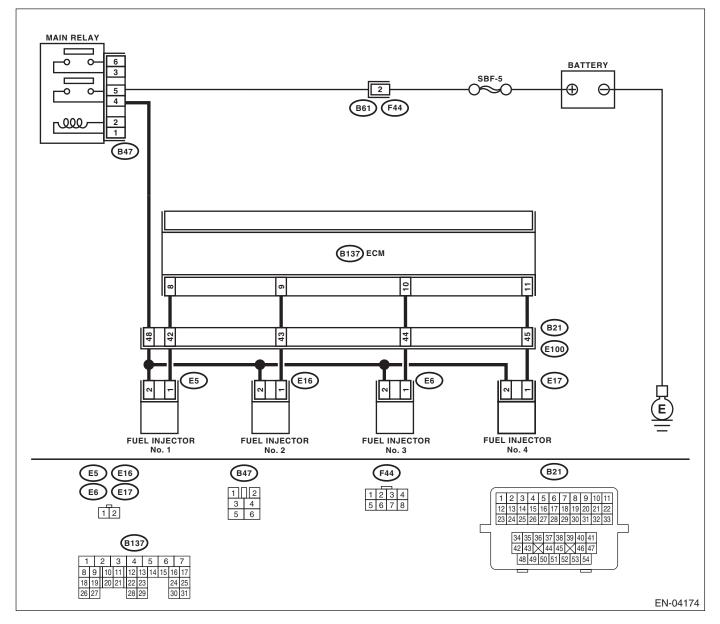
F: FUEL INJECTOR CIRCUIT

CAUTION:

• Check or repair only faulty parts.

• After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCE-DURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATION OF EACH FUEL INJEC- TOR. While cranking the engine, check that each fuel injector emits "operating" sound. Use a sound scope or put a screwdriver on the injec- tor for this check.	Does the fuel injector operate?	Check the fuel pressure. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-29, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO EACH FUEL INJECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the power supply voltage between the fuel injector terminal and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> #1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between main relay and fuel injector connector • Poor contact in main relay connec- tor • Poor contact in coupling connector (B22) • Poor contact in fuel injector con- nector
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and fuel injector connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> #1 (B137) No. 8 — (E5) No. 1: #2 (B137) No. 9 — (E16) No. 1: #3 (B137) No. 10 — (E6) No. 1: #4 (B137) No. 11 — (E17) No. 1: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel injector connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and fuel injector connector. Connector & terminal #1 (B137) No. 8 — Chassis ground: #2 (B137) No. 9 — Chassis ground: #3 (B137) No. 10 — Chassis ground: #4 (B137) No. 11 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 5.	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and fuel injector connector.
5	 CHECK EACH FUEL INJECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between each fuel injector terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance 5 — 20 Ω ?	Go to step 6.	Replace the faulty fuel injector.
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Inspection using "General Diagnos- tic Table". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 342, INSPEC- TION, General Diagnostic Table.></ref.>

17.List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

A: LIST

DTC	Item	Index	
P0026	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit Range/Performance (Bank 1)	<ref. control<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-80,="" intake="" p0026="" to="" valve="">SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1), Diagnostic Pro- cedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0028	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit Range/Performance (Bank 2)	<ref. control<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-82,="" intake="" p0028="" to="" valve="">SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 2), Diagnostic Pro- cedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0030	HO2S Heater Control Circuit (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. cir-<br="" control="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-84,="" heater="" ho2s="" p0030="" to="">CUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0031	HO2S Heater Control Circuit Low (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. cir-<br="" control="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-86,="" heater="" ho2s="" p0031="" to="">CUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0032	HO2S Heater Control Circuit High (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. cir-<br="" control="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-89,="" heater="" ho2s="" p0032="" to="">CUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0037	HO2S Heater Control Circuit Low (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. cir-<br="" control="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-91,="" heater="" ho2s="" p0037="" to="">CUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0038	HO2S Heater Control Circuit High (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. cir-<br="" control="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-94,="" heater="" ho2s="" p0038="" to="">CUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0068	Manifold Absolute Pressure/Baro- metric Pressure Circuit Range/Per- formance Problem	<ref. absolute="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-96,="" manifold="" p0068="" pres-<br="" to="">SURE SENSOR RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0076	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit Low (Bank 1)	<ref. control<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-98,="" intake="" p0076="" to="" valve="">SOLENOID CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0077	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit High (Bank 1)	<ref. control<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-100,="" intake="" p0077="" to="" valve="">SOLENOID CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0082	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit Low (Bank 2)	<ref. control<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-102,="" intake="" p0082="" to="" valve="">SOLENOID CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0083	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit High (Bank 2)	<ref. control<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-104,="" intake="" p0083="" to="" valve="">SOLENOID CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0101	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-106,="" flow<br="" mass="" or="" p0101="" to="" volume="">CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0102	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit Low Input	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-108,="" flow<br="" mass="" or="" p0102="" to="" volume="">CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0103	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit High Input		
P0107	Manifold Absolute Pressure/Baro- metric Pressure Circuit Low Input	<ref. absolute="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-113,="" manifold="" p0107="" pres-<br="" to="">SURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Pro- cedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0108	Manifold Absolute Pressure/Baro- metric Pressure Circuit High Input	<ref. absolute="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-116,="" manifold="" p0108="" pres-<br="" to="">SURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Pro- cedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P0111	Intake Air Temperature Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-119,="" intake="" p0111="" temperature<br="" to="">CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DTC	Item	Index
P0112	Intake Air Temperature Circuit Low Input	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-121,="" intake="" p0112="" temperature<br="" to="">CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0113	Intake Air Temperature Circuit High Input	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-123,="" intake="" p0113="" temperature<br="" to="">CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0117	Engine Coolant Temperature Circuit Low Input	<ref. coolant="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-126,="" engine="" p0117="" tempera-<br="" to="">TURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0118	Engine Coolant Temperature Circuit High Input	<ref. coolant="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-128,="" engine="" p0118="" tempera-<br="" to="">TURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0122	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/ Switch "A" Circuit Low Input	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-130,="" p0122="" pedal="" position<br="" throttle="" to="">SENSOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0123	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/ Switch "A" Circuit High Input	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-133,="" p0123="" pedal="" position<br="" throttle="" to="">SENSOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0125	Insufficient Coolant Temperature for Closed Loop Fuel Control	<ref. coolant="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-136,="" insufficient="" p0125="" tem-<br="" to="">PERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0126	Insufficient Coolant Temperature for Stable Operation	<ref. coolant="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-138,="" insufficient="" p0126="" tem-<br="" to="">PERATURE FOR STABLE OPERATION, Diagnostic Procedure with Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0128	Coolant Thermostat (Coolant Tem- perature Below Thermostat Regulat- ing Temperature)	<ref. coolant="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-140,="" p0128="" thermostat<br="" to="">(COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEM- PERATURE), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0131	O ₂ Sensor Circuit Low Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-141,="" o<sub="" p0131="" to="">2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0132	O ₂ Sensor Circuit High Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-143,="" o<sub="" p0132="" to="">2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0133	O ₂ Sensor Circuit Slow Response (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-145,="" o<sub="" p0133="" to="">2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0134	O ₂ Sensor Circuit No Activity Detected (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-147,="" o<sub="" p0134="" to="">2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0137	O ₂ Sensor Circuit Low Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-149,="" o<sub="" p0137="" to="">2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0138	O ₂ Sensor Circuit High Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-152,="" o<sub="" p0138="" to="">2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0139	O ₂ Sensor Circuit Slow Response (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-155,="" o<sub="" p0139="" to="">2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0140	O ₂ Sensor Circuit No Activity Detected (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-157,="" o<sub="" p0140="" to="">2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0171	System too Lean (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" 1),<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-159,="" lean="" p0171="" system="" to="" too="">Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0172	System too Rich (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" 1),<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-160,="" p0172="" rich="" system="" to="" too="">Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>

List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

DTC	Item	Index
P0181	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-162,="" fuel="" p0181="" sen-<br="" temperature="" to="">SOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0182	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Low Input	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-164,="" fuel="" p0182="" sen-<br="" temperature="" to="">SOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0183	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit High Input	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-166,="" fuel="" p0183="" sen-<br="" temperature="" to="">SOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0196	Engine Oil Temperature Sensor Cir- cuit Range/Performance	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-169,="" engine="" oil="" p0196="" temperature<br="" to="">SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0197	Engine Oil Temperature Sensor Low	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-171,="" engine="" oil="" p0197="" temperature<br="" to="">SENSOR LOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0198	Engine Oil Temperature Sensor High	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-173,="" engine="" oil="" p0198="" temperature<br="" to="">SENSOR HIGH, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0222	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/ Switch "B" Circuit Low Input	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-175,="" p0222="" pedal="" position<br="" throttle="" to="">SENSOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0223	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/ Switch "B" Circuit High Input	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-178,="" p0223="" pedal="" position<br="" throttle="" to="">SENSOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0301	Cylinder 1 Misfire Detected	<ref. 1="" cylinder="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-181,="" misfire<br="" p0301="" to="">DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0302	Cylinder 2 Misfire Detected	<ref. 2="" cylinder="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-181,="" misfire<br="" p0302="" to="">DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0303	Cylinder 3 Misfire Detected	<ref. 3="" cylinder="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-181,="" misfire<br="" p0303="" to="">DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0304	Cylinder 4 Misfire Detected	<ref. 4="" cylinder="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-182,="" misfire<br="" p0304="" to="">DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0327	Knock Sensor 1 Circuit Low Input (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	<ref. 1="" circuit<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-188,="" knock="" p0327="" sensor="" to="">LOW INPUT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0328	Knock Sensor 1 Circuit High Input (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	<ref. 1="" circuit<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-190,="" knock="" p0328="" sensor="" to="">HIGH INPUT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0335	Crankshaft Position Sensor "A" Cir- cuit	<ref. crankshaft="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-192,="" p0335="" position="" sen-<br="" to="">SOR "A" CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0336	Crankshaft Position Sensor "A" Cir- cuit Range/Performance	<ref. crankshaft="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-194,="" p0336="" position="" sen-<br="" to="">SOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0340	Camshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	<ref. camshaft="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-196,="" p0340="" position="" sen-<br="" to="">SOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0341	Camshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit Range/Performance (Bank 1 or Sin- gle Sensor)	<ref. camshaft="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-198,="" p0341="" position="" sen-<br="" to="">SOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SEN- SOR), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0400	Exhaust Gas Recirculation	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-201,="" exhaust="" gas="" p0400="" recircula-<br="" to="">TION FLOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0420	Catalyst System Efficiency Below Threshold (Bank 1)	<ref. catalyst="" dtc="" effi-<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-203,="" p0420="" system="" to="">CIENCY BELOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0442	Evaporative Emission Control Sys- tem Leak Detected (small leak)	<ref. dtc="" emission<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-207,="" evaporative="" p0442="" to="">CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>

DTC	Item	Index
P0447	Evaporative Emission Control Sys- tem Vent Control Circuit Open	<ref. dtc="" emission<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-211,="" evaporative="" p0447="" to="">CONTROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT OPEN, Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0448	Evaporative Emission Control Sys- tem Vent Control Circuit Shorted	<ref. dtc="" emission<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-214,="" evaporative="" p0448="" to="">CONTROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT SHORTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0451	Evaporative Emission Control Sys- tem Pressure Sensor Range/Perfor- mance	<ref. dtc="" emission<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-216,="" evaporative="" p0451="" to="">CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0452	Evaporative Emission Control Sys- tem Pressure Sensor Low Input	<ref. dtc="" emission<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-218,="" evaporative="" p0452="" to="">CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0453	Evaporative Emission Control Sys- tem Pressure Sensor High Input	<ref. dtc="" emission<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-221,="" evaporative="" p0453="" to="">CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Pro- cedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0456	Evaporative Emission Control Sys- tem Leak Detected (very small leak)	<ref. dtc="" emission<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-224,="" evaporative="" p0456="" to="">CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (VERY SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0457	Evaporative Emission Control Sys- tem Leak Detected (fuel cap loose/ off)	<ref. dtc="" emission<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-227,="" evaporative="" p0457="" to="">CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (FUEL CAP LOOSE/OFF), Diag- nostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0458	Evaporative Emission Control Sys- tem Purge Control Valve Circuit Low	<ref. dtc="" emission<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-231,="" evaporative="" p0458="" to="">CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0459	Evaporative Emission Control Sys- tem Purge Control Valve Circuit High	<ref. dtc="" emission<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-233,="" evaporative="" p0459="" to="">CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnos- tic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0461	Fuel Level Sensor Circuit Range/Per- formance	<ref. circuit<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-235,="" fuel="" level="" p0461="" sensor="" to="">RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0462	Fuel Level Sensor Circuit Low Input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-237,="" fuel="" input,="" level="" low="" p0462="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0463	Fuel Level Sensor Circuit High Input	<ref. circuit<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-240,="" fuel="" level="" p0463="" sensor="" to="">HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0464	Fuel Level Sensor Circuit Intermittent	<ref. circuit<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-243,="" fuel="" level="" p0464="" sensor="" to="">INTERMITTENT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0483	Cooling Fan Rationality Check	<ref. cooling="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-244,="" fan="" p0483="" rationality<br="" to="">CHECK, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0502	Vehicle Speed Sensor Circuit Low Input	<ref. cir-<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-246,="" p0502="" sensor="" speed="" to="" vehicle="">CUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0503	Vehicle Speed Sensor Intermittent/ Erratic/High	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-247,="" p0503="" sensor<br="" speed="" to="" vehicle="">INTERMITTENT/ERRATIC/HIGH, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0506	Idle Control System RPM Lower Than Expected	<ref. control="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-249,="" idle="" p0506="" rpm<br="" system="" to="">LOWER THAN EXPECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0507	Idle Control System RPM Higher Than Expected	<ref. control="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-251,="" idle="" p0507="" rpm<br="" system="" to="">HIGHER THAN EXPECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0512	Starter Request Circuit	<ref. circuit,<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-253,="" p0512="" request="" starter="" to="">Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0513	Incorrect Immobilizer Key	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" im(diag)-21,="" immobilizer="" incorrect="" key,="" p0513="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>

List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

DTC	Item	Index
P0519	Idle Control System Malfunction (Fail-Safe)	<ref. control="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-255,="" idle="" mal-<br="" p0519="" system="" to="">FUNCTION (FAIL-SAFE), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0600	CAN Communication Circuit	<ref. communication<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-258,="" p0600="" serial="" to="">LINK, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0604	Internal Control Module Random Access Memory (RAM) Error	<ref. control="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-260,="" internal="" module<br="" p0604="" to="">RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0605	Internal Control Module Read Only Memory (ROM) Error	<ref. control="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-261,="" internal="" module<br="" p0605="" to="">READ ONLY MEMORY (ROM) ERROR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0607	Control Module Performance	<ref. control="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-262,="" module="" p0607="" perfor-<br="" to="">MANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0638	Throttle Actuator Control Range/Per- formance (Bank 1)	<ref. actuator="" con-<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-263,="" p0638="" throttle="" to="">TROL RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0691	Cooling Fan 1 Control Circuit Low	<ref. 1="" control<br="" cooling="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-264,="" fan="" p0691="" to="">CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0692	Cooling Fan 1 Control Circuit High	<ref. 1="" control<br="" cooling="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-264,="" fan="" p0692="" to="">CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0700	Request AT Mil ON	<ref. control<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-264,="" p0700="" to="" transmission="">SYSTEM (MIL REQUEST), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P0851	Neutral Switch Input Circuit Low	<ref. cir-<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-265,="" input="" neutral="" p0851="" switch="" to="">CUIT LOW (AT MODEL), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> <ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-267,="" neutral<br="" p0851="" to="">SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (MT MODEL), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.></ref.>
P0852	Neutral Switch Input Circuit High	<ref. cir-<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-270,="" input="" neutral="" p0852="" switch="" to="">CUIT HIGH (AT MODEL), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> <ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-273,="" neutral<br="" p0852="" to="">SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (MT MODEL), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.></ref.>
P1152	O ₂ Sensor Circuit Range/Perfor-	<pre><ref. <="" circuit="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-275,="" o2="" p1152="" pre="" range="" sensor="" to=""></ref.></pre>
	mance (Low) (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	PERFORMANCE (LOW) (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>
P1153	O ₂ Sensor Circuit Range/Perfor- mance (High) (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-277,="" o<sub="" p1153="" to="">2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/ PERFORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1160	Return Spring Failure	Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-280, DTC P1160 RETURN SPRING FAILURE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>
P1400	Fuel Tank Pressure Control Solenoid Valve Circuit Low	<ref. con-<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-281,="" fuel="" p1400="" pressure="" tank="" to="">TROL SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1420	Fuel Tank Pressure Control Solenoid Valve Circuit High	<ref. con-<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-284,="" fuel="" p1420="" pressure="" tank="" to="">TROL SOL. VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1443	Vent Control Solenoid Valve Function Problem	<ref. control="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-286,="" p1443="" solenoid<br="" to="" vent="">VALVE FUNCTION PROBLEM, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1491	Positive Crankcase Ventilation (Blow- by) Function Problem	<ref. crankcase="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-288,="" p1491="" positive="" to="" venti-<br="">LATION (BLOW-BY) FUNCTION PROBLEM, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1492	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #1 Cir- cuit Malfunction (Low Input)	<ref. dtc="" egr="" en(h4so)(diag)-290,="" p1492="" sig-<br="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">NAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DTC	Item	Index
P1493	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #1 Cir- cuit Malfunction (High Input)	<ref. dtc="" egr="" en(h4so)(diag)-290,="" p1493="" sig-<br="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">NAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1494	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #2 Cir- cuit Malfunction (Low Input)	<ref. dtc="" egr="" en(h4so)(diag)-290,="" p1494="" sig-<br="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">NAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1495	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #2 Cir- cuit Malfunction (High Input)	<ref. dtc="" egr="" en(h4so)(diag)-290,="" p1495="" sig-<br="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">NAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1496	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #3 Cir- cuit Malfunction (Low Input)	<ref. dtc="" egr="" en(h4so)(diag)-290,="" p1496="" sig-<br="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">NAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1497	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #3 Cir- cuit Malfunction (High Input)	<ref. dtc="" egr="" en(h4so)(diag)-290,="" p1497="" sig-<br="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">NAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1498	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #4 Cir- cuit Malfunction (Low Input)	<ref. dtc="" egr="" en(h4so)(diag)-291,="" p1498="" sig-<br="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">NAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1499	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #4 Cir- cuit Malfunction (High Input)	<ref. dtc="" egr="" en(h4so)(diag)-294,="" p1499="" sig-<br="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">NAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1518	Starter Switch Circuit Low input	<ref. circuit<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-296,="" p1518="" starter="" switch="" to="">LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1560	Back-up Voltage Circuit Malfunction	<ref. back-up="" circuit<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-299,="" p1560="" to="" voltage="">MALFUNCTION, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1570	Antenna	<ref. (dtc).="" antenna,="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" im(diag)-22,="" p1570="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P1571	Reference Code Incompatibility	<ref. code="" dtc="" im(diag)-15,="" incompatibility,<br="" p1571="" reference="" to="">Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1574	Key Communication Failure	<ref. communication,<br="" dtc="" im(diag)-20,="" immobilizer="" key="" p1574="" to="">Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P1576	EGI Control Module EEPROM	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" eeprom,="" egi="" im(diag)-21,="" module="" p1576="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P1577	IMM Control Module EEPROM	<ref. control="" dtc="" eeprom,<br="" im(diag)-21,="" imm="" module="" p1577="" to="">Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P2096	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Lean Bank 1	<ref. catalyst="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-300,="" fuel="" p2096="" post="" to="" trim<br="">SYSTEM TOO LEAN BANK 1, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P2097	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Rich Bank 1	<ref. catalyst="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-306,="" fuel="" p2097="" post="" to="" trim<br="">SYSTEM TOO RICH BANK 1, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P2101	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Cir- cuit Range/Performance	<ref. actuator="" con-<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-312,="" p2101="" throttle="" to="">TROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P2102	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Cir- cuit Low	<ref. actuator="" con-<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-318,="" p2102="" throttle="" to="">TROL MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P2103	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Cir- cuit High	<ref. actuator="" con-<br="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-321,="" p2103="" throttle="" to="">TROL MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P2109	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor A Minimum Stop Performance	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-323,="" p2109="" pedal="" position<br="" throttle="" to="">SENSOR A MINIMUM STOP PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
P2122	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/ Switch "D" Circuit Low Input	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-324,="" p2122="" pedal="" position<br="" throttle="" to="">SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>

List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

DTC	Item	Index	
P2123	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/ Switch "D" Circuit High Input	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-326,="" p2123="" pedal="" position<br="" throttle="" to="">SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P2127	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/ Switch "E" Circuit Low Input	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-328,="" p2127="" pedal="" position<br="" throttle="" to="">SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P2128	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/ Switch "E" Circuit High Input	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-330,="" p2128="" pedal="" position<br="" throttle="" to="">SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P2135	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/ Switch "A"/"B" Voltage Rationality	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-332,="" p2135="" pedal="" position<br="" throttle="" to="">SENSOR/SWITCH "A"/"B" VOLTAGE RATIONALITY, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P2138	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/ Switch "D"/"E" Voltage Rationality	<ref. dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-337,="" p2138="" pedal="" position<br="" throttle="" to="">SENSOR/SWITCH "D"/"E" VOLTAGE RATIONALITY, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P2227	Atmospheric Pressure Sensor Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. barometric="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-340,="" p2227="" pressure<br="" to="">TOO LOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P2228	Atmospheric Pressure Sensor Circuit Malfunction (Low Input)	<ref. atmospheric="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-340,="" p2228="" pressure<br="" to="">SENSOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
P2229	Atmospheric Pressure Sensor Circuit Malfunction (High Input)	<ref. atmospheric="" dtc="" en(h4so)(diag)-341,="" p2229="" pressure<br="" to="">SENSOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	

18.Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

A: DTC P0026 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Immediately at fault recognition

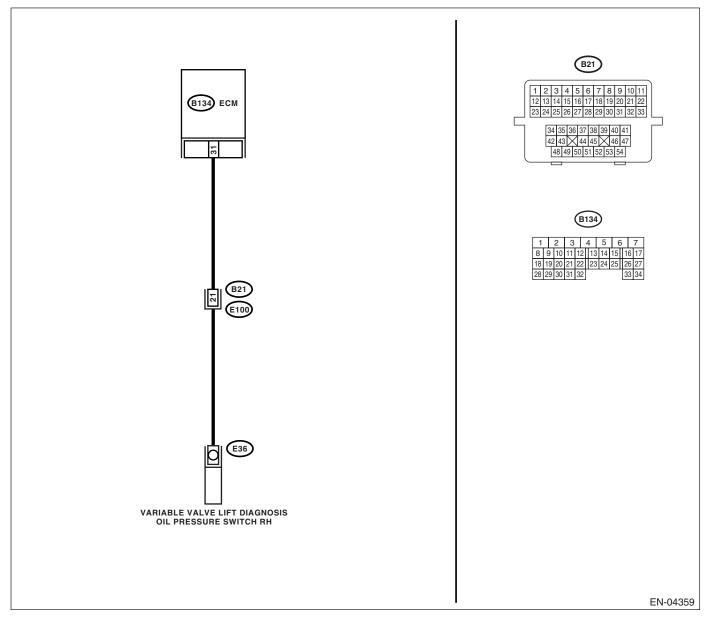
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-8, DTC P0026 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



<u> </u>	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DIS- PLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Using the List of "Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC)", check the appro- priate DTC. <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref. 	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND VARIABLE VALVE LIFT DIAGNOSIS OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CONNECTOR. 1) Idle the engine. 2) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 3) Disconnect the connector from ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector. 4) Measure the resistance of harness between variable valve lift diagnosis oil pres- sure switch connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E36) No. 1 — Engine ground: 	Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 3 .	Repair the ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND VARIABLE VALVE LIFT DIAGNOSIS OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pres- sure switch connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 31 — (E36) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Replace the vari- able valve lift diag- nosis oil pressure switch. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-34, Variable Valve Lift Diagnosis Oil Pressure Switch.> Go to step 4.</ref.>	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pres- sure switch con- nector.
4	 CHECK DTC. 1) Erase the memory. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, Clear Memory Mode.></ref.> 2) After idling the engine, check the DTC. 	Is the DTC displayed?	Replace the oil switching solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-85, Oil Switching Sole- noid Valve.></ref.>	Finish the diagno- sis.
5	CHECK DTC. 1) Erase the memory. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, Clear Memory Mode.> 2) After idling the engine, check the DTC.</ref.>	Is the DTC displayed?	Check the oil pas- sage. Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.	Finish the diagno- sis.

B: DTC P0028 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

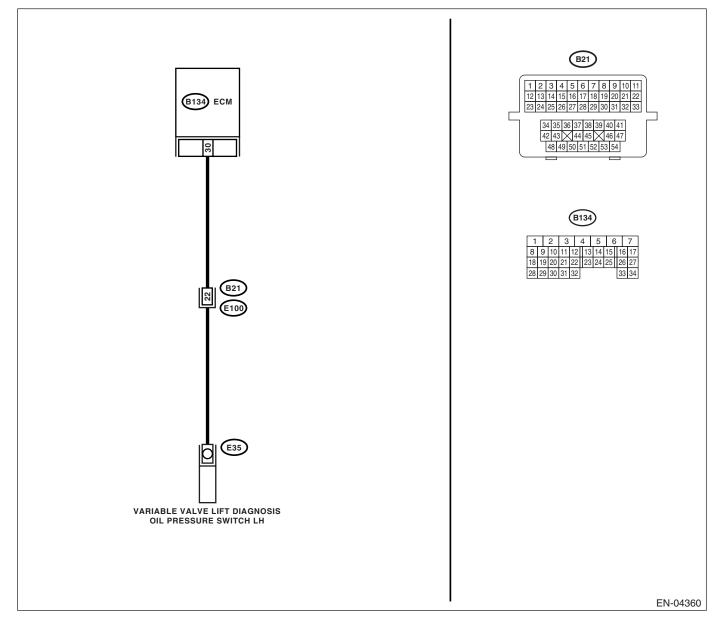
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-10, DTC P0028 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Char	Check	Vaa	No
<u> </u>			Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DIS- PLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Using the List of "Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC)", check the appro- priate DTC. <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref. 	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND VARIABLE VALVE LIFT DIAGNOSIS OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CONNECTOR. 1) Idle the engine. 2) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 3) Disconnect the connector from ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector. 4) Measure the resistance of harness between variable valve lift diagnosis oil pres- sure switch connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E35) No. 1 — Engine ground: 	Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND VARIABLE VALVE LIFT DIAGNOSIS OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pres- sure switch connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 30 — (E35) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Replace the vari- able valve lift diag- nosis oil pressure switch. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-34, Variable Valve Lift Diagnosis Oil Pressure Switch.> Go to step 4.</ref.>	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pres- sure switch con- nector.
4	 CHECK DTC. 1) Erase the memory. <ref. clear="" en(h4so)(diag)-46,="" memory="" mode.="" to=""></ref.> 2) After idling the engine, check the DTC. 	Is the DTC displayed?	Replace the oil switching solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-85, Oil Switching Sole- noid Valve.> Go to step 5.</ref.>	Finish the diagno- sis.
5	 CHECK DTC. 1) Erase the memory. <ref. li="" to<=""> EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, Clear Memory Mode.> 2) After idling the engine, check the DTC. </ref.>	Is the DTC displayed?	Check the oil pas- sage. Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.	Finish the diagno- sis.

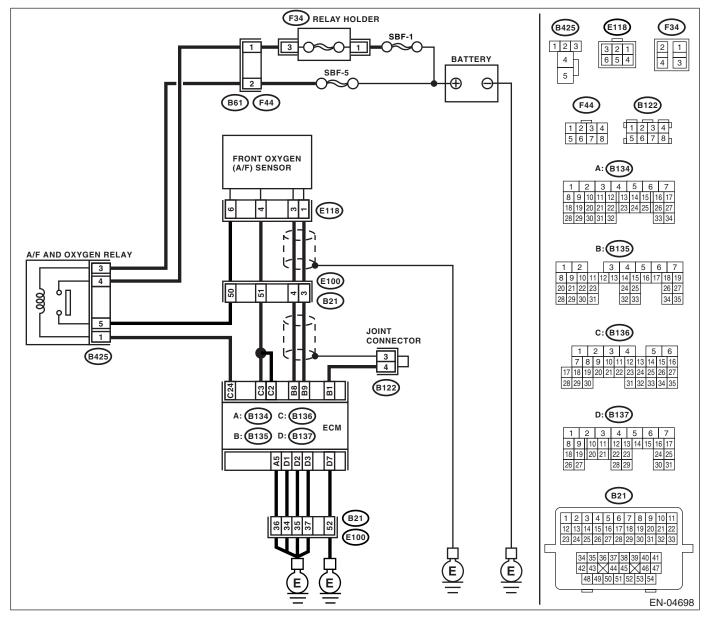
C: DTC P0030 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-11, DTC P0030 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

•	/
ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. 1) Start the engine and warm-up engine. 2) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 3) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 4) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 2 — (E118) No. 4: (B136) No. 3 — (E118) No. 4: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B135) No. 9 — (E118) No. 1: (B135) No. 8 — (E118) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open circuit in harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN A/F AND OX- YGEN SENSOR RELAY AND FRONT OXY- GEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector. Connector & terminal (B425) No. 5 — (E118) No. 6:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit in harness between A/F and oxygen sensor relay and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.
4	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. Measure the resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 3 — No. 4:</i>	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 5 .	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-36, Front Oxygen (A/ F) Sensor.></ref.>
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check the poor contact in ECM and front oxy- gen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector?	Repair the poor contact in ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-36, Front Oxygen (A/ F) Sensor.></ref.>

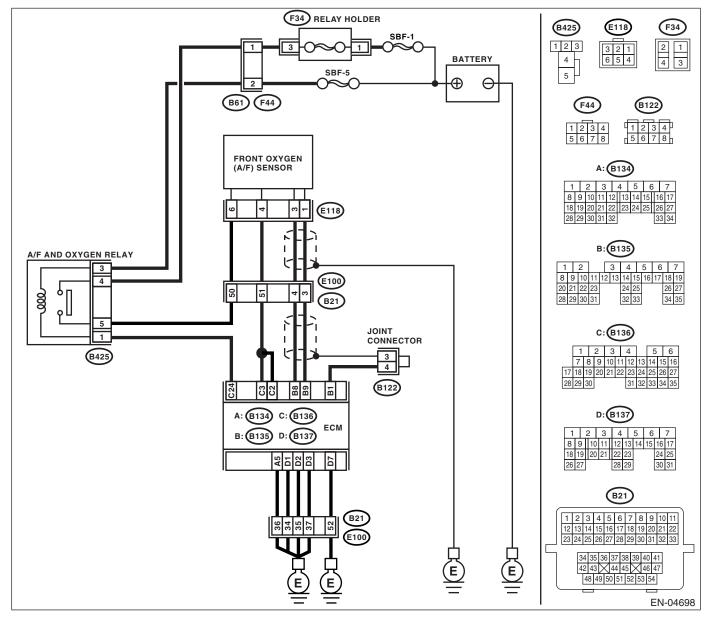
D: DTC P0031 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-12, DTC P0031 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Moni- tor or general scan tool display DTC P0031 and P0037 at the same time?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 5.
2	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FRONT OXY-GEN (A/F) SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E118) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 3.	Repair power sup- ply line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in main relay connec- tor
3	ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and engine ground terminal • Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector
4	 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 	Is the current more than 0.2 A?	Repair poor con- tact in connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector	Go to step 5.
5	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Start and idle the engine. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 7.	Go to step 6 .
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Go to step 7.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR.	Is the resistance less than 10	Repair harness	Replace the front
	 Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 	Ω?	and connector.	oxygen (A/F) sen-
	2) Measure the resistance between front oxy-		NOTE:	sor. <ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>
	gen (A/F) sensor connector terminals.		In this case, repair	FU(H4SO)-36,
	Terminals			Front Oxygen (A/
	No. 4 — No. 6:		-	F) Sensor.>
			short circuit in har-	,
			ness between front	
			oxygen (A/F) sen-	
			sor and ECM con-	
			nector	
			 Poor contact in 	
			front oxygen (A/F)	
			sensor connector	
			 Poor contact in 	
			ECM connector	

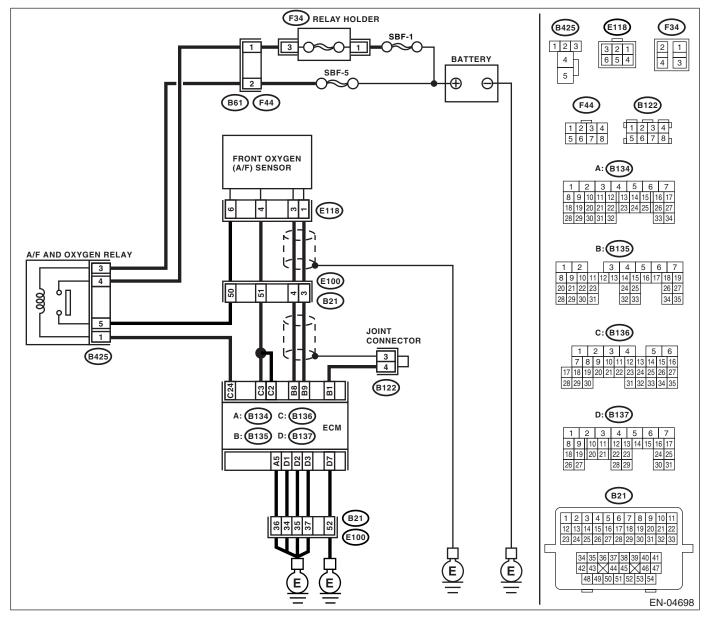
E: DTC P0032 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-14, DTC P0032 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 8 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR HEATER CURRENT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Repair the battery short circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or the general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the General scan tool 	Is the current more than 2.3 A?	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Finish the diagno- sis.
3	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B136) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	Repair battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	Finish the diagno- sis.

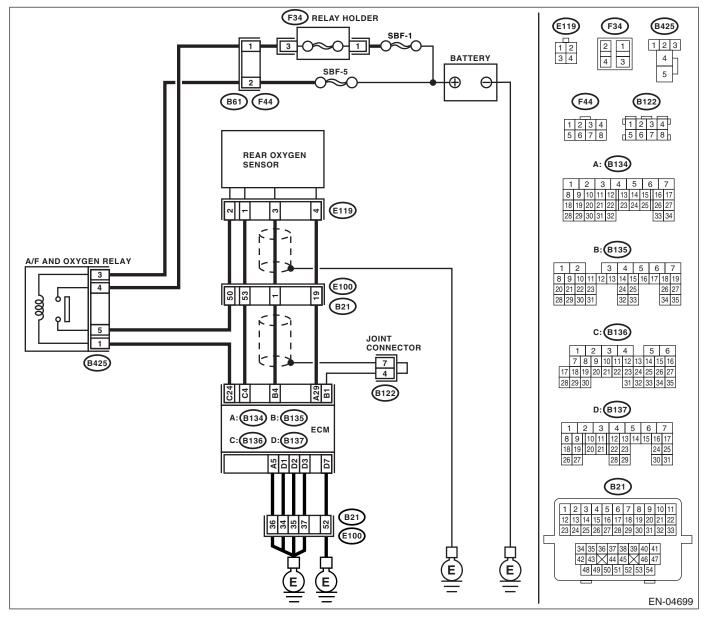
F: DTC P0037 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-16, DTC P0037 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and engine ground terminal • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
2	 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 		nector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in rear oxygen sen- sor connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sen- sor connecting harness connector • Poor contact in ECM connector	Go to step 3.
3	 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Start and idle the engine. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 6 .	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Go to step 5.
5	 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and rear oxy- gen sensor con- nector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO REAR OXY-GEN SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and engine ground or chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E119) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 7.	Repair power sup- ply line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between main relay and rear oxygen sen- sor connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sen- sor connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
7	 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor connector terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance less than 30 Ω?	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between rear oxygen sen- sor and ECM con- nector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sen- sor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>

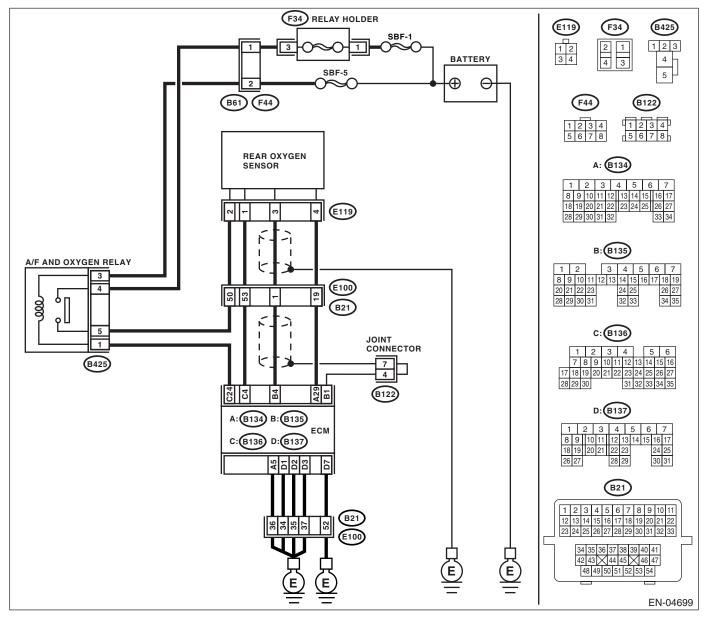
G: DTC P0038 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-17, DTC P0038 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



T	01		N	N.
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage more than 8 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Repair the battery short circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or the general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the General scan tool 	Is the current more than 7 A?	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Finish the diagno- sis.
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Finish the diagno- sis.

H: DTC P0068 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE

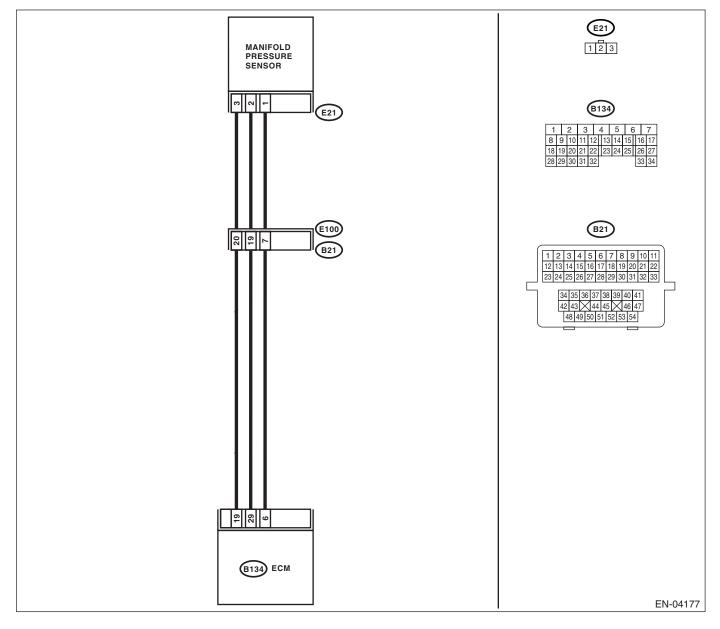
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-19, DTC P0068 MANIFOLD PRESSURE SENSOR RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag-</ref.>	Go to step 2.
		A	nostic Trouble Code (DTC).>	
2	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair air intake system.	Go to step 3.
3	 CHECK MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR. 1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F). 2) Place the selector lever or shift lever in "P" or "N" position. 3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4) All accessory switches OFF. 5) Read the data of intake manifold absolute pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 	Ignition ON: Is the measured value 73.3 — 106.6 kPa (550 — 800 mmHg, 21.65 — 31.50 inHg)? Idling: Is the measured value 20.0 — 46.7 kPa (150 — 350 mmHg, 5.91 — 13.78 inHg)?	Go to step 4.	Replace the mani- fold absolute pres- sure sensor. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-27, Manifold Absolute Pressure Sensor.></ref.
4	 CHECK THROTTLE POSITION. Read the data of throttle position signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 	Is the measured value less than 5% when throttle is fully closed?	Go to step 5.	Adjust or replace the throttle posi- tion sensor. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-26, Throttle Position Sensor.></ref.
5	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION.	Is the measured value more than 85% when throttle is wide open?	Replace the mani- fold absolute pres- sure sensor. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-27, Manifold Absolute Pressure Sensor.></ref. 	Replace the throt- tle position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-26, Throttle Position Sensor.></ref.>

I: DTC P0076 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

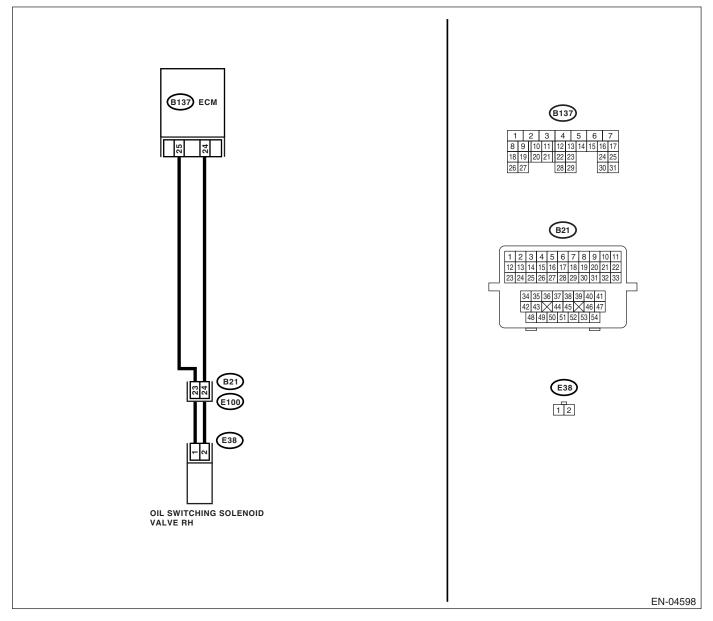
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-21, DTC P0076 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	-	Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and oil switching sole- noid valve connec- tor. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and oil switching solenoid valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connec- tors
2	 CHECK OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Remove the oil switching solenoid valve connector. 2) Measure the resistance between oil switching solenoid valve terminals. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance 6 — 12 Ω ?	Repair the poor contact in ECM and oil switching solenoid valve.	Replace the oil switching solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-85, Oil Switching Sole- noid Valve.></ref.>

J: DTC P0077 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

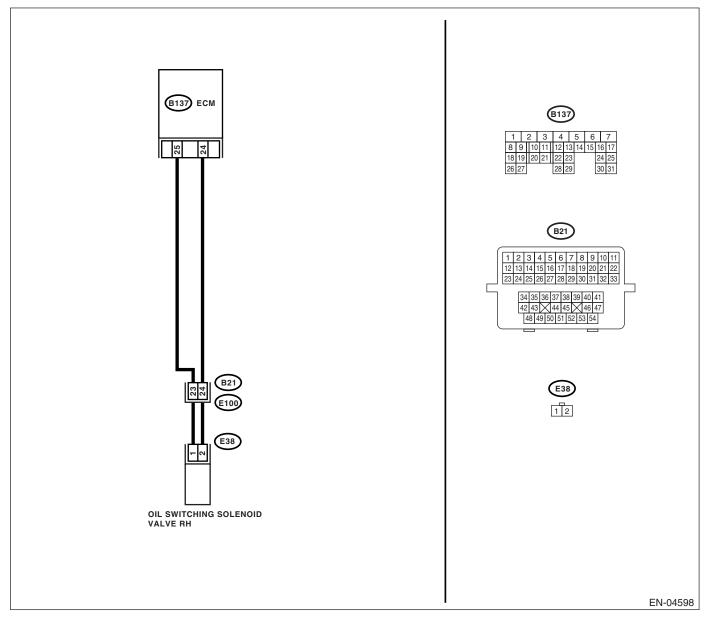
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-22, DTC P0077 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and oil switching solenoid valve. 3) Measure the resistance between oil switch- ing solenoid valve connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E38) No. 1 — Engine ground: (E38) No. 2 — Engine ground: 	ΜΩ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the short circuit in harness between ECM and oil switching sole- noid valve connec- tor.
2	 CHECK OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Remove the oil switching solenoid valve connector. 2) Measure the resistance between oil switching solenoid valve terminals. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance 6 — 12 Ω ?	Repair the poor contact in ECM and oil switching solenoid valve.	Replace the oil switching solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-85, Oil Switching Sole- noid Valve.></ref.>

K: DTC P0082 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

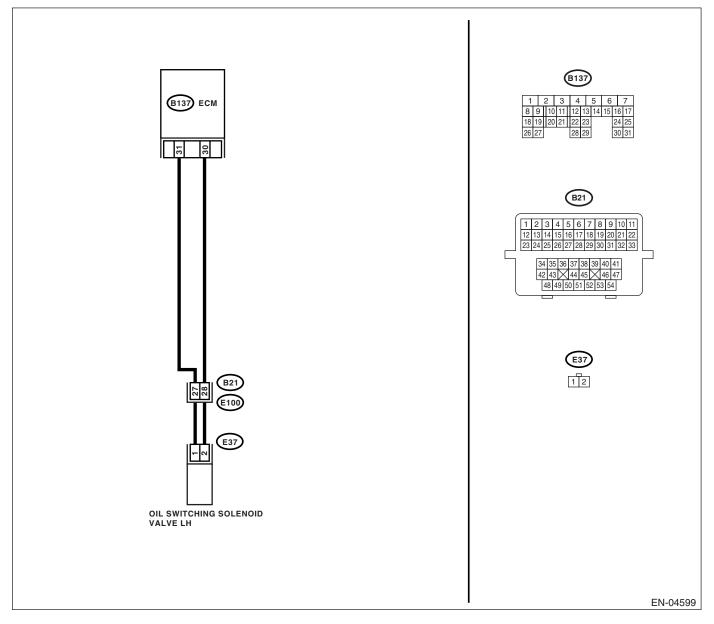
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-23, DTC P0082 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



-				
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and oil switching solenoid valve. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and oil switching solenoid valve connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 31 — (E37) No. 1: (B137) No. 30 — (E37) No. 2: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and oil switching sole- noid valve connec- tor. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and oil switching solenoid valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connec- tors
2	 CHECK OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Remove the oil switching solenoid valve connector. 2) Measure the resistance between oil switching solenoid valve terminals. Terminal No. 1 - No. 2: 	Is the resistance 6 — 12 Ω ?	Repair the poor contact in ECM and oil switching solenoid valve.	Replace the oil switching solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-85, Oil Switching Sole- noid Valve.></ref.>

L: DTC P0083 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

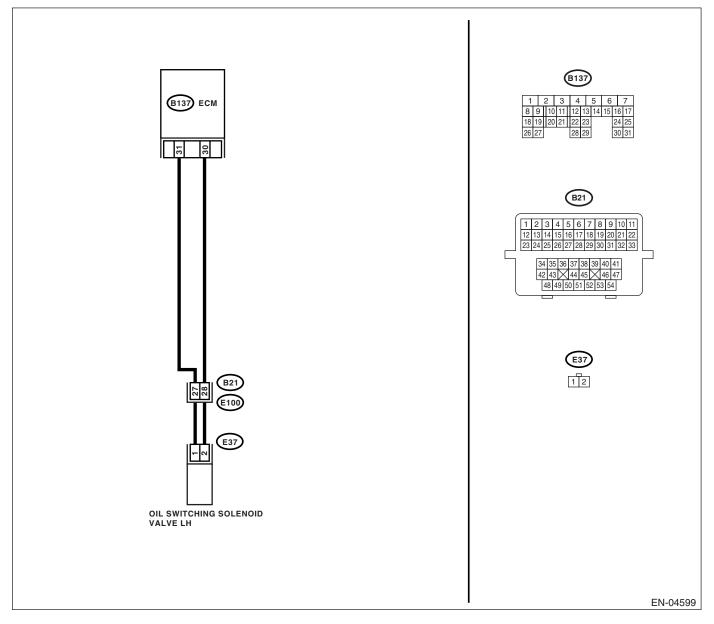
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-23, DTC P0083 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and oil switching solenoid valve. 3) Measure the resistance between oil switch- ing solenoid valve connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E37) No. 1 — Engine ground: (E37) No. 2 — Engine ground: 	ΜΩ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the short circuit in harness between ECM and oil switching sole- noid valve connec- tor.
2	 CHECK OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Remove the oil switching solenoid valve connector. 2) Measure the resistance between oil switching solenoid valve terminals. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance 6 — 12 Ω ?	Repair the poor contact in ECM and oil switching solenoid valve.	Replace the oil switching solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-85, Oil Switching Sole- noid Valve.></ref.>

M: DTC P0101 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-23, DTC P0101 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

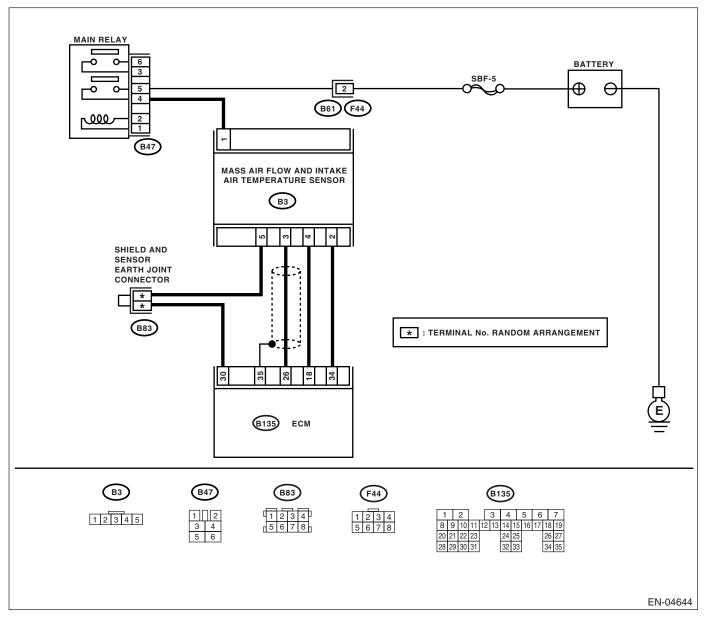
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-28, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.></ref.>
		NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0101.	

N: DTC P0102 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

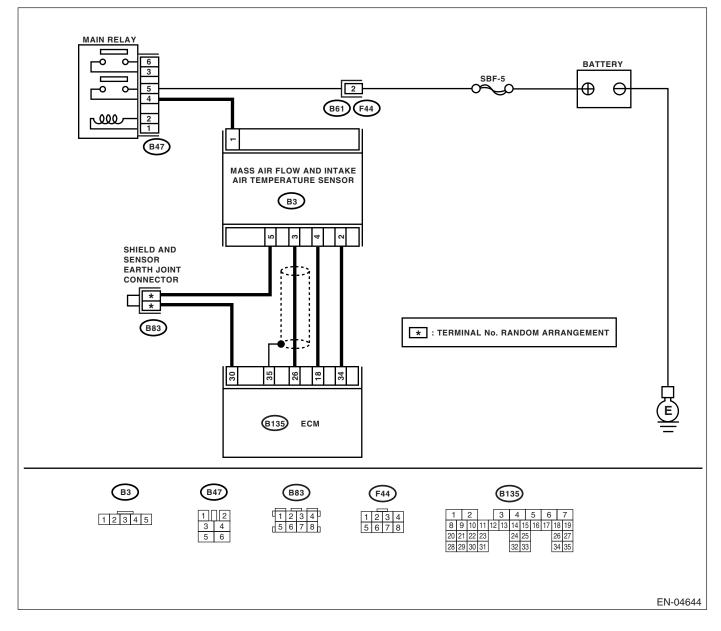
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-25, DTC P0102 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	•	Is the measured value within 0.2 to 4.7 V?	Even if malfunction indicator light lights up, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condi- tion at this time. A temporary poor contact of the con- nector or harness may be the cause. Repair the har- ness or connector in the mass air flow sensor. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open or ground short circuit in har- ness between mass air flow sen- sor and ECM con- nector • Poor contact in mass air flow sen- sor or ECM con- nector	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground while engine is idling. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 26 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the measured value less than 0.2 V?	Go to step 4 .	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR). Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground while engine is idling.	Shake the ECM harness and connector, while monitoring value of Subaru Select Moni- tor. Does the voltage change?	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.
4	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from mass air flow sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between mass air flow sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B3) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 5 V?	Go to step 5.	Repair the open circuit between mass air flow sen- sor and main relay.
5	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and mass air flow sensor con- nector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 26 — (B3) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (B3) No. 5: (B135) No. 34 — (B3) No. 2: 	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 6 .	Repair the open circuit between ECM and mass air flow sensor con- nector.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CONNECTOR Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B135) No. 26 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 30 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 34 — Chassis ground:	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 7.	Repair the ground short circuit between ECM and mass air flow sen- sor connector.
7	CHECK POOR CONTACT Check poor contact in mass air flow sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in mass air flow sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact in mass air flow sensor con- nector.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-28, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.></ref.>

O: DTC P0103 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

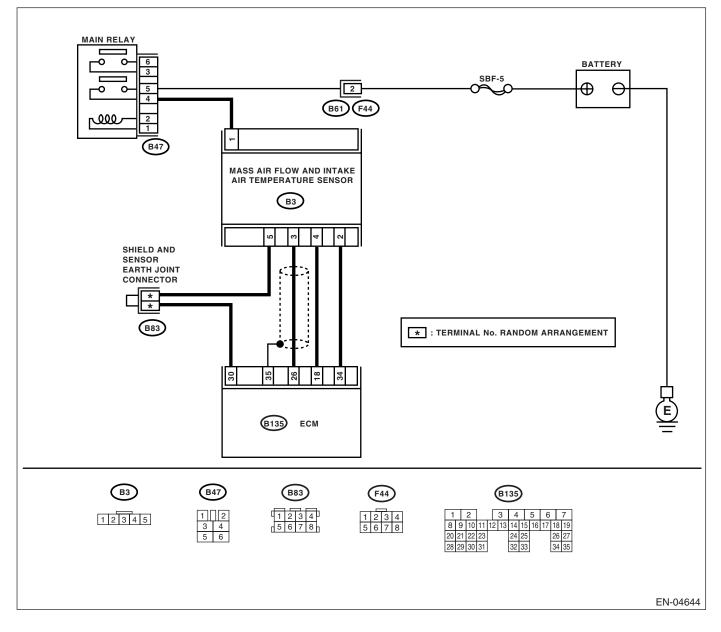
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-26, DTC P0103 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CONNECT SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OR THE GENERAL SCAN TOOL, AND READ DATA. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool to data link connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON and Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool power switch to ON. 4) Start the engine. 5) Read the mass air flow sensor voltage using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 	Is the measured value within 0.2 to 4.7 V?	indicator light lights up, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condi- tion at this time.	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from mass air flow sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between mass air flow sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B3) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the measured value more than 5 V?	Repair the battery short of harness between mass air flow sensor con- nector and ECM connector.	Go to step 3 .
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and mass air flow sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B3) No. 2 — (B135) No. 34: 	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	air flow sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-28,</ref.>	Repair the open harness between mass air flow sen- sor connector and ECM connector.

P: DTC P0107 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

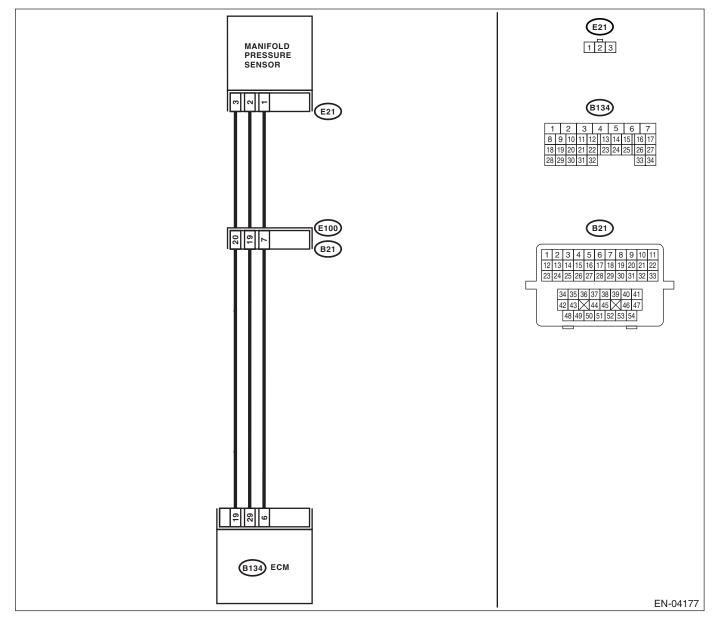
Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-28, DTC P0107 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



1	Step	Check	Yes	No
	-			_
1	 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of intake manifold absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the Canadal Scan tool 	Is the measured value less than 13.3 kPa (100 mmHg, 3.94 inHg)?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 2.
	General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.		. .	
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM or manifold absolute pressure sensor connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM or manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.	Even if malfunction indicator light lights up, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condi- tion at this time.
3	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 5.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.
5	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chas- sis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 0.2 V?	Go to step 7.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR) Read the data of atmospheric absolute pres- sure signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. 	Is the measured value more than 13.3 kPa (100 mmHg, 3.94 inHg) by shaking the har- ness and connector of ECM?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Go to step 7.
7	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from manifold absolute pressure sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between manifold absolute pressure sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E21) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 8 .	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 19 — (E21) No. 3: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 9 .	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.
9	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in manifold absolute pres- sure sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in mani- fold absolute pressure sensor connector?	Repair poor con- tact in manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.	Replace the mani- fold absolute pres- sure sensor. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-27, Manifold Absolute Pressure Sensor.></ref.

Q: DTC P0108 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE **CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT**

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

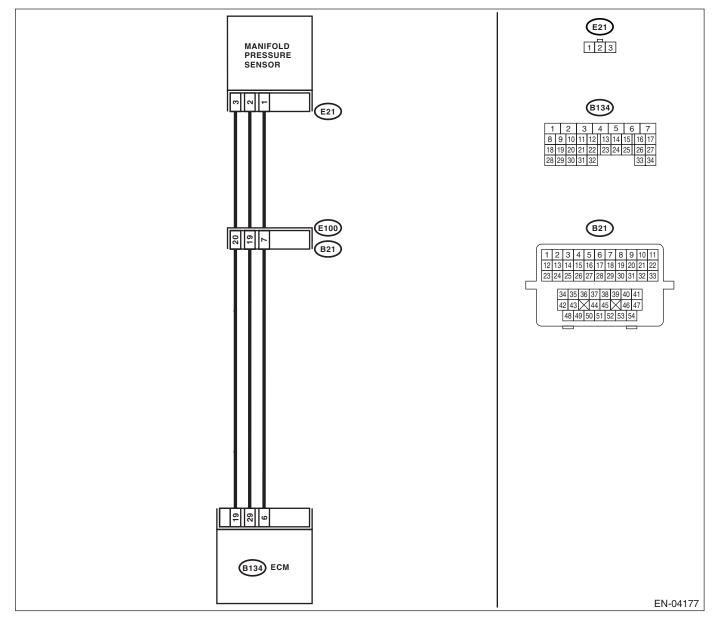
Immediately at fault recognition

GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-29, DTC P0108 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/ ٠

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.	Is the measured value more	Go to step 10.	Go to step 2.
	1) Start the engine.	than 119.5 kPa (896.5 mmHg,		
	2) Read the data of intake manifold absolute	35.29 inHg)?		
	pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor or			
	general scan tool.			
	NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor			
	For detailed operation procedure, refer to the			
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref.< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></ref.<>			
	to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni-			
	tor.>			
	 General scan tool 			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the			
	General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.			
2	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
	Measure the voltage between ECM connector			
	and chassis ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(B134) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
3	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.	Does the voltage change by	Repair poor con-	Contact your SOA
	Measure the voltage between ECM connector	shaking the ECM harness and	tact in ECM con-	Service Center
	and chassis ground.	connector?	nector.	since deteriora-
	Connector & terminal			tion of some parts
	(B134) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			may be the cause.
4	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.	Is the voltage less than 0.2 V?	Go to step 6.	Go to step 5.
	Measure the voltage between ECM connector			
	and chassis ground. Connector & terminal			
	(B134) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
5	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING	Is the measured value more	Repair poor con-	Go to step 6.
5	SUBARU SELECT MONITOR)	than 13.3 kPa (100 mmHg,	tact in ECM con-	
	Read the data of atmospheric absolute pres-	3.94 inHg) by shaking the har-	nector.	
	sure signal using Subaru Select Monitor.	ness and connector of ECM?		
	NOTE:			
	Subaru Select Monitor			
	For detailed operation procedure, refer to the			
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref.			
	to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni-			
	tor.>			
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MANIFOLD	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 7.	Repair open circuit
	ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR AND ECM			in harness
	CONNECTOR.			between ECM and
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			manifold absolute
	2) Disconnect the connector from manifold			pressure sensor
	absolute pressure sensor.			connector.
	3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.4) Maggiure the voltage between manifold			
	 Measure the voltage between manifold absolute pressure sensor connector and 			
	engine ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(E21) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (–):			

Step Check Yes No Repair open circuit CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MANIFOLD Is the resistance less than 1 Go to step 8. 7 ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR AND ECM $\Omega?$ in harness CONNECTOR. between ECM and 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. manifold absolute 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. pressure sensor 3) Measure the resistance of harness connector. between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. **Connector & terminal** (B134) No. 29 — (E21) No. 2: CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MANIFOLD Repair open circuit 8 Is the resistance less than 1 Go to step 9. ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR AND ECM $|\Omega$? in harness CONNECTOR. between ECM and Measure the resistance of harness between manifold absolute ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor pressure sensor connector. connector. **Connector & terminal** (B134) No. 19 — (E21) No. 3: 9 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Is there poor contact in mani-Repair poor con-Replace the mani-Check poor contact in manifold absolute presfold absolute pressure sensor tact in manifold fold absolute pressure sensor connector. connector? absolute pressure sure sensor. <Ref. sensor connector. to FU(H4SO)-27, Manifold Absolute Pressure Sensor.> 10 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MANIFOLD Replace the mani-Is the measured value more Repair battery ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR AND ECM than 119.5 kPa (896.5 mmHg, short circuit in harfold absolute pres-35.29 inHg)? CONNECTOR. ness between sure sensor. <Ref. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF and Subaru ECM and manito FU(H4SO)-27. Select Monitor or the general scan tool power fold absolute pres-Manifold Absolute switch to OFF. sure sensor Pressure Sensor.> 2) Disconnect the connector from manifold connector. absolute pressure sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON and Subaru Select Monitor or the general scan tool power switch to ON. 4) Read the data of intake manifold absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Monitor.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.

R: DTC P0111 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

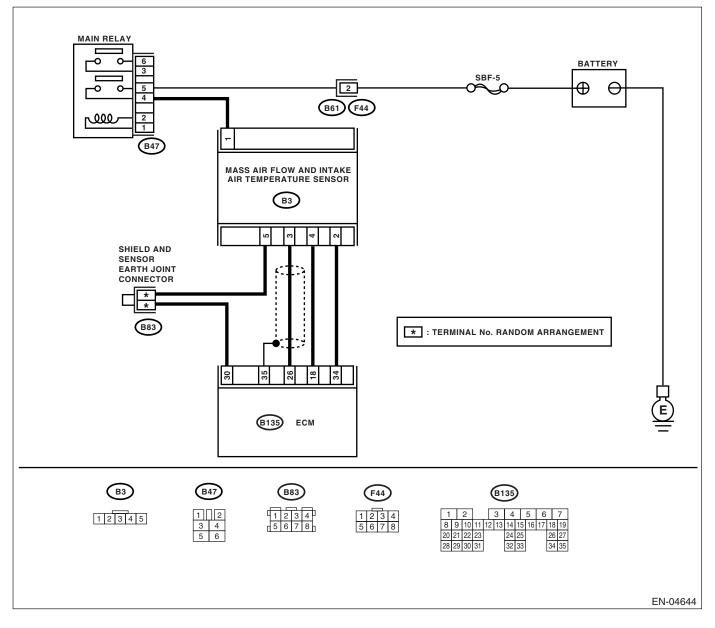
- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-30, DTC P0111 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Trouble Code	air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-28, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.></ref.>

S: DTC P0112 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

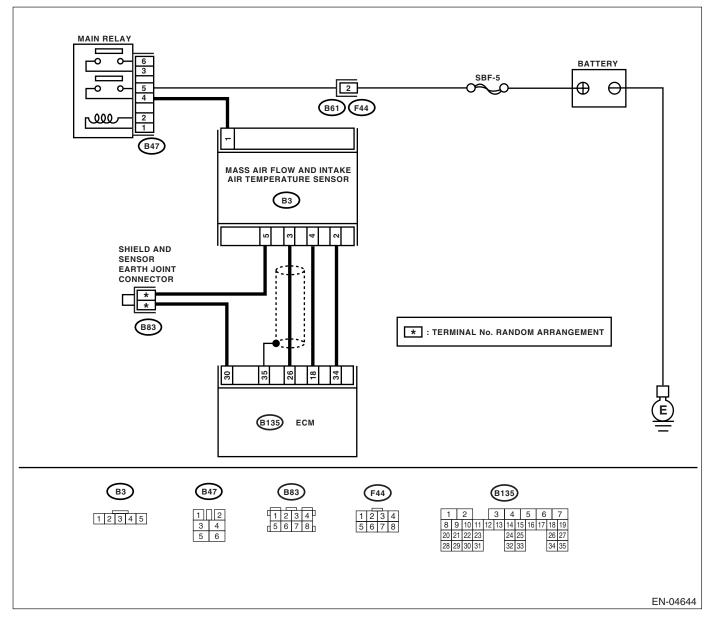
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-32, DTC P0112 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 	Is the measured value more than 120°C (248°F)?	Go to step 2.	Repair poor con- tact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in intake air tempera- ture sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CON- NECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from intake air temperature sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the General scan tool 	Is the measured value less than -40°C (-40°F)?	Replace the intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-28, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.></ref.>	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between intake air tempera- ture sensor and ECM connector.

T: DTC P0113 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

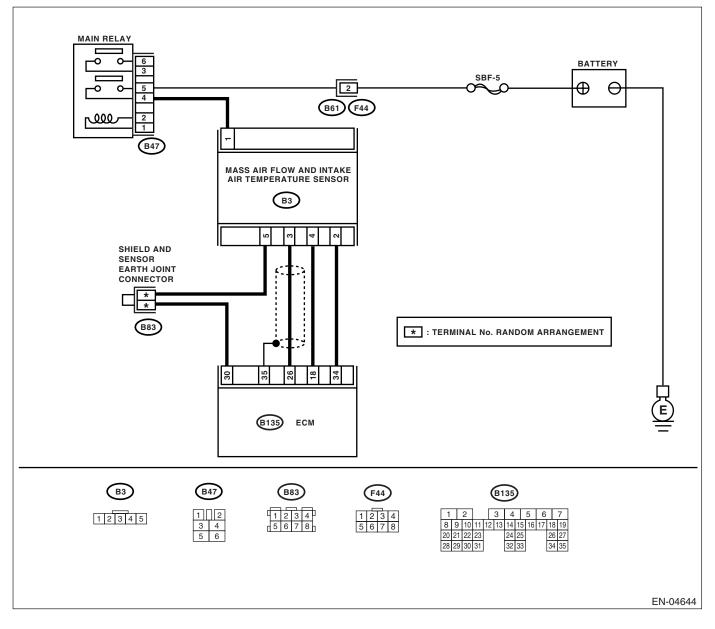
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-33, DTC P0113 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.	Is the measured value less	Go to step 2.	Repair poor con-
l'	1) Start the engine.	than -40°C (-40°F)?		tact.
	2) Read the data of intake air temperature			NOTE:
	sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or			In this case, repair
	the general scan tool.			the following:
	NOTE:			 Poor contact in
	Subaru Select Monitor			intake air tempera-
	For detailed operation procedure, refer to the			ture sensor
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref.			 Poor contact in
	to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni-			ECM
	tor.>			 Poor contact in
	 General scan tool 			coupling connector
	For detailed operation procedure, refer to the			 Poor contact in
	General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.			joint connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN INTAKE AIR	Is the measured value more	Repair battery	Go to step 3.
_	TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CON-	than 10 V?	short circuit in har-	
	NECTOR.		ness between	
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.		intake air tempera-	
	2) Disconnect the connector from intake air		ture sensor and	
	temperature sensor.		ECM connector.	
	3) Measure the voltage between intake air			
	temperature and manifold absolute pressure			
	sensor connector and engine ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(B3) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (–):			
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN INTAKE AIR	Is the measured value more	Repair battery	Go to step 4.
-	TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CON-	than 10 V?	short circuit in har-	· · · · ·
	NECTOR.		ness between	
	1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.		intake air tempera-	
	2) Measure the voltage between intake air		ture sensor and	
	temperature sensor connector and engine		ECM connector.	
	ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(B3) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (–):			
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN INTAKE AIR	Is the measured value more	Go to step 5.	Repair harness
	TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CON-	than 3 V?		and connector.
	NECTOR.			NOTE:
	Measure the voltage between intake air tem-			In this case, repair
	perature sensor connector and engine ground.			the following:
	Connector & terminal			 Open circuit in
	(B3) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (–):			harness between
				intake air tempera-
				ture sensor and
				ECM connector
				 Poor contact in
				intake air tempera-
				ture sensor
				 Poor contact in
				ECM
				 Poor contact in
				coupling connector
				 Poor contact in
				joint connector

Step	Check	Yes	No
 5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B3) No. 5 — Engine ground: 	Is the measured value less than 5 Ω?	Replace the intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-28, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.></ref.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between intake air tempera- ture sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in intake air tempera- ture sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector

U: DTC P0117 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

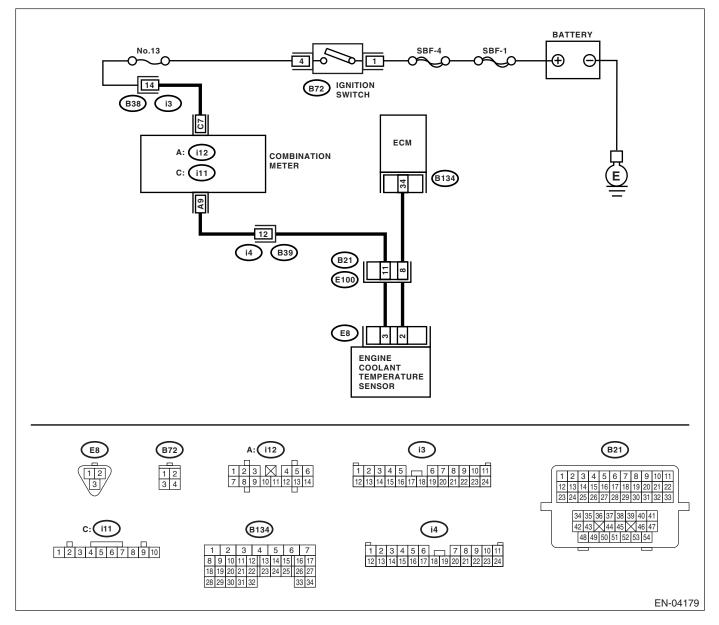
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-35, DTC P0117 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- · Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 	Is the engine coolant tempera- ture more than 150°C (302°F)?	Go to step 2.	Repair poor con- tact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in engine coolant temperature sen- sor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from engine cool- ant temperature sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of engine coolant tempera- ture sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref. 	Is the engine coolant tempera- ture less than -40°C (-40°F)?	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-22, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.></ref.>	Repair battery short circuit in har- ness between engine coolant temperature sen- sor and ECM con- nector.

V: DTC P0118 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

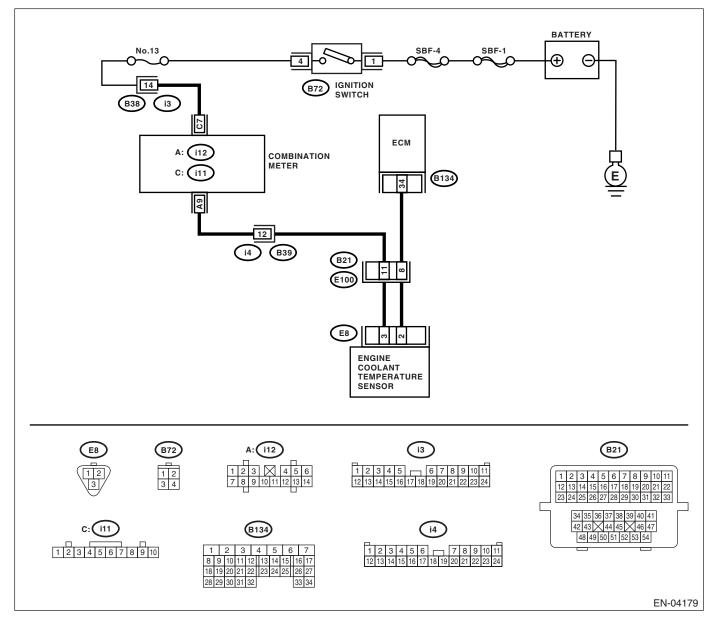
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-36, DTC P0118 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- · Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.	Is the engine coolant tempera-	Go to step 2.	Repair poor con-
	1) Start the engine.	ture less than -40°C (-40°F)?	1	tact.
	2) Read the data of engine coolant tempera-			NOTE:
	ture sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor			In this case, repair
	or general scan tool.			the following:
	NOTE:			 Poor contact in
	Subaru Select Monitor			engine coolant
	For detailed operation procedure, refer to the			temperature sen-
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref.< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>sor</td></ref.<>			sor
	to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni-			 Poor contact in
	tor.>			ECM
	General scan tool			 Poor contact in
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the			coupling connector
	General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.			 Poor contact in
	General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.			joint connector
0			Densinkettens	,
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery	Go to step 3.
	COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND		short circuit in har-	
	ECM CONNECTOR.		ness between	
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.		ECM and engine	
	2) Disconnect the connector from engine cool-		coolant tempera-	
	ant temperature sensor. 3) Measure the voltage between engine cool-		ture sensor con-	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		nector.	
	ant temperature sensor connector and engine			
	ground. Connector & terminal			
	(E8) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (–):			
0	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE	1_{0} the velterie mean then $10.1/2$	Densin hetten	Cata stan 4
3	COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in har-	Go to step 4.
	ECM CONNECTOR.		ness between	
	1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.		ECM and engine	
	2) Measure the voltage between engine cool-		coolant tempera-	
	ant temperature sensor connector and engine ground.		ture sensor con-	
	Connector & terminal		nector.	
	(E8) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (–):			
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE	In the velterie many them 4.1/2	Cata star E	Densir harrage
4	COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND	Is the voltage more than 4 V?	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector.
	ECM CONNECTOR.			
				NOTE:
	Measure the voltage between engine coolant			In this case, repair
	temperature sensor connector and engine			the following:
	ground. Connector & terminal			Open circuit in
	(E8) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (–):			harness between
	(-0) NO. 3 $(+)$ — Engine ground $(-)$:			ECM and engine
				coolant tempera-
				ture sensor con-
				nectorPoor contact in
				engine coolant
				temperature sen-
				sor connector
				 Poor contact in ECM connector
				 Poor contact in
				coupling connector
				 Poor contact in
				joint connector
<u> </u>				

Step	Check	Yes	No
 5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between engine coolant temperature sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E8) No. 2 — Engine ground: 	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-22, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.></ref.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and engine coolant tempera- ture sensor con- nector • Poor contact in engine coolant temperature sen- sor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in coupling connector

W: DTC P0122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

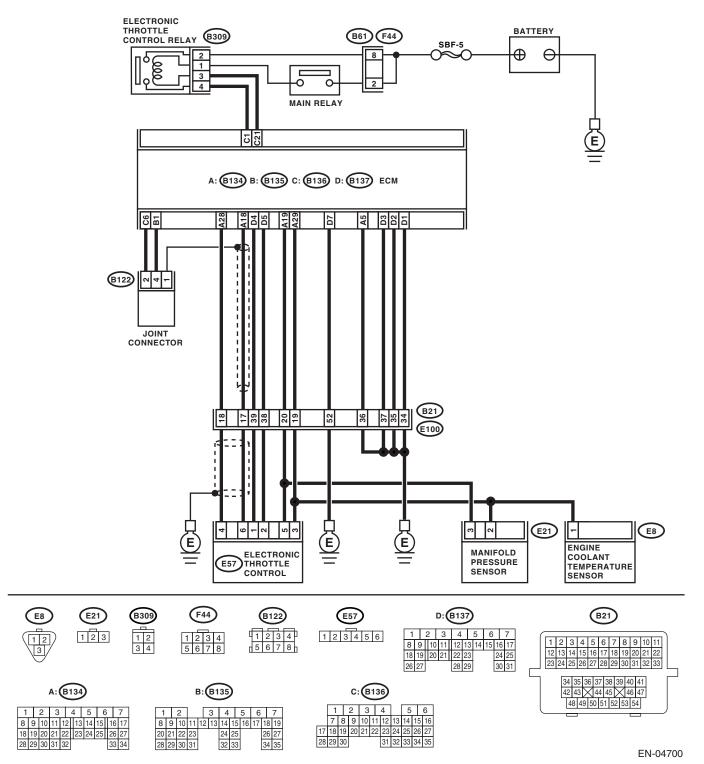
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-38, DTC P0122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of main throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. 	Is the voltage more than 0.4 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control.	Is there poor contact in con- nector between ECM and elec- tronic throttle control?	Repair the poor contact.	Temporary poor contact occurred, but it is normal at present.
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and electronic throttle control connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 19 — (E57) No. 5: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit of harness connector.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 5.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness.
5	 THROTTLE CONTROL. Connect the ECM connector. Turn the ignition switch to ON. Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V?	Go to step 6 .	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.
6	 CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 — Engine ground: 	Is the resistance more than 10 Ω ?	Repair poor con- tact of electronic throttle control connector. Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-12, Throttle Body.></ref.>	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.

X: DTC P0123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-39, DTC P0123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

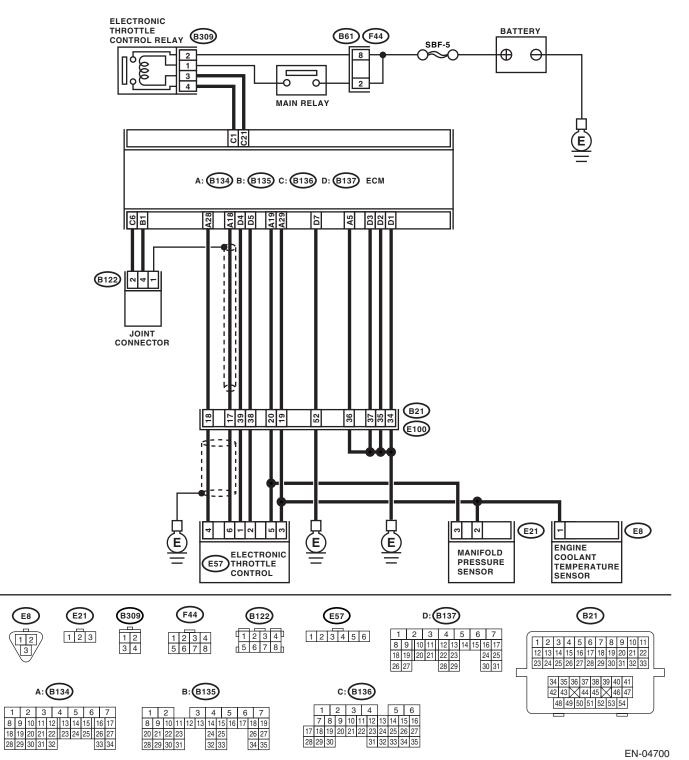
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN(H4SO)(diag)-134

1	A !			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of main throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. 	Is the voltage less than 4.63 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control.	Is there poor contact in con- nector between ECM and elec- tronic throttle control?	Repair the poor contact.	Temporary poor contact occurred, but it is normal at present.
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and electronic throttle control connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit of harness connector.
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 5.	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.
5	CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT POWER SUP- PLY. Measure the voltage between electronic throt- tle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (–):	Is the voltage less than 10 V?	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-12, Throttle Body.></ref.>	Repair battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector.

Y: DTC P0125 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

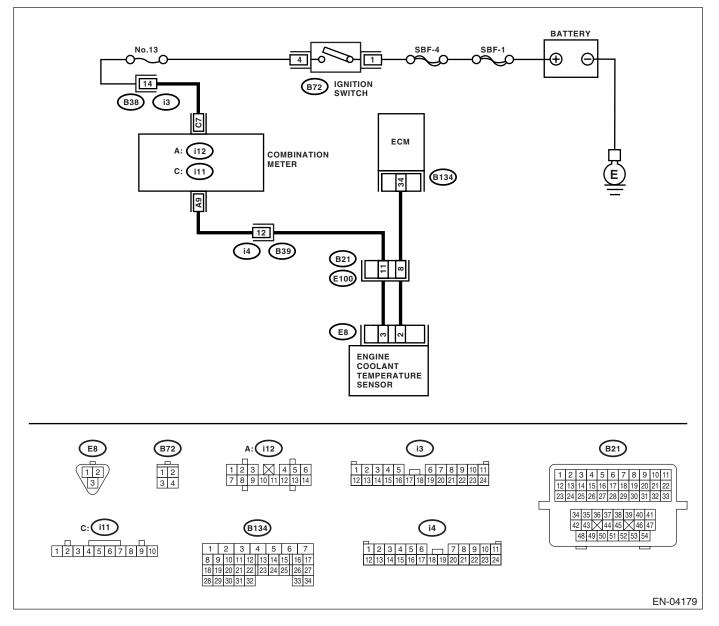
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-40, DTC P0125 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERA-TURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Engine would not return to idling.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



<u> </u>	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0125.</ref.>	
2	CHECK THERMOSTAT.	Does the thermostat remain opened?	Replace the ther- mostat. <ref. to<br="">CO(H4SO)-21, Thermostat.></ref.>	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-22, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.></ref.>

Z: DTC P0126 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR STABLE OPER-ATION

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

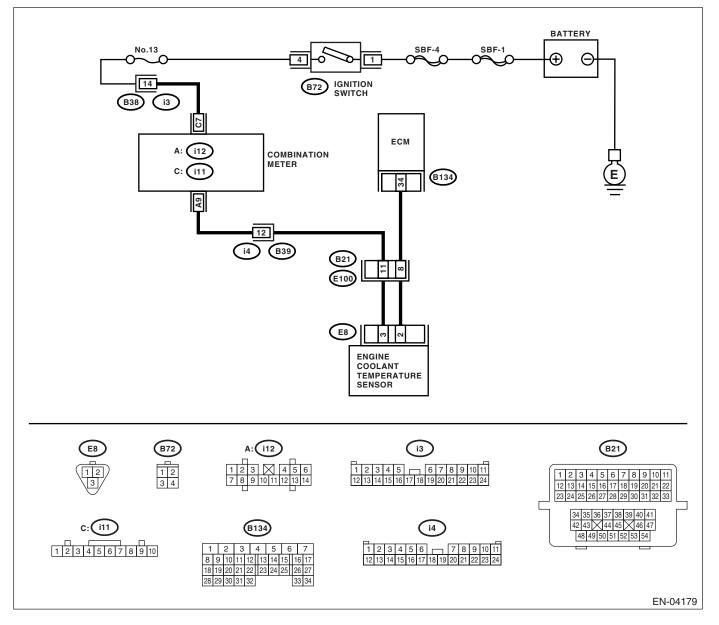
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-42, DTC P0126 INSUFFICIENT ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR STABLE OPERATION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Engine would not return to idling.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect the DTC using "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR. Measure the resistance between engine cool- ant temperature sensor terminals when engine coolant is cold and after warmed-up. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — No. 3:</i>	Is the resistance of engine coolant temperature sensor dif- ferent between when engine coolant is cold and after warmed-up?	Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-22, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.></ref.>

AA:DTC P0128 COOLANT THERMOSTAT (COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-44, DTC P0128 COOLANT THERMOSTAT (COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Thermostat remains open.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK VEHICLE CONDITION.	Was the vehicle driven or idled with the engine partially sub- merged under water?	In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0128.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
3	CHECK ENGINE COOLANT.	Are coolant level and mixture ratio of cooling water to anti- freeze solution correct?	Go to step 4.	Replace the engine coolant. <ref. to<br="">CO(H4SO)-16, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.></ref.>
4	 CHECK RADIATOR FAN. 1) Start the engine. 2) Check radiator fan operation. 	Does the radiator fan continu- ously rotate for more than 3 minutes during idling?	Repair radiator fan circuit. <ref. to<br="">CO(H4SO)-27, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.> and <ref. to<br="">CO(H4SO)-28, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.></ref.></ref.>	mostat. <ref. to<br="">CO(H4SO)-21,</ref.>

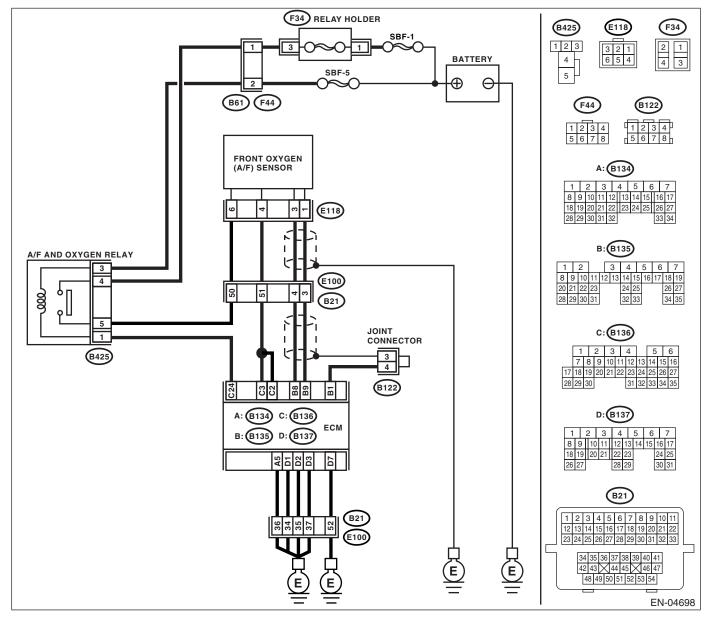
AB:DTC P0131 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-46, DTC P0131 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Is there water in connector?	Remove infiltrat- ing water com- pletely.	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 9 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-36, Front Oxygen (A/ F) Sensor.></ref.>	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.

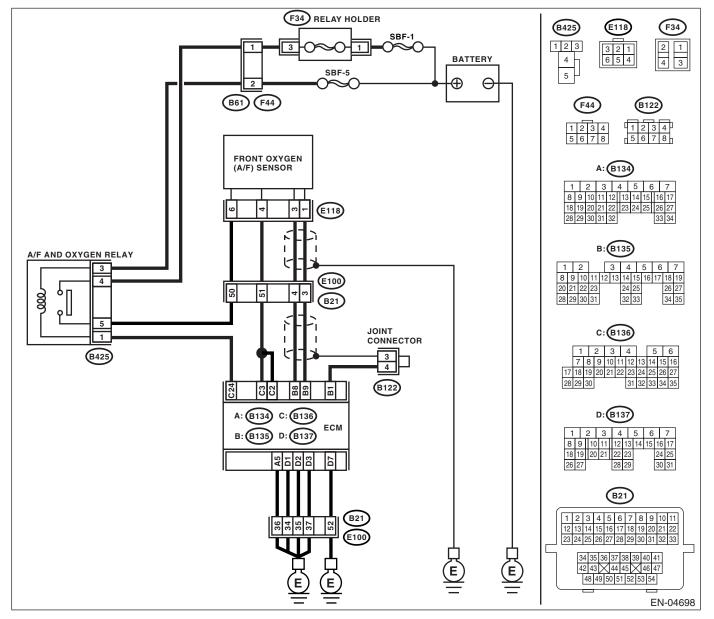
AC:DTC P0132 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-47, DTC P0132 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Is there water in connector?	Remove infiltrat- ing water com- pletely.	Go to step 2 .
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Disconnect the connectors from front oxy- gen (A/F) sensor. 3) Measure the voltage of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 8 V?	short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen-	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-36, Front Oxygen (A/ F) Sensor.></ref.>

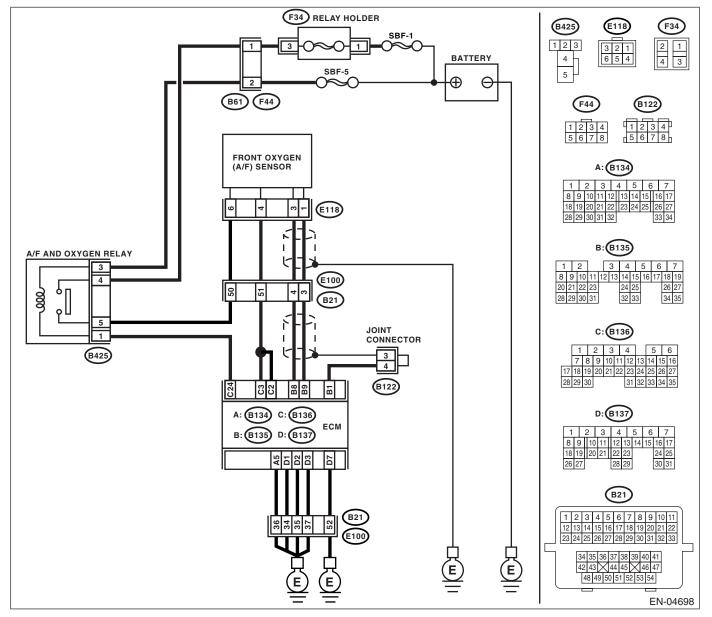
AD:DTC P0133 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-49, DTC P0133 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RE-SPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0133.</ref.>	
2	 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. NOTE: Check the following items. Loose installation of front portion of exhaust pipe onto cylinder heads Loose connection between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter Damage of exhaust pipe resulting in a hole 	Is there a fault in exhaust sys- tem?	Repair exhaust system.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-36, Front Oxygen (A/ F) Sensor.></ref.>

AE:DTC P0134 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SEN-SOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

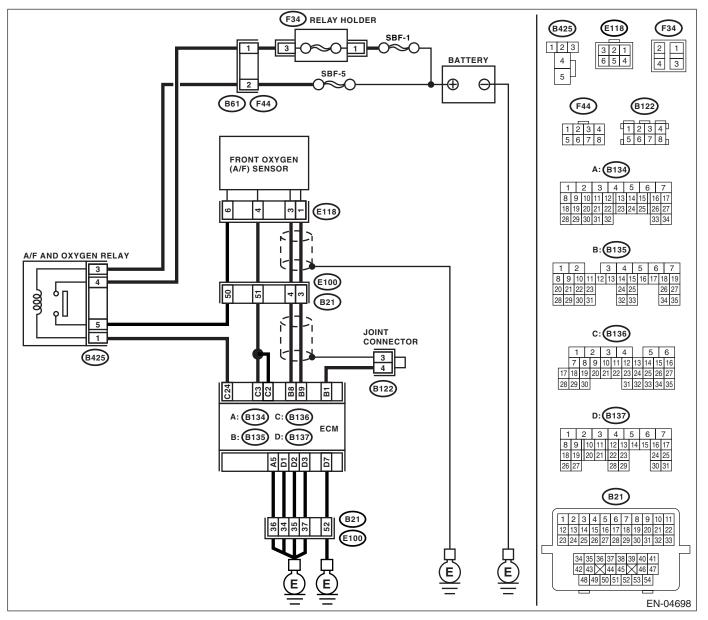
Immediately at fault recognition

 GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-51, DTC P0134 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DE-TECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostia Trouble Code (DTC), Detecting Criteria -

TECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 — (E118) No. 3: (B135) No. 9 — (E118) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 2.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	Is there poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connec- tor?	Repair poor con- tact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-36, Front Oxygen (A/ F) Sensor.></ref.>

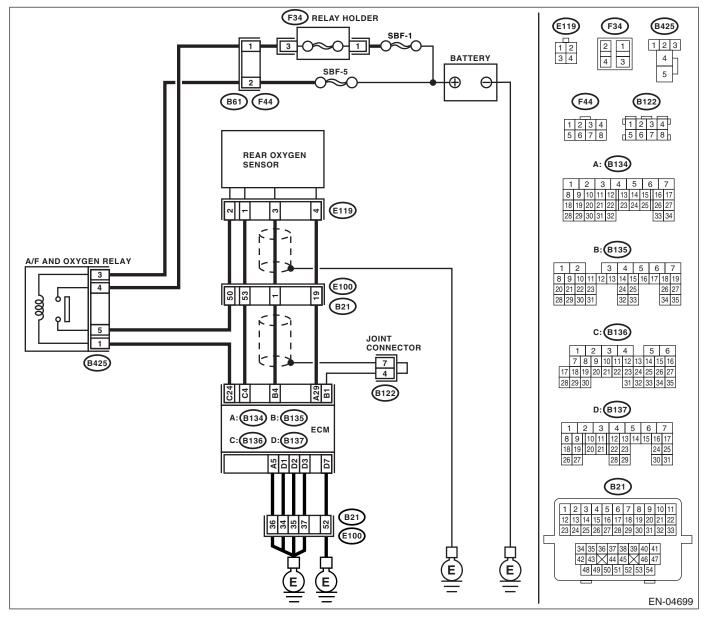
AF:DTC P0137 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-53, DTC P0137 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0137.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes at the longest) 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: For MT model, depress the clutch pedal. Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA SHOWN ON DIS-PLAY FOR ENGINE". <ref. li="" to<=""> EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Monitor.> General scan tool </ref.> 	Is the voltage more than 490 mV?	Go to step 6 .	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Is there water in connector?	Remove infiltrat- ing water com- pletely.	Go to step 4.
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor con- nector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (E119) No. 3: (B134) No. 29 — (E119) No. 4: 	Is the resistance more than 3 Ω ?	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sen- sor connector.	
5	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXY-GEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and engine ground or chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E119) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-37, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.></ref.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between rear oxygen sen- sor and ECM con- nector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sen- sor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts.	Is there a fault in exhaust sys- tem?	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor.
	 NOTE: Check the following items. Loose installation of portions Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor 			<ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-37, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.></ref.>

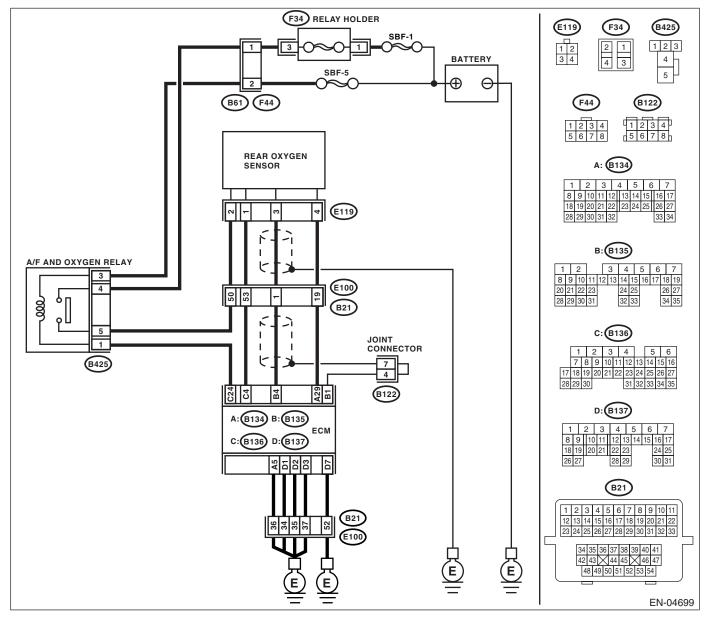
AG:DTC P0138 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-56, DTC P0138 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0138.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and immediately decrease the engine speed from 3,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: For MT model, depress the clutch pedal. Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA SHOWN ON DIS-PLAY FOR ENGINE". <ref. li="" to<=""> EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Monitor.> General scan tool Instruction Manual. </ref.> 	Is the voltage less than 250 mV?	Go to step 6.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Is there water in connector?	Remove infiltrat- ing water com- pletely.	Go to step 4.
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor con- nector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (E119) No. 3: (B134) No. 29 — (E119) No. 4: 	Is the resistance more than 3 Ω?	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sen- sor connector.	Go to step 5.
5	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXY- GEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and engine ground or chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E119) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-37, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.></ref.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between rear oxygen sen- sor and ECM con- nector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sen- sor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following items. Loose installation of portions Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor 	Is there a fault in exhaust sys- tem?	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-37, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.></ref.>

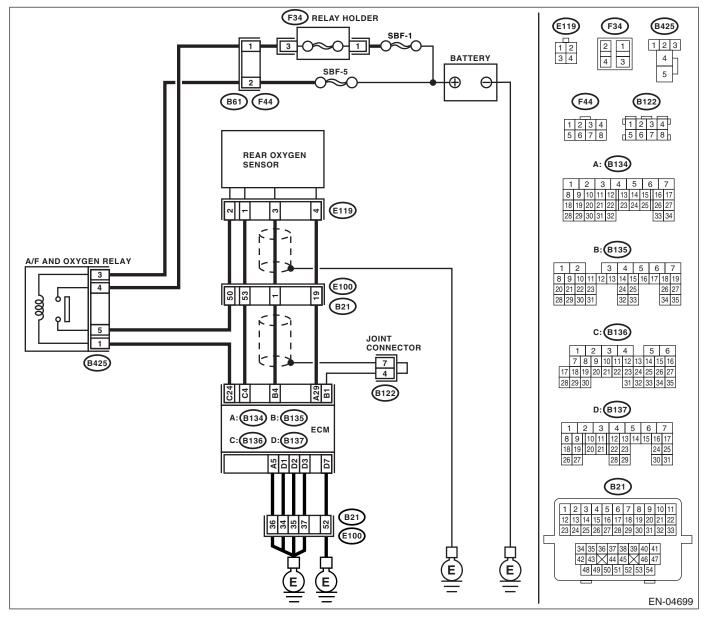
AH:DTC P0139 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-56, DTC P0139 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RE-SPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0139.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor con- nector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (E119) No. 3: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 3.	Repair open circuit in harness between rear oxy- gen sensor and ECM connectors.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXY- GEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E119) No. 3 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 4.	Repair short circuit ground in harness.
4	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. Measure the resistance between connector terminals of rear oxygen sensor. <i>terminals</i> <i>No. 3 — No. 4:</i>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-37, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.></ref.>	Temporary poor contact occurs. Check poor con- tact in connector.

AI: DTC P0140 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SEN-SOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

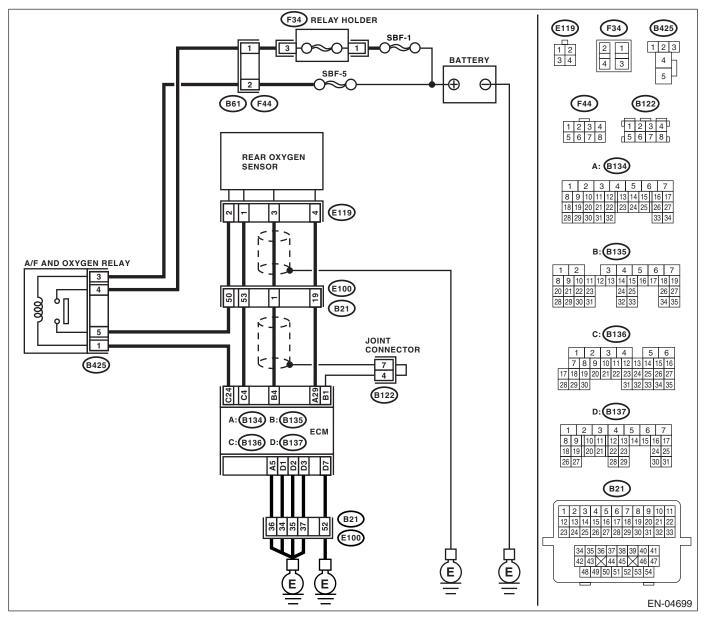
Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-62, DTC P0140 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DE-

TECTED (BANK1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DIS- PLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Using the List of "Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC)", check the appro- priate DTC. <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0140.</ref. 	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes at the longest) 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: For MT model, depress the clutch pedal. Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 	Is the voltage more than 490 mV?	Go to step 7 .	Go to step 3.
3	 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and immediately decrease the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: For MT model, depress the clutch pedal. Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the General Scan tool Instruction Manual. 	Is the voltage less than 250 mV?	Go to step 7.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Is there water in connector?	Remove infiltrat- ing water com- pletely.	Go to step 5.

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	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor con- nector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (E119) No. 3: (B134) No. 29 — (E119) No. 4: 	Is the resistance more than 3 Ω?	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sen- sor connector.	Go to step 6 .
6	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXY-GEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E119) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-37, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.></ref.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between rear oxygen sen- sor and ECM con- nector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sen- sor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector
7	 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check the exhaust system parts. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Looseness and incomplete installation of exhaust system parts Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts Looseness and incomplete installation of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor 	Is there any fault in exhaust system?	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-37, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.></ref.>

AJ:DTC P0171 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1)

Refer to DTC P0172 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-160, DTC P0172 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

AK:DTC P0172 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-65, DTC P0172 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair exhaust system.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair air intake system.	Go to step 3.
3	 CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. Warning: Place "NO FIRE" signs near the working area. Be careful not to spill fuel on the floor. Measure the fuel pressure. <ref. fuel="" inspection,="" me(h4so)-29,="" pressure.="" to=""></ref.> Warning: 	Is the fuel pressure 339.5 — 360.5 kPa (3.5 — 3.7 kgf/cm ² , 49 — 52 psi)?	Go to step 4 .	Repair the follow- ing items. Fuel pressure too high: • Clogged fuel return line or bent hose Fuel pressure too low:
	Before removing the fuel pressure gauge, release fuel pressure. NOTE: If fuel pressure does not increase, squeeze fuel return hose 2 to 3 times, then measure fuel pressure again.			 Improper fuel pump discharge Clogged fuel supply line
4	 CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR. 1) Start the engine and warm-up completely. 2) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool instruction manual. 	Is the engine coolant tempera- ture more than 60°C (140°F)?	Go to step 5.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-22, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.></ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR SIGNAL. 1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F). 2) Place the select lever or shift lever in "N" or "P" range. 3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4) Turn all accessory switches to OFF. 5) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool instruction manual. 	Is the measured value 2.1 — 3.4 g/s (0.28 — 0.45 lb/m)?	Go to step 6.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-28, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.></ref.>
6	 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR. 1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F). 2) Place the select lever or shift lever in neu- tral position. 3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4) Turn all accessory switches to OFF. 5) Open the front hood. 6) Measure the ambient temperature. 7) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool instruction manual. 	Subtract ambient temperature from intake air temperature. Is the obtained value –10 — 50°C (–18 — 90°F)?	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.	Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-28, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.></ref.>

AL:DTC P0181 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE

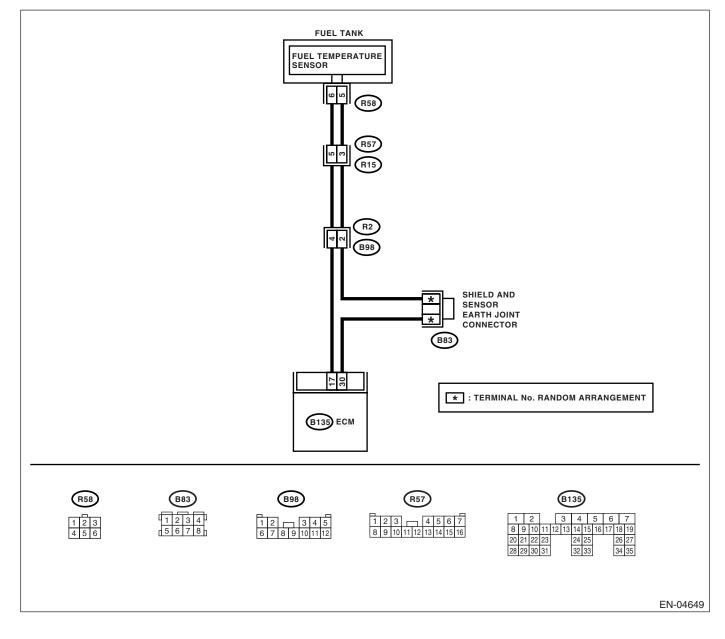
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-67, DTC P0181 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. th="" to<=""><th>temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-9, Fuel Temperature Sen- sor.></ref.></th></ref.>	temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-9, Fuel Temperature Sen- sor.></ref.>

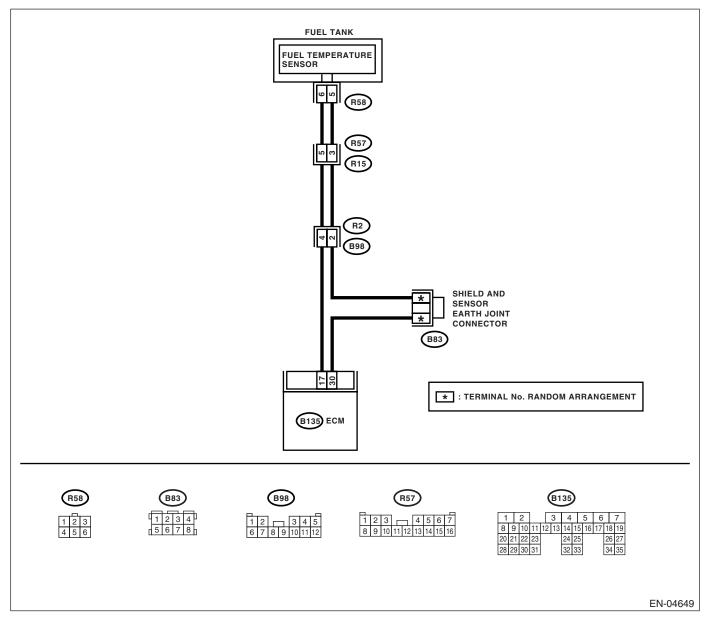
AM:DTC P0182 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-70, DTC P0182 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of fuel temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 	Is the fuel temperature 150°C (302°F)?	Go to step 2.	The malfunction indicator light may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment.
2	 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the access hole lid. 3) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump. 4) Turn ignition switch to ON. 5) Read the data of fuel temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 	Is the fuel temperature -40°C (-40°F)?	Replace the fuel temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-9, Fuel Temperature Sen- sor.></ref.>	Repair short circuit to ground in har- ness between fuel pump and ECM connector.

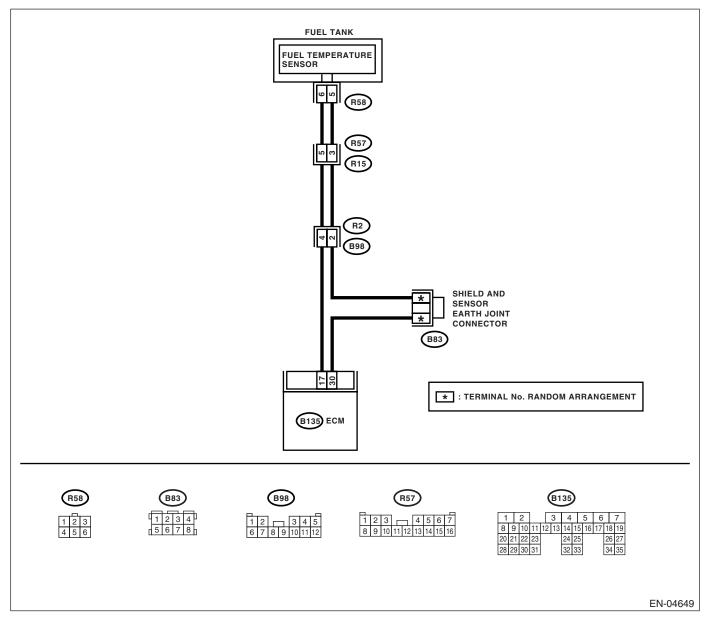
AN:DTC P0183 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-71, DTC P0183 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.	Is the fuel temperature –40°C	Go to step 2.	Repair poor con-
	1) Start the engine.	(–40°F)?		tact.
	2) Read the data of fuel temperature sensor			NOTE:
	signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general			In this case, repair
	scan tool.			the following:
	NOTE:			 Poor contact in
	Subaru Select Monitor			fuel pump connec-
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to			tor
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref.< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Poor contact in</th></ref.<>			Poor contact in
	to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni-			ECM connector Poor contact in
	tor.> General scan tool 			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the			coupling connectorPoor contact in
	General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.			joint connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TEM-	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair short circuit	Go to step 3.
-	PERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNEC-	is the voltage more than to v	to battery in har-	do to step J .
	TOR.		ness between	
	1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.		ECM and fuel	
	2) Remove the access hole lid.		pump connector.	
	3) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump.			
	Measure the voltage between fuel pump			
	connector and chassis ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
_	(R58) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			-
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TEM-	Is the voltage more than 10 V?		Go to step 4.
	PERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNEC- TOR.		to battery in har-	
	1) Turn ignition switch to ON.		ness between ECM and fuel	
	2) Measure the voltage between fuel pump		pump connector.	
	connector and chassis ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(R58) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TEM-	Is the voltage more than 4 V?	Go to step 5.	Repair harness
	PERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNEC-	_		and connector.
	TOR.			NOTE:
	Measure the voltage between fuel pump con-			In this case, repair
	nector and chassis ground.			the following:
	Connector & terminal			Open circuit in
	(R58) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			harness between
				ECM and fuel
				pump connectorPoor contact in
				fuel pump connec-
				tor
				 Poor contact in
				ECM connector
				 Poor contact in
				coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TEM- PERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNEC- TOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump connector and ECM. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (R58) No. 5 — (B135) No. 30: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Replace the fuel temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-9, Fuel Temperature Sen- sor.></ref.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel pump connector • Poor contact in fuel pump connec- tor • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector

AO:DTC P0196 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

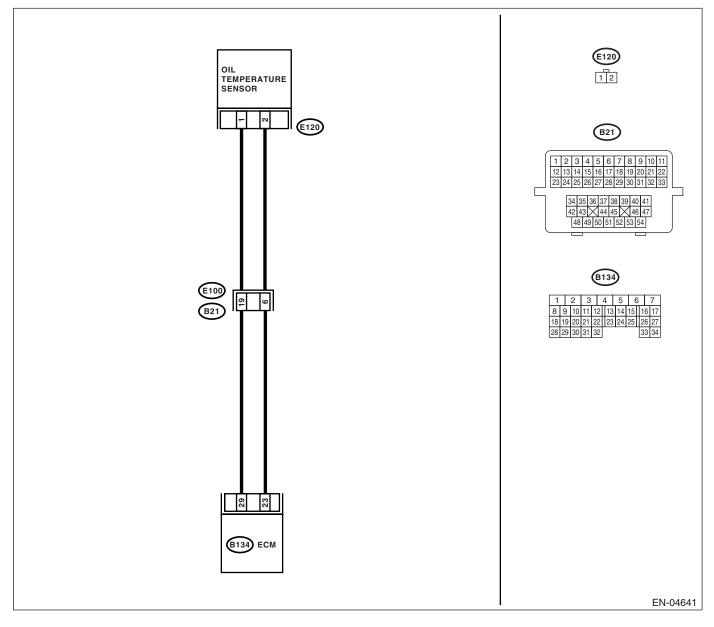
- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-73, DTC P0196 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- · Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DIS- PLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	"Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC)", check the appro-	

AP:DTC P0197 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR LOW

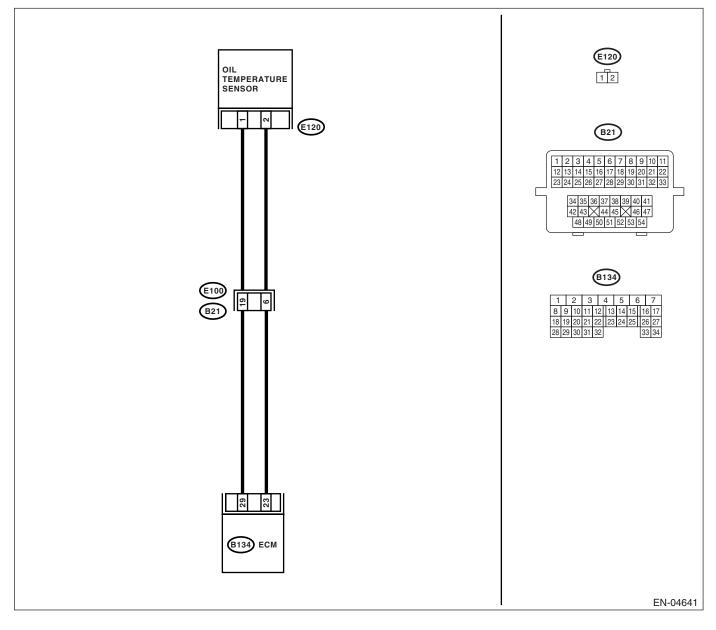
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-74, DTC P0197 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Step Check Yes No CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN OIL TEMPER- Is the resistance more than 1 Go to step 2. Repair the ground 1 ATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. $M\Omega?$ short circuit 1) Disconnect the ECM connector and oil tembetween ECM and perature sensor connector. oil temperature 2) Measure the resistance of harness sensor connector. between oil temperature sensor connector and engine ground. **Connector & terminal** (B134) No. 23 — Engine ground: (B134) No. 29 — Engine ground: 2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Is there poor contact in oil tem- Repair the poor Replace the oil Check poor contact in oil temperature sensor perature sensor connector? contact. temperature senconnector. sor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-35, Oil Temperature Sensor.>

AQ:DTC P0198 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR HIGH

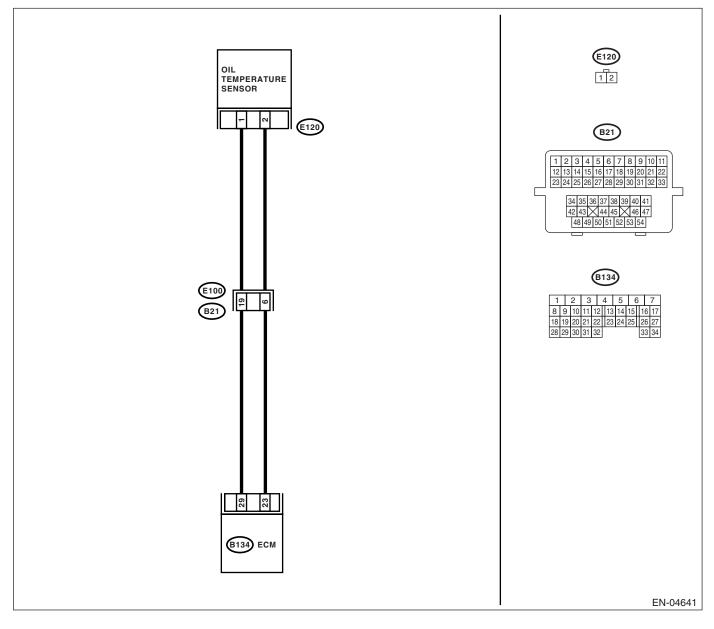
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-75, DTC P0198 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



1	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN OIL TEMPER- ATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from oil tempera- ture sensor. 3) Measure the voltage between oil tempera- ture sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E120) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair the battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and oil tem- perature sensor connector.	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN OIL TEMPER- ATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between oil tempera- ture sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E120) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair the battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and oil tem- perature sensor connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN OIL TEMPER- ATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the voltage between oil temperature sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E120) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (–):	Is the voltage more than 4 V?	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and oil tem- perature sensor connector • Poor contact in oil temperature sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connec- tors
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the voltage between oil temperature sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E120) No. 1 — Engine ground: 	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Replace the oil temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-35, Oil Temperature Sen- sor.></ref.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and oil tem- perature sensor connector • Poor contact in oil temperature sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connec- tors • Poor contact in joint connector

AR:DTC P0222 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-76, DTC P0222 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

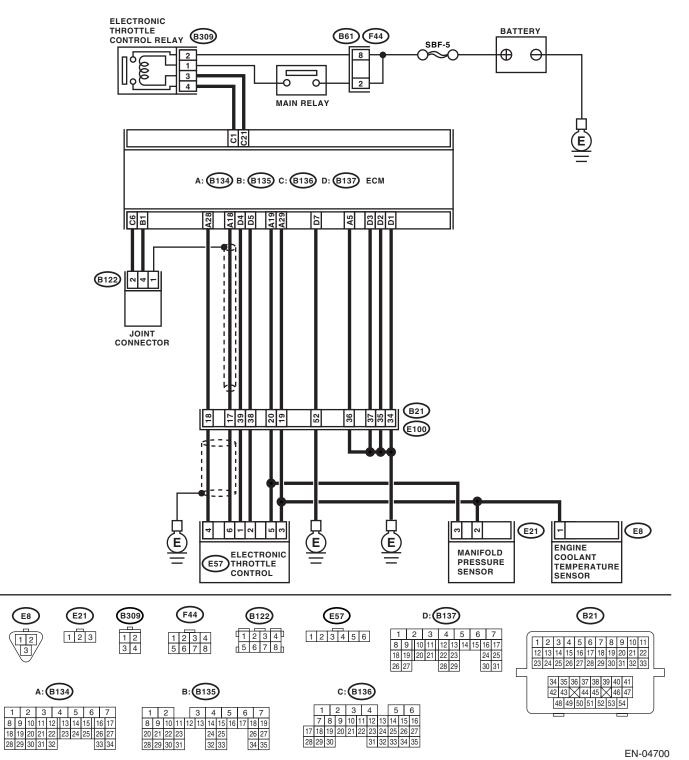
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN(H4SO)(diag)-176

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF SENSOR.	Is the measured value more	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
	1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.	than 0.8 V?		
	2) Read data of sub throttle sensor signal			
	using Subaru Select Monitor.			
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT IN CONNECTORS.		Repair the poor	Connector has
	Check poor contact in the connectors between	connectors between ECM and	contact in connec-	returned to a nor-
	the ECM and electronic throttle control.	electronic throttle control?	tors.	mal condition at
				this time. A tempo-
				rary poor contact of the connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the measured value less	Co to stop 4	may be the cause.
3	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.	than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open harness connec-
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			tor.
	2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.			101.
	3) Disconnect the connector from electronic			
	throttle control.			
	4) Measure the resistance between the ECM			
	connector and electronic throttle control con-			
	nector.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4:			
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the measured value more	Go to step 5.	Repair the ground
	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.	than 1 MΩ?		short of harness.
	Check the resistance between the ECM con- nector and chassis ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground:			
5	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SENSOR.	Is the measured value within	Go to step 6.	Repair the poor
Ŭ	1) Connect the ECM connectors.	4.5 to 5.5 V?		contact in ECM
	2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.			connector. If prob-
	3) Measure the voltage between electronic			lem persists,
	throttle control connector and engine ground.			replace the ECM.
	Connector & terminal			<ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>
	(E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (–):			FU(H4SO)-38,
				Engine Control
				Module (ECM).>
6	CHECK SHORT OF ECM.	Is the measured value more	Repair the poor	Repair the poor
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.	than 10 Ω ?	contact in elec-	contact in ECM
	2) Measure the resistance between electronic		tronic throttle con-	connectors. If
	throttle control connector and engine ground.		trol connector. If	problem persists,
	Connector & terminal		problem persists,	replace the ECM.
	(E57) No. 4 — Engine ground:		replace the elec-	<ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>
			tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. td="" to<=""><td>FU(H4SO)-38,</td></ref.>	FU(H4SO)-38,
			FU(H4SO)-12,	Engine Control
			Throttle Body.>	Module (ECM).>
L				

AS:DTC P0223 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

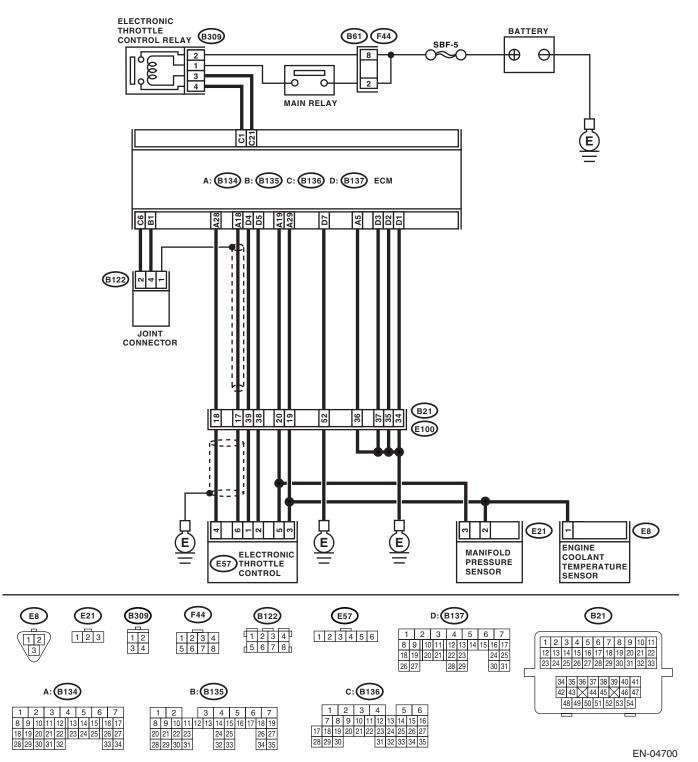
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-77, DTC P0223 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of sub throttle sensor signals, using the Subaru Select Monitor. 	Is the measured value less than 4.73 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT IN CONNECTORS. Check poor contact in connectors between ECM and electronic throttle control.	Is there poor contact in the connectors between ECM and electronic throttle control?	Repair the poor contact in connec- tors.	Connector has returned to a nor- mal condition at this time. A tempo- rary poor contact of the connector may be the cause.
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and electronic throttle control connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: 	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit of harness connector.
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between the electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground: 	Is the measured value less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 5 .	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If the problem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
5	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the measured value less than 10 V?	Go to step 6 .	Repair the battery short of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector.
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the voltage between the electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (–):	Is the measured value less than 10 V?	Go to step 7.	Repair the short of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector.
7	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the voltage between connectors. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 28 — (B134) No. 19: 	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Repair the poor contact in elec- tronic throttle con- trol connector. If problem persists, replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-12, Throttle Body.></ref.>	Short circuit of sensor power sup- ply may be the cause.

AT:DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0304. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-182, DTC P0304 CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

AU:DTC P0302 CYLINDER 2 MISFIRE DETECTED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0304. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-182, DTC P0304 CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

AV:DTC P0303 CYLINDER 3 MISFIRE DETECTED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0304. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-182, DTC P0304 CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

AW:DTC P0304 CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- Immediately at fault recognition (A misfire which could damage catalyst occurs.)

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-83, DTC P0304 CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

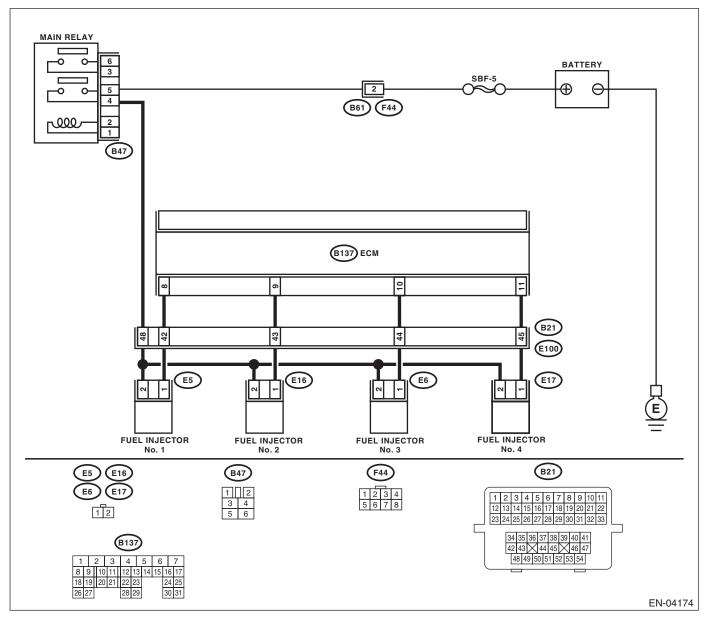
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Erroneous idling
- Rough driving

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN(H4SO)(diag)-182

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Yes Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0301, P0302,</ref.>	No Go to step 2.
 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground on faulty cylinders Connector & terminal #1 (B137) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-) #2 (B137) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-) #3 (B137) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-) #4 (B137) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-) 	; ; ;;	P0303 and P0304. Go to step 7.	Go to step 3.
 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL INJECTOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and engine ground on faulty cylinders. Connector & terminal #1 (E5) No. 1 — Engine ground: #3 (E6) No. 1 — Engine ground: #4 (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground: #4 (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground: 	MΩ? r	Go to step 4 .	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between fuel injector and ECM connector.
 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL INJECTOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness connector between ECM connector and fuel injector on faulty cylinders. Connector & terminal #1 (B137) No. 8 — (E5) No. 1: #2 (B137) No. 9 — (E16) No. 1: #3 (B137) No. 10 — (E6) No. 1: #4 (B137) No. 11 — (E17) No. 1: 	Ω?	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel injector connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
 5 CHECK FUEL INJECTOR. Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 – No. 2:</i> 	Is the resistance 5 — 20 Ω?	Go to step 6.	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-30, Fuel Injector.></ref.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY LINE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between fuel injector and engine ground on faulty cylinders. <i>Connector & terminal</i> #1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair poor con- tact in all connec- tors in fuel injector circuit.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between main relay and fuel injector connector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in main relay connec- tor • Poor contact in fuel injector con- nector on faulty cylinders
7	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL INJECTOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinder. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground on faulty cylinders. <i>Connector & terminal</i> #1 (B137) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B137) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B137) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and fuel injector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Go to step 8.
8	 CHECK FUEL INJECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω? Is the camshaft position sensor	Replace the faulty fuel injector <ref. to FU(H4SO)-30, Fuel Injector.> and ECM <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).> Tighten camshaft</ref.></ref. 	Go to step 9 . Go to step 10 .
	SITION SENSOR/CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	or crankshaft position sensor loosely installed?	position sensor or crankshaft posi- tion sensor.	r -
10	CHECK CRANK SPROCKET. Remove the timing belt cover.	Is the crank sprocket rusted or does it have broken teeth?	Replace the crank sprocket. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-50, Crank Sprocket.></ref.>	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING BELT. Turn the crankshaft using ST, and align align- ment mark on crank sprocket with alignment mark on cylinder block. ST 499987500 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Is the timing belt dislocated from its proper position?	Repair installation condition of timing belt. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-44, Timing Belt.></ref.>	Go to step 12.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
12	CHECK FUEL LEVEL.	Is the fuel meter indication higher than the "Lower" level?	Go to step 13.	Replenish fuel so fuel meter indica- tion is higher than the "Lower" level. After replenishing fuel, Go to step 13.
13	CHECK STATUS OF MALFUNCTION INDI- CATOR LIGHT. 1) Clear the memory using Subaru Select Monitor. <ref. clear="" en(h4so)(diag)-46,="" memory<br="" to="">Mode.> 2) Start the engine, and drive the vehicle more than 10 minutes.</ref.>	Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate or blink?		Go to step 14.
14	CHECK CAUSE OF MISFIRE DIAGNOSED.	Was the cause of misfire iden- tified when the engine is run- ning? Ex. Disconnection of spark plug cord.	Finish diagnostics operation, if the engine has no abnormality.	Go to step 15.
15	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT.	Is there poor contact in the ignition coil, fuel injector, ECM and coupling connector?	Repair poor con- tact.	Contact your SOA Service Center after checking fol- lowings. NOTE: In this case, check the following: • Condition of fuel • Fuel additive used or not • Visually check spark plug • Visually check spark plug cord • Condition of engine oil
16	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Is there a fault in air intake sys- tem?	Repair air intake system. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items: • Are there air leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts? • Are there cracks or any disconnec- tion of hoses?	Go to step 17.
17	 CHECK MISFIRE SYMPTOM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the DTC. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Operation Manual. 	Does the Subaru Select Moni- tor or general scan tool display only one DTC?	Go to step 22 .	Go to step 18.

Step Check Yes No 18 CHECK DTC ON DISPLAY. Does the Subaru Select Moni-Go to step 23. Go to step 19. tor or general scan tool indi-Is any other DTC displayed? cate DTC P0301 and P0302? 19 CHECK DTC ON DISPLAY. Does the Subaru Select Moni-Go to step 24. Go to step 20. Is any other DTC displayed? tor or general scan tool indicate DTC P0303 and P0304? CHECK DTC ON DISPLAY. 20 Does the Subaru Select Moni-Go to step 25. Go to step 21. Is any other DTC displayed? tor or general scan tool indicate DTC P0301 and P0303? Does the Subaru Select Moni-21 CHECK DTC ON DISPLAY. Go to step 27. Go to step 26. Is any other DTC displayed? tor or general scan tool indicate DTC P0302 and P0304? 22 **ONLY ONE CYLINDER** Is there a fault in that cylinder? Repair or replace Go to DTC P0171. faulty parts. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-NOTE: 159, DTC P0171 Check the follow-SYSTEM TOO ing items. LEAN (BANK 1), Spark plug Diagnostic Proce- Spark plug cord dure with Diagnos- Fuel injector tic Trouble Code Compression (DTC).> ratio **GROUP OF #1 AND #2 CYLINDERS** Go to DTC P0171. 23 Are there faults in #1 and #2 Repair or replace cvlinders? faulty parts. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-NOTE: 159, DTC P0171 · Check the fol-SYSTEM TOO lowing items. LEAN (BANK 1), Spark plugs • Fuel injectors Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnos-Ignition coil • tic Trouble Code Compres-٠ (DTC).> sion ratio If no abnormal is discovered, check for **"IGNITION** CONTROL SYS-TEM" of #1 and #2 cylinders side. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-65, IGNITION CONTROL SYS-TEM, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
24	GROUP OF #3 AND #4 CYLINDERS	Are there faults in #3 and #4 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: • Check the fol- lowing items. • Spark plugs • Fuel injectors • Ignition coil • If no abnormal is discovered, check for "IGNITION CONTROL SYS- TEM" of #3 and #4 cylinders side. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 65, IGNITION CONTROL SYS- TEM, Diagnostics for Engine Start- ing Failure.></ref.>	Go to DTC P0171. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 159, DTC P0171 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
25	GROUP OF #1 AND #3 CYLINDERS	Are there faults in #1 and #3 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plugs • Fuel injectors • Skipping timing belt teeth	Go to DTC P0171. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 159, DTC P0171 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
26	GROUP OF #2 AND #4 CYLINDERS	Are there faults in #2 and #4 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plugs • Fuel injectors • Compression ratio • Skipping timing belt teeth	Go to DTC P0171. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 159, DTC P0171 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>
27	CYLINDER AT RANDOM	Is the engine idle rough?	Go to DTC P0171. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 159, DTC P0171 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plugs • Fuel injectors • Compression ratio

AX:DTC P0327 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW INPUT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

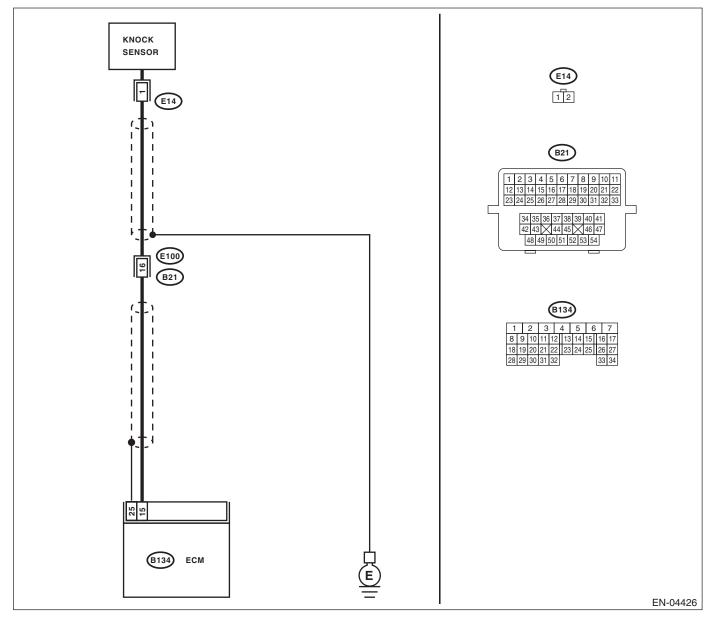
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-84, DTC P0327 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW IN-
- PUT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Poor driving performance
- Knocking occurs.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN KNOCK SEN- SOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.	Is the resistance more than 700 k Ω ?	Go to step 2.	Repair harness and connector.
	 Turn the ignition switch to OFF. Disconnect the connector from ECM. Measure the resistance between ECM harness connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 15 — Chassis ground: 			NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between knock sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in knock sensor con- nector • Poor contact in
				coupling connector
2	 CHECK KNOCK SENSOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from knock sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor connector terminal and engine ground. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — Engine ground:</i> 	Is the resistance more than 700 kΩ?	Go to step 3 .	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in knock sensor con- nector
3	CHECK CONDITION OF KNOCK SENSOR INSTALLATION.	Is the knock sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Replace the knock sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-25, Knock Sensor.></ref.>	Tighten knock sen- sor installation bolt securely.

AY:DTC P0328 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-86, DTC P0328 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH IN-

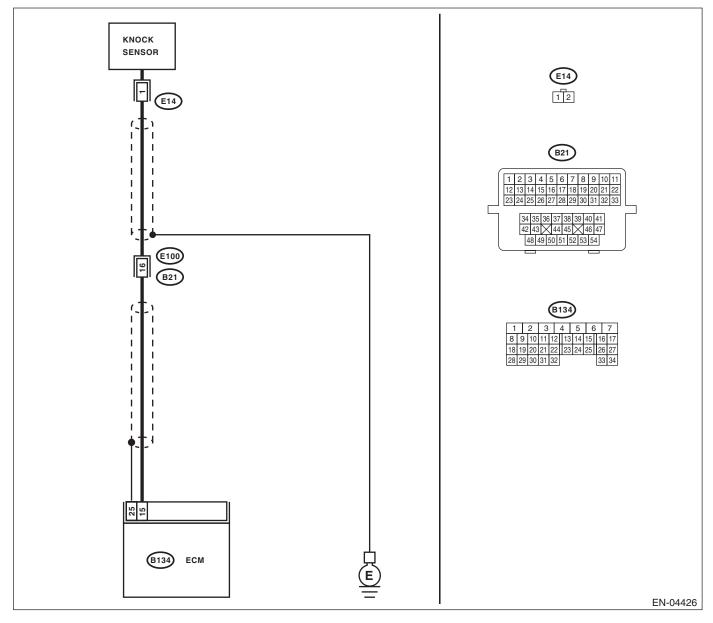
PUT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Poor driving performance
- Knocking occurs.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN KNOCK SEN- SOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 15 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 400 kΩ?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	 CHECK KNOCK SENSOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from knock sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor connector terminal and engine ground. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No.</i> 1 — Engine ground: 	Is the resistance less than 400 kΩ?	Replace the knock sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-25, Knock Sensor.></ref.>	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between knock sensor con- nector and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness be- tween both con- nectors is shielded. Repair short circuit of har- ness together with shield.
3	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Connect the connectors to ECM and knock sensor. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 2 V?	Even if malfunction indicator light lights up, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condi- tion at this time. (However, the pos- sibility of poor con- tact still remains.) NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in knock sensor con- nector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.

AZ:DTC P0335 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

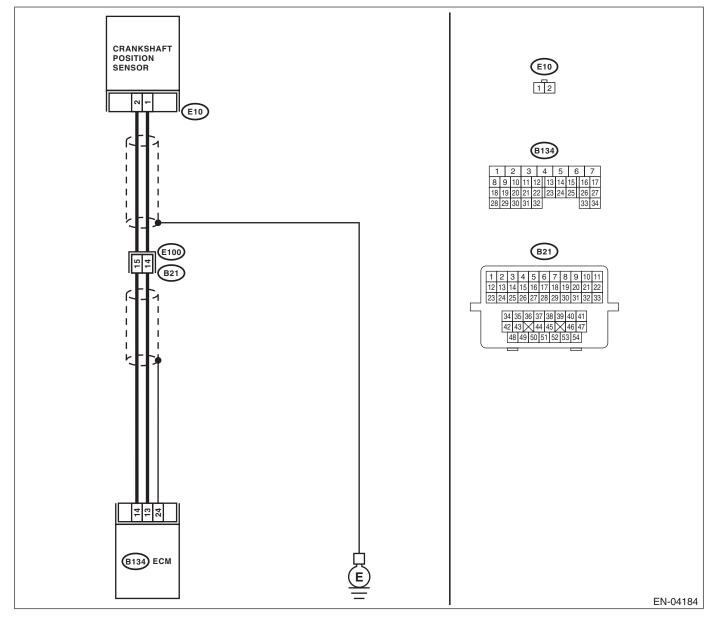
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-88, DTC P0335 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	•	- /	
EN	GINE	(DIAGNOSTI	CS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CRANK-	Is the resistance more than	Repair harness	Go to step 2.
[SHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CON- NECTOR.		and connector.	
	 Turn the ignition switch to OFF. Disconnect the connector from crankshaft 		In this case, repair the following:	
	position sensor.		 Open circuit in 	
	3) Measure the resistance of harness		harness between	
	between crankshaft position sensor connector		crankshaft posi-	
	and engine ground.		tion sensor and	
	Connector & terminal		ECM connector	
	(E10) No. 1 — Engine ground:		 Poor contact in 	
			ECM connector	
			 Poor contact in 	
			coupling connector	
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CRANK-	Is the resistance less than 10	Repair ground	Go to step 3.
	SHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CON-	Ω?	short circuit in har-	
	NECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between		ness between crankshaft posi-	
	crankshaft position sensor connector and		tion sensor and	
	engine ground.		ECM connector.	
	Connector & terminal		NOTE:	
	(E10) No. 1 — Engine ground:		The harness be-	
			tween both con-	
			nectors are	
			shielded. Repair	
			ground short circuit	
			in harness togeth-	
0			er with shield.	Densinhannasa
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CRANK- SHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CON-	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector.
	NECTOR.			NOTE:
	Measure the resistance of harness between			In this case, repair
	crankshaft position sensor connector and			the following:
	engine ground.			Open circuit in
	Connector & terminal			harness between
	(E10) No. 2 — Engine ground:			crankshaft posi- tion sensor and
				ECM connector
				 Poor contact in
				ECM connector
				 Poor contact in
				coupling connector
4	CHECK CONDITION OF CRANKSHAFT PO-	Is the crankshaft position sen-	Go to step 5.	Tighten crank-
	SITION SENSOR.	sor installation bolt tightened		shaft position sen-
		securely?		sor installation bolt
L			. .	securely.
5	CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the resistance $1 - 4 \text{ k}\Omega?$	Repair poor con-	Replace the crank-
	 Remove the crankshaft position sensor. Measure the resistance between connector 		tact in crankshaft position sensor	shaft position sen-
	terminals of crankshaft position sensor.		connector.	sor. <ref. th="" to<=""></ref.>
	Terminals			FU(H4SO)-23, Crankshaft Posi-
	No. 1 — No. 2:			tion Sensor.>
	-			UUII SEIISUI.>

BA:DTC P0336 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

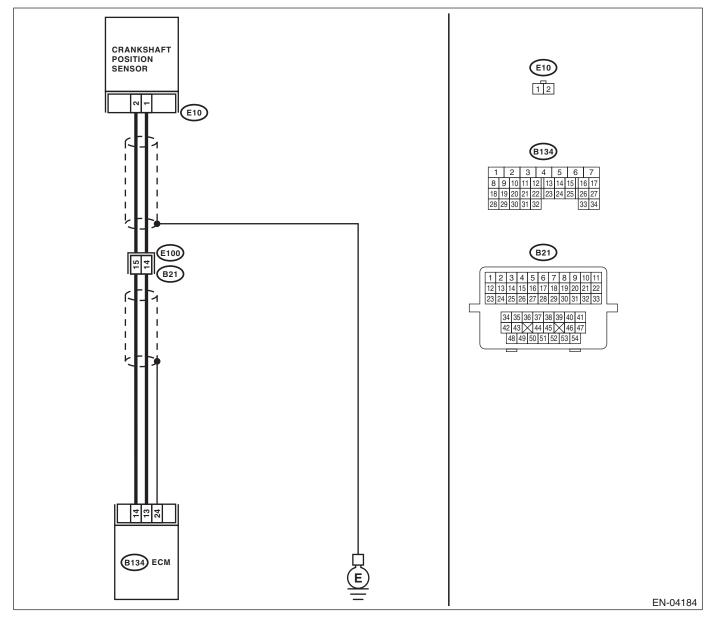
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-90, DTC P0336 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK CONDITION OF CRANKSHAFT PO- SITION SENSOR. Turn the ignition switch to OFF.	Is the crankshaft position sen- sor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 3 .	Tighten crank- shaft position sen- sor installation bolt securely.
3	CHECK CRANK SPROCKET. Remove the timing belt cover.	Are crank sprocket teeth cracked or damaged?	Replace the crank sprocket. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-50, Crank Sprocket.></ref.>	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING BELT. Turn the crankshaft using ST, and align align- ment mark on crank sprocket with alignment mark on cylinder block. ST 499987500 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Is the timing belt dislocated from its proper position?	Repair installation condition of timing belt. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-44, Timing Belt.></ref.>	Replace the crank- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-23, Crankshaft Posi- tion Sensor.></ref.>

BB:DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SIN-GLE SENSOR)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

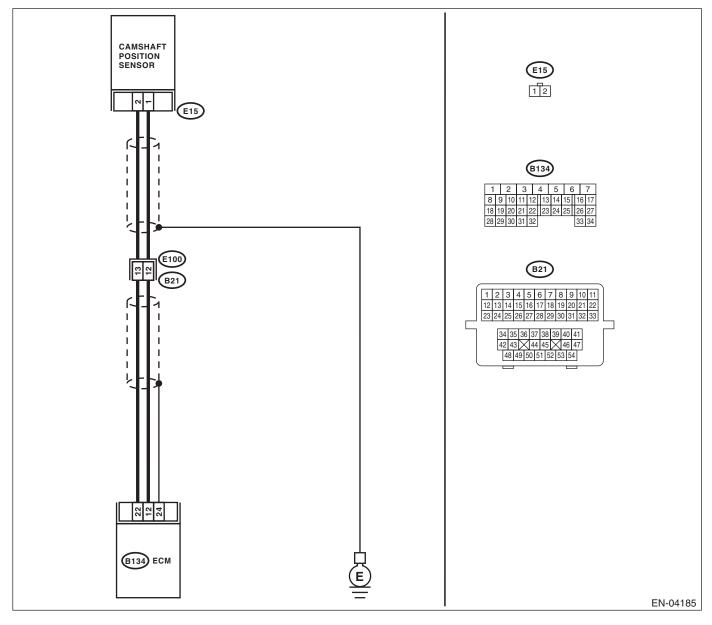
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-92, DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT	Is the resistance more than	Repair harness	Go to step 2.
	 POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from camshaft position sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness 	100 kΩ?	and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between	
	between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E15) No. 1 — Engine ground:</i>		camshaft position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector	
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E15) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 Ω?	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness be- tween both con- nectors are shielded. Repair ground short circuit in harness togeth- er with shield.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E15) No. 2 — Engine ground:</i>	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
4	CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSI- TION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 5 .	Tighten camshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.
5	 CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. 1) Remove the camshaft position sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between connector terminals of camshaft position sensor. Terminals No. 1 - No. 2: 	Is the resistance 1 — 4 k Ω ?	Repair poor con- tact in camshaft position sensor connector.	Replace the cam- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-24, Camshaft Position Sensor.></ref.>

BC:DTC P0341 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

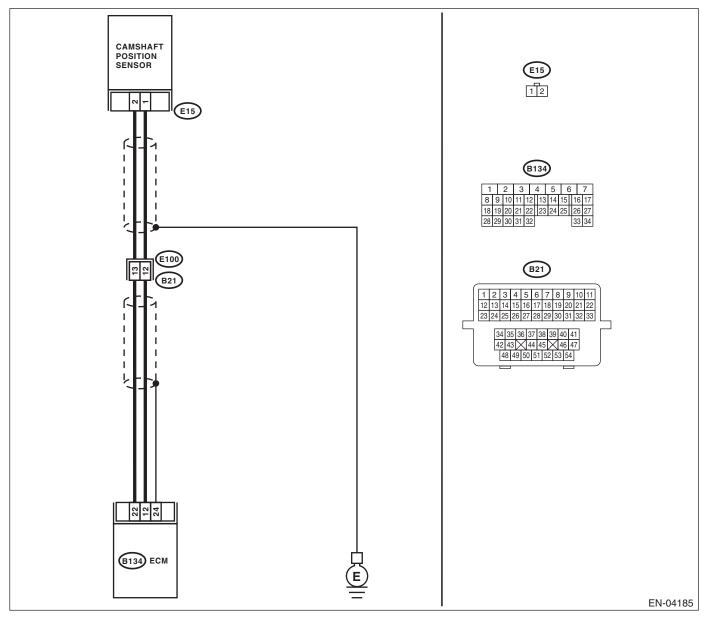
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-94, DTC P0341 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- · Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 2.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNEC- TOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from camshaft position sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E15) No. 1 — Engine ground:</i> CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNEC- TOR.	Is the resistance more than 100 k Ω ? Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ?	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between	Go to step 3 .
	Measure the resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E15) No. 1 — Engine ground:</i>		camshaft position sensor and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness be- tween both con- nectors are shielded. Repair ground short circuit in harness togeth- er with shield.	
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E15) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
5	CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSI- TION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 6.	Tighten camshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	 CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. 1) Remove the camshaft position sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between connector terminals of camshaft position sensor. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i> 	Is the resistance $1 - 4 k\Omega?$	Go to step 7.	Replace the cam- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-24, Camshaft Position Sensor.></ref.>
7	CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSI- TION SENSOR. Turn the ignition switch to OFF.	Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 8.	Tighten camshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.
8	CHECK CAM SPROCKET. Remove the timing belt cover. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-43, Timing Belt Cover.></ref.>	Are cam sprocket teeth cracked or damaged?	Replace the cam sprocket. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-49, Cam Sprocket.></ref.>	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING BELT. Turn the camshaft using ST, and align align- ment mark on cam sprocket with alignment mark on timing belt cover LH. ST 499987500 CAMSHAFT SOCKET	Is the timing belt dislocated from its proper position?	Repair installation condition of timing belt. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4SO)-44, Timing Belt.></ref.>	Replace the cam- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-24, Camshaft Position Sensor.></ref.>

BD:DTC P0400 EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION FLOW

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

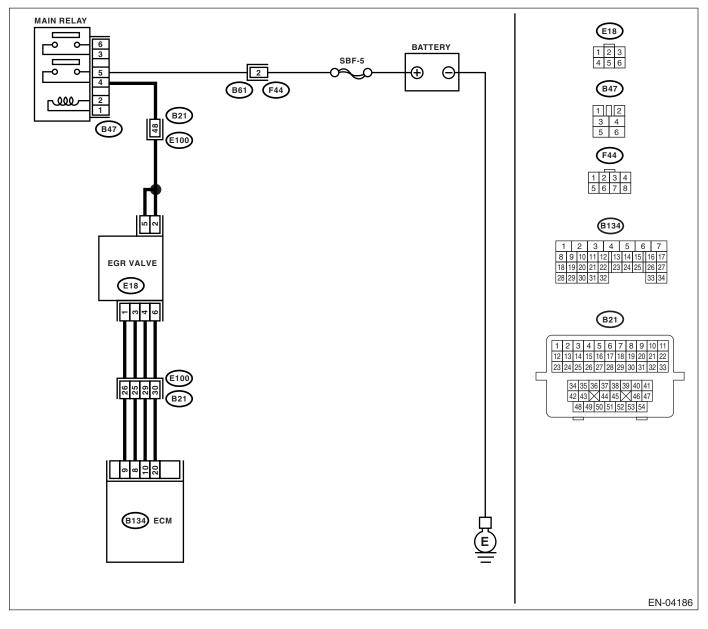
- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-96, DTC P0400 EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION FLOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Poor driving performance at low engine speed
- Faulty idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



1	Stop	Check	Vee	No
		Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read data of intake manifold absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 	Is the measured value more than 53.3 kPa (400 mmHg, 15.75 inHg)?	Make sure that EGR valve, mani- fold absolute pres- sure sensor and throttle body are securely installed.	Go to step 3.
3	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO EGR SOLE- NOID VALVE. 1) Disconnect connector from EGR solenoid valve. 2) Turn ignition switch ON. 3) Measure voltage between EGR solenoid valve and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E15) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): (E18) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit in harness between main relay and EGR solenoid valve connector.
4	CHECK EGR SOLENOID VALVE. Measure resistance between EGR solenoid valve terminals. NOTE: Measure resistance between EGR solenoid valve terminals. Connector & terminal No. 1 — No. 2: No. 3 — No. 2: No. 4 — No. 5: No. 6 — No. 5:	Is the measured value within 20 to 30 Ω?	Go to step 5.	Replace EGR solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-29, EGR Valve.></ref.>
5	 OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM 1) Turn ignition switch OFF. 2) Connect connectors to ECM and EGR solenoid valve. 3) Turn ignition switch ON. 4) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B134) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B134) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the measured value within 0 to 10 V?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Go to step 6 .

		1		,
	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN EGR SOLE- NOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from EGR solenoid valve and ECM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between EGR solenoid valve and ECM connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 8 — (E18) No. 3: (B134) No. 9 — (E18) No. 1: (B134) No. 10 — (E18) No. 4: (B134) No. 20 — (E18) No. 6: 	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 7.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and EGR solenoid valve connector.
7	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN EGR SOLE- NOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure resistance of harness between EGR solenoid valve and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 8 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 9 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 10 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 20 — Chassis ground:	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 8 .	Repair short circuit in harness between main relay and EGR solenoid valve connector.
8	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM and EGR solenoid valve connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM and EGR solenoid valve con- nector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM and EGR solenoid valve connector.	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a nor- mal condition at this time.

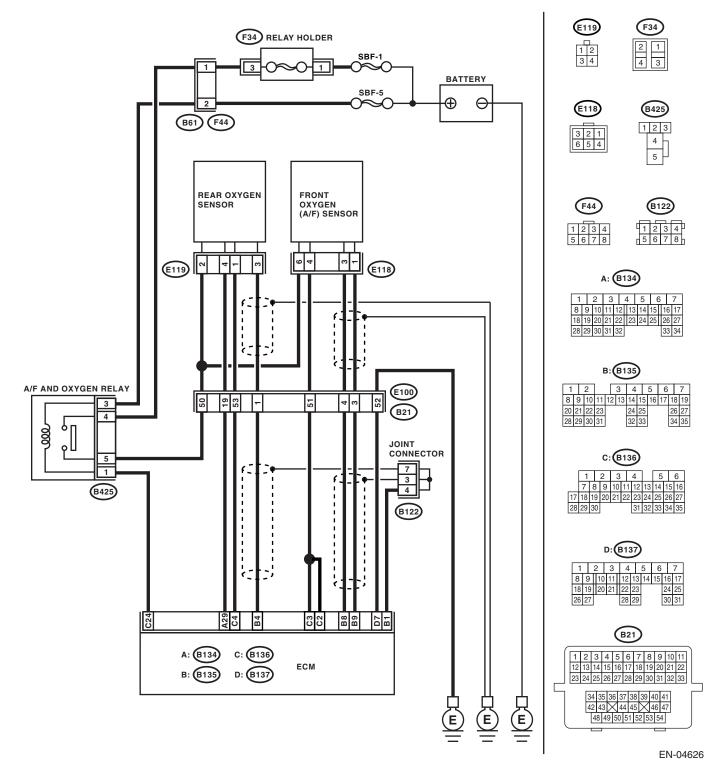
BE:DTC P0420 CATALYST SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BELOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-99, DTC P0420 CATALYST SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BE-LOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
- Engine stalls.
- Idle mixture is out of specifications.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect the rele- vant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to in- spect DTC P0420.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check for gas leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts, and open hole at exhaust pipes. NOTE: Check the following positions. Between cylinder head and front exhaust pipe Between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter Between front catalytic converter and rear catalytic converter Looseness and incomplete installation of front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor 	Is there a fault in exhaust sys- tem?	Repair or replace the exhaust sys- tem. <ref. to<br="">EX(H4SO)-2, Gen- eral Description.></ref.>	Go to step 3.
3	 CHECK WAVEFORM ON SUBARU SELECT MONITOR. (DURING DRIVING) 1) Drive at a constant speed of 80 — 113 km/ h (50 — 70 MPH). 2) After leaving it in the condition of Step 1) for 5 minutes, read the waveform data using Sub- aru Select Monitor while driving. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)-18, ELECTRICAL SPECIFI- CATION, Engine Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal.></ref.> 	Is normal waveform displayed?	Contact your SOA- Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.	Go to step 4.
4	 CHECK WAVEFORM ON SUBARU SELECT MONITOR. (DURING IDLING) 1) Run the vehicle at idle. 2) In the condition of Step 1), read the waveform data using Subaru Select Monitor. <ref. (ecm)="" control="" electrical="" en(h4so)(diag)-18,="" engine="" i="" module="" o="" signal.="" speci-fication,="" to=""></ref.> 	Is normal waveform displayed?	Go to step 10.	Go to step 5.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	 CHECK VOLTAGE OF REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes at the longest) 2) Read the rear oxygen sensor voltage using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For MT model, depress the clutch pedal. Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool instruction manual. 	Is the voltage more than 490 mV?	Go to step 9.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Is there water in connector?	Remove infiltrat- ing water com- pletely.	Go to step 7.
7	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor con- nector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 – (E119) No. 3: (B134) No. 29 – (E119) No. 4: 	Is the resistance more than 3 Ω?	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sen- sor connector.	Go to step 8.
8	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E119) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground:	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Go to step 11.	Repair the har- ness and connec- tor. NOTE: Repair the follow- ing items. • Open circuit in harness between rear oxygen sen- sor and ECM con- nector • Poor contact of rear oxygen sen- sor and ECM con- nector • Poor contact in ECM connector

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
9	 CHECK VOLTAGE OF REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and immediately decrease the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. 2) Read the rear oxygen sensor voltage using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For MT model, depress the clutch pedal. Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool instruction manual. 	mV?	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.	Go to step 7 .
10	CHECK CATALYTIC CONVERTER.	Is the catalytic converter dam- aged?	Replace the cata- lytic converter. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-3, Front Catalytic Converter.></ref.>	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.
11	 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SHIELD. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Bare the sensor shield of body side harness of rear oxygen sensor connector. 3) Measure the resistance between sensor shield and chassis ground. 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-37, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.></ref.>	Repair the open circuit in rear oxy- gen sensor har- ness.

BF:DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECT-ED (SMALL LEAK)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-101, DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

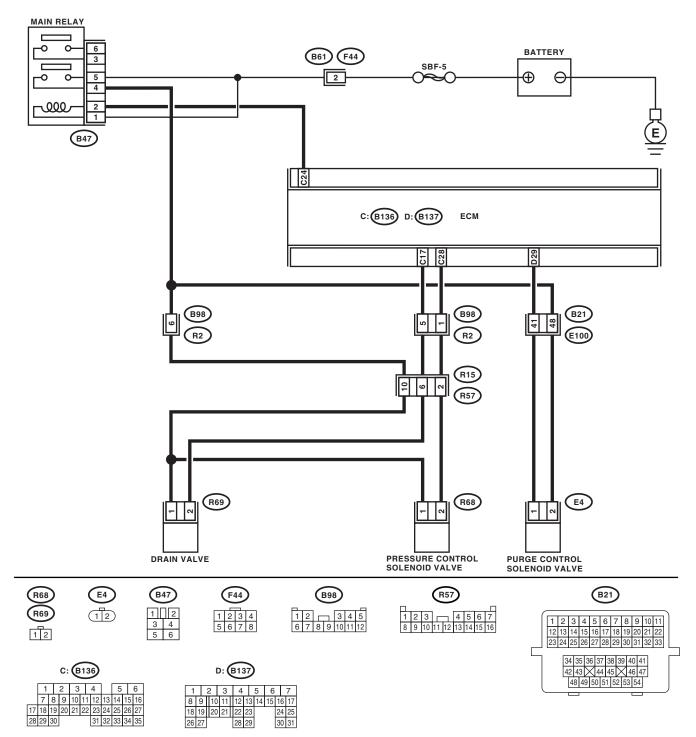
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Fuel odor
- There is a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in evaporation system or fuel tank.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-04188

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect the rele- vant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Check the fuel filler cap. NOTE: The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain was caught while tightening. 	Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely?	Go to step 3 .	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
3	CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.	Is the fuel filler cap SUBARU genuine?	Go to step 4.	Replace with a genuine fuel filler cap.
4	CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE PACKING.	Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe?	Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-46, Fuel Filler Pipe.></ref.>	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK DRAIN VALVE. 1) Connect the test mode connector. 2) Turn ignition switch to ON. 3) Operate the drain valve. NOTE: Drain valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. compulsory<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-47,="" to="">Valve Operation Check Mode.></ref.>		Go to step 6.	Replace the drain valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-16, Drain Valve.></ref.>
6	CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the purge control solenoid valve. NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Opera- tion Check Mode". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-<br="" to="">47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.></ref.>		Go to step 7.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-7, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.></ref.>
7	CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the pressure control solenoid valve. NOTE: Pressure control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Op- eration Check Mode". <ref. en(h4so)(di-<br="" to="">ag)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.></ref.>		Go to step 8 .	Replace the pres- sure control sole- noid valve. <ref. to EC(H4SO)-12, Pressure Control Solenoid Valve.></ref.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON- TROL SYSTEM LINE. Turn ignition switch to OFF.	Is there a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. on evapora- tion line?	Repair or replace the evaporation line. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-57, Fuel Delivery & Evaporation Lines.></ref.>	Go to step 9 .
9	CHECK CANISTER.	Is the canister damaged or is there a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in it?	Repair or replace the canister. <ref. to EC(H4SO)-6, Canister.></ref. 	Go to step 10.
10	CHECK FUEL TANK. Remove the fuel tank. <ref. fu(h4so)-43,<br="" to="">Fuel Tank.></ref.>	Is the fuel tank damaged or is there a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in it?	Repair or replace the fuel tank. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-43, Fuel Tank.></ref. 	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROU- BLE IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON- TROL SYSTEM.	Are there holes of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia., cracks, clogging, disconnections or bend of hoses or pipes in evap- orative emission control sys- tem?	Repair or replace the hoses or pipes.	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.

BG:DTC P0447 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT OPEN

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

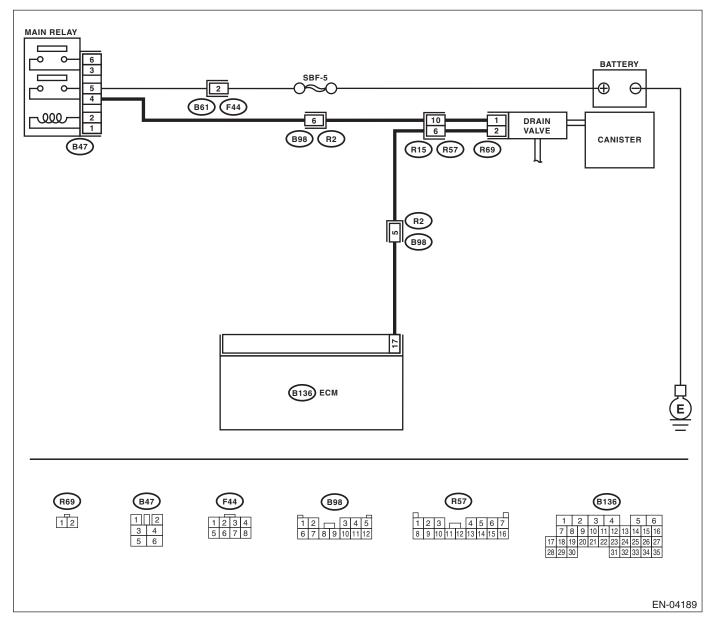
Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-116, DTC P0447 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL

SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT OPEN, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Step	Check	Yes	No
 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	The malfunction indicator light may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. (However, the pos- sibility of poor con- tact still remains.) NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in drain valve con- nector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN DRAIN VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. Turn ignition switch to OFF. Disconnect the connectors from drain valve and ECM. Measure the resistance of harness between drain valve connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R69) No. 2 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 4.	Repair short circuit to ground in har- ness between ECM and drain valve connector.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN DRAIN VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and drain valve connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 17 — (R69) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and drain valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
5 CHECK DRAIN VALVE. Measure the resistance between drain valve terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance $10 - 100 \Omega$?	Go to step 6.	Replace the drain valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-16, Drain Valve.></ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO DRAIN VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between drain valve and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R69) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between main relay and drain valve • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in main relay connec- tor
7	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in drain valve connec- tor.	Is there poor contact in drain valve connector?	Repair poor con- tact in drain valve connector.	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.

BH:DTC P0448 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT SHORTED

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

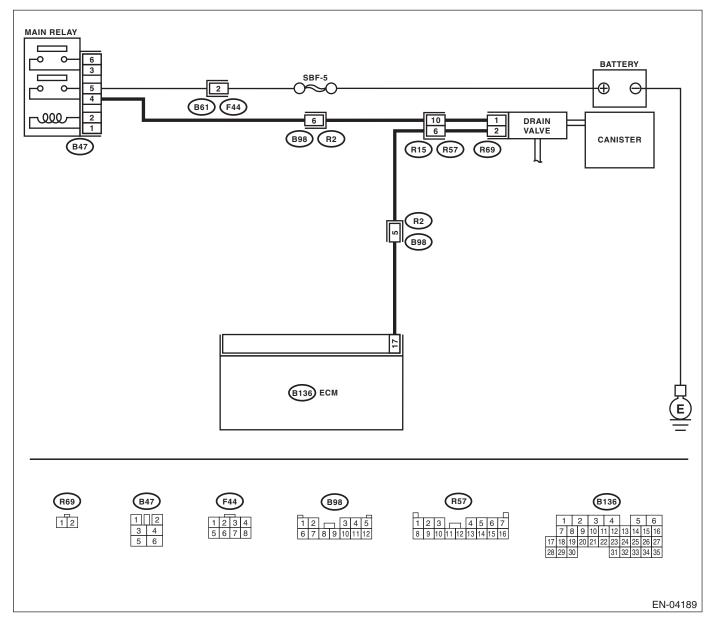
• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-118, DTC P0448 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL

SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT SHORTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	Step CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) While operating the drain valve, measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground. NOTE: Drain valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. compulsory<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-47,="" to="">Valve Operation Check Mode.></ref.>	Is the voltage 0 — 10 V?	Yes Go to step 2.	No The malfunction indicator light may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. In this case, repair poor contact in ECM connector.
2	Connector & terminal (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN DRAIN VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from drain valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair short circuit to battery in har- ness between ECM and drain valve connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Go to step 5.
5	 CHECK DRAIN VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between drain valve terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Replace the drain valve <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-16, Drain Valve.> and ECM <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).>.</ref.></ref.>	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

BI: DTC P0451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SEN-SOR RANGE/PERFORMANCE

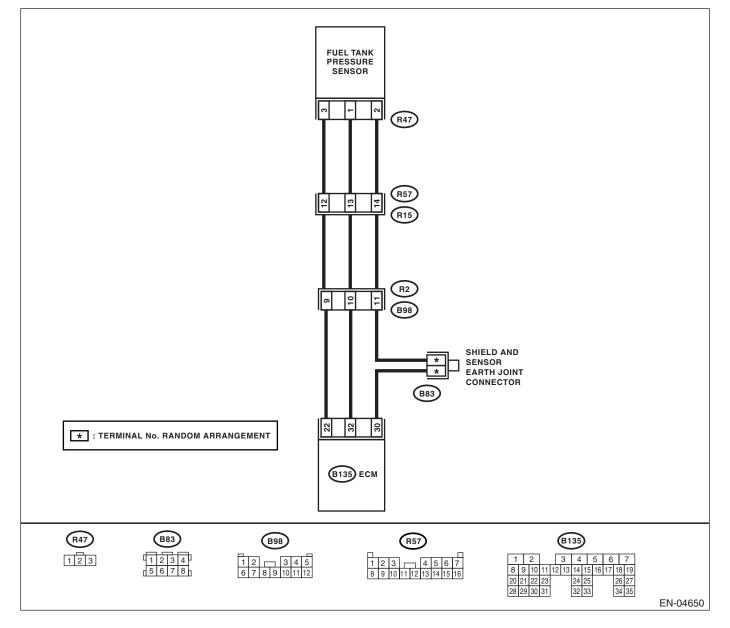
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

 GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-120, DTC P0451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect the rele- vant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.2) Open the fuel filler flap lid.	Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely?	Go to step 3.	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
3	 CHECK PRESSURE/VACUUM LINE. NOTE: Check the following items. Disconnection, leakage and clogging of the vacuum hoses and pipes between fuel tank pressure sensor and fuel tank Disconnection, leakage and clogging of air ventilation hoses and pipes between fuel filler pipe and fuel tank 	Is there a fault in pressure/vac- uum line?	Repair or replace the hoses and pipes.	Replace the fuel tank pressure sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-11, Fuel Tank Pres- sure Sensor.></ref.>

BJ:DTC P0452 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SEN-SOR LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

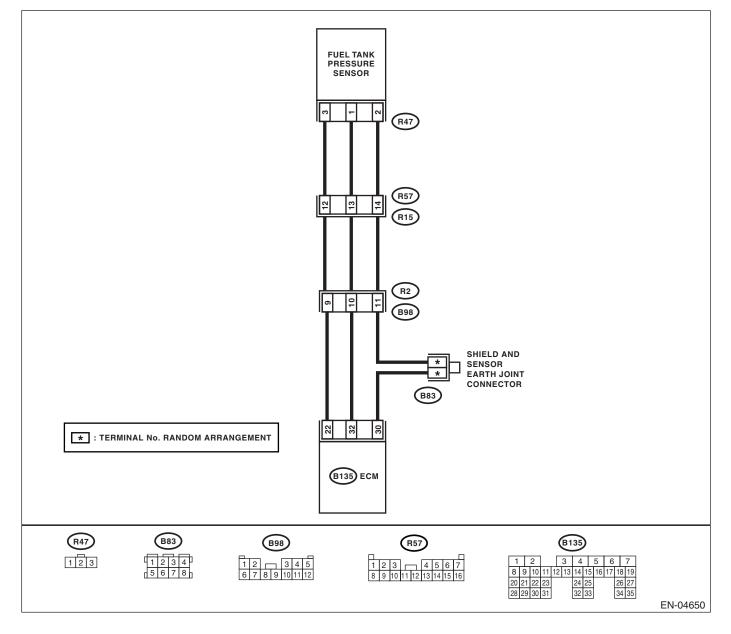
• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-122, DTC P0452 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL

SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the fuel filler cap. 3) Install the fuel filler cap. 4) Turn ignition switch to ON. 5) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 	Is the measured value less than -2.8 kPa (-21.0 mmHg, -0.827 inHg)?	Go to step 2 .	The malfunction indicator light may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment.
2	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 4 .	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.
4	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chas- sis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 32 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 0.2 V?	Go to step 6 .	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor sig- nal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. 	Does the measured value change by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Go to step 6.
6	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the rear seat cushion. 3) Separate rear wiring harness and fuel tank cord. 4) Turn ignition switch to ON. 5) Measure the voltage between rear wiring harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R15) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 7 .	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear wir- ing harness con- nector • Poor contact in coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear wiring harness con- nector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 30 — (R15) No. 14: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 8.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear wir- ing harness con- nector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
8	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. Measure the resistance of harness between rear wiring harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R15) No. 14 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 9 .	Repair short circuit to ground in har- ness between ECM and rear wir- ing harness con- nector.
9	 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1) Disconnect the connector from fuel tank pressure sensor. 2) Measure the resistance of fuel tank cord. Connector & terminal (R57) No. 12 — (R47) No. 3: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 10 .	Repair open circuit in fuel tank cord.
10	CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. Measure the resistance of fuel tank cord. Connector & terminal (R57) No. 14 — (R47) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 11.	Repair open circuit in fuel tank cord.
11	CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. Measure the resistance of harness between fuel tank pressure sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (R47) No. 1 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 12 .	Repair short circuit to ground in fuel tank cord.
12	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connec- tor?	Repair poor con- tact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Replace the fuel tank pressure sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-11, Fuel Tank Pres- sure Sensor.></ref.>

BK:DTC P0453 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR HIGH INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

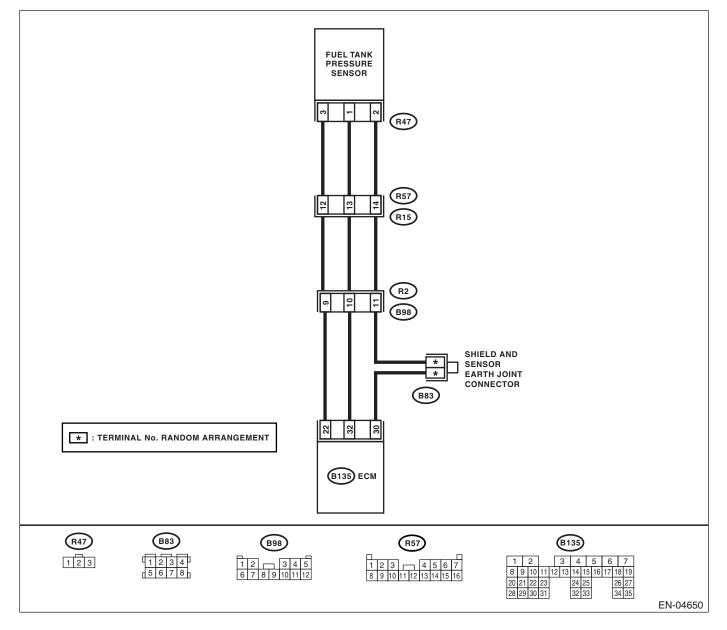
Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-124, DTC P0453 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL

SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the fuel filler cap. 3) Install the fuel filler cap. 4) Turn ignition switch to ON. 5) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool 	Is the measured value more than 2.8 kPa (21.0 mmHg, 0.827 inHg)?	Go to step 11.	Go to step 2.
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.			
2	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
4	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chas- sis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 32 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 0.2 V?	Go to step 6 .	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor sig- nal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. 	Does the measured value change by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Go to step 6.
6	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the rear seat cushion. 3) Separate rear wiring harness and fuel tank cord. 4) Turn ignition switch to ON. 5) Measure the voltage between rear wiring harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R15) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 7 .	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear wir- ing harness con- nector • Poor contact in coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	 HARNESS. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 32 — (R15) No. 13: (B135) No. 30 — (R15) No. 14: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 8 .	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear wir- ing harness con- nector • Poor contact in coupling connector
8	 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1) Disconnect the connector from fuel tank pressure sensor. 2) Measure the resistance of fuel tank cord. Connector & terminal (R57) No. 13 — (R47) No. 1: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 9 .	Repair open circuit in fuel tank cord.
9	CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. Measure the resistance of fuel tank cord. Connector & terminal (R57) No. 14 — (R47) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 10.	Repair open circuit in fuel tank cord.
10	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connec- tor?	Repair poor con- tact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Replace the fuel tank pressure sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-11, Fuel Tank Pres- sure Sensor.></ref.>
11	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel tank pressure sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the gen- eral scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. 	Is the measured value more than 2.8 kPa (21.0 mmHg, 0.827 inHg)?	Repair short circuit to battery in har- ness between ECM and fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Replace the fuel tank pressure sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-11, Fuel Tank Pres- sure Sensor.></ref.>

BL:DTC P0456 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECT-ED (VERY SMALL LEAK)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-125, DTC P0456 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL

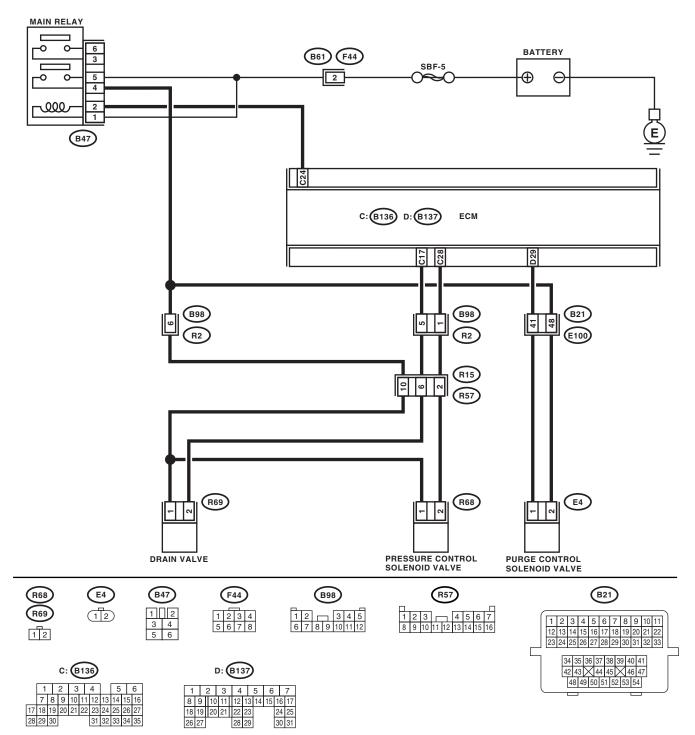
SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (VERY SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Fuel odor
- There is a hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. in evaporation system or fuel tank.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-04188

	Step	Check	Yes	No
4	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect the rele-	Go to step 2.
			vant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
2	CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.	Is the fuel filler cap tightened	Go to step 3.	Tighten fuel filler
	 Turn ignition switch to OFF. Check the fuel filler cap. NOTE: The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain was caught while tightening. 			cap securely.
3	CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.	Is the fuel filler cap SUBARU	Go to step 4.	Replace with a
		genuine?		SUBARU genuine fuel filler cap.
4	CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE PACKING.	Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe?	Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-46, Fuel Filler Pipe.></ref.>	Go to step 5.
5	 CHECK DRAIN VALVE. 1) Connect the test mode connector. 2) Turn ignition switch to ON. 3) Operate the drain valve. NOTE: Drain valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. compulsory<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-47,="" to="">Valve Operation Check Mode.></ref.> 		Go to step 6.	Replace the drain valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-16, Drain Valve.></ref.>
6	CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the purge control solenoid valve. NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Opera- tion Check Mode". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-<br="" to="">47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.></ref.>		Go to step 7.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-7, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.></ref.>
7	CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the pressure control solenoid valve. NOTE: Pressure control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Op- eration Check Mode". <ref. en(h4so)(di-<br="" to="">ag)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.></ref.>		Go to step 8.	Replace the pres- sure control sole- noid valve. <ref. to EC(H4SO)-7, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.></ref.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON- TROL SYSTEM LINE. Turn ignition switch to OFF.	Is there a hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. on evapora- tion line?	Repair or replace the evaporation line. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-57, Fuel Delivery & Evaporation Lines.></ref.>	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK CANISTER.	Is the canister damaged or is there a hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. in it?	Repair or replace the canister. <ref. to EC(H4SO)-6, Canister.></ref. 	Go to step 10.
10	CHECK FUEL TANK. Remove the fuel tank. <ref. fu(h4so)-43,<br="" to="">Fuel Tank.></ref.>	Is the fuel tank damaged or is there a hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. in it?	Repair or replace the fuel tank. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-43, Fuel Tank.></ref. 	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROU- BLE IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON- TROL SYSTEM.	Are there holes of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia., cracks, clogging, disconnections or bend of hoses or pipes in evap- orative emission control sys- tem?	Repair or replace the hoses or pipes.	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.

BM:DTC P0457 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECT-ED (FUEL CAP LOOSE/OFF)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

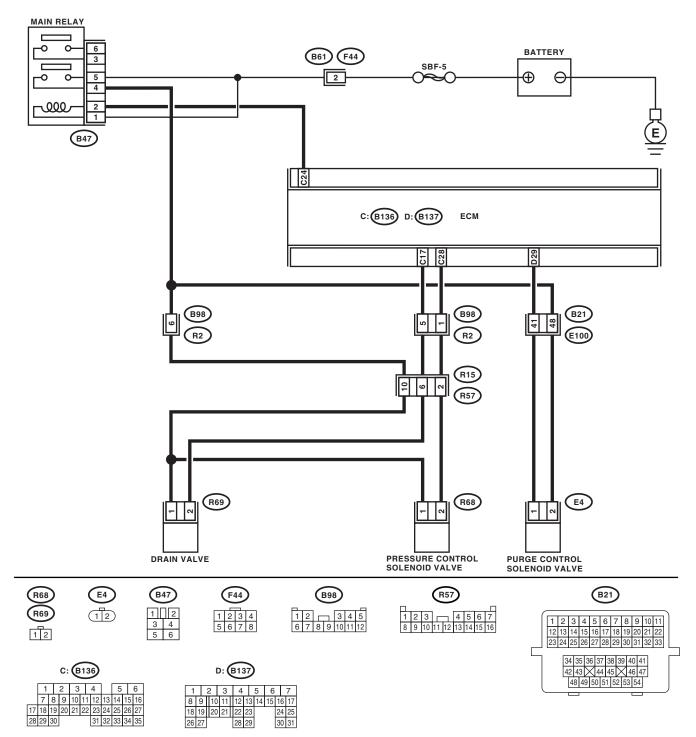
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-101, DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Fuel odor
- Fuel filler cap is loose or not installed.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-04188

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect the rele- vant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Check the fuel filler cap. NOTE: The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain was caught while tightening. 	Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely?	Go to step 3 .	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
3	CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.	Is the fuel filler cap SUBARU genuine?	Go to step 4.	Replace with a SUBARU genuine fuel filler cap.
4	CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE PACKING.	Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe?	Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-46, Fuel Filler Pipe.></ref.>	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK DRAIN VALVE. 1) Connect the test mode connector. 2) Turn ignition switch to ON. 3) Operate the drain valve. NOTE: Drain valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. compulsory<br="" en(h4so)(diag)-47,="" to="">Valve Operation Check Mode.></ref.>		Go to step 6 .	Replace the drain valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-16, Drain Valve.></ref.>
6	CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the purge control solenoid valve. NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Opera- tion Check Mode". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-<br="" to="">47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.></ref.>		Go to step 7.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-7, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.></ref.>
7	CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the pressure control solenoid valve. NOTE: Pressure control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Op- eration Check Mode". <ref. en(h4so)(di-<br="" to="">ag)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.></ref.>		Go to step 8 .	Replace the pres- sure control sole- noid valve. <ref. to EC(H4SO)-7, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.></ref.

Step Check Yes No CHECK CANISTER. Is the canister damaged? Repair or replace Go to step 9. 8 the canister. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-6, Canister.> CHECK FUEL TANK. Is the fuel tank damaged? Repair or replace Go to step 10. 9 Remove the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-43, the fuel tank. <Ref. Fuel Tank.> to FU(H4SO)-43, Fuel Tank.> Contact your SOA 10 CHECK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROU-Are there holes of more than Repair or replace **BLE IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON-**0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia., cracks, the hoses or pipes. Service Center TROL SYSTEM. clogging or disconnections of since deterioration of some parts hoses or pipes in evaporative emission control system? may be the cause.

BN:DTC P0458 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CON-TROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-126, DTC P0458 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL

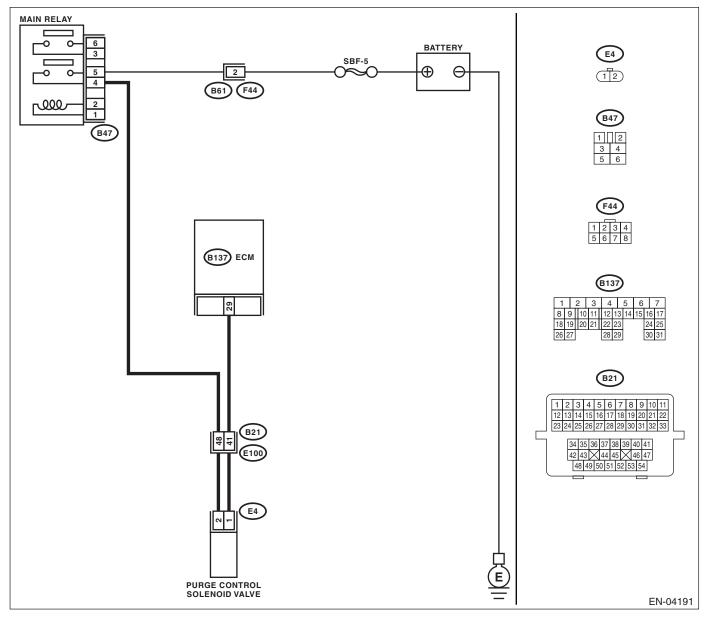
SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



r	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.	Is the voltage more than 10 V?		Go to step 2.
	 Turn the ignition switch to ON. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 		indicator light lights up, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condi- tion at this time. Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.	
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from purge control solenoid valve and ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between purge control solenoid valve connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E4) No. 2 — Engine ground: 	ΜΩ?	Go to step 3.	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PURGE CON- TROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CON- NECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve of har- ness connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 — (E4) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and purge control sole- noid valve connec- tor. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
4	 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Remove the purge control solenoid valve. 2) Measure the resistance between purge control solenoid valve terminals. Terminals No. 1 - No. 2: 	Is the resistance $10 - 100 \Omega$?		Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-7, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.></ref.>
5	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between purge control solenoid valve and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E4) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 6 .	Repair open circuit in harness between main relay and purge control solenoid valve connector.
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in purge control solenoid valve connector.	Is there poor contact in purge control solenoid valve connec- tor?	Repair poor con- tact in purge con- trol solenoid valve connector.	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.

EN(H4SO)(diag)-232

BO:DTC P0459 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CON-TROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-127, DTC P0459 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL

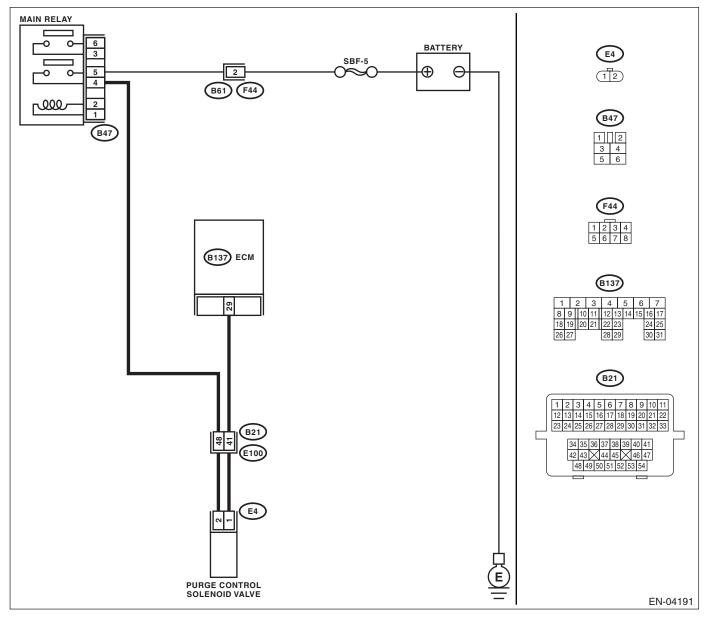
SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



T	Ston	Check	Vee	Na
		Check	Yes	No Even if malfunction
	 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) While operating the purge control solenoid valve, measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground. NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4so)(diag)-47,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.> Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 		Go to step 2.	Even if malfunction indicator light light up, the circuit has returned to a nor- mal condition at this time. In this case, repair poor contact in ECM connector.
2	 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?		Go to step 3.
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from purge control solenoid valve. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Go to step 5.
5	 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between purge control solenoid valve terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Replace the purge control solenoid valve <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-7, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.> and ECM <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.></ref.>	Go to step 6 .
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

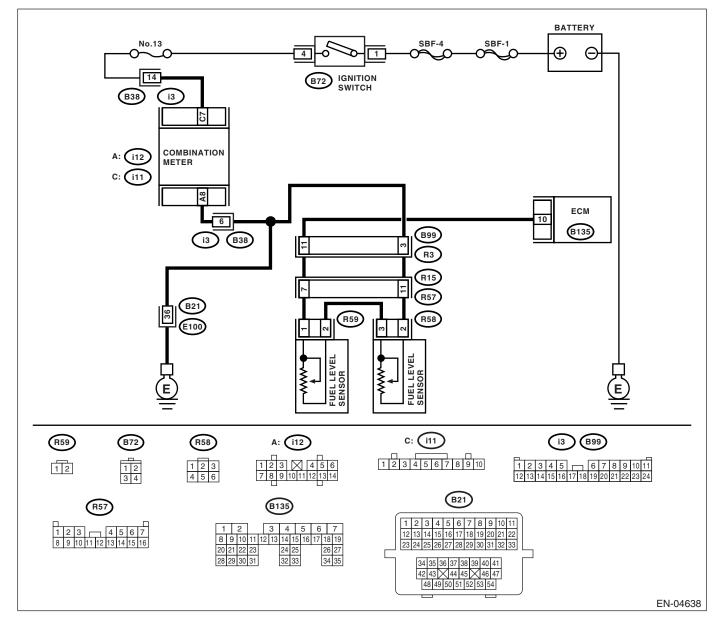
BP:DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-129, DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Trouble Code	level sensor <ref. to FU(H4SO)-52, Fuel Level Sen- sor.> and fuel sub level sensor. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-53, Fuel Sub Level Sensor.></ref. </ref.

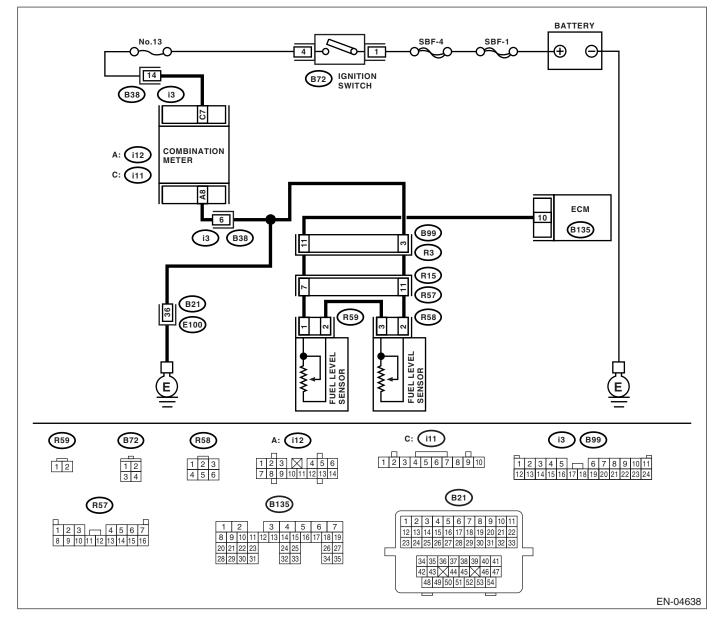
BQ:DTC P0462 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-131, DTC P0462 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK SPEEDOMETER AND TACHOME- TER OPERATION IN COMBINATION METER.	Does the speedometer and tachometer operate normally?	Go to step 2 .	Repair or replace the combination meter. <ref. idi-<br="" to="">3, Combination Meter System.></ref.>
2	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. (Engine OFF) 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage less than 0.12 V?	Go to step 4 .	Go to step 3 .
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.) Read the data of fuel level sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. 	Is the voltage less than 0.12 V by shaking the harness and connector of ECM?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Even if malfunction indicator light lights up, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condi- tion at this time. A temporary poor contact of the con- nector may be the cause. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in combination meter connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connec- tors
4	 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Separate fuel tank cord connector (R57) and rear wiring harness connector (R15). 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B135) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 0.12 V?	Go to step 5.	Go to step 6 .
5	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COMBINATION METER. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from connector (i11) and ECM connector. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 10 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 7.	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and combi- nation meter con- nector.
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COMBINATION METER. Measure the resistance between ECM and combination meter connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 10 — (i12) No. 8:	Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ?	Repair or replace the combination meter. <ref. idi-<br="" to="">3, Combination Meter System.></ref.>	Repair open circuit between ECM and combination meter connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Poor contact in coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel sub level sensor. 3) Measure the resistance between fuel sub level sensor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R59) No. 1 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 8.	Repair short circuit to ground in fuel tank cord.
8	 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump assembly. 2) Measure the resistance between fuel pump assembly and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R59) No. 2 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 9 .	Repair ground short circuit in fuel tank cord.
9	 CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR. 1) Remove the fuel pump assembly. <ref. fu(h4so)-50,="" fuel="" pump.="" to=""></ref.> 2) Measure the resistance between fuel level sensor and terminals with its float set to the full position. Terminals No. 3 - No. 2: 	Is the resistance $0.5 - 2.5 \Omega$?	Go to step 10.	Replace the fuel level sensor.
10	 CHECK FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR. 1) Remove the fuel sub level sensor. <ref. fu(h4so)-53,="" fuel="" level="" sensor.="" sub="" to=""></ref.> 2) Measure the resistance between fuel sub level sensor and terminals with its float set to the full position. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance $0.5 - 2.5 \Omega$?	Repair poor con- tact in harness between ECM and combination meter connector.	Replace the fuel sub level sensor.

BR:DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

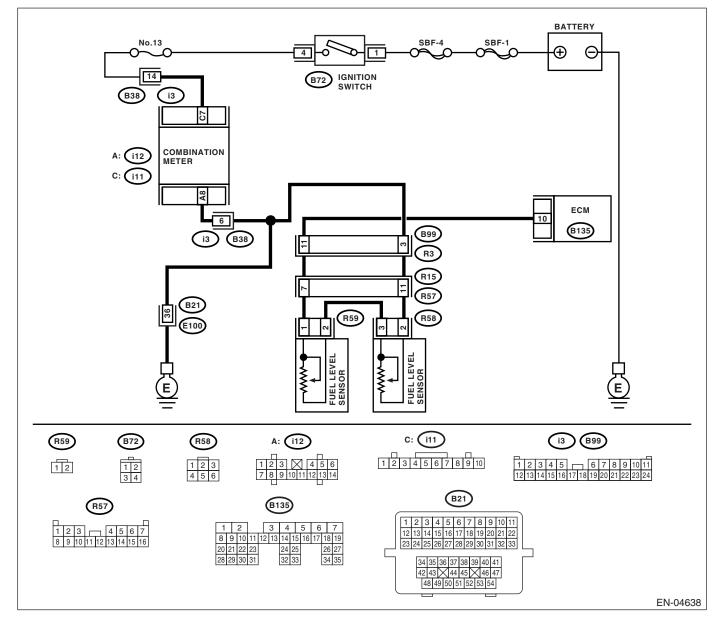
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-133, DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK SPEEDOMETER AND TACHOME- TER OPERATION IN COMBINATION METER.	Does the speedometer and tachometer operate normally?	Go to step 2 .	Repair or replace the combination meter. <ref. idi-<br="" to="">3, Combination Meter System.></ref.>
2	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. (Engine OFF) 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 4.75 V?	Go to step 3.	Even if malfunction indicator light lights up, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condi- tion at this time. A temporary poor contact of the con- nector may be the cause. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in fuel pump connec- tor • Poor contact in coupling connector
3	 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the combination meter connector (i11) and ECM connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage of harness between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 4.75 V?	Repair battery short circuit between ECM and combination meter connector.	Go to step 4.
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TANK CORD. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Separate fuel tank cord connector (R57) and rear wiring harness connector (R15). 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and fuel tank cord. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 10 — (R15) No. 7: 	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 5 .	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel tank cord.
5		Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 6 .	Repair open circuit in harness between fuel tank cord and chassis ground. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Poor contact in coupling connec- tors
6	 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1) Disconnect the connector from fuel level sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between fuel level sensor and coupling connector. Connector & terminal (R57) No. 11 — (R58) No. 2: 	Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ?	Go to step 7.	Repair open circuit in harness between coupling connector and fuel level sensor.

EN(H4SO)(diag)-241

	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1) Disconnect the connector from fuel sub level sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between fuel level sensor and fuel sub level sensor. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 3 — (R59) No. 2: 	Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ?	Go to step 8 .	Repair open circuit in harness between fuel level sensor and fuel sub level sensor.
8	CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. Measure the resistance between fuel level sen- sor and coupling connector. Connector & terminal (R57) No. 7 — (R59) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ?	Go to step 9 .	Repair open circuit in harness between coupling connector and fuel level sensor.
9	 CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR. 1) Remove the fuel pump assembly. <ref. fu(h4so)-50,="" fuel="" pump.="" to=""></ref.> 2) While moving the fuel level sensor float up and down, measure resistance between fuel level sensor terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 3 — No. 2:</i> 	Is the resistance more than 54.5 Ω?	Replace the fuel level sensor. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-52, Fuel Level Sen- sor.></ref. 	Go to step 10.
10	 CHECK FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR. 1) Remove the fuel sub level sensor. <ref. fu(h4so)-53,="" fuel="" level="" sensor.="" sub="" to=""></ref.> 2) While moving the fuel sub level sensor float up and down, measure resistance between fuel sub level sensor terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i> 	Is the resistance more than 41.5 Ω?	Replace the fuel sub level sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-53, Fuel Sub Level Sensor.></ref.>	Replace the com- bination meter. <ref. idi-10,<br="" to="">Combination Meter.></ref.>

BS:DTC P0464 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT INTERMITTENT

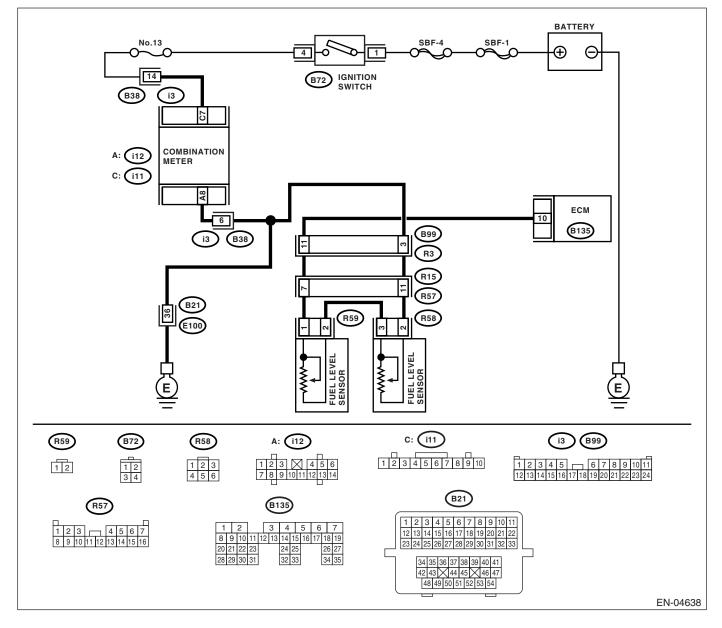
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-135, DTC P0464 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT IN-TERMITTENT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect DTC P0462 or P0463 using "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR. 1) Remove the fuel pump assembly. <ref. fu(h4so)-50,="" fuel="" pump.="" to=""></ref.> 2) While moving the fuel level sensor float up and down, make sure that the resistance between fuel level sensor terminals changes smoothly. Terminals No. 3 — No. 2: 	Does the resistance change smoothly?	Go to step 3.	Replace the fuel level sensor. <ref. to FU(H4SO)-52, Fuel Level Sen- sor.></ref.
3	 CHECK FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR. 1) Remove the fuel sub level sensor. <ref. fu(h4so)-52,="" fuel="" level="" sensor.="" to=""></ref.> 2) While moving the fuel sub level sensor float up and down, make sure that the resistance between fuel level sensor terminals changes smoothly. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i> 	Does the resistance change smoothly?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM, com- bination meter and coupling connec- tors.	Replace the fuel sub level sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-52, Fuel Level Sen- sor.></ref.>

BT:DTC P0483 COOLING FAN RATIONALITY CHECK

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-138, DTC P0483 COOLING FAN RATIONALITY CHECK, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Occurrence of noise
- Overheating

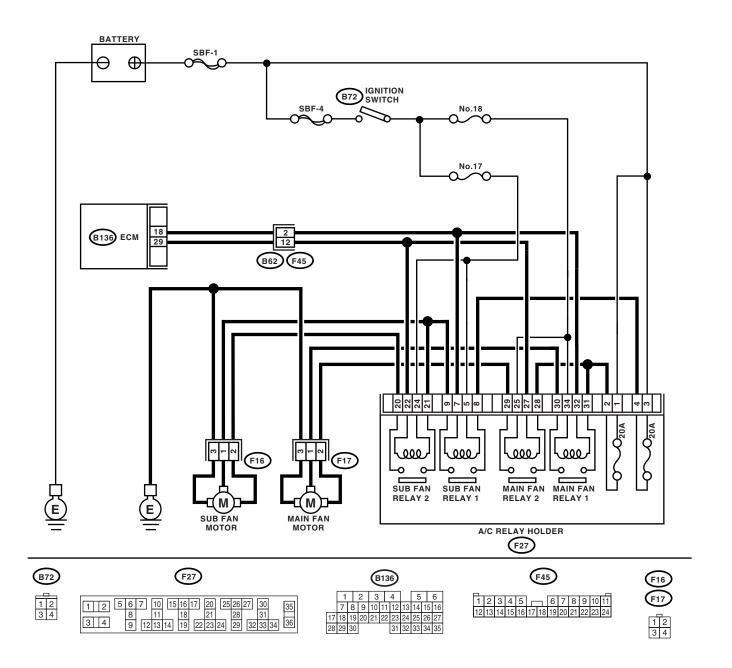
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

NOTE:

If the vehicle, with the engine idling, is placed very close to a wall or another vehicle, preventing normal cooling function, the OBD system may detect malfunction.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-04193

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect the rele- vant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Check radiator fan and fan motor. <ref. to<br="">CO(H4SO)-27, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.> and <ref. to<br="">CO(H4SO)-28, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.></ref.></ref.>

BU:DTC P0502 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0503. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-247, DTC P0503 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR INTERMITTENT/ERRATIC/HIGH, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

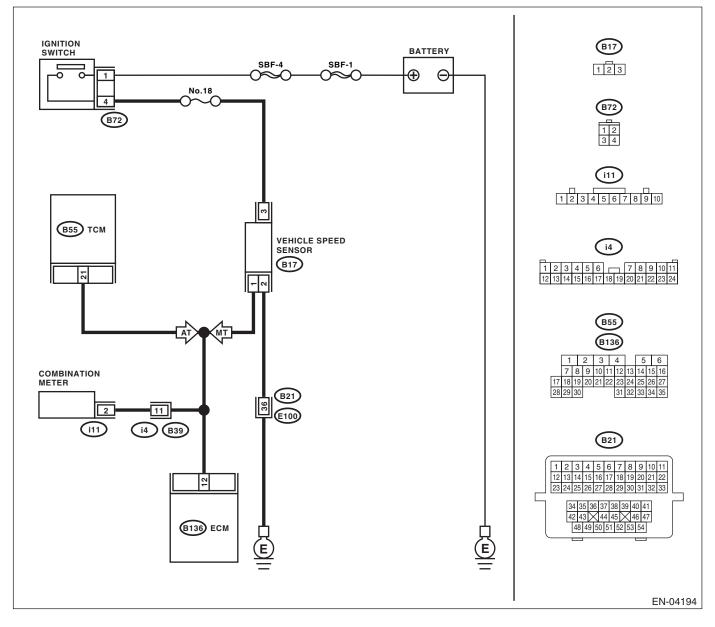
BV:DTC P0503 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR INTERMITTENT/ERRATIC/HIGH DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-140, DTC P0503 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR INTERMIT-TENT/ERRATIC/HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK TRANSMISSION TYPE.	Is the target AT model?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK DTC P0720 ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Moni- tor or general scan tool indi- cate DTC P0720?	Check front vehi- cle speed sensor signal circuit. <ref. to<br="">4AT(D)(diag)-52, DTC P0720 OUT- PUT SPEED SEN- SOR CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK SPEEDOMETER OPERATION IN COMBINATION METER.	Does the speedometer operate normally?	Go to step 4 .	Check speedome- ter and vehicle speed sensor. <ref. idi-13,<br="" to="">Speedometer.> and <ref. 4at-<br="" to="">51, Front Vehicle Speed Sensor.> and <ref. 4at-<br="" to="">55, Rear Vehicle Speed Sensor.> and <ref. 4at-<br="" to="">56, Torque Con- verter Turbine Speed Sensor.></ref.></ref.></ref.></ref.>
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COMBINATION METER CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from combination meter. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and combination meter. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 12 — (i11) No. 2: 	Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and combi- nation meter con- nector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in combination meter connector • Poor contact in combination meter connector

BW:DTC P0506 IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM RPM LOWER THAN EXPECTED DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-141, DTC P0506 IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM RPM LOW-ER THAN EXPECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

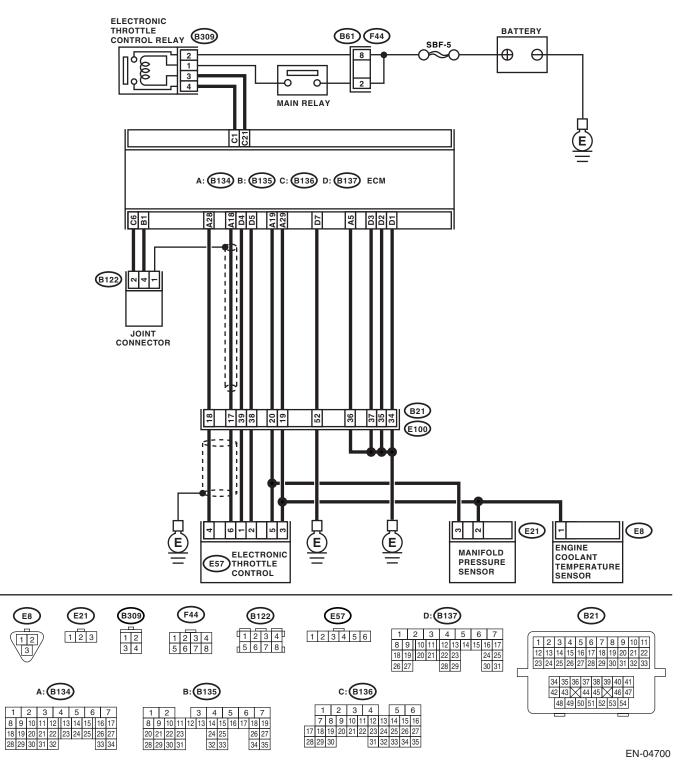
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine is difficult to start.
- Engine does not start.
- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN(H4SO)(diag)-250

Juc	יש	U	
EN	ĜINE	E (C	DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect the rele- vant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0506.</ref.>	
2	CHECK AIR CLEANER ELEMENT.1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.2) Check air cleaner element.	Is there excessive clogging on air cleaner element.	Replace the air cleaner element. <ref. to<br="">IN(H4SO)-4, Air Cleaner Element.></ref.>	Go to step 3.
3	 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the electronic throttle control. 3) Check the electronic throttle control. 	Are there foreign particles in electronic throttle control?	Remove the for- eign particles from electronic throttle control.	Perform the diag- nosis of DTC P2101.

BX:DTC P0507 IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM RPM HIGHER THAN EXPECTED DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-142, DTC P0507 IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM RPM HIGH-ER THAN EXPECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

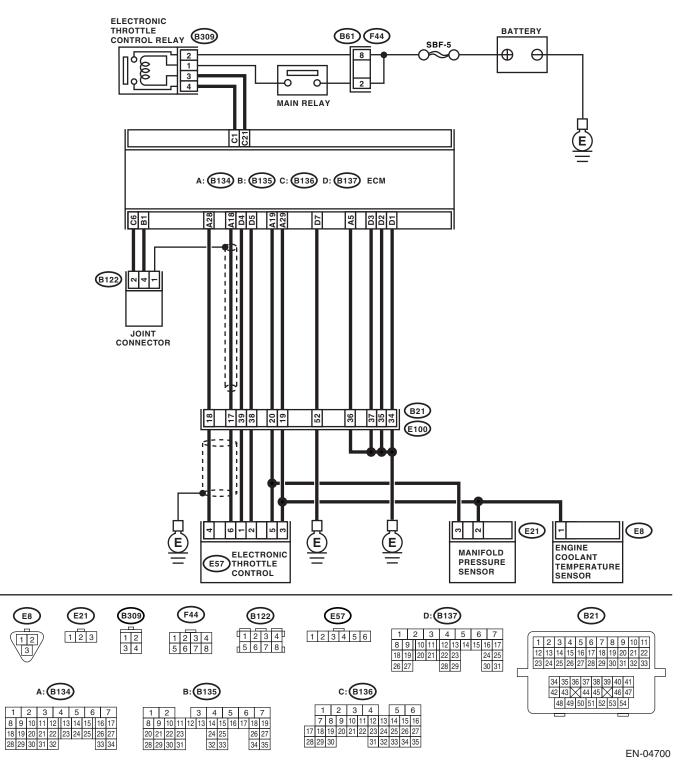
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Engine keeps running at higher revolution than specified idling revolution.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN(H4SO)(diag)-252

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect the rele- vant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0507.</ref.>	
2	 CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Start the engine, and idle it. 3) Check the following items. Loose installation of intake manifold and throttle body Cracks of intake manifold gasket and throttle body gasket Disconnections of vacuum hoses 	Is there a fault in air intake sys- tem?	Repair the air suc- tion and leaks.	Go to step 3.
3	 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the electronic throttle control. 3) Check the electronic throttle control. 	Are there foreign particles in electronic throttle control?	Remove the for- eign particles from electronic throttle control.	Perform the diag- nosis of DTC P2101.

BY:DTC P0512 STARTER REQUEST CIRCUIT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-143, DTC P0512 STARTER REQUEST CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

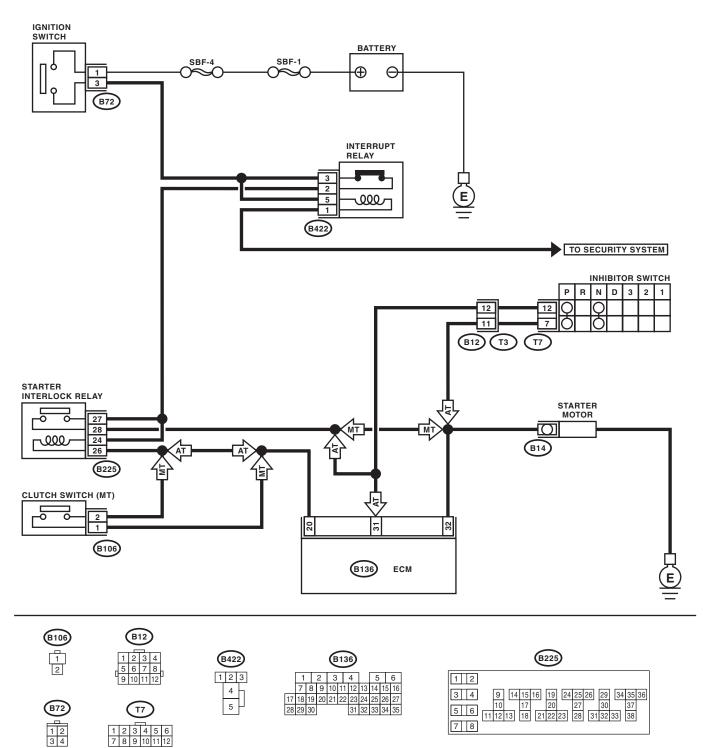
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-04637

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

T	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATION OF STARTER MOTOR. Turn the ignition switch to ON. NOTE: Place the inhibitor switch in each position. (AT model) Depress or release the clutch pedal. (MT model)	ate?	Repair battery short circuit in starter motor cir- cuit.	Check starter motor circuit. <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)- 59, STARTER MOTOR CIR- CUIT, Diagnostics for Engine Start- ing Failure.></ref.

BZ:DTC P0519 IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM MALFUNCTION (FAIL-SAFE) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-145, DTC P0519 IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM MALFUNC-TION (FAIL-SAFE), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

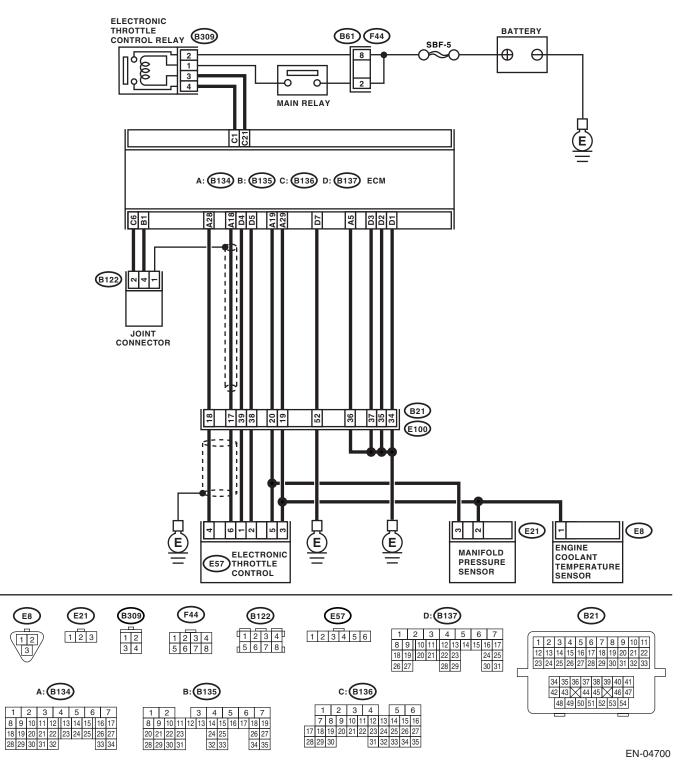
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Engine keeps running at higher revolution than specified idling revolution.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN(H4SO)(diag)-256

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect the rele- vant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0519.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Start the engine, and idle it. 3) Check the following items. Loose installation of intake manifold and throttle body Cracks of intake manifold gasket and throttle body gasket Disconnections of vacuum hoses 	Is there a fault in air intake sys- tem?	Repair the air suc- tion and leaks.	Go to step 3.
3	 CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the electric throttle. 3) Check the electric throttle. 	Are there foreign particles in electric throttle?	Remove the for- eign particles from electric throttle.	Perform the diag- nosis of DTC P2101.

CA:DTC P0600 SERIAL COMMUNICATION LINK

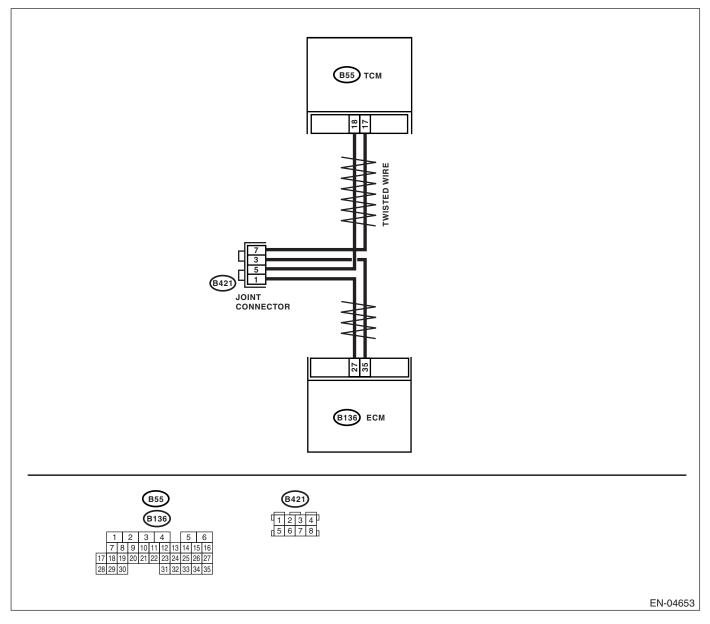
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-146, DTC P0600 SERIAL COMMUNICATION LINK, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connector from TCM. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM and TCM. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 35 — (B55) No. 17: (B136) No. 27 — (B55) No. 18: 	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the har- ness or connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 35 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 27 — Chassis ground:	Is the measured value more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 3 .	Repair the har- ness or connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM. Check the resistance between ECM connec- tors. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 35 — (B136) No. 27:	Is the measured value more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 4 .	Repair the har- ness or connector.
4	CHECK STATUS OF AT SYSTEM. Perform AT diagnosis using Subaru Select Monitor. Check if DTC P1718 is displayed.	Is DTC P1718 displayed?	Check AT system.	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

CB:DTC P0604 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

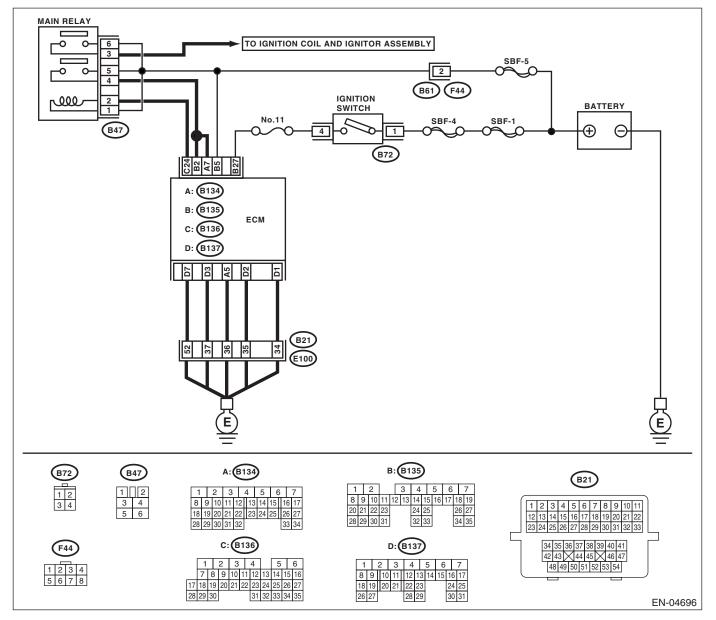
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-147, DTC P0604 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE RAN-DOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine does not start.
- Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the rele- vant DTC using the List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC). <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref. 	A temporary poor contact occurs.

CC:DTC P0605 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE READ ONLY MEMORY (ROM) ERROR

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0607. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-262, DTC P0607 CONTROL MODULE PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CD:DTC P0607 CONTROL MODULE PERFORMANCE

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-148, DTC P0605 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE READ ONLY MEMORY (ROM) ERROR, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> and <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-149, DTC P0607 CONTROL MODULE PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

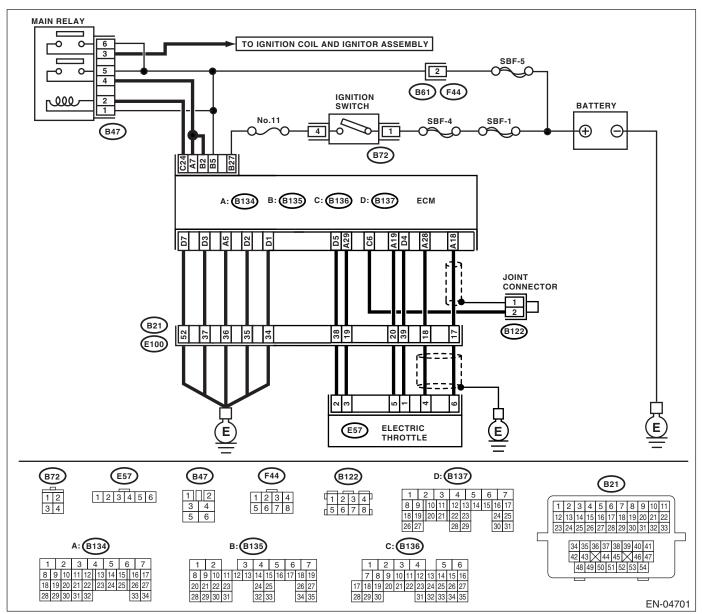
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN(H4SO)(diag)-262

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage 10 — 13 V?	Go to step 2.	Repair the open circuit or ground short of power supply circuit.
2	 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM 1) Start the engine. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage 13 — 15 V?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open circuit or ground short of power supply circuit.
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and electronic throttle control. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 5 — (B134) No. 19: (E57) No. 3 — (B134) No. 29: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and electronic throttle control.
4	CHECK GROUND HARNESS OF ECM Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (–): (B137) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (–): (B137) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (–): (B137) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (–): (B137) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	 Repair the follow- ing items. Retighten the engine ground terminal. Poor contact in ECM connec- tor Poor contact in coupling con- nector

CE:DTC P0638 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2101. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-312, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CF:DTC P0691 COOLING FAN 1 CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-153, DTC P0691 COOLING FAN 1 CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Radiator fan does not operate properly.
- Overheating

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DIS PLAY.	- Is the DTC P0691 displayed?	Check the radiator fan relay. <ref. to<br="">CO(H4SO)-6, Radiator Main Fan System.> <ref. to<br="">CO(H4SO)-11, Radiator Sub Fan System.></ref.></ref.>	A temporary poor contact occurs.

CG:DTC P0692 COOLING FAN 1 CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

 GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-154, DTC P0692 COOLING FAN 1 CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Radiator fan does not operate properly.
- Overheating

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DIS- PLAY.		Check the radiator fan relay. <ref. to<br="">CO(H4SO)-6, Radiator Main Fan System.> <ref. to<br="">CO(H4SO)-11, Radiator Sub Fan System.></ref.></ref.>	A temporary poor contact occurs.

CH:DTC P0700 TRANSMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (MIL REQUEST)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-155, DTC P0700 TRANSMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (MIL REQUEST), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to AT section. <Ref. to 4AT(D)(diag)-2, PROCEDURE, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

EN(H4SO)(diag)-264

CI: DTC P0851 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (AT MODEL) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

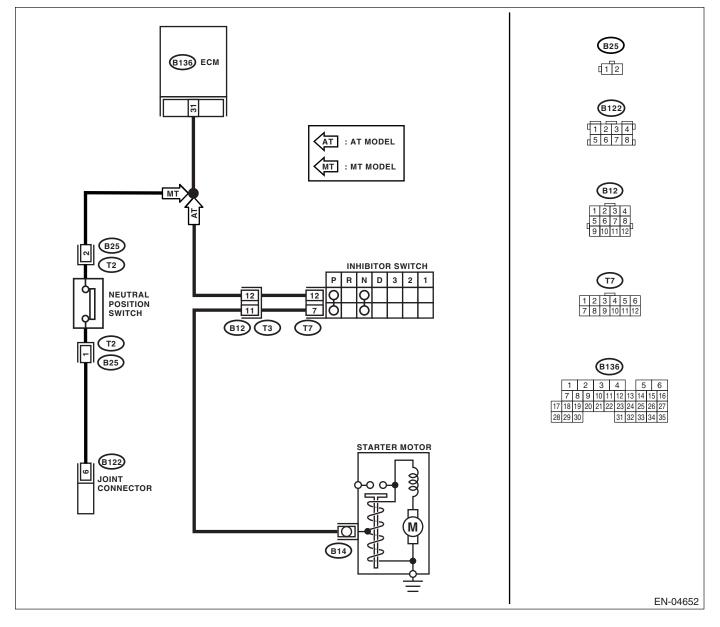
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-156, DTC P0851 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (AT MODEL), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect DTC P0705 using "List of Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Place the select lever except for "N" and "P" ranges. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V?	Even if malfunction indicator light lights up, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condi- tion at this time.	
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TRANSMISSION HARNESS CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and transmission harness connector (T3). 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B136) No. 31 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 4.	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and trans- mission harness connector.
4	 CHECK TRANSMISSION HARNESS CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from inhibitor switch. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between transmission harness connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (T3) No. 12 — Engine ground: 	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 5.	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between transmission har- ness and inhibitor switch connector.
5	CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH. Measure the resistance between inhibitor switch connector the receptacle's terminals in select lever except for "N" and "P" range. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 7 — No. 12:</i>	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 6 .	Replace the inhibi- tor switch. <ref. to<br="">4AT-48, Inhibitor Switch.></ref.>
6	CHECK SELECTOR CABLE CONNECTION.	Is there any fault in selector cable connection to inhibitor switch?	Repair selector cable connection. <ref. cs-28,<br="" to="">INSPECTION, Select Cable.></ref.>	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.

CJ:DTC P0851 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (MT MODEL) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

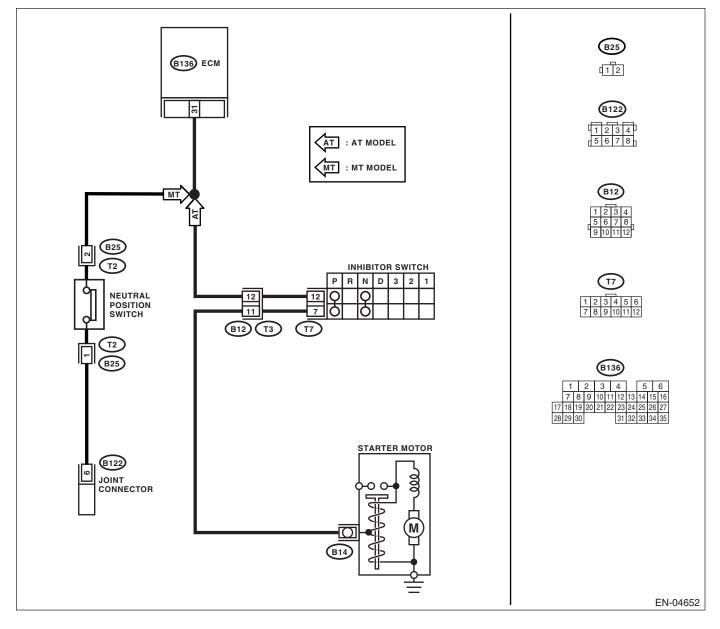
- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-157, DTC P0851 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (MT MODEL), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Ī	Stan	Check	Yes	No
-				-
1	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Place the shift lever in a position neutral. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 4.
2	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Place the shift lever in neutral. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 3 .	Go to step 4.
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.
4	 CHECK NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from transmission harness. 3) Place the shift lever in a position neutral. 4) Measure the resistance between transmission harness and connector terminals. Connector & terminal (T2) No. 1 - No. 2: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 5 .	Repair short circuit in transmission harness or replace neutral position switch.
5	 CHECK NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH. 1) Place the shift lever in neutral. 2) Measure the resistance between transmission harness connector terminals. Connector & terminal (T2) No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 6.	Repair short circuit in transmission harness or replace neutral position switch.
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 31 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 7 .	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and trans- mission harness connector.
7	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH CONNEC- TOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and transmission harness con- nector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 31 — (B25) No. 2:	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and transmission har- ness connector.
8	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance of harness between transmission harness connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B25) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 9 .	Repair open circuit in harness between transmis- sion harness con- nector and engine ground terminal.

Step Check Yes No 9 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Is there poor contact in trans-Repair poor con-Contact your SOA Check poor contact in transmission harness mission harness connector? tact in transmis-Service Center connector. sion harness since deterioraconnector. tion of some parts may be the cause.

CK:DTC P0852 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (AT MODEL) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

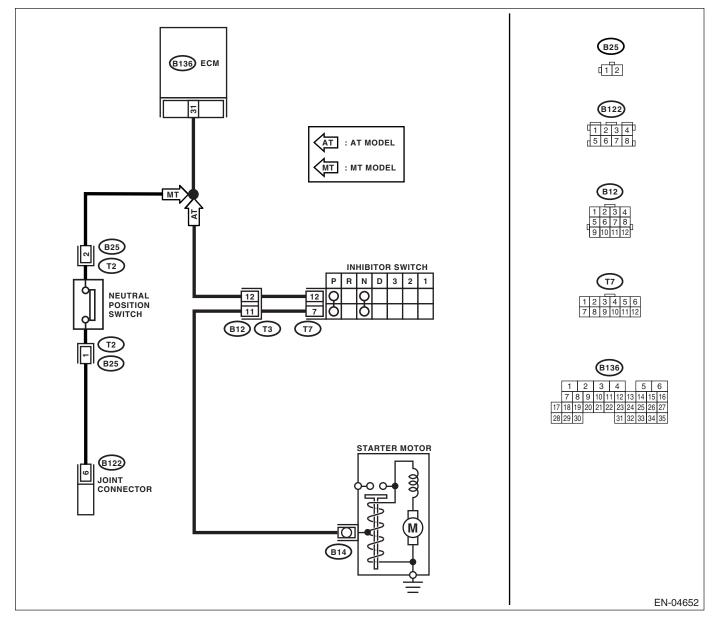
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-158, DTC P0852 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (AT MODEL), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



<u> </u>	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground in select lever "N" and "P" ranges. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 5.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chas- sis ground in select lever except for "N" and "P" ranges. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 5.
4	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.
5	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chas- sis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and inhibitor switch connector.	Go to step 6 .
6	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IN- HIBITOR SWITCH CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and inhibitor switch. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and inhibitor switch connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B136) No. 31 — (T7) No. 12: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and inhibitor switch connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in inhibitor switch connector • Poor contact in ECM connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH GROUND LINE. Measure the resistance of harness between inhibitor switch connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (T7) No. 12 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit in harness between inhibitor switch connector and starter motor ground line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between inhibitor switch connector and starter motor ground line • Poor contact in starter motor con- nector • Poor contact in starter motor ground • Starter motor
8	CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH. Measure the resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals in select lever "N" and "P" ranges. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 7 — No. 12:</i>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 9.	Replace the inhibi- tor switch. <ref. to<br="">4AT-48, Inhibitor Switch.></ref.>
9	CHECK SELECTOR CABLE CONNECTION.	Is there any fault in selector cable connection to inhibitor switch?	Repair selector cable connection. <ref. cs-28,<br="" to="">INSPECTION, Select Cable.></ref.>	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.

CL:DTC P0852 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (MT MODEL) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

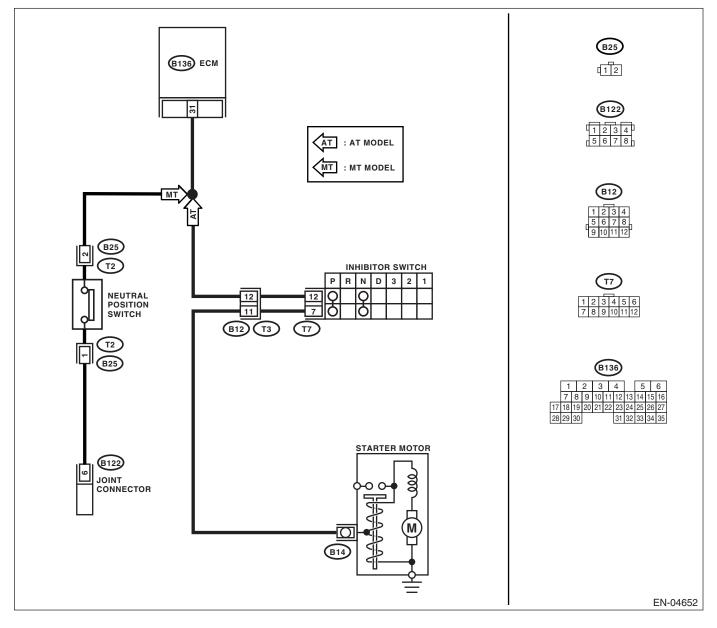
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-159, DTC P0852 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (MT MODEL), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.	Is the voltage more than 10 V?		Go to step 4.
	 Turn ignition switch to ON. Place the shift lever in a position except for neutral. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal 			
	(B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
2	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Place the shift lever in a position except for neutral. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal 	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 5.
_	(B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
3	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.
4	 CHECK NEUTRAL SWITCH. 1) Place the shift lever in neutral. 2) Measure the resistance between transmission harness connector terminals. Connector & terminal (T2) No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 5.	Repair open circuit in transmission harness or replace neutral switch.
5	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND NEUTRAL SWITCH CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and transmission harness con- nector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 31 — (B25) No. 2: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 6 .	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and transmission har- ness connector.
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND NEUTRAL SWITCH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between transmission harness connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B25) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between transmission har- ness connector and engine ground • Poor contact in coupling connector
7	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in transmission harness connector.	Is there a poor contact in the transmission harness connector?	Repair poor con- tact in transmis- sion harness connector.	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.

CM:DTC P1152 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (LOW) (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

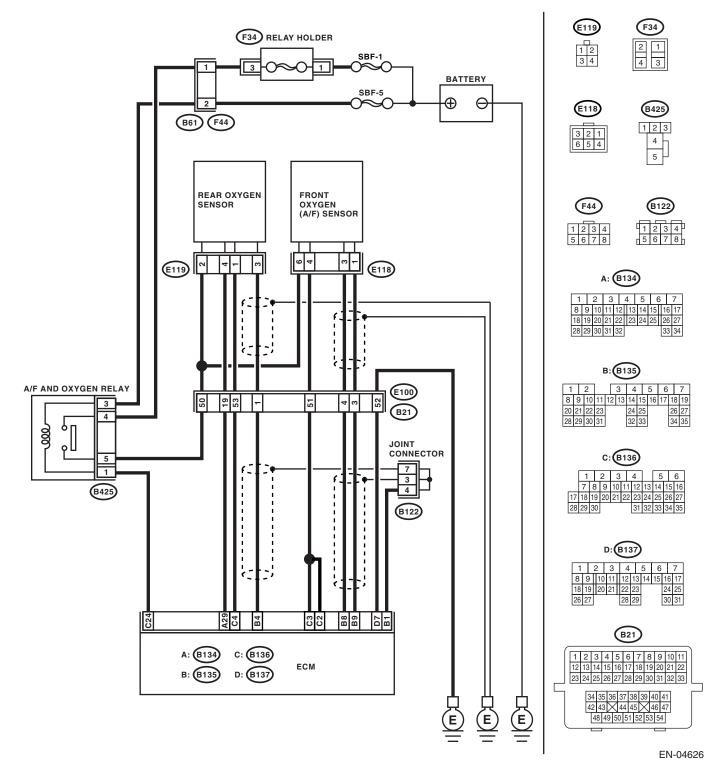
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-160, DTC P1152 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE (LOW) (BANK1 SENSOR1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Is there water in connector?	Remove infiltrat- ing water com- pletely.	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 — (E118) No. 3: (B135) No. 9 — (E118) No. 1: 	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3 .	Repair the har- ness and connec- tor. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	Is there poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connec- tor?	Repair the poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-36, Front Oxygen (A/ F) Sensor.></ref.>

CN:DTC P1153 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

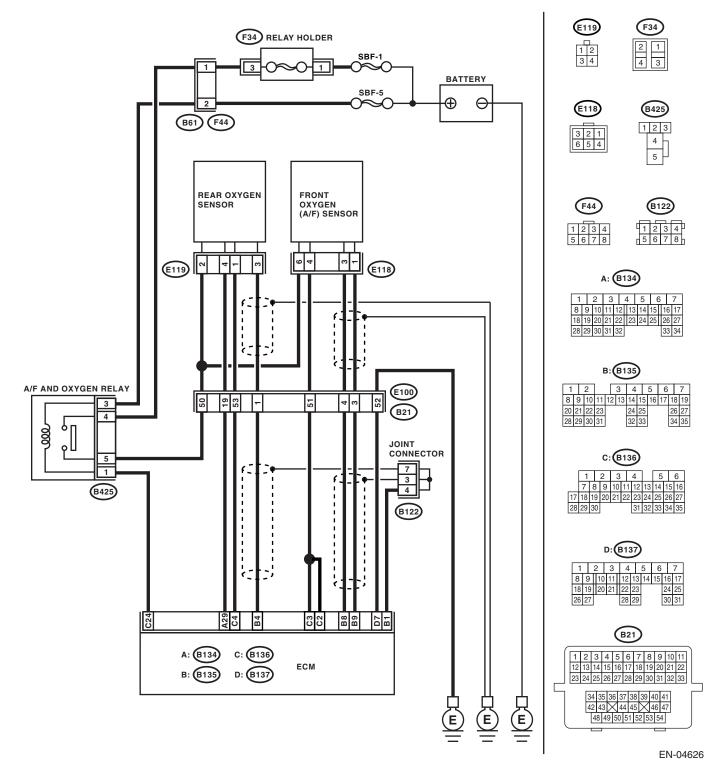
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-162, DTC P1153 O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK1 SENSOR1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Is there water in connector?	Remove infiltrat- ing water com- pletely.	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground: 	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 3 .	Repair the ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B135) No. 9 — Chassis ground:	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.
4	 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Connect the connector to ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the measured value more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 5.	Go to step 6 .
5	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Repair the battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector.
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the measured value more than 4.95 V?	Go to step 7.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-36, Front Oxygen (A/ F) Sensor.></ref.>
7	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Repair the battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector.

CO:DTC P1160 RETURN SPRING FAILURE

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2101. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-312, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CP:DTC P1400 FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT LOW

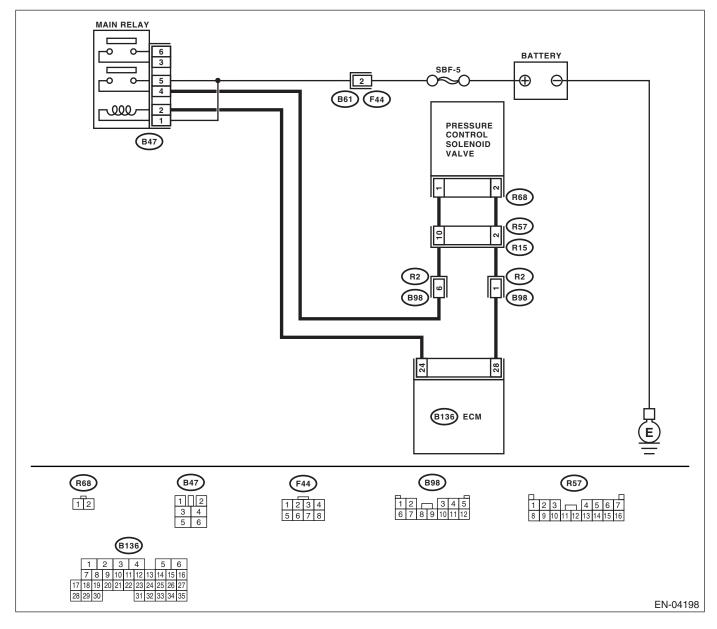
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-165, DTC P1400 FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.	Is the voltage more than 10 V?		Go to step 3.
	 Turn ignition switch to ON. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 28 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 			
2	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora-
				tion of some parts may be the cause.
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from pressure control solenoid valve and ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between pressure control solenoid valve con- nector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R68) No. 2 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance less than 10 Ω?	Repair short circuit to ground in har- ness between ECM and pressure control solenoid valve connector.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and pressure control solenoid valve con- nector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 28 — (R68) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 5 .	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and pressure control solenoid valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
5	VALVE. Measure the resistance between pressure control solenoid valve terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance $10 - 100 \Omega$?		Replace the pres- sure control sole- noid valve. <ref. to EC(H4SO)-12, Pressure Control Solenoid Valve.></ref.
6	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between pressure control solenoid valve and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (<i>R68</i>) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between main relay and pressure control solenoid valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in main relay connec- tor

Step Check Yes No 7 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Is there poor contact in pres-Repair poor con-Contact your SOA Check for poor contact in pressure control sure control solenoid valve tact in pressure Service Center solenoid valve connector. connector? control solenoid since deterioravalve connector. tion of some parts may be the cause.

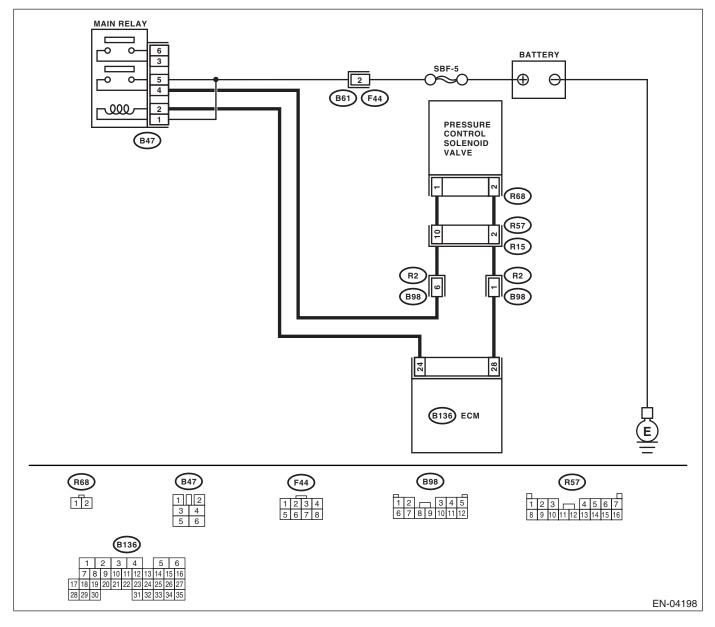
CQ:DTC P1420 FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL SOL. VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-167, DTC P1420 FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL SOL. VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) While operating the pressure control solenoid valve, measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground. NOTE: Pressure control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4so)(diag)-47,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.> Connector & terminal (B136) No. 28 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage 0 — 10 V?	Go to step 2.	The malfunction indicator light may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. In this case, repair poor contact in ECM connector.
2	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 28 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from pressure control solenoid valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 28 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair short circuit to battery in har- ness between ECM and pressure control solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Go to step 5.
5	 CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between pressure control solenoid valve terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Replace the pres- sure control sole- noid valve <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-12, Pressure Control Solenoid Valve.> and the ECM <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).>.</ref.></ref.>	Go to step 6 .
6	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

EN(H4SO)(diag)-285

CR:DTC P1443 VENT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE FUNCTION PROBLEM DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

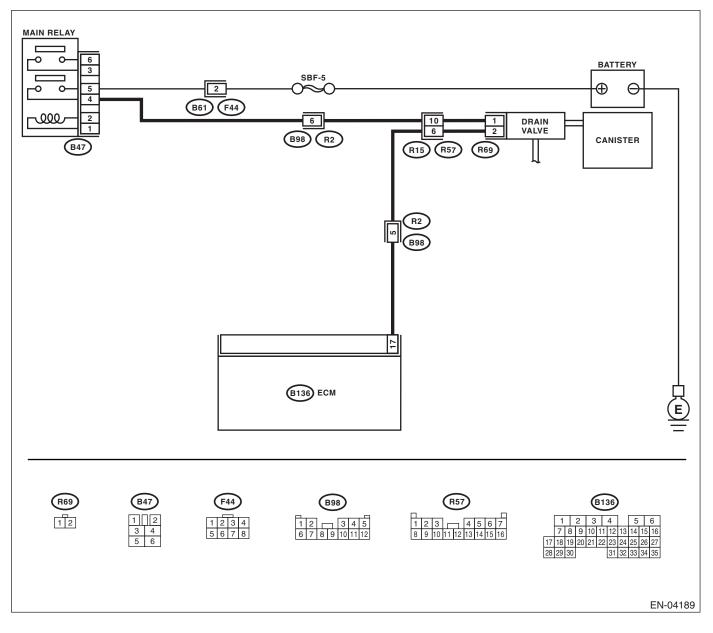
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-168, DTC P1443 VENT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE FUNCTION PROBLEM, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper fuel supply

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect the rele- vant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK VENT LINE HOSES. Check the following items. Clogging of vent hoses between canister and drain valve Clogging of vent hose between drain valve and air filter Clogging of drain filter 	Is there a fault in vent line?	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Go to step 3.
3	 CHECK DRAIN VALVE OPERATION. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Operate the drain valve. NOTE: Drain valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4so)(diag)-47,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.> 		Contact your SOA Service Center since deteriora- tion of some parts may be the cause.	Replace the drain valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4SO)-16, Drain Valve.></ref.>

CS:DTC P1491 POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION (BLOW-BY) FUNCTION PROBLEM

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

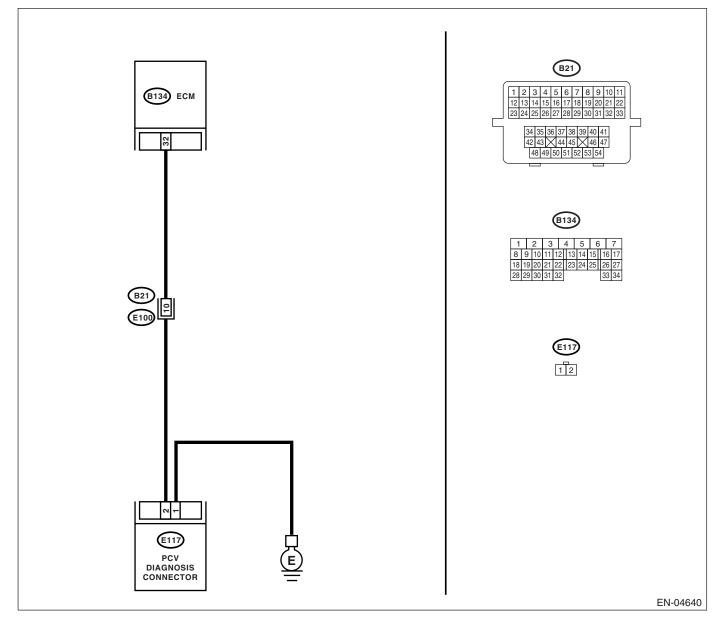
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-170, DTC P1491 POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILA-TION (BLOW-BY) FUNCTION PROBLEM, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK BLOW-BY HOSE.	Is there disconnection or crack		Go to step 2.
2	Check the blow-by hose. INSPECT HARNESS BETWEEN PCV DIAG- NOSIS CONNECTOR AND ECM CONNEC- TOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from PCV diag- nosis connector and ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between PCV diagnosis connector and ECM connector.	in blow-by hose? Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	blow-by hose. Go to step 3 .	Repair open circuit in harness between PCV diagnosis connec- tor and ECM.
3	Connector & terminal (B134) No. 32 — (E117) No. 2: INSPECT HARNESS BETWEEN PCV DIAG- NOSIS CONNECTOR AND ECM CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance of harness between PCV diagnosis connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 32 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 4.	Repair short circuit to chassis ground in harness between PCV diagnosis connec- tor and ECM.
4	INSPECT PCV DIAGNOSIS CONNECTOR GROUND CIRCUIT. Measure the resistance between PCV diagno- sis connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E117) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 5 .	Repair PCV diag- nosis connector ground circuit.
5	INSPECT PCV DIAGNOSIS CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between PCV diagno- sis connector and terminal. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM and PCV diagnosis connector.	Replace PCV diagnosis connec- tor.

CT:DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

NOTE:

Refer to DTC P1498 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-291, DTC P1498 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CU:DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

NOTE:

Refer to DTC P1499 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-294, DTC P1499 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CV:DTC P1494 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

NOTE:

Refer to DTC P1498 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-291, DTC P1498 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CW:DTC P1495 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

NOTE:

Refer to DTC P1499 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-294, DTC P1499 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CX:DTC P1496 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

NOTE:

Refer to DTC P1498 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-291, DTC P1498 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CY:DTC P1497 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

NOTE:

Refer to DTC P1499 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-294, DTC P1499 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CZ:DTC P1498 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

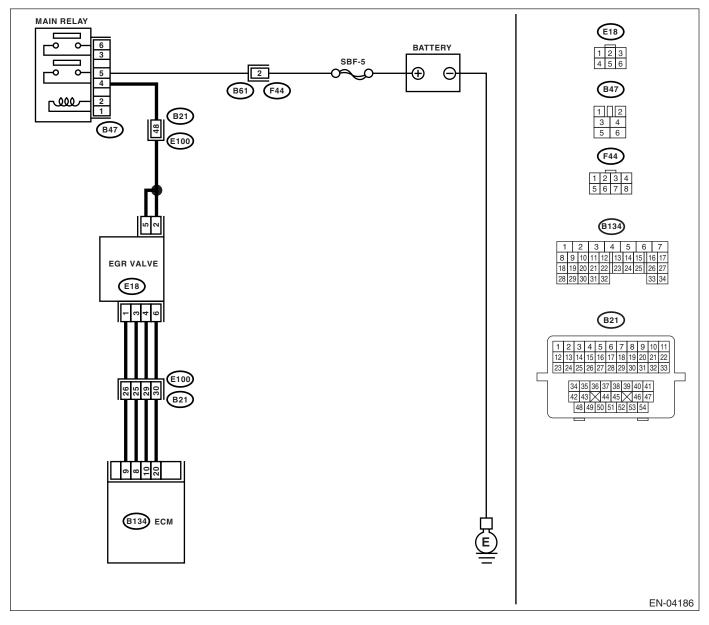
• Immediately at fault recognition.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-172, DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>, <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-175, DTC P1494 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW IN-PUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>, <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-175, DTC P1496 EGR SO-LENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> and <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-176, DTC P1498 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIR-CUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine breathing

CAUTION:

WIRING DIAGRAM:



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO EGR SOLE- NOID VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from EGR solenoid valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the power supply voltage between EGR solenoid valve and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E18) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): (E18) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Go to step 2.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between EGR solenoid valve connector and main relay connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND EGR SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure resistance between ECM and EGR solenoid valve connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> DTC P1492; (B134) No. 10 — (E18) No. 4: DTC P1494; (B134) No. 9 — (E18) No. 1: DTC P1496; (B134) No. 8 — (E18) No. 3: DTC P1498; (B134) No. 20 — (E18) No. 6: 	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between EGR solenoid valve connector and main relay connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND EGR SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Disconnect connector from ECM. 2) Measure resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal DTC P1492; (B134) No. 10 — Chassis ground: DTC P1494; (B134) No. 9 — Chassis ground: DTC P1496; (B134) No. 8 — Chassis ground: DTC P1498; (B134) No. 20 — Chassis ground:	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 4.	Repair open or ground short cir- cuit in harness between ECM and EGR solenoid valve connector.
4	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM and EGR solenoid valve connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM or EGR solenoid valve connec- tor?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM or EGR solenoid valve connector.	Replace EGR solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-29, EGR Valve.></ref.>

DA:DTC P1499 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

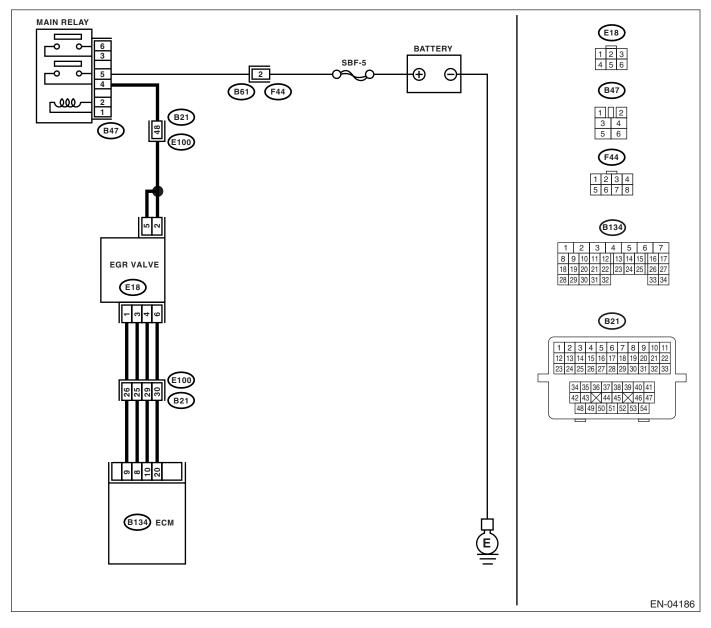
• Immediately at fault recognition.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-174, DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>, <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-175, DTC P1495 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH IN-PUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>, <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-175, DTC P1497 EGR SO-LENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> and <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-176, DTC P1499 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIR-CUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine breathing

CAUTION:

WIRING DIAGRAM:



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND EGR SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from EGR solenoid valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 4) Measure voltage between EGR solenoid valve and engine ground. Connector & terminal DTC P1493; (B134) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): DTC P1495; (B134) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-): DTC P1497; (B134) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): DTC P1499; (B134) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Repair ground short circuit between ECM and EGR solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Replace ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

DB:DTC P1518 STARTER SWITCH CIRCUIT LOW INPUT DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

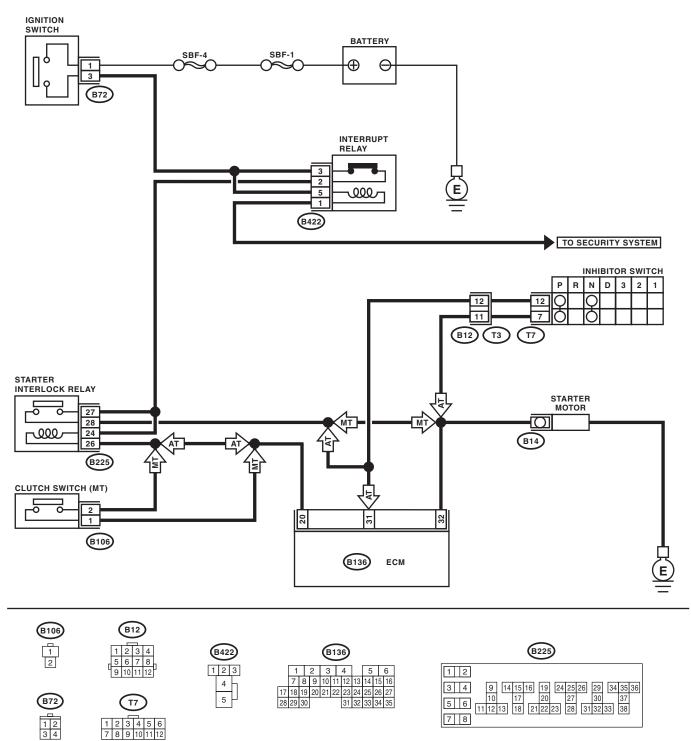
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-176, DTC P1518 STARTER SWITCH CIRCUIT LOW IN-PUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-04637

	Step	Check	Yes	No
Pla rar	ECK OPERATION OF STARTER MOTOR. ace the inhibitor switch in the "P" or "N" nge. (AT model) press the clutch pedal. (MT model)	when ignition switch is turned to START?	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open or ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and starter motor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector	59, STARTER MOTOR CIR-

DC:DTC P1560 BACK-UP VOLTAGE CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

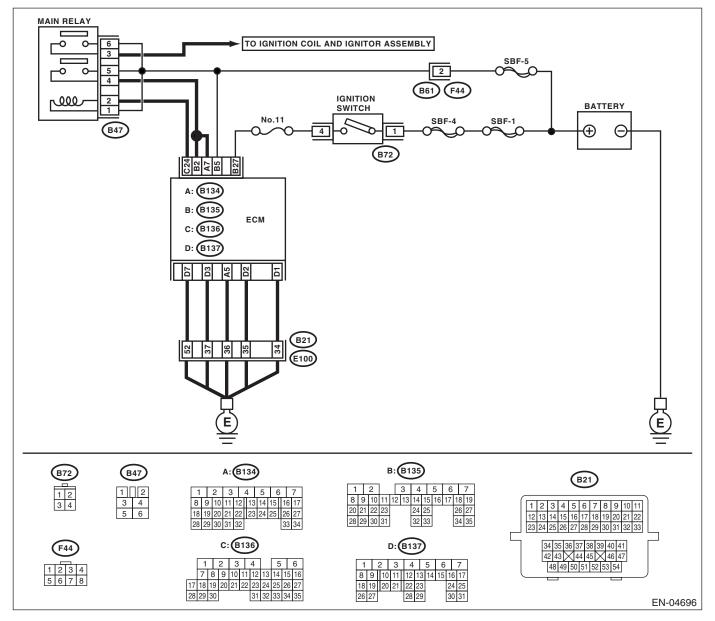
Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-177, DTC P1560 BACK-UP VOLTAGE CIRCUIT MAL-FUNCTION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair poor con- tact in ECM con- nector.	Go to step 2.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MAIN FUSE BOX CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 5 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ?	Repair ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM connector and battery termi- nal.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK FUSE SBF-5.	Is the fuse blown out?	Replace the fuse.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and battery • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in battery terminal

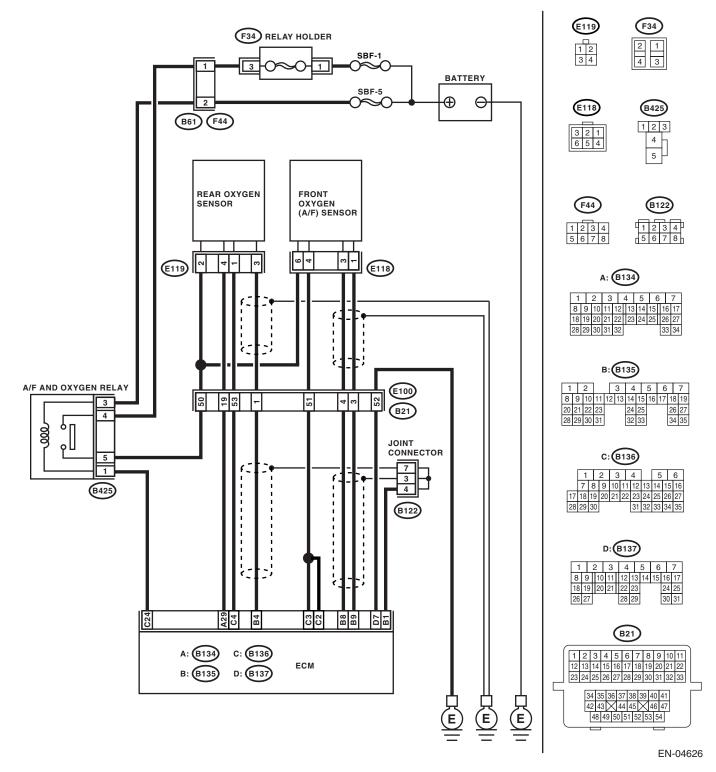
DD:DTC P2096 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN BANK 1 DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-179, DTC P2096 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYS-TEM TOO LEAN BANK 1, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

WIRING DIAGRAM:



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DIS- PLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P2096.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Is there water in connector?	Remove infiltrat- ing water com- pletely.	Go to step 3.
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 — (E118) No. 3: (B135) No. 9 — (E118) No. 1: 	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4 .	Repair the har- ness and connec- tor. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 9 — Chassis ground:	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 5 .	Repair the ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.
5	 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Connect the connector to ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the measured value more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 6 .	Go to step 7.
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Repair the battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector.

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EN	GINE	(DIAGNOSTICS	3)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the measured value more than 4.95 V?	Go to step 8.	Go to step 9 .
8	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Repair the battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector.
9	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	Go to step 10.
10	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step 11.
11	 CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. Warning: Place "NO FIRE" signs near the working area. Be careful not to spill fuel on the floor. Measure the fuel pressure. <ref. fuel="" inspection,="" me(h4so)-29,="" pressure.="" to=""></ref.> Warning: Before removing the fuel pressure gauge, release fuel pressure. 	Is the measured value 339.5 — 360.5 kPa (3.5 — 3.7 kgf/cm ² , 49 — 52 psi)?	Go to step 12.	Repair the follow- ing items. Fuel pressure too high: • Clogged fuel line or bent hose Fuel pressure too low: • Improper fuel pump discharge • Clogged fuel line
12	 CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR. 1) Start the engine and warm-up completely. 2) Read the data of engine coolant tempera- ture sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool instruction manual. 	Is the temperature more than 60°C (140°F)?	Go to step 13 .	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-22, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.></ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SEMSOR. 1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F). 2) Place the shift lever in neutral position. 3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4) Turn all accessory switches to OFF. 5) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool instruction manual. 	Is the measured value 2.1 — 3.4 g/s (0.28 — 0.45 lb/m)?	Go to step 14.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-28, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.></ref.>
14	 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR. 1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F). 2) Place the shift lever in neutral position. 3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4) Turn all accessory switches to OFF. 5) Open the front hood. 6) Measure the ambient temperature. 7) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the 	Subtract ambient temperature from intake air temperature. Is the obtained value –10 — 50°C (–18 — 90°F)?	Go to step 15.	Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-28, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.></ref.>
15	 general scan tool instruction manual. CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes at the longest) 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: For MT model, depress the clutch pedal. Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA SHOWN ON DIS-PLAY FOR ENGINE". <ref. li="" to<=""> EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Monitor.> General scan tool </ref.> 	Is the measured value more than 490 mV?	Go to step 16.	Go to step 17 .

	Step	Check	Yes	No
16	 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and immediately decrease the engine speed from 3,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: For MT model, depress the clutch pedal. Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA SHOWN ON DIS-PLAY FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool 	Is the measured value less than 250 mV?	Go to step 18.	Go to step 17.
17	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Is there water in connector?	Remove infiltrat- ing water com- pletely.	Go to step 19.
18	 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until the engine cool- ant temperature exceeds 70°C (158°F), and leave it at idle for more than 5 minutes. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA SHOWN ON DIS- PLAY FOR ENGINE". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Monitor.></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool instruction manual. 	Does the voltage keep 0.8 V for more than 5 minutes?	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-36, Front Oxygen (A/ F) Sensor.></ref.>	Go to step 19.
19	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor con- nector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (E119) No. 3: (B134) No. 29 — (E119) No. 4: 	Is the measured value more than 3 Ω?	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sen- sor connector.	Go to step 20.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
20	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXY- GEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and engine ground or chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E119) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the measured value within 0.2 to 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-37, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.></ref.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between rear oxygen sen- sor and ECM con- nector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sen- sor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector

DE:DTC P2097 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH BANK 1

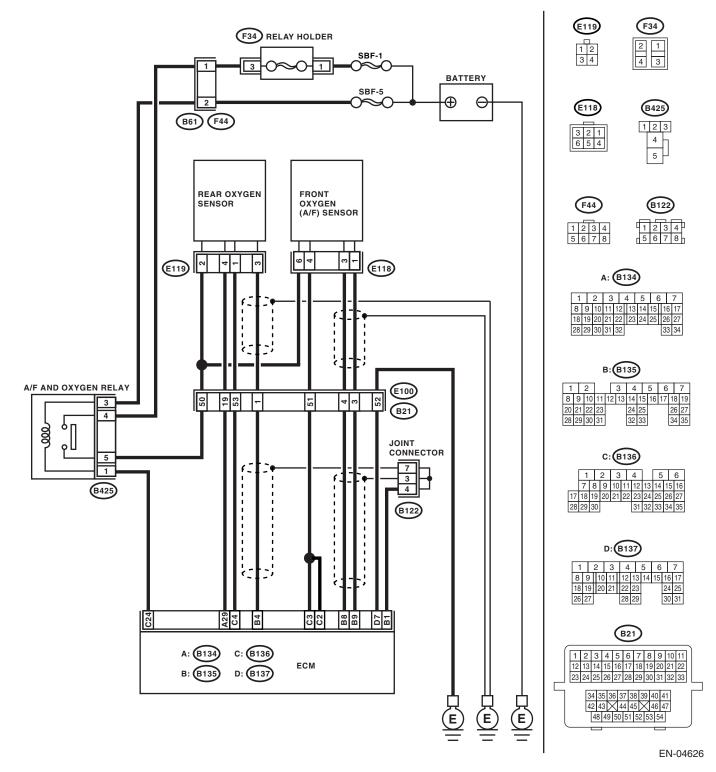
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-180, DTC P2097 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYS-TEM TOO RICH BANK 1, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

WIRING DIAGRAM:



	Ston	Check	Yes	No
1	Step CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DIS-	Is any other DTC displayed?	Yes Check DTC using	No Go to step 2.
	PLAY.	is any other DTC displayed?	"List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P2097.</ref.>	GU IU SIEP 2.
2	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Is there water in connector?	Remove infiltrat- ing water com- pletely.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 — (E118) No. 3: (B135) No. 9 — (E118) No. 1:	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the har- ness and connec- tor. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 9 — Chassis ground:	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 5.	Repair the ground short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.
5	 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Connect the connector to ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the measured value more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 6 .	Go to step 7.
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Repair the battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector.

	•	- /	
EN	GINE	(DIAGNOSTICS	3)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the measured value more than 4.95 V?	Go to step 8.	Go to step 9 .
8	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Repair the battery short circuit in har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector.
9	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	Go to step 10.
10	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step 11.
11	 CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. Warning: Place "NO FIRE" signs near the working area. Be careful not to spill fuel on the floor. Measure the fuel pressure. <ref. fuel="" inspection,="" me(h4so)-29,="" pressure.="" to=""></ref.> Warning: Before removing the fuel pressure gauge, release fuel pressure. 	Is the measured value 339.5 — 360.5 kPa (3.5 — 3.7 kgf/cm ² , 49 — 52 psi)?	Go to step 12.	Repair the follow- ing items. Fuel pressure too high: • Clogged fuel line or bent hose Fuel pressure too low: • Improper fuel pump discharge • Clogged fuel line
12	 CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR. 1) Start the engine and warm-up completely. 2) Read the data of engine coolant tempera- ture sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool instruction manual. 	Is the temperature more than 60°C (140°F)?	Go to step 13 .	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-22, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.></ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR. 1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F). 2) Place the shift lever in neutral position. 3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4) Turn all accessory switches to OFF. 5) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool instruction manual. 	Is the measured value 2.1 — 3.4 g/s (0.28 — 0.45 lb/m)?	Go to step 14.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-28, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.></ref.>
14	 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR. 1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F). 2) Place the shift lever in neutral position. 3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4) Turn all accessory switches to OFF. 5) Open the front hood. 6) Measure the ambient temperature. 7) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the 	Subtract ambient temperature from intake air temperature. Is the obtained value –10 — 50°C (–18 — 90°F)?	Go to step 15.	Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-28, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.></ref.>
15	 general scan tool instruction manual. CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes at the longest) 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: For MT model, depress the clutch pedal. Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA SHOWN ON DIS-PLAY FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool 	Is the measured value more than 490 mV?	Go to step 16.	Go to step 17.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
16	 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and immediately decrease the engine speed from 3,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: For MT model, depress the clutch pedal. Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA SHOWN ON DIS-PLAY FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4so)(diag)-28,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.> General scan tool 	Is the measured value less than 250 mV?	Go to step 18.	Go to step 17.
17	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Is there water in connector?	Remove infiltrat- ing water com- pletely.	Go to step 19.
18	 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until the engine cool- ant temperature exceeds 70°C (158°F), and leave it at idle for more than 5 minutes. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA SHOWN ON DIS- PLAY FOR ENGINE". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Monitor.></ref.> General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool instruction manual. 	Does the voltage keep 0.8 V for more than 5 minutes?	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-36, Front Oxygen (A/ F) Sensor.></ref.>	Go to step 19.
19	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor con- nector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (E119) No. 3: (B134) No. 29 — (E119) No. 4: 	Is the measured value more than 3 Ω?	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sen- sor connector.	Go to step 20.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
20	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXY- GEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and engine ground or chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E119) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the measured value within 0.2 to 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-37, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.></ref.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between rear oxygen sen- sor and ECM con- nector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sen- sor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector

DF:DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/ PERFORMANCE

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

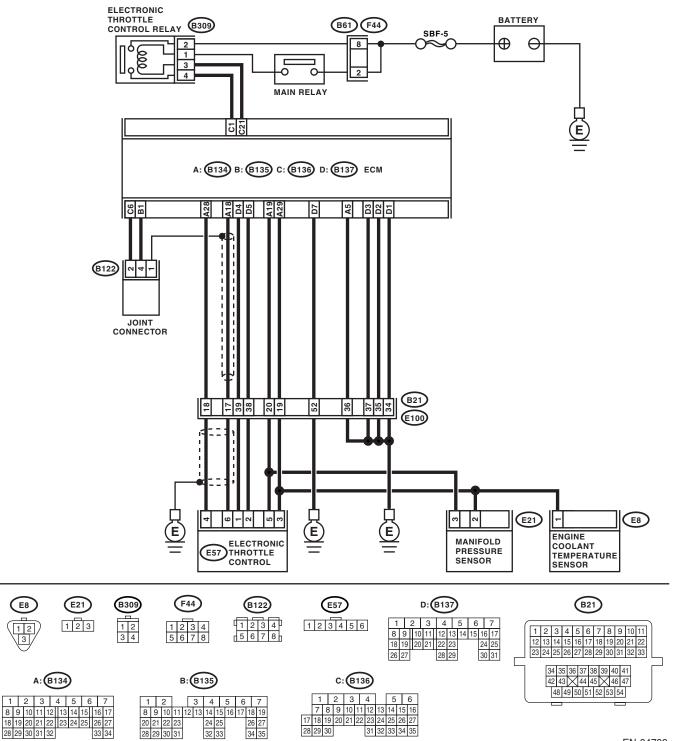
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-151, DTC P0638 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>, <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-164, DTC P1160 RETURN SPRING FAILURE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> and <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-187, DTC P2109 THROTTLE ANGLE SENSOR CLOSED POSITION ERROR, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-04700

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON- TROL RELAY.	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 2.	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con-
	 Turn the ignition switch to OFF. Remove the electronic throttle control relay. 			trol relay.
	3) Using a lead wire, connect the terminal No.			
	1 of electronic throttle control to positive termi-			
	nal of battery, and terminal No. 3 to battery			
	ground terminal.4) Measure the resistance between electronic			
	throttle control relay terminals.			
	Terminals			
2	No. 2 — No. 4: CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO ELECTRONIC	Is the voltage more than 5 V/2	Go to step 3.	Repair the open
2	THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.	is the voltage more than 5 V?	Go to step 3 .	power supply cir-
	Measure the voltage between electronic throt-			cuit.
	tle control relay connector and chassis ground.			
	Connector & terminal (B309) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	(B309) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-). (B309) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):			
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the voltage less than 5 V?	Repair short of the	Go to step 4.
	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.		power supply cir-	
	 Disconnect the connector from ECM. Turn the ignition switch to ON. 		cuit between ECM and electronic	
	3) Measure the voltage between electronic		throttle control.	
	throttle control relay connector and chassis			
	ground.			
	Connector & terminal (B309) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance more than 1	Go to step 5.	Repair the ground
	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.	ΜΩ?		short of harness
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			between ECM and
	 Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control electronic throttle control relay 			electronic throttle control relay.
	connector and chassis ground.			control rolay.
	Connector & terminal			
_	(B309) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B309) No. 4 — Chassis ground:			
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE-	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 6.	Repair the open circuit of harness
	LAY.	22:		between ECM and
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			electronic throttle
	2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and electronic throt-			control relay.
	tle control relay connector.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(B136) No. 21 — (B309) No. 3:			
6	(B136) No. 1 — (B309) No. 4: CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF SENSOR.	Is the voltage more than 0.4 V?	Go to step 7	Go to step 9.
Ĩ	1) Connect all the connectors.			
	2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.			
	3) Read the data of main throttle sensor sig-			
7	nal, using the Subaru Select Monitor. CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF SENSOR.	Is the voltage more than 0.8 V?	Go to step 8	Go to step 9.
-	1) Connect all the connectors.			
	2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.			
	3) Read the data of sub throttle sensor signal,			
8	using the Subaru Select Monitor. CHECK POOR CONTACT.	Is there poor contact between	Repair the poor	Go to step 13.
5	Check poor contact between ECM connector	ECM connector and electronic	contact.	ao io siep 13.
	and electronic throttle control connector.	throttle control connector?		

	Step	Check	Yes	No
9	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connector from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and electronic throttle control connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: CHECK THE HARNESS BETWEEN ECM 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 10 .	Repair the open harness connec- tor.
10	CHECK THE HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 18 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 11.	Repair the ground short of harness.
11	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V?	Go to step 12.	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
12	 CHECK SHORT OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 — Engine ground: (E57) No. 4 — Engine ground: 	Is the resistance more than 10 Ω ?	Go to step 13.	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
13	 CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF SENSOR. 1) Connect all the connectors. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Read the data of main throttle sensor signal, using the Subaru Select Monitor. 	Is the voltage less than 4.63 V?	Go to step 14.	Go to step 16.
14	CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF SENSOR. Read the data of sub throttle sensor signal, using the Subaru Select Monitor.	Is the voltage less than 4.73 V?	Go to step 15.	Go to step 16.
15	CHECK POOR CONTACT IN CONNECTORS. Check poor contact in connectors between ECM and electronic throttle control?	Is there poor contact in con- nectors between ECM and electronic throttle control?	Repair the poor contact in connectors.	Go to step 21.
16	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connector from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and electronic throttle control connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 17.	Repair the open harness connec- tor.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
17	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 18.	Repair the poor contact in ECM
	1) Connect the ECM connector.			connector. If prob-
	2) Measure the resistance between electronic			lem persists,
	throttle control connector and engine ground.			replace the ECM.
	Connector & terminal			<ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>
	(E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:			FU(H4SO)-38,
				Engine Control Module (ECM).>
18	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 19.	Repair the battery
	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.			short of harness
	1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.			between ECM
	2) Measure the voltage between electronic			connector and
	throttle control connector and engine ground.			electronic throttle
	Connector & terminal			control connector.
	(E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (–):			
19		Is the voltage less than 10 V?	Go to step 20.	Repair the short of
	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.			harness between
	Measure the voltage between electronic throt- tle control connector and engine ground.			ECM connector and electronic
	Connector & terminal			throttle control
	(E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (–):			connector.
	(E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):			connector.
20	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance more than 1	Go to step 21.	Repair the short of
	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.	ΜΩ?		sensor power sup-
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			ply.
	2) Remove the ECM.			
	3) Measure the voltage between ECM con-			
	nectors.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(B134) No. 18 — (B136) No. 21:			
	(B134) No. 28 — (B136) No. 21:			
21	CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF SENSOR.	Is the voltage 0.81 — 0.87 V?	Go to step 22.	Repair the poor
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			contact in elec-
	2) Connect all the connectors except elec-			tronic throttle con-
	tronic throttle control replay.			trol connector. If
	3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.4) Read the data of main throttle sensor sig-			problem persists,
	nals, using Subaru Select Monitor.			replace the elec- tronic throttle con-
	Thats, using Subaru Select Monitor.			trol. <ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>
				FU(H4SO)-12,
				Throttle Body.>
22	CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF SENSOR.	Is the voltage 1.64 — 1.70 V?	Go to step 23.	Repair the poor
	Read the data of sub throttle sensor signals,			contact in elec-
	using Subaru Select Monitor.			tronic throttle con-
				trol connector. If
1				problem persists,
				replace the elec-
				tronic throttle con-
				trol. <ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>
				FU(H4SO)-12,
				Throttle Body.>

<u> </u>	Step	Check	Yes	No
23	TOR.	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 24.	Repair the open harness connec- tor.
	 Turn the ignition switch to OFF. Disconnect the connector from ECM. Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. Measure the resistance between ECM con- 			
	nector and electronic throttle control connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 5 — (E57) No. 2: (B137) No. 4 — (E57) No. 1:			
24	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MO- TOR. 1) Connect the connectors to ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): (E57) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the voltage less than 5 V?	Go to step 25.	Repair the short of harness to power supply circuit between ECM and electronic throttle control.
25	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MO- TOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 2 — Engine ground: (E57) No. 1 — Engine ground: 	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 26.	Repair the short of harness.
26	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON- TROL MOTOR HARNESS. Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector terminals. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 2 — (E57) No. 1:	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 27.	Repair the short of harness.
27	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON- TROL GROUND CIRCUIT. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ?	Go to step 28.	Repair the open circuit harness.
28	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON- TROL. Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance less than 50 Ω ?	Go to step 29 .	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-12, Throttle Body.></ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
29	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON- TROL. Open and close the throttle valve to its full width with finger.	Does it return to specified posi- tion (3 mm (0.12 in) open from fully closed position.) when fin- ger is released?	contact in ECM	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-12, Throttle Body.></ref.>

DG:DTC P2102 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

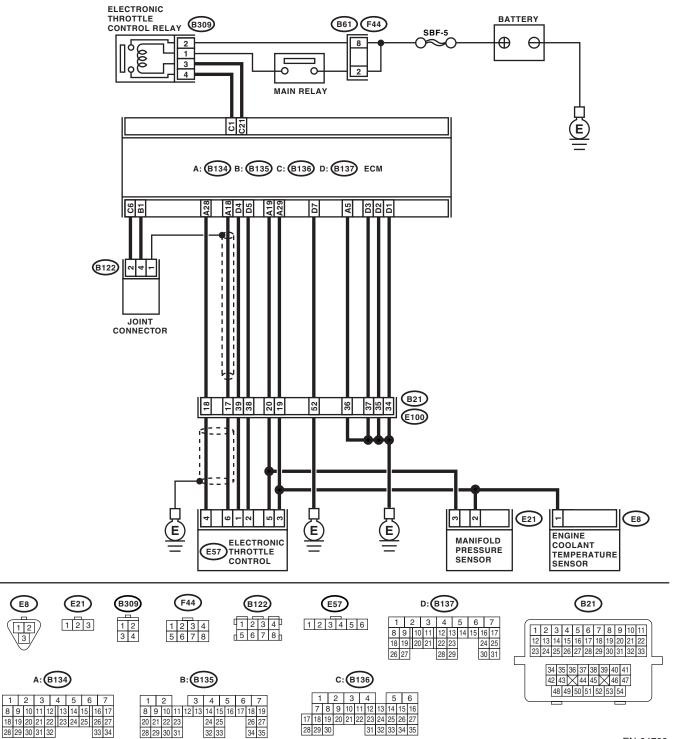
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-184, DTC P2102 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-04700

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay. 3) Using a lead wire, connect the terminal No. 1 of electronic throttle control to positive terminal of battery, and terminal No. 3 to battery ground terminal. 4) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>No. 2 — No. 4:</i> 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 2 .	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol relay.
2	CHECK POWER TO ELECTRONIC THROT- TLE CONTROL RELAY Measure the voltage between electronic throt- tle control relay connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B309) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (–): (B309) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage more than 5 V?	Go to step 3 .	Repair the open power supply cir- cuit or ground short.
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B309) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage less than 5 V?	Go to step 4.	Repair the short of power supply cir- cuit between ECM and electronic throttle control.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE- LAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B309) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B309) No. 4 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 5.	Repair the ground short of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE- LAY. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and electronic throttle control relay connec- tor. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 — (B309) No. 3: (B136) No. 1 — (B309) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay.

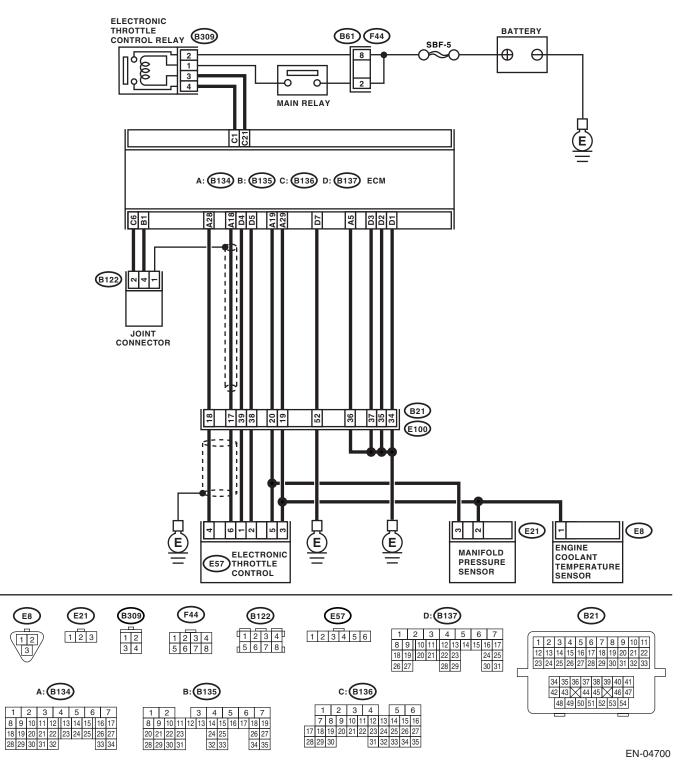
DH:DTC P2103 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-185, DTC P2103 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN(H4SO)(diag)-322

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay. 3) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals. Terminals No. 2 — No. 4: 	Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 2.	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol relay.
2	CHECK SHORT OF ELECTRONIC THROT- TLE CONTROL RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B309) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 5 V?	Repair the short of power supply to harness between ECM and elec- tronic throttle con- trol relay.	Go to step 3 .
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE- LAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 — Engine ground: 	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair the ground short of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay.

DI: DTC P2109 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR A MINIMUM STOP PER-FORMANCE

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2101. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-312, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

DJ:DTC P2122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-188, DTC P2122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

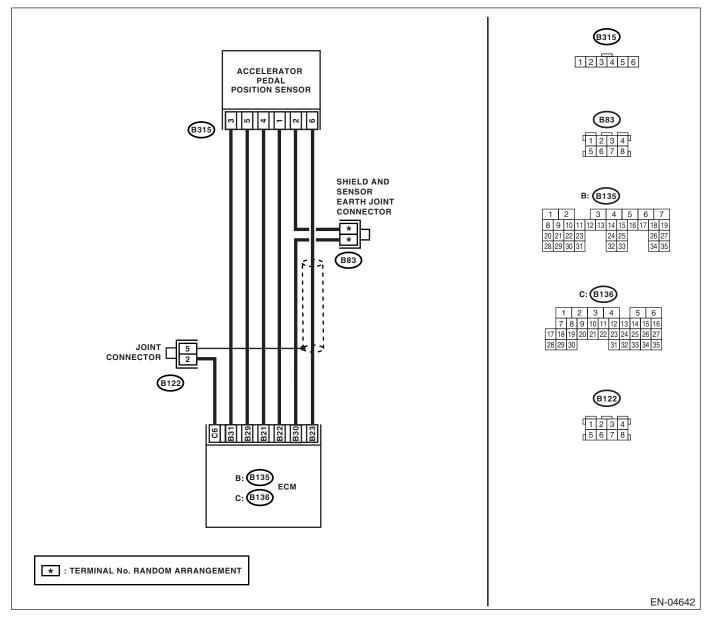
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- · Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF ACCELERA- TOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of main accelerator pedal position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. 	Is the voltage more than 0.4 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT IN CONNECTORS. Check poor contact in connectors between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor.	Is there poor contact in con- nectors between ECM and accelerator pedal position sen- sor?	Repair the poor contact in connec- tors.	Connector has returned to its nor- mal condition at this time. A tempo- rary poor contact of the connector may be the cause.
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connector from accelerator pedal position sensor. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and accelerator pedal position sensor. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 21 — (B315) No. 4: (B135) No. 23 — (B315) No. 6: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open harness connec- tor.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 21 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 23 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 5 .	Repair the ground short circuit in har- ness.
5	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between accelera- tor pedal position sensor connector and chas- sis ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 5 — Chassis ground: 	Ω?	Go to step 6 .	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
6	CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V?	Replace the accel- erator pedal. <ref. to SP(H4SO)-3, Accelerator Pedal.></ref. 	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

DK:DTC P2123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

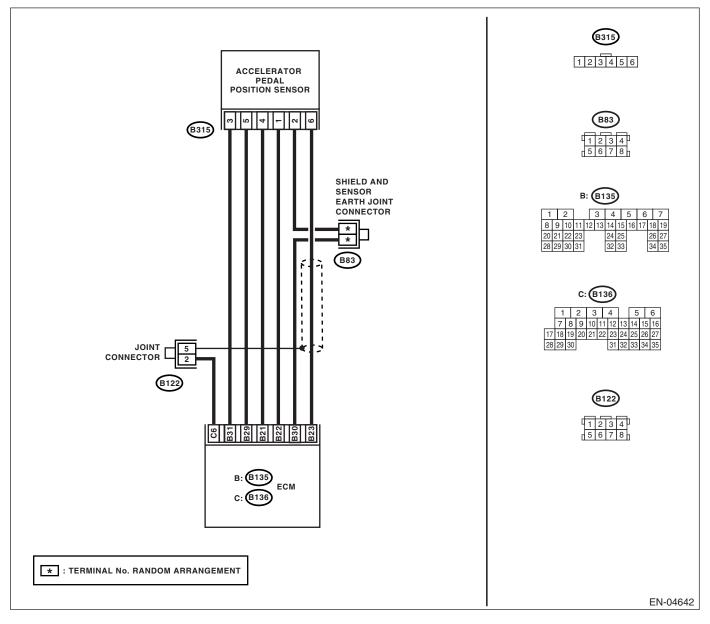
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-189, DTC P2123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF ACCELERA- TOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of main accelerator pedal position sensor signals, using Subaru Select Monitor. 		Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT IN CONNECTORS. Check poor contact in connectors between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor.	Is there any poor contact in connectors between ECM and accelerator pedal position sen- sor?	Repair the poor contact in connec- tors.	Connector has returned to its nor- mal condition at this time. A tempo- rary poor contact in the connector might have been the cause.
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connector from accelerator pedal position sensor. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and accelerator pedal position sensor. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 21 — (B315) No. 4: (B135) No. 29 — (B315) No. 5: (B135) No. 23 — (B315) No. 6: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit and trouble cause of harness connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between accelera- tor pedal position sensor and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B315) No. 5 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 5.	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
5	CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V?	Go to step 6 .	Repair the short circuit of harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
6	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the accelerator pedal position sensor connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage less than 4.8 V?	Repair the poor contact in connec- tor. If problem per- sists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair the poor contact in acceler- ator pedal position sensor connector. If problem persists, replace the accel- erator pedal. <ref. to SP(H4SO)-3, Accelerator Pedal.></ref.

DL:DTC P2127 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

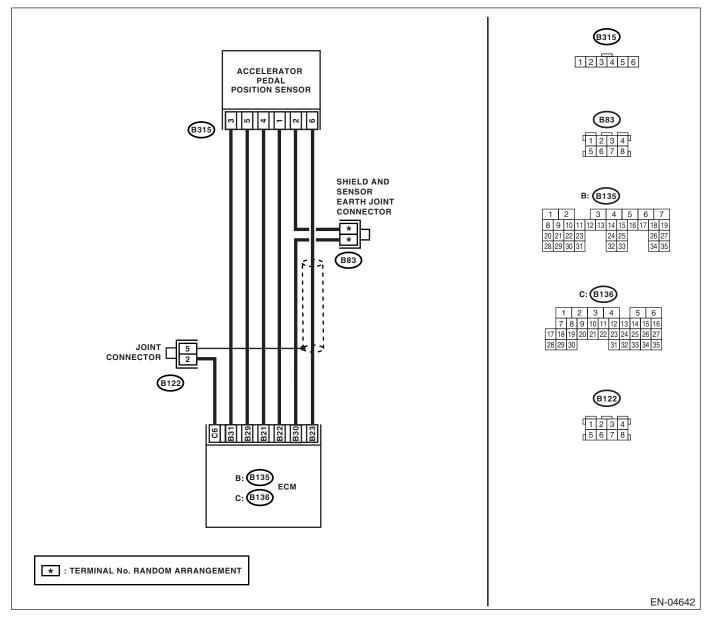
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-191, DTC P2127 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- · Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF ACCELERA- TOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of sub accelerator pedal position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. 	Is the voltage more than 0.4 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT IN CONNECTORS. Check poor contact in connectors between	Is there any poor contact in connectors between ECM and	Repair the poor contact in connec-	Connector has returned to its nor-
	ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor.	accelerator pedal position sen- sor?	tors.	mal condition at this time. A tempo- rary poor contact in the connector might have been the cause.
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connector from accelerator pedal position sensor. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and accelerator pedal position sensor. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 22 — (B315) No. 1: (B135) No. 31 — (B315) No. 3: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open harness connec- tor.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 22 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 31 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 5 .	Repair the ground short circuit in har- ness.
5	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between accelera- tor pedal position sensor connector and chas- sis ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 2 — Chassis ground: 	Ω?	Go to step 6 .	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
6	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO ACCELERA- TOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B315) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V?	Replace the accel- erator pedal. <ref. to SP(H4SO)-3, Accelerator Pedal.></ref. 	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

DM:DTC P2128 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

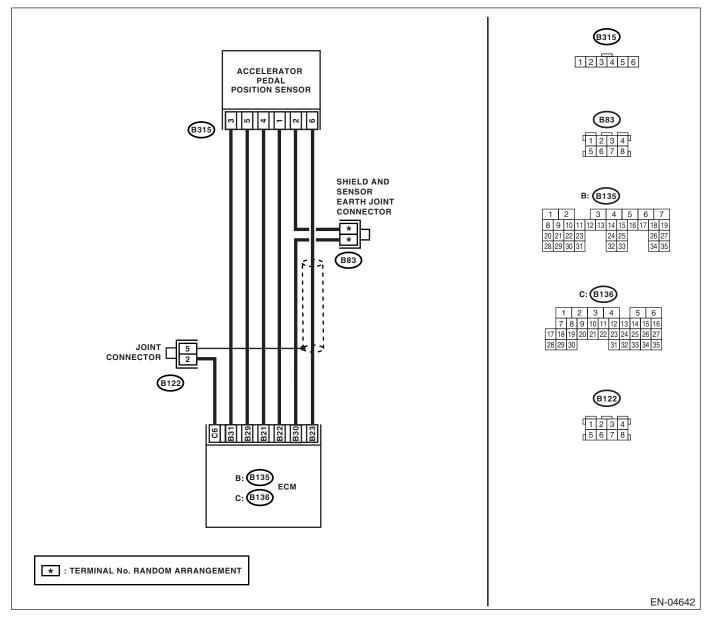
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-192, DTC P2128 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
TOR PEI 1) Turn t 2) Read	OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF ACCELERA- DAL POSITION SENSOR. the ignition switch to ON. the data of sub accelerator pedal sensor signals, using Subaru Select		Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
Check po	POOR CONTACT IN CONNECTORS. oor contact in connectors between d accelerator pedal position sensor.	Is there any poor contact in connectors between ECM and accelerator pedal position sen- sor?	Repair the poor contact in connec- tors.	Connector has returned to its nor- mal condition at this time. A tempo- rary poor contact in the connector might have been the cause.
CELERA 1) Turn t 2) Disco 3) Disco pedal pos 4) Meas nector ar <i>Connea</i> (B135 (B135)	HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- ATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. the ignition switch to OFF. bonnect the connector from ECM. bonnect the connector from accelerator sition sensor. sure the resistance between ECM con- nd accelerator pedal position sensor. <i>ctor & terminal</i> 5) No. 22 — (B315) No. 1: 5) No. 30 — (B315) No. 2: 5) No. 31 — (B315) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4 .	Repair the open circuit and trouble cause of harness connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
1) Conn 2) Meas tor pedal sis groun <i>Conne</i>	HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- ATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. ect the ECM connector. position sensor connector and chas- nd. ctor & terminal 5) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 5.	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
SENSOF 1) Turn t 2) Meas pedal pos ground. <i>Conne</i>	ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION R POWER SUPPLY. the ignition switch to ON. sure the voltage between accelerator sition sensor connector and chassis ctor & terminal 5) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V?	Go to step 6 .	Repair the short circuit of harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the accelerator pedal position sensor connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 		tor. If problem per- sists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38,</ref.>	Repair the poor contact in acceler- ator pedal position sensor connector. If problem persists, replace the accel- erator pedal. <ref. to SP(H4SO)-3, Accelerator Pedal.></ref.

DN:DTC P2135 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A"/"B" VOLT-AGE RATIONALITY

DTC DETECTING CONDITION: Immediately at fault recognition

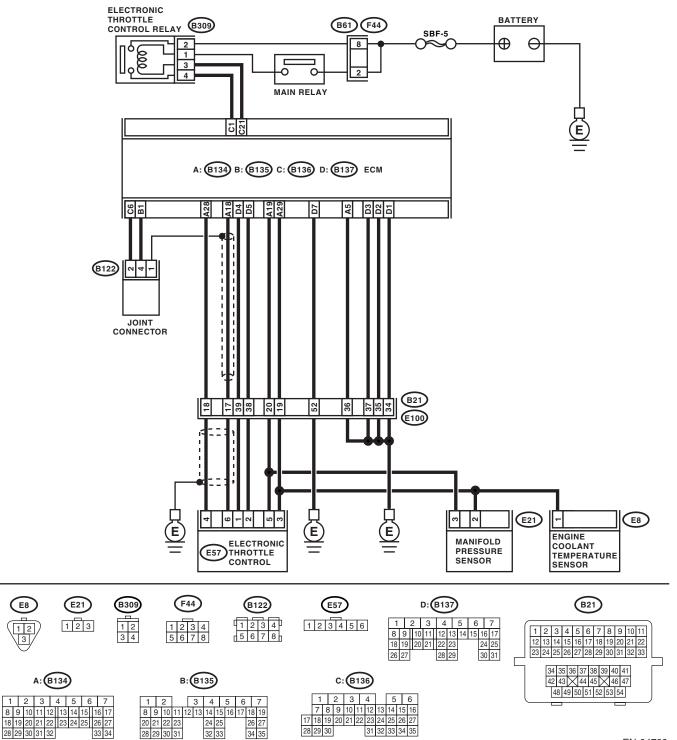
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-193, DTC P2135 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "A" / "B" VOLTAGE RATIONALITY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-04700

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT.	Is the measured value more	Go to step 2.	Go to step 4.
ľ	 Turn the ignition switch to ON. Read the data of main throttle sensor signal, using Subaru Select Monitor. 	than 0.4 V?		
2	CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. Read the data of sub throttle sensor signal, using Subaru Select Monitor.	Is the measured value more than 0.8 V?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 4 .
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT IN CONNECTORS. Check poor contact in connectors between ECM and electronic throttle control.	connectors between ECM and electronic throttle control?	Repair the poor contact in connec- tors.	Go to step 14.
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connector from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and electronic throttle control connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: 	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 5.	Repair the open harness connec- tor.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 6 .	Repair the ground short of harness.
6	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the measured value within 4.5 to 5.5 V?	Go to step 7.	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
7	 CHECK SHORT OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 — Engine ground: (E57) No. 4 — Engine ground: 	Is the measured value more than 10 Ω?	Go to step 8.	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
8	 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. Connect all the connectors. Turn the ignition switch to ON. Read the data of main throttle sensor signals, using Subaru Select Monitors. 	Is the measured value less than 4.63 V?	Go to step 9 .	Go to step 11.
9	CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. Read the data of sub throttle sensor signals, using Subaru Select Monitors.	Is the measured value less than 4.73 V?	Go to step 10.	Go to step 11.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
10	CHECK POOR CONTACT IN CONNECTORS.	Is there any poor contact in	Repair the poor	Connector has
	Check poor contact in connectors between ECM and electronic throttle control.	connectors between ECM and electronic throttle control?	contact in connec- tors.	returned to a nor- mal condition at this time. A tempo- rary poor contact in the connector might have been the cause.
11	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connector from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and electronic throttle control connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: 	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 12.	Repair the open harness connec- tor.
12	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground: 	Is the measured value less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 13.	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
13	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Go to step 14.	Repair the battery short of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector.
14	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the voltage between electronic throt- tle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (–): (E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (–):	Is the measured value less than 10 V?	Go to step 15 .	Repair the short of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector.
15	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the electronic throttle control connector. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nectors. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — (B134) No. 19: (B134) No. 28 — (B134) No. 19: 	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 16 .	Repair the short of power supply sen- sor.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
16	 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL HARNESS. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Disconnect the connector from electronic throttle control. 3) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector terminals. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 — (E57) No. 4: 	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair the short of harness.

DO:DTC P2138 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D"/"E" VOLT-AGE RATIONALITY

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

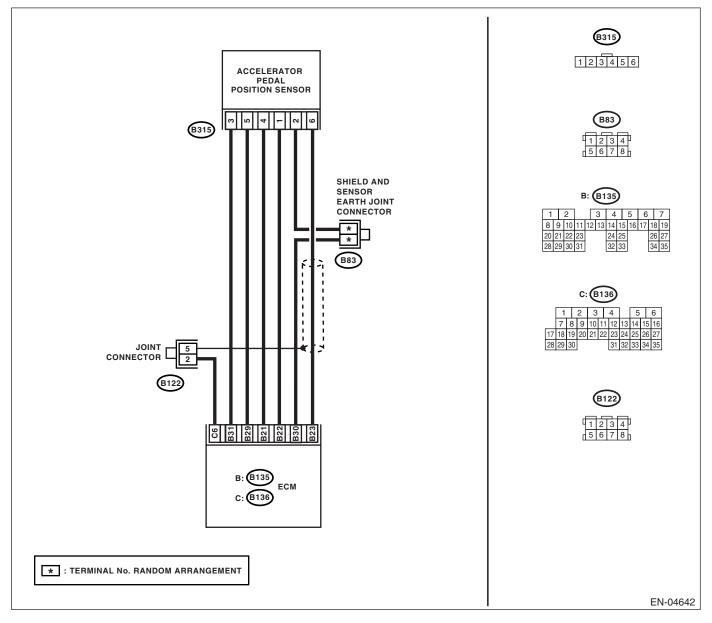
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-195, DTC P2138 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "D" / "E" VOLTAGE RATIONALITY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

L	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF ACCELERA- TOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of main and sub accelerator pedal position sensor signals using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. 	Is the measured value more than 0.4 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 4.
2	CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF ACCELERA- TOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Read the data of main accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor signals and sub accelerator pedal position sensor signals, using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-28, Subaru Select Moni- tor.></ref. 	than 4.8 V?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 4.
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT IN CONNECTORS. Check poor contact in connectors between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor.	Is there any poor contact in connectors between ECM and accelerator pedal position sen- sor?	Repair the poor contact in connec- tors.	Connector has returned to its nor- mal condition at this time. A tempo- rary poor contact in the connector might have been the cause.
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connector from accelerator pedal position sensor. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 21 — (B315) No. 4: (B135) No. 22 — (B315) No. 6: (B135) No. 29 — (B315) No. 5: (B135) No. 30 — (B315) No. 2: (B135) No. 31 — (B315) No. 3: 	than 1 Ω?	Go to step 5 .	Repair the open harness connec- tor.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 21 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 22 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 23 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 31 — Chassis ground:	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 6.	Repair the ground short of harness.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between accelera- tor pedal position sensor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 2 — Chassis ground: (B315) No. 5 — Chassis ground: 	Is the measured value less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 7.	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
7	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO ACCELERA- TOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B315) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the measured value within 4.5 to 5.5 V?	Go to step 8 .	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>
8	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the accelerator pedal position sensor connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the measured value less than 4.8 V?	Go to step 9.	Repair the poor contact in acceler- ator pedal position sensor connector. If problem persists, replace the accel- erator pedal. <ref. to SP(H4SO)-3, Accelerator Pedal.></ref.
9	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connector from accelerator pedal position sensor. 4) Measure the resistance between terminals of accelerator pedal position sensor connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B315) No. 6 — (B315) No. 3: 	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Repair the poor contact in ECM connector. If prob- lem persists, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>	Repair the short of harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sen- sor connector.

DP:DTC P2227 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE TOO LOW

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4SO)-197, DTC P2227 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE TOO LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK A	NY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	"List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. th="" to<=""><th>Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.></th></ref.>	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4SO)-38, Engine Control Module (ECM).></ref.>

DQ:DTC P2228 ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-198, DTC P2228 ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		the List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC). <ref.< th=""><th>Module (ECM).></th></ref.<>	Module (ECM).>

DR:DTC P2229 ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-199, DTC P2229 ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)-36, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		Check DTC using the List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC). <ref. to EN(H4SO)(diag)- 73, List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: It is not necessary to inspect DTC P2229.</ref. 	Module (ECM).>

19.General Diagnostic Table A: INSPECTION

1. ENGINE

NOTE:

Malfunction of parts other than those listed is also possible. <Ref. to ME(H4SO)-91, Engine Trouble in General.>

Symptom	Problem parts
	1) Manifold absolute pressure sensor
 Engine stalls during idling. Rough idling 	2) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor
	3) Ignition parts (*1)
	4) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)
	5) Crankshaft position sensor (*3)
	6) Camshaft position sensor (*3)
	7) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	1) Manifold absolute pressure sensor
	2) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor
	3) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)
	4) Ignition parts (*1)
	5) Air intake system (*5)
	6) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	7) Electronic throttle control
	8) Crankshaft position sensor (*3)
	9) Camshaft position sensor (*3)
	10) Oxygen sensor
	11) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay
	12) EGR valve
	1) Engine coolant temperature sensor
	2) Throttle position sensor
3. Engine does not return to idle.	3) Manifold absolute pressure sensor
	4) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor
	5) EGR valve
	1) Manifold absolute pressure sensor
	2) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor
	3) Electronic throttle control
	4) Fuel injection parts (*4)
4. Poor acceleration	5) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay
	6) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)
	7) Crankshaft position sensor (*3)
	8) Camshaft position sensor (*3)
	9) A/C switch and A/C cut relay
	10) Engine torque control signal circuit
	11) Ignition parts (*1)
	12) EGR valve
	13) Tumble generator valve
5. Engine stalls or engine sags or hesitates at acceleration.	1) Manifold absolute pressure sensor
	2) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor
	3) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)
	4) Crankshaft position sensor (*3)
	5) Camshaft position sensor (*3)
	6) Purge control solenoid valve
	7) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	8) Electronic throttle control
	9) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay
	10) EGR valve
	11) Tumble generator valve

EN(H4SO)(diag)-342

General Diagnostic Table

Symptom	Problem parts
6. Surge	1) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor
	2) Manifold absolute pressure sensor3) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)
	4) Crankshaft position sensor (*3)
	5) Camshaft position sensor (*3)
	6) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	7) Electronic throttle control
	8) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay
	9) EGR valve
	10) Tumble generator valve
7. Spark knock	1) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor
	2) Manifold absolute pressure sensor
	3) Engine coolant temperature sensor4) Knock sensor
	5) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	6) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay
	7) EGR valve
	8) Tumble generator valve
8. After burning in exhaust system	1) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor
	2) Manifold absolute pressure sensor
	3) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)
	4) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	5) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay

*1: Check ignition coil and ignitor assembly and spark plug.

*2: Indicate the symptom occurring only in cold temperatures.

*3: Ensure the secure installation.

*4: Check fuel injector, fuel pressure regulator and fuel filter.

*5: Inspect air leak in air intake system.

2. AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

NOTE:

Check general diagnostics table with non-conformity symptom for automatic transmission. <Ref. to 4AT(D)(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>